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۵ **The Comparison Duration Diabetes Survival Times Modelling Using** cipta Lindley (LIN), Weighted Lindley Exponential (WLE), Power Modified Lindley (PML), Lindley Half-Cauchy (LHC) and **Rayleight Lomax (RL) Distributions** milik UIN

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Diajukan Sebagai Salah Satu Syarat Untuk Memperoleh Gelar Sarjana Teknik Pada Program Studi Matematika

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THE COMPARISON DURATION DIABETES SURVIVAL TIMES MODELLING USING LINDLEY, WEIGHTED LINDLEY EXPONENTIAL, POWER MODIFIED LINDLEY, LINDLEYHALF-CAUCHY AND RAYLEIGHT LOMAX DISTRIBUTIONS

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## LEMBAR PENGESAHAN

THE COMPARISON DURATION DIABETES SURVIVAL TIMES MODELLING USING LINDLEY, WEIGHTED LINDLEY EXPONENTIAL, POWER MODIFIED LINDLEY, LINDLEYHALF-CAUCHY AND RAYLEIGHT LOMAX DISTRIBUTIONS

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## The Comparison Duration Diabetes Survival Times Modelling Using Lindley ak 到記N, Weighted Lindley Exponential (WLE), Power Modified Lindley **FRUE Lindley Half-Cauchy (LHC) and Rayleight Lomax (RL) Distributions**

Sudrians<sup>1</sup>, Rado Yendra<sup>2</sup>, Rahmadeni<sup>3</sup>, Muhammad Marizal<sup>4</sup>

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ARTICLE INFO	ABSTRACT
Published Online:	Accurate diabetes survival time modeling is critical in estimating diabetes survival time potential
and the second s	for effectively. One of the bases for assessment of diabetes survival times potential for a specified
lu s	region is the probability distribution of diabetes survival times, therefore diabetes survival times
elu	data is needed to produce statistical modeling, especially in determining the best probability
inc: ruh	distribution. Statistical models are designed to facilitate conclusions about the occurrence
antu Alautis:	probability distribution of diabetic patient in the Mandau Regional General Hospital (RSUD).
an l	Bengkalis Regency Riau Province For this purpose five distributions will be used and tested to
tul (an	determine the best model to describe diabetes survival times. The main goal of this study is to find
da i	the best fitting distribution to the duration survival times diabetes of 50 patients measured over
ni di mi	Pangkalis ragion by using lindlay (LIN) distribution, three modified lindlay distributions such as
St St	beigkans legion by using indiey (LIN) distribution, three modified hindley distributions such as
at yet	(LLC) = 1 P. 1. 1. L. L. (WLE), Power Modified Lindley (PML), Lindley nail-Cauchy
e I outh	(LHC) and Rayleight Lomax distribution (RL). The maximum likelihood method will be used to
s1: su	get the estimated parameter value from the distribution used in this study. Furthermore, the
am	graphical inspection (density-density plot and cumulative plot) and numerical criteria (Akaike's
n la nabi	information criterion (AIC), Bayesian Information Criteria (BIC), - log likelihood (- l) were used
U er:	to determine the best fit model. In most cases, the results produced by the graphical inspection were
an, ni	similar, and differed from the numerical criteria . The best fit result was chosen as the distribution
Corresponding Author:	with the lowest values of AIC, BIC and - l. In general, the Rayleight Lomax (RL) distribution has
Sutriana 2	been selected as the best model.
<b>KESWORDS:</b> Findley, we	eighted Lindley exponential, Power Modified Lindley, Lindley half-Cauchy, Rayleight Lomax,
diabetas survivaPtimas	

#### uska-R S INTRODUCTION

Diabetes is a very serious disease for humans even though it is notecontagious. The number of patients suffering from diabetes continues to increase indirectly due to changes in passive lifestyles, unhealthy eating patterns, smoking habits and high levels of stress. Globally, the number of diabetes sufferers increases every year. Based on 2019 data from the International Diabetes Federation, diabetes sufferers worldwide reached 9.3% in 2019 and are expected to increase to 10.2% in 2030 and 10.9% in 2045. Indonesia ranks 7th in the world in the number of diabetes patients in 2019 [4]. Based on data released by the Minister of Health of the Republic of Indonesia, Riau Province was in the top ranking with a very

significant increase of 358.3% [5], while according to data from the Bengkalis District Health Service (Diskes), diabetes sufferers in 2019 were 10 .57% [6]. The thing that diabetes sufferers most want to know is how big their chances of survival are or how dangerous diabetes is in terms of causing the risk of death, so data analysis is needed to find out the problem. The analysis used is called survival analysis. Survival analysis requires data in the form of an individual's survival time which is usually measured in days, weeks, months and years [1, 2, 3]. In survival analysis, there is a model that can be used to analyze survival data, namely the parametric model. Parametric models are analyzes based on data distribution. Parametric models assume that the

Comparison Duration Diabetes Survival Times Modelling Using Lindley (LIN), Weighted Lindley Exponential Power Modified Lindley (PML), Lindley Half-Cauchy (LHC) and Rayleight Lomax (RL) Distributions"

underlying distribution of survival times follows a certain Mistribution, for example Weibull, exponential, log-normal, Rayleigh Listribution. Moreover, data on the survival time of diagetes bis every important to be investigated, especially Concerning the determination of the probability of death. This surgival otime analysis is carried out using statistical Bechniques, Especially to determine the best probability model that can describe the pattern of survival time. Previous research Baspeen conducted to determine the best probability hode for data on the survival time of diabetic patients. Ummu It at 3 bestingated the duration diabetes survival time using the Webull, Gamma and Log Normal distribution and the results showed that the Weibull model was the best in approaching the given observation data. This was also supported by undericarmodels such as AIC and BIC, by giving the smallest Halues for the two numerical methods compared to other probability models Furthermore, Manda Lisa Usvita et al. [8] Bompare the three kinds of distribution, namely Exponential EWeiEill (W), and Rayleigh-Lomax (RL) were applied to Survival times of diabetes patients. Method of Moments was used to obtain the estimated parameter. Based on the smallest Akaike's Information Criterion (AIC) and Bayesian Information Criterion (BIC) values, and graphical inspection prebability density function (pdf)) to survival times of diabetes stients, the study has shown that RL is the best fit distribution in modeling survival times for diabetes patients in the Mandau RSUD, Bengkalis Regency, Riau Province. Surpicetal. [9] discussed the estimation of survival function h diabetic nephropathy patients with exponential, gamma, Weibull, glog-normal, inverse Gaussian, and Rayleigh distributions, where the gamma distribution was discovered as The best Marvast et al. [10] compared the Cox and the parametric models to analyze the effective time factor of Eccurience in patients with type 2 nephropathy using the bgnoginal distribution. The results showed that the lognormat distribution was suitable for this case. Based on this description, the distributions that are commonly used in Survival analysis for diabetic patient data with parametric models are Weibull, exponential, gamma, Rayleigh, and lognorma distributions. Fatima et al. [11] conducted research related to the introduction of developing a new distribution, The Rayleigh-Lomax distribution, and applied this distribution to the survival data. The data used is data on aircraft windstield damage, glass fiber resistance data, and carbon fiber tension data Their research shows that the Rayleigh-Lomaz distribution is suitable for survival data. The selection of the Best fitting distribution is always a main interest in study of survival times analysis. Therefore, in this study, we would like to find the best fiting distribution for duration (survival times) diabetes patient based on several goodness of fit criteria. In this study, preliminary study on duration survival times diabetes of 50 patients measured over Bengkalis region was evaluated. The objective of this study is to propose five

distributions such as lindley (LIN) distribution, weighted Lindley exponential (WLE), Power Modified Lindley (PML), Lindley half-Cauchy (LHC) and Rayleight Lomax distribution (RL) were used for modelling the duration diabetes survival time data of Bengkalis. Comparison of the proposed distributions with existing distribution functions is done to demonstrate their suitability in describing duration diabetes characteristics. Unknown parameter estimations were obtained with the Maximum Likelihood Method. Graphical methods such as pdf and cdf plot and also Numerical criteria such as AIC, BIC, and - *l* were used to obtain the distribution which provides the best fit the wind speed data. In the following section, the distributions to be used in modelling the duration diabetes survival time data are included.

#### **II. MATERIALS AND DATA**

For this study an independent samples from 50 diabetes patients were observed from Mandau Regional General Hospital (RSUD), Bengkalis Regency, Riau Province. The following table describes the initial information on duration survival times of patients diabetes. The descriptive statistics for duration of diabetes such as mean, varians, minimum and maximum can be seen in the descriptive statistics are presented in Table 1. The variations of data is not significantly different with the means indicate that this the duration diabetes survival times is quite stable. The data and the histogram or characteristic diabetes survival times are presented in Figure 1.



Fig. 1. Plot and histogram daily wind speed data on Pekanbaru respectively

Table 1	: The	descriptive	statistics	for	daily	wind	speed.
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Statistics	Velue
Mean	3.936
Varians	4.828
Minimum	0.300
Maximum	9.300

### **III. METHODOLOGY**

In this study five models distribution were tested. When fitting a fully distributions model, the survival times are assumed to follow a statistical distribution. Several different distributions have been proposed, and the identification of a suitable one is a crucial step. There are lindley (LIN) Supparison Duration Diabetes Survival Times Modelling Using Lindley (LIN), Weighted Lindley Exponential Power Modified Lindley (PML), Lindley Half-Cauchy (LHC) and Rayleight Lomax (RL) Distributions"

distribution, weighted Lindley exponential (WLE), Power Modified Lindley @PML), Lindley half-Cauchy (LHC) and Rayleight Lomax distribution (RL). The probability density function f(x) are respectively defined as follows:

A. Lindley Distribution (Lin).

We define the one parameters Lindley distribution ( $\theta$ )  $\theta$  for  $\theta$  for  $\theta$  for  $\theta$  with density and cumulative distribution  $\theta$  for  $\theta$  for  $\theta$  for  $\theta$  with density and cumulative distribution

n dat memperiod set of the set o

We define the three parameters weighted Lindley exponential Distribution (WLE) We define the three parameters weighted Lindley exponential distribution ( $\theta, \alpha, \alpha$ ) denoted by WLE ( $\theta, \alpha, \lambda$ ) with density and commensus distribution [13] are respectively given by

$$\frac{\partial^{2}(\theta + \alpha\lambda)^{2}}{\partial x} (1 + x)exp(-x\theta)(1 + x)exe(-x\theta)(1 + x)exp(-x\theta)(1 + x)exp(-x\theta)(1 + x)e$$

 $\mathcal{C}$ . Reyletight Lomac Distribution (RL)

The density fuction and cumulative distribution function of the Reyleight Lomax distribution, denoted by RL [14] are respectively given by:

$$\sum_{k=1}^{N-1} (x) \sum_{k=1}^{N-1} \frac{\beta\lambda}{\theta} \left( \frac{\theta}{\theta + x} \right)^{-2\lambda+1} exp\left( -\frac{\beta}{2} \left( \frac{\theta}{\theta + x} \right)^{-2\lambda} \right),$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{N-1} \beta, \theta > 0, x > -\theta$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{N-1} \left( \sum_{k=1}^{N-1} \frac{\beta}{2} \left( \frac{\theta}{\theta + x} \right)^{-2\lambda} \right)$$

**D.** The Power Modified Lindley Distribution (PML) The Power Modified Lindley Distribution (PML) distribution has two parameters  $\theta$  and  $\alpha$ . The density and cumulative distribution function of the PML ( $\theta, \alpha$ ) [15] are respectively defined as follows:

$$f(x) \stackrel{\text{on}}{\xrightarrow{\text{on}}} \frac{\alpha\theta}{1+\theta} \left( (1 \stackrel{\text{H}}{\xrightarrow{\text{olega}}} \theta) x^{\alpha-1} exp(\theta x^{\alpha}) + 2\theta x^{2\alpha-1} \\ \stackrel{\text{olega}}{\xrightarrow{\text{olega}}} x^{\alpha-1} \right) exp(-2\theta x^{\alpha}), x > 0, \theta, \alpha > 0$$
$$F(x) = 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{\theta x^{\alpha}}{1+\theta} exp(-\theta x^{\alpha}) \right) exp(-\theta x^{\alpha})$$

### E. The Lindley half-Cauchy Distribution (LHC)

The Lindley half-Cauchy Distribution (LHC) distribution has two parameters  $\theta$  and . The density function and cumulative distribution function of the LHC ( $\theta$ , $\lambda$ ) [16] are respectively defined as follows:

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{\theta^2}{1+\theta}\right) \left(\frac{\lambda}{\lambda^2 + x^2}\right) \left(1 - \frac{2}{\pi} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\lambda}\right)\right)^{\theta-1} \left(1 - \log\left(1 - \frac{2}{\pi} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\lambda}\right)\right)\right), x > 0, \theta, \alpha$$
$$> 0$$
$$F(x) = 1 - \left(1 - \frac{2}{\pi} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\lambda}\right)\right)^{\theta} \left(1 - \left(\frac{\theta}{1+\theta}\right)\log\left(1 - \frac{2}{\pi} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\lambda}\right)\right)\right)$$

The procedure of goodness of fit tests for model selection, both graphically and numerically. The formulations of Numerical criteria such as AIC and BIC for model evaluation are given in Table 2.

Table 2. The formulas of numerical criteria for modelevaluation

Numerical Criteria	Formula
AIC	-2l + 2q
BIC	$-2l + q \log(n)$

 $l = \log$  likelihood, q = Number of parameters, n = number of data

### IV. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

In this section, we analyze a duration diabetes survival times data set to demonstrate the performance of the LIN, WLE, RL, PML and LHC distributions in practice. The fitting of that distributions was considered using the data. Computed parameter values of different probability density function are presented in Table 3

Table 3. Computed parameter values of differentprobability density functions

-	LIN	WLE	RL	PML	LHC
θ	0.4315	-	-	-	-
θ	-	0.6964	-	-	-
α	-	0.2177	-	-	-
λ	-	0.0006	-	-	-
θ	-	-	0.0503	-	-
λ	-	-	0.9735	-	-
β	-	-	0.0003	-	-
θ	-	-	-	0.1735	-
α	-	-	-	1.3571	-
θ	-	-	-	-	5.8607
λ	-	-	-	-	13.841

e Comparison Duration Diabetes Survival Times Modelling Using Lindley (LIN), Weighted Lindley Exponential VLM Power Modified Lindley (PML), Lindley Half-Cauchy (LHC) and Rayleight Lomax (RL) Distributions"

On the graphical presentation of modelling of the duration Mabetes survival time data, in other words on duration Habetes Brivival time histogram, the density function curve for LIN, WEE, RE, PML and LHC distributions models are Seen in Figure 2a, 3a, 4a, 5a, and 6a are respectively. When the density functions (pdf) are examined, it was determined That some distributions have yield similar results. Figure 2b, 言b 契接 56, and 6日 shows the fitted five distributions, based an zumu ative distribution function (cdf) . From this figure RLeand OME distributions model is able to provide a good Besait for deration diabetes survival time data. However, instead of graphical evaluation, Table 4 provides a more megningful comparison using AIC, BIC, and -1 values. Table a includes AIC, BIC and - 1 values test statistics values of hegoodness of fit test for the fitness of duration diabetes Survival the data based on Maximum Likelihood Estimators LIN, WLE, R. PML and LHC distributions. According these results, although similar results are obtained for all Bur distributions, lowest AIC, BIC and - I value are obtained for RE distribution. As a conclusion, it is seen that RL distribution provides better modelling in terms of Numerical



Fig. 5 Fitted pdf and cdf plots of PML distribution are repectively



Fig. 6 Fitted pdf and cdf plots of LHC distribution are repectively

Table 4. AIC, BIC, and – Log Likelihood (*l*) function values

	LIN	WLE	RL	PML	LHC		
AIC	287.8799	222.7924	220.6416	285.6562	250.0941		
BIC	289.7919	228.5285	226.3776	289.4803	253.9181		
- 1	142.9399	108.3962	107.3208	140.8281	123.047		

#### V. CONCLUSION

In the present article, a comparison of distribution models has been undertaken for describing duration diabetes survival times (years). Common conventional PDFs LIN and the modified PDFs along with three proposed PDFs, viz., WLE, PML, and LHC also three parameters RL distribution are used for duration diabetes survival time modeling. It is shown that conventional PDFs, such as LIN, is inadequate; hence, extended functions are used to model the observed duration survival distributions better. Results show clearly that proposed extended PDFs, RL provide viable alternative to other PDFs in describing duration diabetes survival time

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