

ORING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF READING TO LEARN
 STRATEGY FOR TEACHING READING COMPREHENSION
 TO EFL STUDENTS: A CASE STUDY AT AL-IZHAR
 VOCATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL PEKANBARU



State Islamic University

Syarif Kasim Riau

UIN SUSKA RIAU

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На -This thesis entitled "The implementation of reading to learn (R2L) 0 strategy for teaching reading comprehension to EFL students' : a case study at SMEK al-Izhar Pekanbaru" is written by Sari Ramadhani. SIN. 11714202662. It has been accepted and approved to be examined in the final examination by the examination Committee of Undergraduate Degree in the Faculty of Education and Teacher Training of State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau as one of the requirement for Undergraduate Degree (S. Pd.) in English education Department.

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Finally, the researcher realize that this thesis is still far from perfections. a Therefore, constructive comments, critiques and suggestions are appreciated very much.

Pekanbaru, June 22<sup>th</sup>, 2023

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ABSTRACT Sari Ramadhani, (2023) : Exploring the Implementation of Reading to Learn

> strategy for Teaching Reading Comprehension to EFL Students: A Case Study at Al-Izhar Vocational High School Pekanbaru.

Z The research aims to explore the implementation of Reading to Learn S strategy (R2L) in teaching reading comprehension to students at SMK AL-Izhar Pekanbaru. Besides, it also aims to explore the supporting and inhibiting factors of implementing this strategy. The English teacher at the school applies the R2L learning strategy in teaching reading comprehension to students. To implement this strategy for students, this study used a qualitative research approach with a case study research design. The purposive sampling technique was used to select participants. The participants in this study were an English teacher and three students who attended an English class. Data collected from interviews and observations. As a result, the implementation of the R2L strategy is not all good. The implementation of this strategy is applied by the teacher according to the stages. Some of the results show that this strategy was not implemented properly and some are good too. The students also followed the process very well. Supporting factors in implementing this strategy come from teachers, students and the facilities provided. Factors inhibiting the implementation of this strategy were also found from students and teachers in terms of cooperation and time management. In conclusion, the experiences of teachers and students in implementing the R2L strategy demonstrate the suitability of the process and its principles.

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ABSTRAK

Ramadhani,(2023) :Menjelajahi Implementasi Strategi Membaca untuk Belajar dalam Mengajarkan Pemahaman Membaca pada Siswa Bahasa Inggris: Studi Kasus di SMK Al-Izhar Pekanbaru.

i li k Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengeksplorasi penerapan strategi Reading to Learn (R2L) dalam pembelajaran pemahaman bacaan pada siswa di SMK AL-Izkar Pekanbaru. Selain itu, juga bertujuan untuk menggali faktor pendukung dan penghambat implementasi strategi ini. Guru bahasa Inggris di sekolah tersebut menerapkan strategi pembelajaran R2L dalam mengajarkan pemahaman bacaan kepada siswa. Untuk menerapkan strategi tersebut pada mahasiswa, penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan penelitian kualitatif dengan desain penelitian studi kasus. Teknik purposive sampling digunakan untuk memilih partisipan. Partisipan dalam penelitian ini adalah seorang guru bahasa Inggris dan tiga siswa yang menghadiri kelas bahasa Inggris. Data dikumpulkan dari wawancara dan observasi. Akibatnya, penerapan strategi R2L tidak semuanya baik. Implementasi strategi ini diterapkan oleh guru sesuai dengan tahapannya. Beberapa hasil menunjukkan bahwa strategi ini tidak dilaksanakan dengan baik dan beberapa terlalu baik. Para siswa juga mengikuti proses dengan sangat baik. Faktor pendukung dalam implementasi strategi ini berasal dari guru, siswa dan fasilitas yang disediakan. Faktor penghambat penerapan strategi ini juga ditemukan dari siswa dan guru dalam hal kerjasama dan manajemen waktu. Kesimpulannya, pengalaman guru dan siswa dalam menerapkan strategi R2L menunjukkan kesesuaian proses dan prinsipnya.



Hak cip ملخص تعلقيم ساري رمضان، (٢٠٢٣): استكشاف تنفيذ استراتيجية القراءة للتعلم في الفهم القرائي لتلاميذ اللغة الإنجليزية: دراسة حالة في مدرسة الإظهار الثانوية المهنية بكنبارو z Sus يهدف هذا البحث إلى استكشاف تنفيذ استراتيجية القراءة للتعلم في تعليم

الفهم القرائي لتلاميذ اللغة الإنجليزية: دراسة حالة في مدرسة الإظهار الثانوية المهنية بكنبارو. بالإضافة إلى ذلك، يهدف أيضًا إلى استكشاف العوامل الداعمة والمتبطة لتنفيذ هذه الاستراتيج<mark>ية. يطبق معلم</mark> اللغة الإنجليزية في هذه المدرسة استراتيجية القراءة للتعلم في تعليم الفهم القرائي للتلاميذ. لتطبيق هذه الاستراتيجية على التلاميذ، استخدم هذا البحث نهج بح<mark>ث نوعي مع تص</mark>ميم بحث دراسة الحالة. تم استخدام تقنية أخذ العينات الهادفة لاحتيار المشاركين. كان المشاركون في هذا البحث معلمين للغة الإنجليزية وثلاثة تلاميذ يحضرون فصلًا للغة الإنجليزية. البيانات التي تم جمعها من المقابلات والملاحظات. ونتيجة لذلك، فإن تنفيذ استراتيجية القراءة للتعلم ليس جيدًا بالكاقل. يتم تنفيذ هذه الاستراتيجية من قبل المعلم حسب المراحل. تظهر بعض النتائج أن فيده الاستراتيجية لم يتم تنفيذها بشكل جيد وبعضها بشكل جيد للغاية. كما تابع التلاهيذ العملية بشكل جيد للغاية. تأتى العوامل الداعمة في تنفيذ هذه الاستراتيجية من المعلَّهين والتلاميذ والتسهيلات المقدمة. كما تم العثور على عوامل تمنع تنفيذ هذه الاستراتيجية من التلاميذ والمعلمين من حيث التعاون وإدارة الوقت. في الختام، تظهر تجربة المعلَّمين والتلاميذ في تنفيذ استراتيجية القراءة للتعلم مدى ملاءمة العملية والمبادئ.

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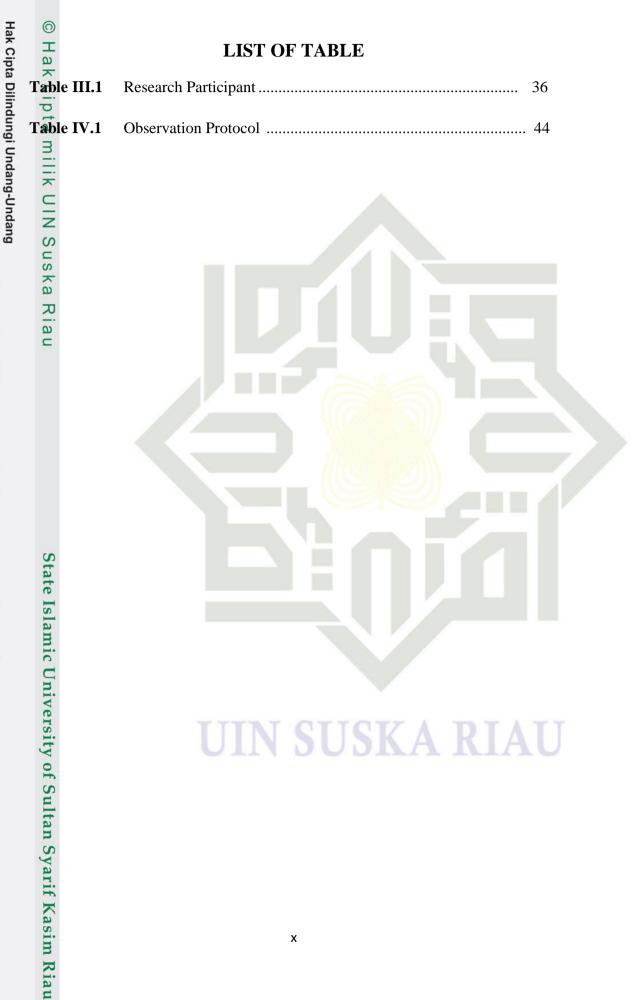


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### **CHAPTER I INTRODUCTION**

### AP Background of the Problem

Reading is one of the four basic competences that language learners must master. It contributes to the success of learning a language in general or a foreign language in particular.

There are many reasons for students' poor reading ability. it was found from the research by (Sofyan, Hasanah, & Haryudin, 2019) There are some students who are still struggling to read. This is influenced by both internal and external factors. Internal factors that cause learning difficulties in students include a lack of interest on their part in learning to read, which made learning to read difficult. They also claim that reading is because they unappealing struggle with vocabulary and very pronunciation.

Another difficulties found from the study of (Ardiana, 2015) that tudents frequently come across words in texts that are challenging to understand. Before they translate a term, students must first grasp it through comprehension in order to be able to articulate their thoughts or draw conclusions from an English reading material. Expanding timeframes and technological advancement have a good effect on raising educational standards in the 2 teaching and learning process, causing the teaching system to constantly adapt, especially when it comes to their teaching

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style. The difficulties also, found from the study of (Husnaini & Hatimah, 2021).

Based on observation and interviews with tenth-grade students from SMK Al-Izhar Pekanbaru in november 2022, the researcher identified a few challenges in learning to study, particularly in narrative literature. Students don't seem to be interested in scanning

According to Brown (2003), reading comprehension is the process of constructing meaning by coordinating a number of complex process that includes word reading, word and world knowledge, and fluency. To sum up, students' reading comprehension are different from each students to another, but ideally students should have skill to reading as it can help them to achieve better reading achievement. In Indonesia educational use 2013 Curriculum (K13) as an operational curriculum that is designed and implemented at each educational institution (school).

The 2013 curriculum is the newest curriculum focusing on achieving students' competencies and character building (Kementerian dan Kebudayaan, 2013) in Ekawati (2017). There are four aspects of competences expected to be achieved; spiritual, attitude, knowledge and skills which are then stated in the core competences (Kompetensi Inti/KI). SMK al-Izhar Pekanbaru is one of the schools in Indonesia that implements 2013 curriculum (K13) as guidance in teaching and learning process. There are four skills that include in English subject are listening, reading, speaking and writing. Reading is one of four skills needed to be



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learn by the students from elementary school to senior high school as an important role in English subject to improve students' reading skill. While the passing grade of the score for English subject is 75 points on the first year of tenth grade at SMK al-Izhar Pekanbaru.

According to Kern (2000), reading and writing, some quotations describe the beautiful relationship between reading and writing. Two of them are: reading and writing are forms of life, not just reflections of it (Hartman in Kern, 2000), and reading and writing, as recursive acts of communication, lend themselves particularly well to analysis and thought about the process of producing and interpreting meaning through language.

According to Kern (2000), reading and writing should be viewed as intertwined, integrated processes from theoretical and pedagogical perspectives. Writing can act as meaning design. In literacy, the relationship between reading and linear, but overlapping. Kern describes the relationship of reading, writing, and talking figures as follows (Kern, 2000).

According to the 2013 curriculum standards, students must understand a text that must be studied for grade level school. Many apps, based on previous, use reading to learn as a learning strategy to improve reading comprehension. The author concludes that when used in a classroom setting, this method is quite beneficial. The teacher can see the students' ability to understand the meaning of the text by using reading to learn. As a result, the 2013 curriculum has a number of important features. First, students must have good abilities to develop their competencies and



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I be able to communicate both orally and in writing. Second, students are conscious of the importance of English in additional to that.

A good deal of useful work for stories has been done with genre pedagogy in particular Martin and Plum's (1997) description of narrative genre. In the SFL tradition, narratives are not the only genre identified within the story family. There are variations in stories which constitute narrative along with recount, anecdote, exemplum, and observations (Martin & Rose, 2008). Each of the story genres has similar stages but serves different social purposes. For example, narratives are to entertain, recount to share experience, anecdote to share a reaction, exemplums to share moral judgments, and observations to share a personal response to things or events. The stages commonly identified in these genres are started optionally with an Orientation stage introducing an expectant activity and a Coda at the end of the story. The variations that differentiate these stories are present depending on the unfolding stages that disrupt an expectant activity and types of responses to this disruption.

There are many techniques and strategies in learning and teaching reading comprehension to EFL students that can be used. One of them is reading to learn. Rose (2005b claims) that Reading to Learn is one of the world's most powerful literacy programs. It is designed to enable all learners at all levels of education to read and write successfully, at levels appropriate to their age, grade, and study area.



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The R2L strategy has an advantage in the learning process, especially teaching reading to improve student's reading skills and increase activeness, which actively involves all students. The first advantage is that students and teachers are directly involved in learning. The second advantage is that students have background abilities, allowing students to understand better. The three students will be active in the class when the discussion begins to make the students confident to understand the meaning of the text, which is then expressed in an argument.

Practically, based on a preliminary study at one of the State Vocational Schools in Pekanbaru, the implementation of the R2L strategy has been implemented. From observations in learning, the Reading To Learn strategy for teaching reading comprehension has been applied to EFL students at SMK Pekanbaru.

Reading to learn can develop four language skills, namely reading, writing, speaking, and listening. By emphasizing reading and writing skills, learning emphasizes the function of language for learning, namely literacy (reading and writing). The strategies have been independently evaluated to consistently accelerate the learning of all students at twice to more than four times expected rates, across all schools and classes, and among students from all backgrounds and ability ranges.

Reading to Learn is a set of strategies that enable teachers to support all the students in their classes to read and write at the levels they need to succeed. The strategies vary according to the needs of students, their year



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levels, the subject area, and the kinds of texts they are expected to read and write. The aim is to read and write in the classes they need to succeed in their grades and subject areas.

The following Reading To Learn strategies were selected: (1) preparing before reading (stories), (2) detailed reading, (3) joint rewriting, and (4) individual rewriting. Of the four stages, the first one is the key stage to prepare the students to read and comprehend a target genre by discussing the key elements and the sequence of a text functioned as a mentor text. In the context of English as the first or second language where most students have developed their spoken language, this early stage is enacted through reading the texts aloud, and guidance is carefully provided to highlight the structure of the whole text.

The Reading to Learn program is an English teaching program that can be implemented at the university level and at the junior high, senior high, and vocational levels. Thus, this research is expected to provide a contribution for teachers and students in learning English, especially in Reading Comprehension.

Based on the explanation above, the writer is interested in conducting or having research that focuses on the R2L strategy under the title Exploring the Implementation of Reading to Learn strategy for Teaching Reading Comprehension to EFL Students: A Case Study at al-Izhar Vocational High School Pekanbaru.



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### 1. Identification of the problem

**B. Problem of the Research 1. Identification of the problem** Based on the based Based on the background above reading skills will greatly support writing skills. Because by reading, students will get many ideas that can be used as ideas for writing. In addition, by reading, students will be able to think critically so that students can express their views in writing easily and in a structured way. From the problems mentioned above, the genrebased learning method is supported by the Reading to Learn strategy is needed to help students so that they have the ability to understand the text well.

According to Babatua (2008), Every writer reads their own work and uses it in their own unique way. In general, there are two ways to improve as a writer: write a lot and read a lot. There are no more steps to take. A good writer reads with an eye for the writing as much as for enjoyment. We apply what we learn as readers as writers. So, in some ways, our writing becomes a collection of all the things we've learned as readers, mixed together in our own unique recipe, as time goes on.

Hedge (2014) also claims that Students will benefit from exposure to models of various text kinds to understand what constitutes good writing. "Reading is both important and helpful," Hedge says. A student must write a lot to be a competent writer. Inferring from the above, we might conclude that in order to write, we must read first. It is possible that we can read whatever we want. Relationships, assumptions, habits, and



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### actions are all topics that we can read and write about. We should read everything, as Faulkner says, and it is up to us as readers to keep what we have read and eliminate what we do not.

### 2. Limitation of the problem

After describing the identification of the problem above, it is necessary to limit and focus on the problem of this research. This research is focused on the implementation of reading to learn (R2L) strategy for teaching reading comprehension in narrative text focuses in tenth grade at SMK al-Izhar Pekanbaru. This research focus on students' reading comprehension toward the implementation of R2L, and the author also limits this reasearch problem because narrative text is one of the texts taught in tenth grade, the writer chose narrative text to save time by not having to explain what narrative text is to students again.

### 3. Formulation of the problem

Based on the limitation of the problems stated above, the researcher formulates the problems as follows:

- a. How is the implementation of reading to learn (R2L) strategy for Teaching Reading Comprehension to EFL students at Al-Izhar Vocational High School Pekanbaru?
- b. What are the factor that support and hinder the implementation of reading to learn (R2L) strategy for Teaching Reading Comprehension to EFL students at Al-Izhar Vocational High School Pekanbaru?



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### CT Objective and Significance of the Research

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- a. To describe about how the Implementation of Reading to Learn (R2L) strategy for Teaching Reading Comprehension to EFL Students: A Case Study at Al-Izhar Vocational High School Pekanbaru.
- b. To find out the factor that support and hinder Reading to Learn (R2L) strategy for Teaching Reading Comprehension to EFL Students: A Case Study at Al-Izhar Vocational High School Pekanbaru.

### 2. Significance of the Research

This research has theoretical significance and practical significance.

- a. Theoretically, it is expected that the result of the research would be used to give additional contribution in education and it can support the theories of previous research about teachers' strategy in implementation of reading to learn(R2L) strategy to EFL students.
- b. Practically, the result of this research is expected to give contribution for English teachers' about Implementation of Reading to Learn (R2L) strategy to EFL Students. It can be useful for the other reseachers as a source of information related to their research. In addition, the findings of this study are also expected to be positive information for interested parties in the world of teaching and learning English to find out of implementation of reading to learn (R2L) Strategy.

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ak There are some reasons why the researcher is interested in carving out C 5 ta this research, the reasons are as follows:

milik The title of this research is relevant with the researcher's status as a student of English education department. 

z The title of this research is not yet investigated by other previous S SD researchers. ka

The location of this research facilitates supports the researcher in **x** 3. B conducting this research.

### E. Definition of Key Terms

**D.** Reasons for Choosing the Title

There are some terms involved in this research, it is important to explain the definitions of key terms which are used in this research. The following terms are defined as follows:

Reading to Learn (R2L) Strategy 1. State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

Reading to Learn is a program based on functional language theory. This program is a reading and writing teaching program that applies genres and registers as a framework to train lecturers or lecturers in scaffolding strategies for reading and writing in all courses in the curriculum and in the education sector (Rose, 2006b:12). In this program, students will not only learn to read English texts but also write English texts. This program aims to make students understand the text they read and then what they will write.



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### 2. Reading comprehension is

Reading comprehension is the capacity to understand the importance of the information presented in the reading text. (Deliany, Erfan, & Bindarti, 2020)

Based on (Talaal Abd al- Hameed, 2012), reading comprehension is an activity that involves knowledge of how to decode by developing a large number of visual vocabulary, learning the meaning of vocabulary words captured in the text, and learning to ignore the meaning of the text. Indicates the degree to which the reader can understand the literal understanding. Inferential understanding focuses on the implicit meaning, and literal understanding focuses on the explicit meaning in the text read.

The teaching reading comprehension"s goal is to help students improve and enhance their science to become active readers. (Johnson, 2008) pointed out that reading comprehension is the use of strategies in reading to obtain information and understand the meaning of text.

Therefore, reading comprehension is the cability to understand meaning, process text, and combine it with what the reader previously understands. Reading comprehension is one of the very significant English competences that students must possess, because reading is related to other language skills.



### I 3. Narrative Text is

Narrative is a text that tells a story, designed to entertain the audience (Anderson & Anderson, Text Types in English 3, 1998, p. 3). Narrative can be factual or imaginary (mysteries, fables, adventure stories, fairy tales, and novels, myths and legends).

Kathy and Anderson (Anderson & Anderson, Text Types in English 3, 1998, p. 18) explain several different narrative kinds; namely humor, crime, romance, historical fiction, mystery, real life fiction, fantasy, science fiction, adventure and diary novel.

Based on the above explanation, the narrative text is a story in the past tense, and its social function is to entertain or amuse the reader. Its writing has certain characteristics and its linguistic characteristics. Chatman (Chatman & Attlebery, 1993) divides the narrative text into the following four basic parts:

a. Characters

Every story has a role to play. In a story, there are two characters, namely the main role and the secondary role. In narrative text, character is the most important element. Describe the character's physical characteristics, for example height, weight, age, and even personality characteristics, including weaknesses and strengths.

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b. Settings

Setting is the content used by the author to explain when and where the story happened. The sets concerned the period (when) and the place (where) of the story.

b. Plot

Plot consists of a series of events or episodes that the writer writes to create excitement as the story progresses and grab the reader's attention. The plot includes and initiates the event, placing the main character in the events series on the path to solving the problem.

- d. Conclusion
- e. The writer concludes the story by telling and summarizing the solution to the problem in the story.

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### **CHAPTER II**

### **REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE**

### ta **Theoritical Framework** A

### **∓**1. Reading

a) Reading comprehension

Reading is an activity in which readers respond to and make sense of a text being read connected to their prior knowledge (Spratt, Pulverness, and William: 2005: 21). The activity is done by the readers as they want to get information and knowledge from the text. In the process of getting information and knowledge, the readers try to connect what they read in the form of written language to what they have already known about the text.

Reading can also be defined as the process in which readers learn something from what they read and involve it in academic context as a part of education (Grabe, 2009: 5). Learning happens when there is a change in mind from an unknown thing to the known one. As reading is included in learning, the readers try to grasp the texts being read by interpreting, synthesizing, evaluating, and selecting the important information.

Reading instruction involves the teaching of five components which include phonemic awareness, phonics, word recognition, vocabulary, and comprehension. One cannot deny the fact that these



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five components are important. These components of reading instructions allow the students acquire necessary skills to beproficient readers.

Based on (Talaal Abd al- Hameed, 2012), reading comprehension is an activity that involves knowledge of how to decode by developing a large number of visual vocabulary, learning the meaning of vocabulary words captured in the text, and learning to ignore the meaning of the text. Indicates the degree to which the reader can understand the literal understanding. Inferential understanding focuses on the implicit meaning, and literal understanding focuses on the explicit meaning in the text read.

Ahmadi and Pourhosein (2012) expressed that reading comprehension is a cooperative mental practice between a reader's linguistic knowledge (knowledge of the world) and knowledge about a given subject. Reading comprehension is a communicating procedure in which readers interact with the text as their background knowledge is activated. According to Rahmani and Sadeghi (2011), reading comprehension is defined as the level of recognizing a text/message. This recognition comes from the communication between the words that are written and how they activate knowledge outside the text/message. Reading comprehension depends on the ability to understand words fast. If word understanding is hard, learners use too much of their processing ability to read individual



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words which interferes with their ability to comprehend what is read. Rahmani and Sadeghi (2011) continued that learners need to learn to analyse a text for comprehending even before they can read it on their own and comprehension instruction. According to Ahmadi and Pourhosein (2012) and Rahmani and Sadeghi (2011), comprehension instruction consists of learners answering instructors' questions and writing answers to questions on their own or both.

### a. Assessment of reading comprehension

Klinger, Vaughn and Boardman (2007) said there are three purpose of reading comprehension assessment. First, is compares students' comprehension level to those students in a norming sample. Second is to find out if students have met preestablished criteria for their grade level. A third purpose is to inform instruction by determining when students understand what they read and how efficiently they use which comprehension strategies.

According to Klinger, Vaughn, Boardman (2007), there are different types of comprehension assessment in reading skill. First, it is norm-referenced tests, published tests administered under standardized conditions (e.g., with computerized answer sheets, timed); students' score are compared with those of a normative sample. Second, students' test score are compared with predetermined criterion levels that indicate mastery of a skill or content; internal reading inventories are a type of criterion-referenced test. The third is



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curriculum based assessment, tests are based on the actual curriculum used in the classroom, and students are assessed regularly and their progress monitored. The fourth is interviews and questionnaires, students respond orally or in writing to a list of questions designed to assess their understanding of the reading process and their knowledge of reading strategies. The fifth is observation, examiner observe students' behavior using checklist, anecdotal records, or ethnographic note taking. The sixth is retelling, students are prompted to retell or reconstruct what they remember about they have just finished reading. The seventh is think-aloud, students are prompted to voice their thought before, during, and after reading. Teachers have to know the types of comprehension in reading skills in order to discover the result of assessment of students' reading comprehension. And teachers would know the best type of assessment for students especially for beginning level.

## State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau **Teaching Reading Comprehension**

Brown, in Marzulina and Pitaloka (2018) states that teaching is showing or helping someone to learn how to do something, giving instructions, guiding in the study of something, providing with knowledge, causing to know or understand. Teaching can be defined as providing opportunities to learn. However, the result of the teaching depends on the students it self. But, teachers as the facililator of teaching must give best effort for guiding students to make them get the best result. In the other



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hand, reading comprehension is a process of interaction between reader and author to communicate successfully in gaining what the author means on the text.So, by teaching reading comprehension, students are expected to able comprehend the text.

However, sometimes students still have difficulties to comprehed what they read in English, so teacher must help them to comprehend the text by using strategies which offer simple lesson design and can drill them to able memorize the text. One these strategies is Reading To Learn (R2L), a strategy for teaching reading comprehension which is not difficult to be understood and can help students to comprehend the text.

Based on the explanation above, it can be concluded that teaching reading comprehension is the process of helping, facilitating, guiding students to comprehend the text and providing students with many opportunities for practice it to make them can acquire the meaning and information from the author on the text.

## State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau Using R2L Strategy to Teach Reading Comprehension

Definition of Reading To learn (R2L) Strategy. a.

Reading to learn is a program based on genre approach that consists of a process in which the readers interact with the text to understand not only words, but, comprehend the whole text; learners comprehend when they make significance from text. Reading is constituted by two components: decoding and language comprehension; the first one is the ability to translate text and the



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second, is the ability to understand text language. In early readers is common that learners have problems to decode and comprehend the text because they are in the process to literacy emergence.

Reading to Learn (R2L) is an approach proposed by David Rose, the Director of Reading to Learn, an international literacy program which was originated from a pilot project to accelerate literacy development for indigenousor aboriginal students with the implementation of the NSW 7- 10 English syllabus (Rose, 2006). It was also an action research project with the previous name LRRL or Learning to Read; Reading to Learn (Rose, 2005).

R2L pedagogy is informed by Halliday's systemic functional language (Halliday, 1975; Halliday & Matthiessen, 2014) and genre theory (Rose & Martin, 2012). In this respect, language is defined as a resource for making meaning that evolves to serve certain human needs depending on the context it is used. The way the language evolvesto meet the social purposesis realized as genres. Martin(2009, p. 13) defines genre as 'a staged, goal-oriented, social processes'. Based on this approach, the pedagogy allows teachers to make explicit teaching about the way language resources are used in a mentor text of a given genre. By mentor text, I refer to a text that is considered conventionally appropriate and successful in achieving its social purposes. Through deconstructing the mentor texts, teachers scaffold their students to comprehend the texts and notice the



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patterning of academic language resources that are used. In turn, these patterns assist students to write similar texts independently.

According to Ehri (2005), "during learning to read, children first acquire elementary decoding skills, and then gradually apply these skills with greater accuracy and speed, leading to an increasingly automated process that recognizes multi-letter units (consonant clusters, syllables, and morphemes) and whole words" (p. 128). In the process of Reading in early ages is important the use of visual aids as pictures that help children to understand better the reading, some books combine the pictures and verbal texts. This tool helps students to increase the ability of imagination and creativity when they are part of an interaction with the teacher and peers.

Reading to learn has the fundamental principle of allowing children to learn a determined topic, since learning is centered in Reading and Writing. The idea is that children experience reading and writing at the same time they are learning any specific topic, and then there is a development of Reading and Writing skills. There is a reciprocal relation of benefits in the use of spoken language into Reading and vice versa because, the interaction with the text and the teacher guidance help children to learn to Read, when they are ready for Reading they can participate successfully.



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### The advantages of using R2L Strategy. b.

In this program, students will not only learn to read English texts but also write English texts. This program aims to make students understand the text they read and then what they will write. Reading to learn (r2l) can develop four language skills, namely reading, writing, speaking, and listening. By emphasizing reading and writing skills, learning emphasizes the function of language for learning, namely literacy (reading and writing). Thus, each implementation plan for text-based learning has the same goal, which is to make students able to write in English.

How to implement Reading To Learn (R2L) strategy. c.

The reading to learn program is composed by six stages teaching cycle. Prepare before reading, detailed reading, preparing for writing, joint rewriting, individual rewriting, independent rewriting,

- 1) Preparing before reading: Teacher models the reading. Teacher elicits students to previous knowledge, he/she explains how that knowledge is related to the story, review the sequence in which is carried out the story and all the students can understand it. Therefore, students are prepared for understand the text.
- 2) Detailed reading: Teacher supports reading in short passages. Students follow reading and point each word. Teacher models



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the type of text and deconstructing it by identifying its parts the language features and pattern.

- 3) Joint construction: The students can read a passage, then they are prepared to write a new text following language pattern provided by the teacher. Teacher writes phrases and expressions and takes notes on the board bearing in mind the student's ideas. It means that teacher guides them by using the modelled texts in the previous stage.
- 4) Joint rewriting: The notes serve as a supporting for writing a new text with the guidance of teacher.
- 5) Individual rewriting: the students have two models: the initial text and the collective or joint text, to practice writing using the same pattern.
- 6) Independent rewriting: previous stages empower students to accomplish this stage. Students write their own text, using the same pattern and genre as they practiced in Joint construction.

## **B** Relevant Research ic

Univers First, Damayati (2016) conducted a study entitled" From storytelling to story writing: the implementation of reading to learn (r2l) pedagogy to teach English as a foreign language in Indonesia" It is widely acknowledged that the use of stories supports the development of literacy in the context of learning English as a first language. However, it seems that there are a few Syarif Kasim Riau studies investigating this issue in the contextof teaching and learning English



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 $\mathbf{I}$  as a foreign language. This action-oriented case study aims to enhance o students' written narrative achievement through a pedagogical intervention 5  $\overline{\mathbf{n}}$  that incorporates oral story sharing activities. In this paper, the intervention  $\mathbf{\underline{B}}_{\underline{\mathbf{W}}}$  will be briefly described and the preliminary findings from the students' ~ written texts will be presented. This study which was conducted in a lower secondary school in Bandung Barat region, Indonesia implemented the Iska intervention within eight learning periods. The intervention comprised the  $\pi$  following stages: (1) preparing before reading (stories), (2) detailed reading, (3) joint rewriting, and (4) individual rewriting. Before and after the intervention, students' narrative texts were collected and analysed in terms of how each text achieved its purpose, how it moved through stages and phases of meaning, the control of field, relationship with the reader and its coherence. The preliminary findings indicate that there is a shift in students' ability from writing fragmented and spoken-like language to more literate State written narratives. It is expected that this study which implemented R2L pedagogy in the Indonesian context will contribute to English language teaching in EFL contexts.

Univers Second, Listyani (2013) entitle "Reading to learn: Integrated reading and writing to teach Academic Writing course", This research deals with a teaching strategy called Reading to Learn (R2L) in second language writing, ot in the field of English Education. Writing in second language (L2) is much more difficult and complicated than writing in the first language or L1. Syarif Kasim Riau Writing in L2 has always been a nightmare for many students, especially in



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 $\mathbf{I}$  high-level writing, like tertiary level. This paper offers an alternative which  $\sigma$  can be effective to encourage students of Academic Writingto prepare before Treading, do careful or detailed reading, prepare to write, write collaboratively, produce individual reconstruction, and finally produce an essay individually. All these are done through some stages in a continuous cycle; the cycle of R2L. Academic Writing course, which is offered for the fifth semester students at the Faculty of Language and Literature (FLL), Satya Wacana  $\pi$ Christian University Salatiga, is a four-credit course which can be tiring, stressing and boring if teachers cannot manage the class well and prepare an intriguing syllabus. The writer thus wants to share her ideas in applying Reading to Learn (R2L) strategy to teach Academic Writing students. The

writer hopes that the ideas in this paper will inspire other lecturers of writing in second language setting, in Indonesia as well as other Asian countries.

Third, Temmy Widyastuti, Yatun Romdonah Awaliah (2019) conducted study titled "Reading to Learn Strategy in Teaching and Learning te Writing for the Students of Sundanese Language Education Department" The success of Reading to Learn (R2L) in improving literacy skills in several countries in the world encouragesteachers in Indonesia to implement it. In accordance with the national literacy movement program developed by the government, this strategy will greatly assist the ability to read and to write of OI Indonesian students, not only for foreign language learningbut can also be tan applied to local language learning. For this reason, this study aims to study to Syarif Kasim Riau what extent the reading to learn the strategy (R2L) helps the students of



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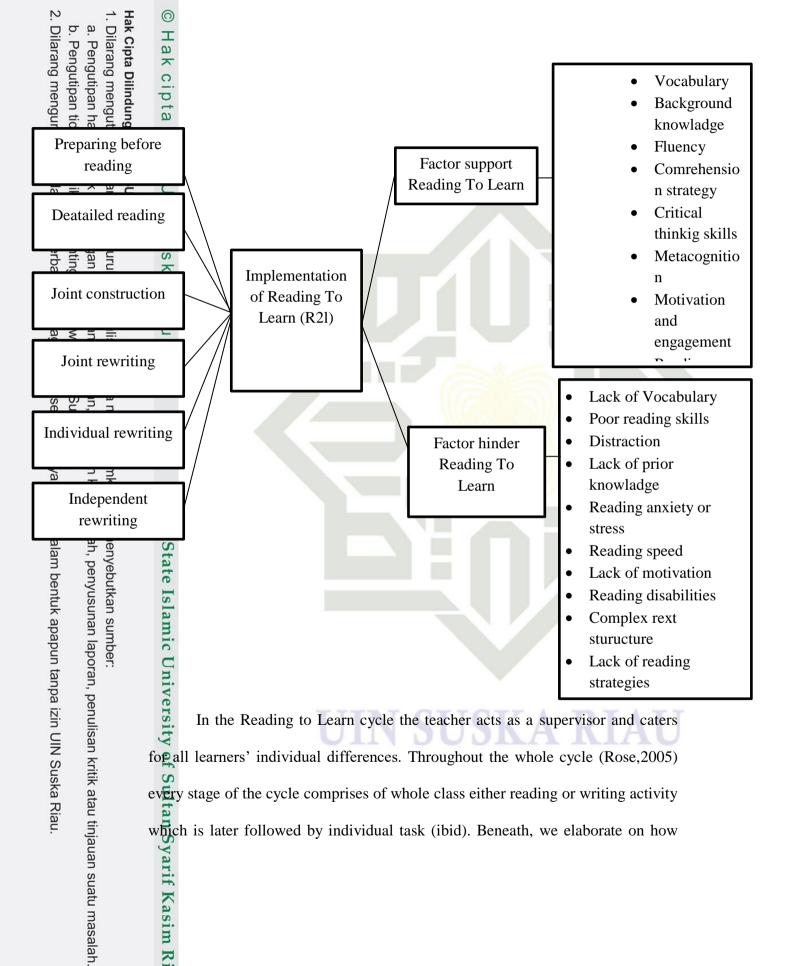
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 $\mathbf{I}$ Sundanese Language Education at UPI in improving their writing skills. This ~ o study employed action research by using data recording techniques and 5  $\overline{\mathbf{a}}$  documentation. The results revealed that there are difficulties faced by  $\exists$  students in Sundanese language writing as the result of an incorrect ~ cunderstanding of concepts in learning at primary, secondary, and high school levels. However, after implementing the R2L strategy it turns out that the Iska effect is quite good as it is seen from the students writing improvement  $\pi$  exposed in each cycle. It can be concluded that the R2L strategy B implementation is very helpful for students both in writing appropriate Sundanese language and understanding the reading text. This strategy can also be implemented in local language teaching and learning at each level.

# **C.** Conceptual Framework

Based on the theories and previous reserach above, then it is important to make the conceptual framework used in this research. So in this research, tate the conceptual frameworks above are to generate an understanding of how to implementation of reading to learn (R2L) strategy for Teaching Reading Comprehension and the conceptual frameworks above are needed as the foundation to address the method of the research. Therefore, the implementation of reading to learn (R2L) strategy for Teaching Reading 0 Comprehension to EFL students will be conceptualized into following Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau conceptual frameworks.





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each of the six stages was effected. The interactive process is highlighted in the above diagram.

Preparation before reading

This first stage is discussion oriented thus, the teacher exposes the learners to the genre and field of text before the commencement of readaloud, (Rose 2005). This implies that for mastery and comprehending of the text by learners, the teacher may explain the contextual meaning of the text as well as summarizing the whole text into smaller understanding units.

**Detailed Reading** 2.

> In this stage learners were prepared through elaborating new vocabulary and figurative language whilst, learners identify and highlight them in the text Rose cited in (Webster, Matthiessen & Hasan, 2005). Learners had to read aloud after paraphrasing the contextual meaning of the sentences followed by follow-up 'wh-' questions for instance; who, where, when in order to reinforce learners' comprehension skills (ibid).

Prepare before writing

Since familiarization of words has been done in Detailed Reading, in this stage the teacher engages learners in group discussions based on finding synonyms for the highlighted words which will later be used in the joint reconstruction stage (Rose 2005).



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Joint reconstruction

In this stage learners were prepared by outlining discourse patterns and key notes making use of the scaffolding interaction cycle to support learners in writing a new story without changing the sequence location and characters of the original text (Martin & Rose, 2012)

Individual reconstruction

Learners individually construct their new stories on their own (Rose, 2005).

B ⊆6. Independent writing: This was the final stage of the cycle whereby the learners were given an individual task which was assessed (Rose, 2005).

In the realm of acquiring knowledge and expanding one's intellectual horizons, reading plays a pivotal role as a powerful tool for learning. It is an immersive and transformative experience that opens doors to new ideas, perspectives, and insights. However, several factors can either bolster or impede the process of reading to learn. These factors, known as the factors that support and hinder reading to learn, have a profound impact on individuals' ability to absorb, comprehend, and retain information. By examining and understanding these factors, we can harness their potential to enhance the reading experience and optimize our learning outcomes.

of The factors that support and hinder reading to learn encompass a broad spectrum of elements that impact the effectiveness and enjoyment of the reading experience. By creating conducive environments, ensuring access to diverse reading materials, and cultivating a supportive network, we can harness the



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potential of reading as a transformative learning tool. Simultaneously, addressing obstacles such as time constraints, limited access to reading materials, and individual challenges will pave the way for a more inclusive and empowering reading culture. Embracing and understanding these factors allows us to unlock the full potential of reading, empowering individuals to embark on a lifelong journey of learning, growth, and intellectual exploration.

Reading is an essential skill for learning, and it is supported by several factors. Here are some key factors that contribute to effective reading for learning:

1. Vocabulary

A strong vocabulary is crucial for understanding the meaning of words encountered while reading. The more words a reader knows, the easier it is to comprehend written material and make connections between concepts.

2. Background knowledge

Prior knowledge about a topic enhances reading comprehension. When readers can relate new information to what they already know, it becomes easier to grasp complex ideas and remember key details.

3. Fluency Reading

Fluency refers to the ability to read smoothly, accurately, and at an appropriate pace. Fluent readers can quickly recognize words and comprehend sentences, allowing them to focus on understanding the content rather than decoding individual words.

penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.



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### Comprehension strategies 4.

strategies Effective readers employ various enhance to comprehension, such as making predictions, asking questions, summarizing, and making connections. These strategies help readers engage with the text, monitor their understanding, and extract meaning from the material.

5. Critical thinking skills.

Reading for learning involves analyzing, evaluating, and synthesizing information. Readers need to think critically, assess the validity of claims, and draw logical conclusions based on evidence presented in the text.

6. Metacognition

Metacognitive skills involve awareness and control over one's own thinking processes. Skilled readers are able to monitor their comprehension, identify areas of confusion, and employ appropriate strategies to overcome difficulties. They are also aware of their reading goals and can adjust their reading approach accordingly.

7. Motivation and engagement

A positive attitude towards reading and an intrinsic motivation to learn contribute to effective reading for learning. When readers are engaged and interested in the material, they are more likely to invest effort in understanding and retaining the information.



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8. Reading environment and resources

A conducive reading environment with access to a wide range of reading materials, such as books, articles, and online resources, supports reading for learning. Availability of appropriate reading materials and technologies further enhances the reading experience.

These factors work together to support reading for learning. Developing and strengthening these factors can improve reading skills and facilitate effective comprehension and retention of information while reading.

There are several factors that can hinder reading as a means of learning. Here are some common factors that may affect reading comprehension and hinder the learning process.

1. Lack of Vocabulary

Insufficient knowledge of words and their meanings can make it challenging to understand the text. Limited vocabulary can lead to difficulties in comprehending complex concepts and ideas.

2. Poor Reading Skills

Weak reading skills, such as inadequate phonics knowledge, limited fluency, or difficulties with decoding words, can impede reading comprehension. These issues can make it harder to understand the text and hinder the learning process.

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# 3. Distractions

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Environmental distractions, such as noise, interruptions, or a cluttered workspace, can make it difficult to concentrate and focus on reading. Distractions divert attention away from the text, leading to decreased comprehension and retention.

4. Lack of Prior Knowledge

Reading often builds upon prior knowledge. If a reader lacks the necessary background information or context related to the topic, it can hinder understanding. Without a foundation of prior knowledge, readers may struggle to connect new information with existing knowledge, making it harder to learn effectively.

5. Reading Anxiety or Stress

Feeling anxious or stressed while reading can interfere with comprehension and hinder learning. Anxiety may arise due to pressure, fear of failure, or negative experiences with reading in the past. Such emotional barriers can inhibit concentration and hinder the ability to grasp and retain information.

6. Reading Speed

Reading at a slow pace can impede learning, especially when there is a significant amount of material to cover within a limited time frame. Slow reading speed may result from a lack of reading practice or difficulties with word recognition.

7. Lack of Motivation

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Without intrinsic motivation or a genuine interest in the material, reading can become a chore, and comprehension may suffer. A lack of motivation can make it challenging to engage with the text, hindering the learning process.

8. Reading Disabilities

Specific learning disabilities like dyslexia can significantly impact reading ability. These conditions affect the brain's processing of written language, making it challenging to decode words, recognize letter patterns, and comprehend text.

Complex Text Structure 9.

> Some texts, especially those with intricate sentence structures or dense academic language, can pose challenges for readers. If the text is too complex or written at a higher reading level than the reader's ability, it can hinder comprehension and learning.

10. Lack of Reading Strategies

Effective reading involves the use of various strategies, such as predicting, summarizing, and asking questions. Without knowledge and practice of these strategies, readers may struggle to extract meaning from the text and hinder their learning potential.

State Islamic University It's important to address these factors to enhance reading comprehension 0 and facilitate effective learning through reading. Identifying and targeting specific areas of weakness can help individuals overcome these hurdles and develop S stronger reading skills.

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# CHAPTER III

## METHOD OF THE RESEARCH

This chapter presents the description of The research resign, The Location and Time of the Research, Subject and Object of the Research, The Population and Sample of the Research, The Research Instrument, The data collection and The data analysis. Followed by an explanation.

# A Research Design

In this research, the researcher uses descriptive qualitative case study method. Creswell (2012) stated that qualitative research is best suited to address a research problem in which you do not know the variables and need to explore. Case study research is a type of qualitative research that focuses on human behavior and perceptions (Polit & Beck, 2004). Individuals, groups, agencies, and communities can all be research subjects.

Case study focuses on the events surrounding one case in a contemporary context or setting. Creswell (2013) describes the qualitative approach to a case a study with the investigator focusing on one or more cases over time through detailed, in-dept data collection involving mutiple sources of information. These multiple sources of data come in the form of textual, visual, and audio files regarding the case or cases. The intent of the case study is to provide in-dept understanding through data analysis of multiple sources of information describing all details of the case where themes or issues are identified by the researcher (Creswell, 2013).



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Т In conclusion, this research is a qualitative case study research. This a oresearch is qualitative since the data are in the form of words. This is caused 0 The researcher is intended to describe about how the Implementation of  $\mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{R}}$  Reading to Learn (R2L) strategy for teaching reading comprehension to EFL Students: A Case Study at Al-Izhar Vocational High School in Pekanbaru.

# B-Location and Time of the Research S

ka This research was conducted at Al-Izhar Vocational High School in J Pekanbaru. It is located on Jl.HR. Soebrantas KM. 15, Pekanbaru, Riau. It was conducted november - desember.

# C. Subject and Object of the Reserach

The subject of this research are an English teacher and three students of Al-izhar Vocational High School in Pekanbaru in academic year 2022/2023. The object of this research is the of Implementation of Reading to Learn (R2L) ) strategy for teaching reading comprehension to EFL Students.

# **D.**-Participants of the Research

mic As shown in table 3.1 the participants of theis research were : one English teacher and three students. The students were the tenth grade from one niversity of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau SUSKA RIAU



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0 На Table III.1 **Research Participants** clip RESEARCH PARTICIPANTS NO **QUANTITY INTERVIEW MODEL** ta 3 1 Student One-on-One Interview milik 2 Teacher 1 One-on-One Interview z S The researcher uses purposive sampling in this research according to Sn Bernard (2002) in Erikan (2015). The purposive sampling techniques, also J  $\overline{\mathbf{n}}$  called judment sampling, is the deliberate choice of a participant due to the qualities the participant possesses. In purposive sampling, researchers intentionally select individuals and sites to learn of understand the core idea being explored in qualitative data (Creswell, 2012)

# E. Technique of the Data Collection

In this research, the researcher used two types of technique in collecting the data. Two types of techniques in collecting the data were Te observation and interviewes.

lamic) Observation

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Observation is an activity in which the research takes field notes on the behavior and activities of individuals at the research site. Here the researcher used non participant observation in which the researcher does not directly interact with the participant (Creswell, 2000). The thing that observed in this research is the tenth grade students of Al-izhar Vocational High School in Pekanbaru in order to get the data about the



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Implementation of Reading to Learn (R2L) strategy for teaching reading comprehension to EFL Students .

tab) Interview

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The interview technique will ask the participants about how the students' reading comprehension toward the implementation of R2L. The researcher will ask open-ended questions and record their answers (Creswell, 2012).

# For students

 $\stackrel{\omega}{\rightarrow}$  How is the implementation of reading to learn (R2L) strategy for Teaching Reading Comprehension to EFL students at Al-Izhar Vocational High School Pekanbaru?

- a) Did you enjoy the new way of teaching reading ? Support your answer.
- b) Which part of the lesson did you enjoy and why?
- Which part the lesson did you dislike? Why? c)
- d) Do you feel more motivated in learning to understand reading comprehension after implementing reading to learn? why
- e) In reading you have to understand some indicators in reading

comprehension, which parts of learning English improve in that

process?



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B<sup>T</sup>. What are the factors that support and hinder the implementation of reading to a o learn (R2L) strategy for Teaching Reading Comprehension to EFL students at 5 ta Al-Izhar Vocational High School Pekanbaru?

- a) What are the biggest obstacles and challanges for you in implement reading to learn in reading comprehension?
- b) Do you prefer to study in groups or individually in implementation of
  - R2L in learning reading comprehension? Support your answer.

# For teacher

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- A. How is the implementation of reading to learn (R2L) strategy for Teaching Reading Comprehension to EFL students at Al-Izhar Vocational High School Pekanbaru?
  - a) Did you enjoy the new way of teaching reading ? Support your answer.
  - b) Do you feel more motivated in teaching to understand reading comprehension after implementing reading to learn? Why

 $B_{\overline{a}}$  What are the factors that support and hinder the implementation of reading to ers learn (R2L) strategy for Teaching Reading Comprehension to EFL students at ity of Al-Izhar Vocational High School Pekanbaru?

a) What are the challanges for teacher in implement the reading to learn strategy in teaching reading comprehension?



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- b) What are the biggest obstacles in implement reading to learn in
  - teaching reading comprehension?
- c) Did you enjoy implementing reading to learn strategy in teaching reading comprehension?

# F.—Technique of Data Analysis

S Sugivono (2010) said that analyzing data is the process of S systematically searching and arranging the interview transcripts, fieldnotes,  $\frac{n}{2}$  and other materials that you accumulate to increase your own understanding of them and to enable you to present you to present what you have discovered to others. In this research, to analyze the data the researcher uses descriptive qualitative analysis, the interview will be analyzed by the following suggestion by Creswell (2012) namely:

a) Prepare and Organize the Data for Analysis

In a qualitative study, initial data management consist of organizing the data, transribing interviews and typing fieldnotes, and making decision to anlyze the data by hand or by computer. Several good software programs are available for computer analysis.

University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau Explore and Code the Data

Qualitative researchers conduct a preliminary anlysis of th data by reading through it to obtain a general sense of the data. Major analysis of qualitative data consist of coding the data. The process of coding is one of reducing a text or image database to descriptions and themes of people, places, or events. In involves examining the text database line by line,



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asking oneself what the participant is saying, and then assigning a code label to the text segment.

ipta) Coding to Build Description and Themes

> Codes are the used to develop descriptions of people and places. They also are used to develop themes that present a broader abstraction than codes. These themes may be layered or organized to tell a story, or they may also be interconnected to portray the complexity of the the phenomenon.

B **c**d) Represent and Report Qualitative Findings

> Qualitative researchers represent their findingd in visual displays that may include figures, diagrams, comparison tables, and demographic tables. They report findings in narrative discussions comprising many forms, such as a chronology, questions, or commentary about any changes that the participants experience.

Interpret the Findings

From this reporting and representing of findings, qualitative researchers make an interpretation of the meaning of the research. This interpretation consist of advancing personal views, making comparisons between the findings and the literature, and suggesting limitations and future research.

Validate the Accuracy of the Findings

To check the accuracy of their research, qualitative inquires often employ validation procedures such as member checking, triagulation, and



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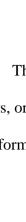
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auditing. The intent of validation is to have participants, external reviewers, or the data sources themselves provide evidence of the accuracy of the information in the qualitative report.



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# CHAPTER V CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

This chapter presents conclusions of the study and some suggestions. The conclusions are drawn based on the data analysis which is discussed in Chapter for and underpinned by theories in Chapter two of this study. Some suggestions are provided in order to give information as well as guidance to conduct further study concerning the similar issue.

# $\frac{72}{20}$ A. Conclusion

This study attempts to answer the reasearch questions of How is the implementation of reading to learn (R2L) strategy for Teaching Reading Comprehension to EFL students at Al-Izhar Vocational High School Pekanbaru. Using qualitative case study, the psrticipants were three student of tenth grade and one teacher in SMK Al-Izhar Pekanbaru.

Related to the first research question about how R2L is implemented, that is it was revealed that the core elements included in the four major stages this program is a determining factor in determining the success of implementation. They are learning cycles, teacher-student interactions, and strategies. The conclusion of the second research question about what is the

The conclusion of the second research question about what is the factor support and hinder reading to learn strategy. Factor support the reading to learn strategy are : Comprehension strategy , teacher explained that the comprehension strategy is very influential. Background knowladge : Background knowladge is also a factor support this strategy and that have



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 $\mathbf{I}$  conducted by a teacher show the result that the differences in background o knowladge can also effect. Reading environtmen : The condition of the school also supports the implementation of reading to learn strategy. Factor  $\exists$  hinder reading to learn strategy : lack of vocabulary and lack of reading

~ c strategies. Z That the elements that characterize R2L inevitably emerge when S o implementing each stage. The first stage is known as Preparing to Read  $\pi$  proven to provide background knowledge of students on this issue. Second Q stage, Detailed Reading, it turns out to be able to provide student completeness understand text through recognition of language patterns. Third The stage called Joint Rewriting is able to help students to make persuasive argumentation and the last stage, Joint Construction, facilitates students to practice write some text. In other words, there are only three stages which highlights the learning process in this study. The fourth stage was more considered as post intervention activity to seek students' output after conducting the program.

lamic By implementing the R2L strategy in learning, the researcher can conclude that in several indicators the implementation of R2L is well nivers implemented. this is evidenced in the results of observations, it can be seen that students were very enthusiastic when given reading material in groups, ot students also seemed active in answering some of the questions asked, in reading most students were also fluent in reading. when ordered to rewrite the Syarif Kasim Riau students had some difficulty in making texts. from interviews with three



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 $\pm$  students also said the same thing, the three students said that they only like ~  $\circ$  reading, when writing they have difficulty in vocabulary. Ipta

### ₿ Suggestion

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li k In accordance with the topic discussed which is about the C implementation of Reading to Learn program in reading comrehension, 7 Sus several possible suggestions are promoted for further researchers and ka practitioners.

a First, it is worth trying to apply R2L as an effort to increase not only writing but also reading, speaking, and listening skills in the middle context school in Indonesia as EFL country. In fact, the R2L implementation process is much relied on teacher student interaction, learning cycle in which the teacher must always be prepared to give tasks and to elaborate, and strategies carried out in each stage as the key point of this program. Therefore, it is State Islamic possible for further researchers to apply R2L as an effort to enhance other language skills.

Second, having been recommended by previous researchers University concerning time matter, the researcher suggests conducting this program in a longer period of time. The stages of argumentative teaching consist of Preparing for Reading, Detailed Reading, Joint Rewriting, and Joint ot Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau Construction tend to take much time to be implemented.

As a participant observer who is not the school teacher, the researcher gained time limitation in implementing this program. This caused the process



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of data collection become less flexible and free. Neither could the researcher completely maximize the students' potentials to enhance their writing abilities nor the students show significant improvements in all assessment writing criteria proposed by Rose (2016c). Thus, it is suggested to spare more time in implementing Reading to Learn to obtain more satisfying result both for the teacher, the researcher and the students so that R2L can be one of the alternatives to more effective genre based teaching.

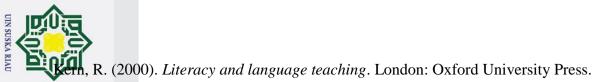
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# **APPENDIX 1**

# **Instruments of the Research**

# For students

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A. How is the implementation of reading to learn (R2L) strategy for Teaching **Z**Reading Comprehension to EFL students at Al-Izhar Vocational High School S Sn Pekanbaru?

- a) Did you enjoy the new way of teaching reading ? Support your
  - answer.
- b) Which part of the lesson did you enjoy and why?
- Which part the lesson did you dislike? Why? c)
- d) Do you feel more motivated in learning to understand reading comprehension after implementing reading to learn? why
- e) In reading you have to understand some indicators in reading comprehension, which parts of learning English improve in that process?

B What are the factors that support and hinder the implementation of reading to nve learn (R2L) strategy for Teaching Reading Comprehension to EFL students at **LSILA** Al-Izhar Vocational High School Pekanbaru?

- a) What are the biggest obstacles and challanges for you in implement reading to learn in reading comprehension?
- b) Do you prefer to study in groups or individually in implementation of
  - R2L in learning reading comprehension? Support your answer.



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З For teacher AZ How is the implementation of reading to learn (R2L) strategy for Teaching S Sn Reading Comprehension to EFL students at Al-Izhar Vocational High School ka Pekanbaru?

- a) Did you enjoy the new way of teaching reading ? Support your answer.
  - b) Do you feel more motivated in teaching to understand reading comprehension after implementing reading to learn? Why
- B. What are the factors that support and hinder the implementation of reading to solearn (R2L) strategy for Teaching Reading Comprehension to EFL students at tate Al-Izhar Vocational High School Pekanbaru?
  - a) What are the challanges for teacher in implement the reading to learn strategy in teaching reading comprehension?
  - b) What are the biggest obstacles in implement reading to learn in teaching reading comprehension?
  - c) Did you enjoy implementing reading to learn strategy in teaching reading comprehension?



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Jawaban interview "siswa"

A ?halo kak, iyakak , boleh kak

yang tidak Dizzly sukai?

**Kasim** Riau

lagi dalam belajar memahami bacaan?

Q Ralau boleh tau namanya siapa ?

A : nama saya Dizzly Sassylia, panggil aja Dizzly kak

 $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{ran}}^{\exists}$  **T ranscript interview with Student 1** :

**APPENDIX 2** 

**Student answer** 

QC halo, maaf ya ganggu waktunya sebentar, kenalin nama kakak Sari

Q :oke Dizzly pertanyaan pertama apakah wina menikmati cara baru atau

A : menikmati kak, jadi lebih mudah aja memahami bacaan jadinya, ada guru tu

nyuruh kita untuk melakukan beberapa step misalnya. Suka karena bisa membuat

Qookee jadi lanjut kepertanyaan selanjutnya yaa, kalau dalam kegiatan belajar

Q baik, pertanyaan selanjutnya yaitu apakah ada dari pelajaran bahasa inggris

Q terus kalau sudah diterapkan R2l tadi , apakah Dizzly merasa lebih termotivasi

A termotivasi kak, kita lebih mudah memahami isi bacaan, dan itu kan bisa

membuat kita lebih kreatif dan focus belajar dan semangat dalam belajar.

A 2 bagian listening kak, karena gatau apa yang diucapkan, kurang mengerti.

Ramadhani, jadi disini kakak mau interview adik sbentar, boleh yaa ?

starategy yang digunakan oleh Miss Rozy dalam mengajar membaca?

bagian apa yang paling sukai? Apakah listening, reading atau lainnya

A kalau saya pribadi lebih suka reading kak, karena hobinya membaca

semangat karena bisa berdiskusi juga dengan teman lainnya.

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Q pertanyaan selanjutnya dalam membaca wina harus memahami beberapa indikator dalam pemahaman bacaan kan ada 6 tu , bagian mana yang meningkat kira-kira?

A Bagian yang mencari topic dan memahami dengan cepat isi bacaan kak.

Q lanjut yaaa pertanyaan selanjutnya , nah kalau dalam belajar khususnya bahasa conggris apakah ada tantangan atau hambatan dalam penerapan r2l strategy tadi ?

A⊊ada kak,

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Q<sup>©</sup>apa aja tu ?

 $A_{\underline{c}}^{\underline{\omega}}$ misalnya hmmm kalau menulis kembali kak, karena kurangnya kosa kata jadi agak susah bolak balik bukak kamus hehe

Q : nah pertanyaan terakhir , Dizzy sendiri lebih suka belajar perkelompok atau individu dalam pelaksaan strategy ini ?

A : lebih suka berkelompok kak, jadi bisa bagi-bagi tugas nyari point-point dan menulis kembali pun lebih banyak idenya , bisa bagi-bagi tugas juga kalau mau nyari kosa katanya.

Q oke thank you yaa , sudah mau di interview, semoga besok ujiannya sukses dan belajarnya makin rajin yaaa

A 🖥 iya kak, sama-sama kak.

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Syarif Kasim Riau

# **Transcript interview with Student 2 :**

Qe halo kakak izin interview sebentar ya seputar proses belajar bahasa inggris. Kalau boleh tau namanya siapa ya?

A Boleh kak, nama saya Azwinatul Hikmah, panggilan ani kak.



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Q: Toke Wina, lansung aja pertanyaan pertama Wina suka gak dengan penerapan strategy pembelajaran r2l yang digunakan miss dalam belajar ?

A suka kak , karna kalau belajar gitu-gitu aja gak ada variasi nya ga seru , yaa walaupun agak ribet di step-step nya.

Q cokee pertanyaan kedua dalam pembelajaran khusunya belajar bahasa inggris, kegiatan apa yang paling disukai dalam belajar ? apakah reading, writing atau apa?

A bila lebih suka speaking kak, karna kurang suka membaca, jadi kaau speaking pakingan kita bicara apa yang kita tahu di depan kelas.

Q<sup>5</sup> jadi yang tidak disukai reading yaaa?

A : iya kak, tapi lebih gasuka lagi writing hehe karna susah bahasa inggris ni kak

Q : lalu dengan diterapkannya strategy r2l tadi apakah Wina lebih termotivasi lagi dalam belajar memahami bacaan atau reading comprehension atau tidak ?

A : sedikit termotivasi kak, lebih suka membaca dan sedikit-sedikit menulis, mungkin karna dilakukan bersama.

Q sohhh jadi Wina lebih suka belajar berkelompok dari pada individu ya ?

A 🖬 ya kak, jadi bisa bagi-bagi tugas juga dengan kawan-kawan.

Q sokee hmmm jadi kan ada beberapan indicator dalam reading comprehension ni skira-kira ada gak bagian yang meningkat di diri Wina pribadi ?

A gada sepertinya kak. Seperti mudah menemukan topic atau main ideanya. Dan bisa cepat menarik kesimpulan.

Qonah pertanyaan terakhir, dari penerapan r2l oleh miss dalam mengajar bagi Wina apa tantangan dan hambatan Ani dalam belajar ?

A hambatannya yaa kalau menulis kembali lama kak, karna kan kita nyari atau translate dlu ke bahasa inggris. Jadi lama kak, tidak cukup 1 kali pertemuan.



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Q ∓oke thank you yaaa Wina, makasi atas waktunya.

A <sup>o</sup>you are welcome kak.

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# Transcript interview with Student 3:

Q hallo, maaf ya kak mengganggu waktunya sebentar. Boleh tau namanya siapa?

Aciyakak gapapa, nama saya Ari Zulkarnaen kak, panggilan Ari kak.

Q<sup>a</sup>, oke lansung aja yaaa, pertanyaan yang pertama mengenai proses belajar. Agakah Ari menikmati cara baru yang digunakan oleh miss Rozy dalam mengajar

A : kurang suka kak, mungkin karena step nya yang terlalu banyak menurut Ari, jam pelajaran kitapun sebentar kan kak, habis karna bercerita juga , belum lagi nanti nulisnya kak.

Q : berarti kurang efektif di waktunya ya Ri ? tidak bisa dalam satu hari ya , dan kalau dalam belajar bahasa inggris bagian mana dari pelajaran yang Ari sukai ?

A oriya kak gak bisa satu hari, hmm kalau belajar suka Reading kak, karena nanti menjawab pertanyannya bisa diliat dari bacaan yang ada, yang tersedia gitu kak.

Q Bagaimana dengan pelajaran yang tidak disukai ?

A kalau yang tidak disukai tidak ada kak, Cuma kalau yang lebih sulit menurut saya itu writing , karna kurang kosa kata.

Q nah, setelah ada strategy ini , R2l ini apakah Ari lebih termotivasi lagi dalam belajar bahasa inggris khususnya reading comprehension ?

A zermotivasi kak, nanti kan ada step-step nya , jadi lebih mudah ada dalam memahami bacaan.



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Q pertanyaan selanjutnya dalam membaca Ari harus memahami beberapa indikator dalam pemahaman bacaan kan ada 6, bagian mana yang meningkat kira-kira?

A bagian mengambil atau mencari ide pokok kak, lebih mudah aja dengan straegy ini.

Q kira-kira apa saja hambatan dan tantangan Ari dalam penerapan strategi membaca untuk belajar dalam pemahaman membaca?

A Hambatannya mungkin sulit untuk menulis kembali aja kak, kurang waktunya juga kak.

Q : kalau dalam belajar sukanya individu atau berkelompok?

A : berkelompok kak, biar bisa bertukar pendapat dan bagi-bagi tugas.

Q : oke thank you yaa Ari

A : sama – sama kak

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Appendix 3

### **Teacher answer**

#### Interview with Miss Rozy Zuryati.

Q Assalamualaikum Miss, sebelumnya saya mohon maaf mengganggu wakunya ya Miss, perkenalkan nama saya Sari Ramadhani, disini saya akan mengajukan beberapa pertanyaan mengenai proses belajar mengajar ya miss? Kalau boleh tau dengan Miss siapa Sari Berbicara?

Ac Waalaikumussalam, iya Sari , nama saya Rozy Zuryati, biasanya dipanggil

Miss Rozy.

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Q : Baik Miss Rozy, Saya lansung saya kepertanyaaanya gapapa ya Miss?

A : Iya gapapa, untuk menghemat waktu juga.

Q : Baik miss , Pertanyaan pertama terkait strategy pembelajaran miss , apakah Mess menikmati cara atau strategy miss dalam mengajar ?

A Alhamdulillah menikmati, melihat anak-anak juga enjoy dengan strategi dan arahan-arahan yang saya berikan yaa. Dengan strategy ini nampaknya bisa meningkatkan minat siswa dalam membaca dan juga bisa memudahkan dalam menahami teks, yang miss lihat sejauh ini ya alhamdulillah respon dari anak-anak bagus.

Q Alhamdulillah ya miss , dari apa yang miss lihat, apakah Miss merasa lebih tempotivasi lagi dalam menerapkan strategy ini kepada murid-murid dalam



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mengajar dan bagaimana persispan dalam belajar dan menerapkan strategy ini ya

A insyaallah termotivasi yaa karena tujuan dari strategy ini adalah memudahkan untuk reading comprehension seperti yang miss jelaskan tadi jadinya saya lebih semangat untuk mengajarkan kepada murid-murid sehingga tujuan dari strategy ini dapat tercapai dan untuk reading comprehension pun bisa lebih mudah dan menyenangkan. Dan juga saya harus banyak mengevaluasi dari cara-cara saya mengajar juga. Kalau untuk step-stepnya tentu menyiapkan bacaan atau teks lalu membuat beberapa kelompok dan membaca teks , kemudian jika ada pertanyaan surid disilhakn untuk bertanya mengenai teks yang diberikan.

Q : Seperti itu ya miss, kalau untuk kendala dan hambatan dalam penerapan strategy ini apakah ada Miss?

A : Tentunya ada, hmm karena semua latar belakang murid dan standar kepintaran murid-murid berbeda, jadinya saya agak kesusahan untuk menerapkan kepada murid yang agak susah menerima pemebelajaran, disisi waktu juga sangat terbatas yan jadinya tidak semua stage-stage dari R2L dapat dijalankan sesuai dengan konteksnya, namun insyaallah bisa terpakai semua stage namun diwaktu yang sangat minim. Itu aja sih sepertinya ya, dan insyaallah hmm bisa tertutupi karena siswa saya lihat bersemngat dan dengan mudah juga dalam memahami teks yang diberikan. Kesulitan lainnya yaitu dalam writing, tidak bisa dipungkiri ya kalau siswa apalagi yang memiliki standar kemampuan dibawah rata-rata sangat malas dan sulit untuk menemukan beberapa kata yang akan dijadikan teks



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Q Dee Miss, dari kendala-kendala yang miss jelaskan tadi apakah miss enjoy atau menikmati gak dalam penerapan stragegy ini ? apakah merasa terlalu sulit

A Alhamdulillah sejauh ini saya menikmati karena melihat feedback atau respon yang diberikan oleh siswa dalam belajar juga bagus jadinya saya senang juga, walaupun kelihatannya banyak stage-stage tapi kalau dijalankan dalam pembejalaran tidak sesulit yang dibayangkan, mungkin awal-awal penerapan agak sulit tapi lama-kelamaan akan semakin enjoy dan tidak memakan waktu yang lama juga. Mudah-mudahan bisa lebih efisien.

Q : Jadi insyaallah akan dipakai seterusnya dalam pembelajaran ya Miss?

A : Insyaallah iya.

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Q : Baik miss, Sari kira hanya itu pertanyaannya Miss, terimakasih banyak atas waktu yang Miss berikan dan mohon maaf ya miss kalau perkataan saya ada yang sarah.

A BAlhamdulillah , iya terimakasih kembali nanda.

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**KEMENTERIAN AGAMA** UNIVERSITAS ISLAM NEGERI SULTAN SYARIF KASIM RIAU UIN SUSKA RIAU FAKULTAS TARBIYAH DAN KEGURUAN N FACULTY OF EDUCATION AND TEACHER TRAINING Dilar σ Jl. H. R. Soebrantas No.155 Km.18 Tampan Pekanbaru Riau 28293 PO. BOX 1004 Telp. (0761) 561647 WINGSUSKA RIA ס Fax. (0761) 561647 Web.www.ftk.uinsuska.ac.id, E-mail: eftak\_uinsuska@yahoo.co.id g gatigan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, gatigan igak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Sus Un:04/F.II.3/PP.00.9/9500/2023 g mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya Pekanbaru, 13 Juni 2023 Dilindungi Undang-Undang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau Biasa 8 Mohon Izin Melakukan PraRiset merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau ~ Kepada Yth, Kepala Sekolah SMK Al-Izhar Pekanbaru dic Tempat 8 J Assalamu'alaikum warhmatullahi wabarakatuh tulis Dekan Fakultas Tarbiyah dan Keguruan UIN Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau dengan ini memberitahukan kepada saudara bahwa : ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber: Nama Sari Ramadhani NIM 11714202662 penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah. Semester/Tahun : XII (Dua Belas)/ 2023 Program Studi : Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris : Tarbiyah dan Keguruan UIN Suska Riau Fakultas ditugaskan untuk melaksanakan Prariset guna mendapatkan data yang berhubungan dengan penelitiannya di Instansi yang saudara pimpin. Sta Sehubungan dengan itu kami mohon diberikan bantuan/izin kepada mahasiswa yang bersangkutan. Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau Demikian disampaikan atas kerjasamanya diucapkan terima kasih. a.n. Dekan Wakil Dekan III Dr Amirah Diniaty, M.Pd. Kons. ATAN SY NIP. 19751115 200312 2 001

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## PEMERINTAH PROVINSI RIAU **DINAS PENDIDIKAN**

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Hak b D arang Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, ipta 9 Pekanbaru, 10 FEB 2023 × Nomor - p t Sifat : 800/Disdik/1.3/2023/ 2924 mengutip sebagian atau seluruh Kepada Yth. Kepala SMK IT Al-Izhar Perbankan Biasa Syariah Pekanbaru Provide Contract Cont Izin Riset / Penelitian З di-Ξ Tempat × z Berkenaan dengan Surat Rekomendasi dari Dinas Penanaman Modal dan Pelayanan Terpadu Satu Pintu Provinsi Riau Nomor : 503/DPMPTSP/NON IZIN-RISET/53364 S Tanggal 6 Januari 2023 Perihal Pelaksanaan Izin Riset, dengan ini disampaikan bahwa: S ka i karya Nama : SARI RAMADHANI J NIM/KTP : 117142026620 b tulis Program Studi : PENDIDIKAN BAHASA INGGRIS Jenjang : S1 penelitian, ini tanpa mencantumkan Alamat : PEKANBARU Judul Penelitian EXPLORING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF READING TO LEARN STRATEGY FOR TEACHING READING COMPREHENSION TO EFL STUDENTS: A CASE STUDY AT penulisan AL-IZHAR VOCATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL PEKANBARU Lokasi Penelitian : SMK IT AL-IZHAR PERBANKAN SYARIAH PEKANBARU Dengan ini disampaikan hal-hal sebagai berikut : karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah. 1. Untuk dapat memberikan yang bersangkutan berbagai informasi dan data yang dan menyebutkan sumber diperlukan untuk penelitian. 2. Tidak melakukan kegiatan yang menyimpang dari ketentuan yang telah ditetapkan dan S memaksakan kehendak yang tidak ada hubungan dengan kegiatan ini. tate 3. Adapun Surat Izin Penelitian ini berlangsung selama 6 (enam) bulan terhitung mulai tanggal rekomendasi ini dibuat. Islamic University of Sulta Demikian disampaikan, atas perhatian diucapkan terima kasih. A DINAS PENDIDIKAN KEPA **RROVINSI RIAU** EKRETARIS PEM DINAS PEN RI LINDAWATI,SH,M.SI Pembina Tingkat I (IV/b) NIP. 19660717 198603 2 002 Tembusan: Dekan Eakultas Tarbiyah dan Keguruan UIN Suska Riau arif Kasim

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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undanç

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## **CURRICULUM VITAE**

Sari Ramadhani is the last daughter of Mr. Bikasi (alm) and Mrs.Ermawati. She was born in Batu Taba, 31 December 1998. In 2011, she was graduated from MI Muhammaddiyah Batu Taba. She finished her study at SMPN 3 Padang Panjang in 2014

and MAN 4 Tanah Datar (Man Sumpur) in 2017. On September 2017, she continued her study at English Education Department, Faculty of Education and Teacher Training in State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau.

She was doing KKN (Kuliah Kerja Nyata) in Tanjung Mutiara, Danau Singkarak, Sumatra Barat on July-August 2020, and she was doing Teaching Practice (PPL) in SMA Datuk Batu Hampar, Hangtuah Ujung Pekanbaru on September-December 2020.

In finishing her study to fulfill requirements for Undergraduate Degree in English Education Department, she conducted the research on april by the thesis entitled "Exploring the Implementation of Reading to Learn strategy for Teaching Reading Comprehension to EFL Students: A Case Study at al-Izhar Vocational High School Pekanbaru"

## UIN SUSKA RIAU

Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.

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