

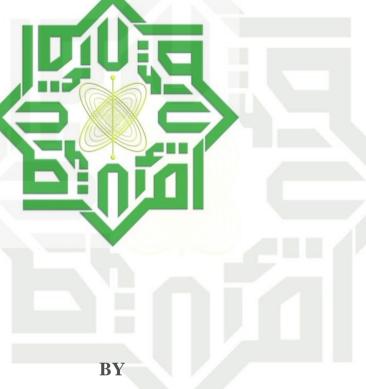
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AT SMAN 1 KAMPAR TIMUR





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AN EXPLORATION OF STUDENTS' FOREIGN LANGUAGE
SPEAKING ANXIETY IN CLASSROOM PRESENTATION
AT SMAN 1 KAMPAR TIMUR



BY

SELLINA ROSA ZUMARNIS SIN. 11910423053

Thesis

Submitted as partial fulfillment of the Requirements for Bachelor Degree of English Education (S. Pd.)

DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH EDUCATION

FACULTY OF EDUCATION AND TEACHER TRAINING

STATE ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF SULTAN SYARIF KASIM RIAU

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2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.

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Finally, the researcher realizes that this thesis is still far from being perfect. Therefore, comments, constructive criticism, and suggestions are very much appreciated.

> Pekanbaru, May 12th, 2023 The Reseacher

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ABSTRACT

Sellina Rosa Zumarnis (2023): An Exploration of Students' Foreign Language Speaking Anxiety in Classroom Presentation at SMAN 1 Kampar Timur

The study aimed at investigating the students' foreign language speaking anxiety level and factors that cause students' speaking anxiety in classroom presentations. This research used qualitative research as the approach. Meanwhile, the case study design was used in this research. This research was held from January to March 2023, at SMAN 1 Kampar Timur. The data was collected from four participants as the sample of the research. The samples were taken by using purposive sampling. They were tenth-grade students in the academic year 2022/2023. Questionnaires, observation, and individual interview were used to obtain the data. The FLCAS (Foreign Language Classroom Anxiety Scale) proposed by Horwitz et al., (1986) was used to gain the data. An observation also conducted to strengthen the data from the questionnaires. The participants were interviewed then one by one with 8 open-ended questions. There were eight questions that were asked of the participants in a semi-structured way. The researcher used coding to build descriptions and themes and then interpret the data in order to analyze the data. The findings revealed that the students' speaking anxiety of tenth-grade is in the very anxious and anxious level. Moreover, there are eight factors that caused students to have anxiety while presenting in English class. The factors are lack of confidence, lack of grammar, poor pronunciation, fear of making mistakes, fear of being laughed at, fear of negative evaluation, lack of preparation, and fear of tests. In conclusion, the level of speaking anxiety cannot be used as a guideline in determining the factors that cause someone to experience speaking anxiety. Furthermore, lack of grammar is the subservient factor that causes speaking anxiety in the students. Meanwhile, dominantly students' speaking anxiety was caused by a lack of preparation and fear of being laughed at during their classroom presentation.

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ABSTRAK

Sellina Rosa Zumarnis (2023) : Eksplorasi Kecemasan Berbicara Bahasa Asing Siswa Dalam Presentasi Kelas di SMAN 1 Kampar Timur

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menyelidiki level kecemasan berbicara bahasa asing siswa dan faktor-faktor yang menyebabkan kecemasan berbicara siswa dalam presentasi kelas. Penelitian ini menggunakan penelitian kualitatif sebagai pendekatannya. Sementara itu, desain studi kasus digunakan dalam penelitian ini. Penelitian ini dilaksanakan pada bulan Januari hingga Maret 2023, di SMAN 1 Kampar Timur. Data dikumpulkan dari empat partisipan sebagai sampel penelitian. Pengambilan sampel dilakukan dengan menggunakan purposive sampling. Mereka adalah siswa kelas sepuluh pada tahun ajaran 2022/2023. Kuesioner, observasi, dan wawancara individu digunakan untuk memperoleh data. FECAS (Foreign Language Classroom Anxiety Scale) yang diusulkan oleh Horwitz et al., (1986) digunakan untuk memperoleh data. Observasi juga dilakukan untuk memperkuat data dari kuesioner. Para peserta kemudian diwawancarai satu per satu dengan 8 pertanyaan terbuka. Ada delapan pertanyaan yang diajukan kepada peserta secara semi-terstruktur. Peneliti menggunakan coding untuk membangun deskripsi dan tema dan kemudian menginterpretasikan data untuk menganalisis data. Temuan mengungkapkan bahwa kecemasan berbicara siswa kelas sepuluh berada pada tingkat sangat cemas dan cemas. Selain itu, ada delapan faktor yang menyebabkan siswa mengalami kecemasan saat presentasi di kelas bahasa Inggris. Faktor-faktor tersebut adalah kurang percaya diri, kurang tata bahasa, pelafalan buruk, takut membuat kesalahan, takut ditertawakan, takut evaluasi negatif, kurang persiapan, dan takut ujian. Kesimpulannya, tingkat kecemasan berbicara tidak dapat dijadikan pedoman dalam menentukan faktor penyebab seseorang mengalami kecemasan berbicara. Selain itu, kurangnya tata bahasa adalah faktor yang menyebabkan kecemasan berbicara pada siswa. Sementara itu, kecemasan berbicara siswa yang dominan disebabkan oleh kurangnya persiapan dan takut ditertawakan saat presentasi di kelas.

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ملخص

سيلينا روسا زومارنيس (٢٠٢٣): استكشاف قلق التلاميذ من التحدث بلغة أجنبية في عرض تقديمي للفصل في المدرسة الثانوية الحكومية ١ كمفر الشرقية

يهدف هذا البحث إلى التحقق من عوامل قلق التلاميذ من التحدث بلغة أجنبية والعوامل التي تسبب قلق التلاميذ من التحدث في عرض تقديمي للفصل. يستخدم هذا البحث البحث النوعي كنهج لها. وفي الوقت نفسه، تم استخدام تصميم دراسة الحالة في هذا البحث. تم إجراكم هذا البحث من يناير إلى مارس ٢٠٢٣، في المدرسة الثانوية الحكومية ١ كمفر الشرقية. البيانات من أربعة مشاركين كعينة البحث. تم أخذ العينات باستخدام أخذ العينات الهادفة. وهي طلاب الصف العاشر في العام الدراسي ٢٠٢٢/٢٠٢٢. تم استخدام الاستبيانات والملاحظات والمقابلات الفردية للحصول على البيانات. تم استخدام مقياس القلق في الفصل الدراسي للغات الأجنبية الذي اقترحه هورويتز وآخرون (١٩٨٦) للحصول على البيانات. كما تم عمل ملاحظات لتعزيز البيانات من الاستبيان. ثم تمت مقابلة المشاركين واحدًا تلو الآخر من خلال ٨ أسئلة مفتوحة. هناك ثمانية أسئلة طرحت على المشاركين بطريقة شبه منظمة. تستخدم الباحثة الترميز لبناء الأوصاف والموضوعات ثم تفسير البيانات لتحليل البيانات. وكشفت نتائج الدراسة أن القلق من التحدث لدى تلاميذ الصف العاشر كان في مستوى شديد القلق. بالإضافة إلى ذلك، هناك ثمانية عوامل تجعل التلاميذ يشعرون بالقلق عند التقديم في فصل اللغة الإنجليزية. هذه العوامل هي قلة الثقة، وقلة القواعد، وسوء النطق، والخوف ميَّ الوقوع في الأخطاء، والخوف من السخرية، والخوف من التقييم السلبي، وقلة الاستعداد، والخوف من الامتحانات. في الختام، لا يمكن استخدام مستوى القلق من التحدث كدليل في تحديد العوامل التي تجعل الشخص يشعر بالقلق من التحدث. بالإضافة إلى ذلك، فإن الافتقار إلى القواعد هو عامل غير مهيمن في التسبب في قلق التلاميذ من التحدث. وفي الوقت نفسه، كاك القلق السائد عند التلاميذ ناجًّا عن عدم الاستعداد والخوف من السخرية أثناء العروض التقديمية في الفصل.

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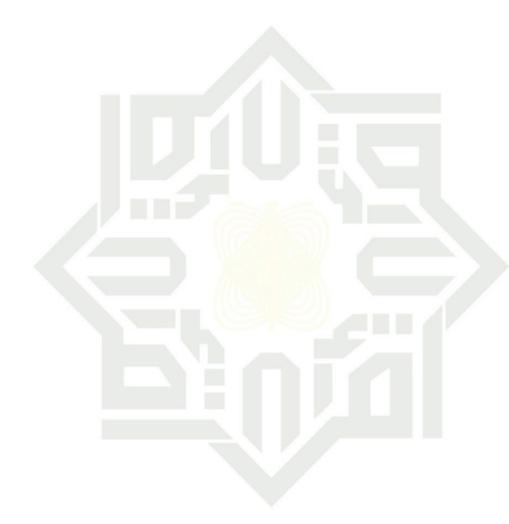


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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

A. Background of the Problem

One of the four major skills in learning English is speaking. It is a skill that can be applied and seen at a time. That is, once spoken, can not be taken back. The students need to process linguistic input and produce their thoughts at the same time. According to Parmawati (2018), speaking is considered as the most important skill in English learning because speaking is the tool of daily life communication. During the process of oral communication, students certainly have to respond at the moment and they can not edit or revise what they say (Mutmainah in Permatasari, 2021). That is, speaking is needed to master.

There are many opportunities for someone to use their speaking skill, as well as students. According to Brown (2001), he stated that the aims of speaking are to enable the students to participate in the short conversation, find a way to express an idea, and collect information from others. For students, expressing their idea by using English helping them to be fluent in English by speaking practice. At school, especially in the classroom, students are given the opportunities to practice their speaking skill such as in introducing themselves, practicing dialogues, and present their work in a group or even individually. yarif Kasim Riau

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Therefore, by knowing the importance of speaking activities, SMAN 1 Kampar Timur required students to conduct a presentation using English. It is suitable for the goal of English subject learning in the recent curriculum named Merdeka Curriculum. This curriculum requires students to have six activities in each subject to master it. The activities are listening, speaking, reading, writing, viewing and presenting. Since presentations have important role in teaching and learning process, teacher can transfer the knowledge and students also can share their knowledge that they know with other friends (Brooks & Wilson as cited in Permatasari, 2021).

A presentation should convey information from a speaker to the audience. That is, when a presentation is held, there is a goal or purpose to be achieved. The presentation has a purpose to increase students speaking skills. At school, students do presentations in the classroom. When students giving presentations by using English, they may have anxiety. They have the anxieties which burdened them to speak to target language. According to Horwitz *et al.*, (1986), students may have an anxiety reaction which hinders their ability to perform successfully in a foreign language class. It is supported by Permatasari (2021), she stated that to know the students' speaking anxiety in classroom, it can be seen from several speaking activities such debate, speeches, storytelling, and also presentations.

In fact, there has been a large of number studies that examine students' speaking anxiety, both in foreign language studies, in class, in a speaking test, or in students' speaking performance. The researcher found that speaking

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anxiety can provide two different types of influence. Speaking anxiety is considered a positive variable in learning a foreign language because feeling anxious is an indication that a person has the courage to be a successful language learner (Daley *et al.*, as cited in Sutarsyah, 2017). Besides, the researcher also found studies that stated that speaking anxiety had a negative influence on students' speaking abilities (Saito & Samimy, 1996; Anwari, 2019; Hasibuan, *et al.*, 2020; Palupi, 2021).

However, based on preliminary research, the researcher found that feeling anxious is a negative influence on their success in learning a foreign language. Speaking anxiety is an inhibiting factor in the progress of student learning. It occurs when students feel anxious to speak English in front of other friends and are afraid of making mistakes in front of their teacher. This is supported by Young in Horwitz et al., (1986) that anxiety is a negatively influential variable that prevents students from succeeding in learning a foreign language. Based on observation had done as long as the researcher in the classroom when students make presentations in English, the researcher found symptoms of anxiety in X-7 students of SMAN 1 Kampar Timur when delivering presentations such as nervous, difficult to concentration, sweaty, and going blank. It can be seen from the participation of the students in the presentation still low. Only certain students are active and interested in the presentation process. Most of them look worry and not confidence to speak in front of the Syarif Kasim Riau class using English. This is in line with the opinion of Ely in Liu (2012), that



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students who experience anxiety are less willing to participate in class presentation activities.

Then, from a brief interview between the researcher and an English teacher at SMAN 1 Kampar Timur, the researcher found that anxiety is a problem that often occurs when students speak English, especially in English class presentations. To be more confident that this problem really exists, the researcher also interviewed several students who had done presentations in class using English. The students stated that they often sucked in the middle of the presentation because they feel nervous, panicked, sweaty, and going blank when presenting or speak in front of a large audience by using English. They also mentioned that they afraid to make mistakes when they giving a presentation.

Anxiety can make students stop in the middle of a presentation and make the presentation not run well. This will make students unable to achieve the expected learning objectives. If things like this always happen in foreign language learning, although the teacher created the attractive and convenience class, this will certainly be a very serious problem for students. That is, this problem is important to be investigated.

The researcher found that there were problems related to student's speaking skills in English classroom presentations. This problem then produced several formulations of the problem. Based on the phenomena found in the field, the researcher is interested in digging deeper into the levels and what are the factors of students' speaking anxiety in English class

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presentations. Therefore, the researcher need to carry out a research entitled

"An Exploration of Students' Foreign Language Speaking Anxiety in

Classroom Presentation at SMAN 1 Kampar Timur".

B. Problem of the Research

In SMAN 1 Kampar Timur, there were problems that occurred related to students' foreign language speaking anxiety. First, students' participation in a English classroom presentation was still low. Second, when they did a presentation by using English in front of the class, students stop in the middle of the presentation because they feel nervous, getting sweaty during presentation, and going blank. Third, students are afraid of making mistakes when they gave a presentation. Those were the things that can hinder students from speaking English which indicates anxiety about speaking a foreign language.

2. Limitations of the Problem

This research focuses on exploration of foreign language speaking anxiety.

Based on the identification of the problem before, the researcher limits the problem of the research on the English speaking anxiety in classroom presentation of tenth-grade students of SMAN 1 Kampar Timur.

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Formulation of the Problem

The researcher formulated the research problem as follows:

- What are the levels of students' foreign language speaking anxiety at SMAN 1 Kampar Timur in classroom presentations?
- b. What are the factors that cause students' foreign language speaking anxiety at SMAN 1 Kampar Timur in classroom presentations?

Objectives and Significances of the Research

1. Objectives of the Research

This research has several objectives, they are:

- a. To identify the level of students' foreign language speaking anxiety at SMAN 1 Kampar Timur in classroom presentation.
- b. To investigate the factors that cause student' foreign language speaking anxiety at SMAN 1 Kampar Timur in classroom presentation.

State Significances of the Research

This study was espected to grant positive impacts in giving accurate information about the levels and the factors of speaking anxiety of Senior High School students at SMAN 1 Kampar Timur. Theoretically, this study presented different levels and different factors of foreign language speaking anxiety from senior high school students.

Practically, this study is expected to provide valuable pedagogical insights for educators and policy-makers. This study is also expected helping them to develop effective teaching strategies to overcome and reduce foreign language Kasim Riau

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speaking anxiety itself. In addition, this study attempts to assist English as Foreign Language (EFL) teachers to develop teaching skills and help them create a less stressful learning environment to the students. Moreover, this study may help EFL students to become aware of their Foreign Language Speaking Anxiety (FLSA) sources and as a result, they may overcome this kind of problem and improve their English speaking skills. Through this study, the researcher hopes that this study will contribute to the improvement of the EFL teaching and learning process especially in SMAN 1 Kampar a Timur and enrich research in this field.

D. Definition of the Terms

1. Exploration

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In general, exploration is a scientific-technical activity to find out an area, situation, or space where the contents were previously unknown (Koesmadinata, 2000). Exploration in this research means an effort to gather information about a phenomenon related to the behavior or social symptoms of an individual or group. Specifically, the term exploration in this case means finding out about the levels of speaking anxiety and factors that cause students to be anxious when speaking in an English class presentation.

Islamic University of Sultan Foreign Language Speaking Anxiety

Foreign language anxiety is a situation-specific anxiety arising from the uniqueness of the formal learning of foreign language, especially in

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low self-appraisal of communicative abilities in that language (Rodríguez & Abreu, 2003). Besides, Foreign Language Speaking Anxiety (FLSA) is a type of anxiety that is specific to the situation of speaking another language out of their native language (mother tongue). So, FLSA in this study means an anxiety that occurs when EFL students learn to speak in English in a foreign language class.

Classroom Presentation

According to Huda and Ma'mun (2020), a presentation is a discussion that imparts knowledge about a subject. A presentation that is conducted in a classroom, which is often overseen by the teacher, is known as a classroom presentation. Classroom presentations referred to here are presentations made in class using English as the medium of instruction. This presentation was made during an English class at a school that studied English as a foreign language, not as a second or international language. In this context, students required to present their group work about procedure text in front of the class. They needed to explain the product they made and explain the process how it is made.

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CHAPTER II REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE

A. Theoretical Framework

1. Speaking in EFL Classroom

In general, speaking is one of the English skills that could deliver and express the communicant (Diani, et al., 2019; Syafrudin, et al., 2013; Syafrudin, et al., 2020; Noermanzah, et al., 2020). Speaking can be defined as a process in producing words that have a meaning as a way in communication that is needed to transfer ideas, messages, opinions, and information (Christy et al., 2021). This is in line with the statement from Agustin et al., (2019), which speaking defined as the expression of contributing ideas, opinions, advice, comments, and interaction during the teaching and learning process, especially in the classroom.

Additionally, speaking is the way to communicate with each other. Therefore, it is necessary to learn speaking in forein language learning. Here is some definition of speaking according to the experts. According to Harmer (2001), speaking is the ability to speak fluently not only knowing about laguage features but also the ability to process information for other people. As we know, speaking is product by using oral. In the other words, speaking is a oral skills product. It consist of producing systematic verbal utterance to convey the meaning.

To sum up, speaking is the ability of students to communicate with each other by using a foreign language that aimed to get information from others

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with the way of communication. Thus, learning to speak fluently in a foreign language requires more than knowing its grammatical and semantics rules. Speaking activity is important to improve the ability of EFL learners in the classroom.

2. Foreign Language Anxiety

There are numerous Foreign Language Anxiety (FLA) definitions in the literature. Typically, learning a new language is most closely related to anxiety. When speaking, listening, and learning in a foreign language situation, Gardner and MacIntyre (in Shamsuri et al., 2021) described FLA as the subjective experience of tension and apprehension. Thus, anxiety can occur when students speak, listen, or read in the second language learning process. They are also stated that foreign language anxiety is an apprehension experienced when the situation requires the use of a second language with which the individual is not fully proficient.

However, there were a number of opposing views on this issue. Some studies have shown the positive effect of FLA on the student's language learning. Anxiety in learning a foreign language is considered a positive variable that influences student success in learning because feelings of anxiety are seen as an indication that a learner is achieving success (Daley et al., in Sutarsyah, 2017). In contrast, numerous studies found that FLA negatively affected the students' language learning (Alnahidh & Altalhab, 2020). Syarif Kasim Riau Besides, anxiety brings problem to the process of learning speaking and

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students' achievements also students' performance (Horwitz et al., 2001; Azher et al., 2010; Luo, 2014; Yalçın & İnceçay, 2014).

Using the Foreign Language Classroom Anxiety Scale (FLCAS), Horwitz et al., (1986) conducted a study to examine the extent and causes of speaking anxiety. 78 American students who were studying Spanish as a foreign language were the subject of the study. According to the results of the study, FLA had a negative impact on the participants, and speaking and listening tasks appeared to be the main causes of anxiety. That finding is similar to Zhang (2010), who used FLCAS and also the Young (1990) questionnaire to look at FLA among Chinese students. The findings indicated that speaking activities and, teacher attitude, in particular, would cause anxiety for the students (as cited in Alnahidh & Altalhab, 2020).

using FLCAS to assess the FLA level of students taking Japanese as a foreign language at the University of Texas. The findings indicated that FLA was a problem for students who took Japanese classes. Higher anxiety levels were associated with a higher probability of receiving a failing grade in the Japanese course. Nahavandi and Mukundan (2013) conducted a research on Iranian EFL students using FLCAS to determine the level and sources of FLA. The study results showed that the participants had a very high FLA level and speaking is the aspect of language learning that causes the most anxiety out of the four language skills (reading, writing, listening, and speaking).

Furthermore, there is a study from Aida (1994). She carried out a study

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In conclusion, the majority of language researchers have stated that FLA is a debilitating feature in the language learning setting, despite other studies recognizing the facilitating influence of FLA on the language learning process (Toth, 2010). Horwitz (1990) asserts that FLA has a damaging effect on language learning and that it has no role in language learning's facilitation. In a similar vein, MacIntyre and Gardner (1991) suggested that language anxiety regularly has a negative impact on someone's ability for language learning Ria and production. It is important to note that the current study also views FLA as being debilitating and will look at what factors make FLA debilitating.

Based on the different definitions above, the researcher concluded anxiety as an emotional feeling that causes unstable mental such as feelings of fear, nervousness, unconfident, and apprehension, that affect students' foreign language learning process. In other words, anxiety also can limit students from achieving knowledge about language skills. Therefore, students should prevent that anxiety to be successful in their foreign language learning.

Furthermore, it can be said that students' anxiety could come from several factors. In other words, different factors cause the different effects of anxiety. It needs a different treatment as well to cope and reduce the particular kind of anxiety. Below, the researcher explains three types of anxiety and the symptoms of anxiety itself.



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Types of Anxiety

Based on the statement of Elis in Roli Asparanita (2020), there are three types that can be divided into anxiety there are state anxiety, trait anxiety, and specific-situation anxiety.

- 1) The first type of anxiety is trait anxiety, which is a frightening form of anxiety. In other words, trait anxiety develops from how each person behaves in response to their experiences. People frequently experience worry more easily in this situation. In addition, a person can be aggressive, passive, avoid unfavorable circumstances, or even flee related situations.
- 2) The second type of anxiety is state anxiety. State anxiety is a worrybased emotional reaction that can happen at a predetermined moment. In other words, state anxiety is a type of anxiety that influences a person's level of anxiety. While a person's level of anxiety is dependent on how they feel about a potentially harmful situation. Additionally, a person may have state anxiety from time to time if the individual feels threatened.
- 3) The third type is situations-specific anxiety. It is a person's level of anxiety when confronted with a frightening circumstance at a certain time and location (McCroskey in Szyszka, 2017). These particular circumstances, such as public speaking, exams, and learning a foreign language, may cause anxiety to become situation-specific over time.



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So, there are three distinct categories of anxiety. First, trait anxiety refers to anxiety that people who feel threatened by any situation experience. Second, there are certain times when state anxiety manifests. Last, situation-specific anxiety as a personal tendency to be anxious in one type of situation which is the nature of anxiety applied to a particular context such as public speaking and examinations.

Symptoms of Anxiety

Before overcoming such kind of anxiety, the symptoms of anxiety need to be recognized. Students' physical symptoms can be used to determine whether they are feeling anxious. According to Horwitz et al., (1986), anxiety in students can manifest as a variety of physical and behavioral symptoms, including sweating, palpitations, trembling, apprehension, worry, fear, and threats. According to Price (1991), language learners who experience anxiety in the classroom exhibit symptoms such as panic, hesitation, anger, and a sense of decreased personality. The other symptoms of anxiety, according to Oxford (2005) include general avoidance behavior like skipping classes or being late, physical actions like fidgeting or having trouble producing the sounds of the most difficult language, or physical ailments like feeling tense or having a headache (in Rafada & Madini, 2017).

Levels of Anxiety

Horwitz et al., (1986) created the Foreign Language Classroom Anxiety Scale (FLCAS) as a measure tools for evaluating anxiety. Based



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on the results of the FLCAS questionnaire analysis, the result scores of each student included several categories of anxiety, ranging from very anxious, anxious, mildly anxious, relaxed, and very relaxed, according to Oetting's scale (1983).

3. Foreign Language Speaking Anxiety

Foreign Language Speaking Anxiety (FLSA) is deemed as a small part of foreign language anxiety. Since many academics contend that FLA is mostly seen in speaking classes (Gardner & MacIntyre, 1993; Horwitz *et al.*, 1986; MacIntyre, 1999; Young, 1992), this term has been coined. As a result, numerous scholars have carried out studies to ascertain how the FLSA will affect EFL students. According to Hashemi and Abbasi (in Alnahidh & Altalhab, 2020), FLSA can manifest itself in a variety of ways, including nonverbal actions like blushing, an unwillingness to talk, or a refusal to initiate eye contact.

Numerous researches have been done in relation to students' FLSA. This issue was almost universally researched. For instance, Heng *et al.*, (2012) tested FLSA among Malaysian students in their study. The findings indicated that students experienced a moderate level of speaking anxiety, with talking to native speakers, fear of failing exams, and worry of receiving a poor grade as its main causes. Furthermore, Price (1991) discovered that speaking in front of peers caused EFL students a great deal of fear. The major reasons for FLSA are fear of mispronouncing words and anxiety about receiving a negative evaluation.

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On the other hand, Huang (2004) looked into FLSA among Taiwanese college students. The results of the research indicated that students' anxiety of speaking in front of others was very significant. Similar research was conducted on 13-14-year-old Greek students by Tisplakides and Keramida (2009). The findings indicate that students' perceptions of their performance are low in comparison to their classmates' and that they suffer from significant levels of anxiety as a result of their concern about being negatively judged by Ria them; friends their own age.

4. The Affecting Factors of Foreign Language Speaking Anxiety

Horwitz et al., (1986) identified three factors that can cause anxiety when learning a foreign language: communication apprehension, test anxiety, and fear of negative evaluation.

Communication apprehension

The first communication apprehension. Communication apprehension is described by Horwitz et al., (1986) as a kind of shyness marked by fear or anxiety about communicating with people. When students are asked to talk in front of their friends, a condition called public speaking performance occurs. They are unable to perform at their best, especially when giving the presentation, because they are shy. From person to person or scenario to situation, shyness might feel uncomfortable during talks. This is supported by Lucas et al., (2011), he stated that communication apprehension is a sort of anxiety experienced by language learners that result from their perception that they will have trouble

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understanding others. In foreign language lessons, students who struggle with communication anxiety tend to be quiet and refrain from speaking out.

There are three categories of learner beliefs about the issues they encounter when speaking English that make them feel anxious (Tasyi, 2015). She identified the first category is a lack of vocabulary; students will feel more at ease speaking English if they have a large vocabulary. As a result, children with limited language knowledge will experience anxiety. Concerns regarding pronunciation are the second issue; students lack faith in their ability to pronounce words correctly. The kids are hesitant to speak English when using correct language, which brings us to our final concern; grammatical concerns.

Presentations might reveal the signs of students who struggle with communication apprehension. According to Darmawangsa's research (2017), communication apprehension manifests itself in several ways, including trembling, biting lips, biting nails, and other behaviors. The following are examples of non-verbal communication, often known as communication that takes place without the use of spoken or written words:

- a) The facial expression, which indicates a lack of material mastery.
- b) When presenting the subject, the speaker avoided making eye contact with the audience.
- c) Physical contact (touching something).

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- d) Body language cues. For instance, they may move their feet fast, play with a pen, sit in an uncomfortable position, be unable to be silent, and
 - frequently move their head.
- e) The communicator's voice is not overly loud or raised to the point where the clarity of their intonation, vocalization, and articulation is compromised.
- f) Gesture; convey a feeling of anxiety or perplexity.

. Test Anxiety

Test anxiety is another affecting factor of students' speaking anxiety. According to Horwitz *et al.*, (1986), test anxiety is a form of performance anxiety brought on by a fear of failure. It implies that students' looks while studying a foreign language can be affected by test anxiety. Because tests and quizzes are frequently given in foreign language classes, students who struggle with test anxiety may have a tough time. This seeks to improve students' proficiency in language learning.

However, due to their anxiety, students must pass the test since they will believe they failed if they receive anything less than a perfect mark. It is extremely risky because students place unrealizable obligations on themselves to pass a test. When taking tests to improve their foreign language skills, most students experience anxiety. Even clever students who have studied their material thoroughly frequently make mistakes. This is because majority of the students feel afraid and anxious about failure.

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Additionally, test anxiety might make students fail their efforts to learn a foreign language.

In line with Horwitz, Lucas *et al.*, (2011) added that exam or test anxiety is one of the detrimental factors that will impair learning. This type of fear is defined as uncomfortable feelings or emotional states. It affects students who feel anxious before exams or other evaluative circumstances in terms of their physiology and behavior.

Fear of negative evaluation

Fear of receiving a negative evaluation is another cause of language anxiety. Fear of negative evaluation, according to Horwitz *et al.*, (1986) stated that is anxiety about other evaluations avoidance of evaluative situations and the expectation that others would negatively evaluate oneself. Although comparable to test anxiety, fear of getting a negative evaluation is a second or foreign language anxiety that can happen in social circumstances as well as during exams or test-taking. For instance, speaking in a foreign language class can cause anxiety, as can the dread of getting a negative evaluation during a job interview. According to Lucas *et al.*, (2011), anxiety among beginning language learners may be increased by peer pressure as well as by learning activities, teaching methods, and other factors in the English classroom.

Meanwhile, Liu (2006) argued that the causes of language anxiety are a lack of English ability, a lack of preparation, a lack of confidence, a fear of making mistakes, and a fear of ridicule. As mentioned by Tseng (2012),



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students' anxiety may be due to a variety of factors, including a lack of confidence in their abilities to learn English and a fear of making mistakes and being punished or shunned as a result, fear of looking foolish for not being perfect.

In conclusion, the possible factors that can contribute to foreign language anxiety adapted from Horwitz, Liu and Tseng namely communication apprehension, test anxiety, fear of negative evaluation, English proficiency, lack of preparation, lack of confidence, fear of making mistake, fear of being laughed, and subsequent punishment.

B. Relevant Research

Speaking anxiety is a research problem that has existed for a long time but is still acceptable to investigate at this time. Previous research about students' speaking anxiety has been done in different levels of education. However, limited studies on students' foreign language speaking anxiety in classroom presentations are found. The studies on this issue are presented in the two sections, namely research in Indonesia context and research in other countries.

In our country, Indonesia, there are number of studies that have been researched about students' speaking anxiety in a classroom presentation. They studied this topic in several ways, such as with different methods, different research design, different subjects, and specifically the object of the research. Some of them are discussed below.



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I The first is a study from Damayanti and Listyani, (2020). The aim of their study is to gain information about what made students of English Language Education Program (ELEP) in a private university in Central Java felt anxious and what factors triggered them to have speaking anxiety in Academic Speaking class. This study is a qualitative research. They also administered close-ended and open-ended questionnaire developed from Howirtz et al., (1986) and Angela and Listyani (2019) to the participants. The study revealed Ria that student's speaking anxiety was derived from three main factors of anxiety, i.e. communication apprehension, test anxiety, and fear of negative evaluation. Moreover, they found that lack of vocabulary, underestimate their ability, lack of preparation, being afraid of making mistakes, and worried of being embarrassed by friends had also contributed to students' speaking anxiety.

The second is a study that carried by Fadlan, (2020). The aim of this study S is to determine the many forms of language anxiety that Makassar University students engaged in the English program face during their seminar presentations. The information gathered from an observation using field notes and a video recording of the seminar presentation. According to the observation, there were three different types of anxiety that the students encountered when giving an English presentation: anxiety related to positive facilitation, anxiety related to negative or destructive debialitation, and anxiety Syarif Kasim Riau that was unrelated to any of these or non-effective anxiety. Additionally, he

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discovered that solely internal factors are to blame for students' worry regarding their speaking abilities.

The third is the research conducted by Huda and Ma'mun (2020). In order to collect data, the researchers used first-year students in the English Education Department at Walisongo State University during the 2017–2018 academic year. They discovered that freshmen experienced anxiousness based on the students' anxiety existence FLCAS score of 39.025. According to this study's findings, overthinking, poor preparation, unpleasant experiences, low proficiency, low self-confidence, fear of making mistakes, and tests all play a role in students' speaking anxiety during presentations. In order to reduce anxiety, it is advised to practice more and have rehearsals.

The very next study was carried out by Agustin *et al.*, (2019). For this study, 57 students from University Bengkulu's English Education Study Program served as the sample. According to the study's findings, the majority of the students experienced minor anxiety. The researcher also discovered that some of the things that make students nervous when speaking include test anxiety, communication anxiety, and fear of receiving a poor grade. Fear of criticism is the main motivating element.

For the next session, they were relevant studies from other countries. The

For the next session, they were relevant studies from other countries. The topic of students speaking anxiety in classroom presentations was also studied abroad. Its research from Tian (2019), conducted in Korea context. This research aims to examine Korean students' anxiety in classroom presentation in a tertiary education context through classroom observation, self-reported

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questionnaires, and semi-constructed interviews. This research took twentytwo students who majoring in English education at a Korean National
University. The results of the research indicated that Korean students suffered
a different degree of anxiety in the course of classroom presentations. It also
found that the major responsivities to anxiety included repeatedly occurring
subconscious behaviors, silence, speech disruption, and slow rate of speaking,
and so forth. This research has limitations, such as does not discuss students'
speaking anxiety levels and only researching university students as the
participants.

Those five studies before examined foreign language speaking anxiety in

term of undergraduate program stage, while the present study that was conducted by the researcher is tried to investigate foreign language speaking anxiety in senior high school level. Based on the findings of the previous research, the equation of these several studies was to investigate the students' anxiety in a presentation that used the students at the university level as the sample. While the study that the researcher conducted here is focused more on the factors of speaking anxiety that students encounter in their class presentation of senior high school students. Another novelty of this research is the approach used was the qualitative with case study research design. The researcher used three techniques of data collection namely questionnaires, observation, and interview.

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Conceptual Framework

Based on the theories and previous research that has been present before, it 0 is necessary to clarify the phenomenon used in this research. So, the phenomenon of this research is the students' speaking anxiety in the class presentation. The theoretical frameworks of this research above are to generate and understand students' speaking anxiety in the class presentation. The conceptual frameworks are needed as a foundation to address the method of this research. Therefore, the students' speaking anxiety in the class presentation will be conceptualized into the following conceptual frameworks.

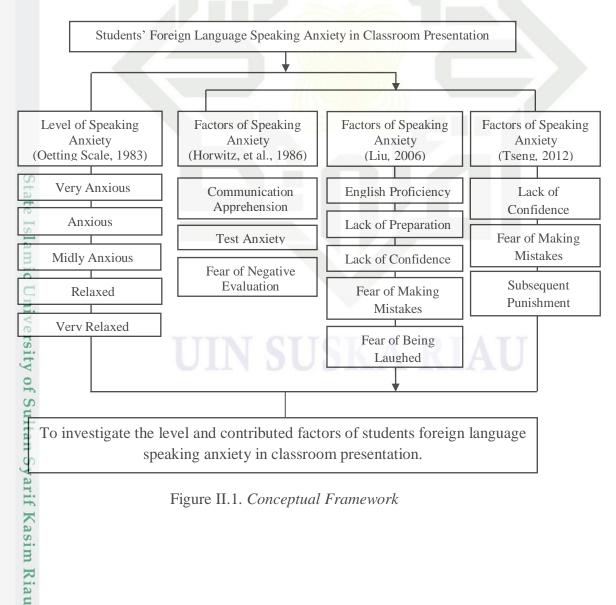


Figure II.1. Conceptual Framework

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CHAPTER III METHOD OF THE RESEARCH

A. Research Design

In answering the research questions, the researcher choose qualitative research as the approach because it is in line with the purpose of the study which is to explore the student's speaking anxiety and to investigate the factors of students speaking anxiety in classroom presentation. As stated by Creswell (2012), qualitative research is to explore the phenomenon of the problems from the perspective of different education students. Cresswell also explained that one of the characteristics of qualitative research is to explore the problem and to develop a detailed understanding of a central phenomenon.

Furthermore, this research used a case study research as the design. Case study research is one of a qualitative approach in which the investigator explores a bounded system (a case) or multiple bounded system (cases) over time, through detailed, in-depth data collection involving multiple sources of information (e.g., observations, interviews, audiovisual material, and documents and reports). It is also characterized as a design which reports a case description and case-based themes. In this regard, case study research is used to explore the phenomenon of students' speaking anxiety in the classroom presentation (Creswell, 2007).

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B Location and Time of the Research

This research was conducted in SMAN 1 Kampar Timur. It is located at Pekanbaru – Bangkinang Street No. 40. This research was held from January to March 2023.

Subject and Object of the Research

The subject of this research was the tennth grade students of SMAN 1 Kampar Timur in academic year 2022/2023, while the object of this research was students' foreign language speaking anxiety in classroom presentation at SMAN 1 Kampar Timur.

D. Participant of the Research

The researcher here used the purposive sampling method to select the research sample. Researcher only took one class, namely X-1 which consists of 36 students in the class. The researcher conducted an observation of the students' presentation in the class to take the participants who will be the informant of the research. The researcher only took 4 students as the representative, because based on observation of 6 groups' presentation, only 4 students showed symptoms of anxiety in speaking English, and 2 other students did not. That is, researchers took 4 students as the participants. The way researcher took the sample is known as purposive sampling. Purposive sampling is a technique to determine samples to be used as data sources with various considerations. One consideration, such as the time of the class

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presentation, it is matched the time the researcher has so that it is easier to collect data (Cohen et al., 2007; Creswell, 2012).

E. Technique of Data Collection

In this research, researcher used one instrument in collecting the data, namely interview.

1. Questionnaire

Administered questionnaires to the participant were the one of the three a instruments that the researcher used in gathering the data. The researcher adapted the Foreign Language Classroom Anxiety Scale questionnaires by Horwitz et al., (1986) to measure the level of students' speaking anxiety in the classroom presentation. This questionnaire was modified by the researcher and translated into Bahasa Indonesia to facilitate participant understanding. It was frequently used to assess speaking anxiety levels, and several earlier researchers, including Horwitz and Cope (1986), Aida (1994), Mayangta (2013), Park (2014), and Dewi (2018), have established its validity. The researcher preferred to use the FLCAS (Foreign Language Classroom Anxiety Scale) as a research instrument because the researcher is more specific about research on students' speaking anxiety when they make presentations in class using English as a foreign language.

Furthermore, in getting the levels of students' speaking anxiety, there are several steps done by the researcher. The first step was scoring and checking on each item that was collected from the 4 participant. There are 33 items with

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different scores in the FLCAS based on Likert's Scale. To make it easier to calculate the score at the end, the researcher converted the positive statements into negative statements. The participants were given the questionnaires manually which provide 5 Likert rating scale options from 'Strongly Agree' (SA) to 'Strongly Disagree' (SD). Because the statement was all negative, the score range was from 5-1 to measure the levels of student speaking anxiety for each statement on the FLCAS questionnaire.

Table III.1 Likert's Scoring Table Adopted from Horwitz et al. (1986)

	Scoring				
Statement	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
Positive	1	2	3	4	5
Negative	5	4	3	2	1

Furthermore, the next step was calculating the score of the questionnaires items. The scores were calculated by using this formula in getting the levels of students' speaking anxiety:

$$N = \sum x$$

Where:

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N = total score

 $\sum x$ = the sum of each item's score

After the total score from the students' result of FLCAS gained, it was categorized into some levels. The categorization of the data from the results of FLCAS was adopted from Oetting's Scale (1983) which consists of 5 levels below:



Table III.2 FLCAS Scoring and Categorization from Oetting (1983)

	8 \ /
Range	Level
124-165	Very Anxious
108-123	Anxious
87-107	Midly Anxious
66-86	Relaxed
33-65	Very Relaxed

When the levels of the students' anxiety were known, the results were converted into percent. The researcher then interviewed them to know about the contributed factor that causing their speaking anxiety in classroom presentations.

Table III.3 **Blueprint of Questionnaire**

	Research Question	Speaking Anxiety	Questionnaire Items
	students' speaking	Communication apprehension	1, 4, 12, 14, 18, 24, 27, 29, 32
0	anxiety?	Test anxiety	3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 16, 17, 20, 22, 23, 25, 31, 33
-		Fear of negative evaluation	2, 8, 10, 19, 21, 26, 28, 30

Observation

Islamic University To strengthen the data that got before from the questionnaire, the researcher added the field notes of observation to enrich the data of this research. Nasution in Sugiyono, (2016) stated that observation is the basis of all science. Therefore, scientists can work based on facts obtained through observation. Whereas, Marshall (in Sugiyono, 2016) argues that by observation researchers can learn about the behavior and meaning of the behavior. It is mean observation is to see a unique or interesting phenomenon

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to be the focus of research. Data collection techniques with observations are used if the research deals with human behavior, work processes, natural symptoms and if the respondents observed are not too large.

The researcher observed the students when presenting their group work by in front of the class. Only the main speaker of the group who was permitted to speak. There were 6 groups, so there were only 6 students who gave presentation to the class. From the 6 students, only 4 of them who shown the symptoms of anxiety in speaking. The researcher then decided to take the 4 students as the participant of the research. Each student presented the group work one by one and the researcher sat at the back of the class while observing their behavior. To get data from the field, the researcher observed the teaching and learning process in the classroom presentation as an observer only.

3. Interview

Researchers used interview as the one of the three ways to collect the data.

The interview was a semi-structured interview, so the questions of interview can be developed based on the participants' responses. As proposed by Patton (1990) cited in Apsari & Satriani (2016), semi structured interview is intended to collect in-depth responses from the respondents and to set the clear limits of questions in avoiding wider students' responses. Participants interviewed for about 10-15 minutes. The researcher only interviewed 4 students. The interview was a one-on-one interview, which means the researcher asked



questions to and recorded the answer from only one participant in the study at a time (Creswell, 2012).

ta To minimize misunderstandings, the interview conducted in Bahasa 3 Indonesia. The researcher asked questions to each participant and then dig information from them. Conversations during the interviews recorded using a voice record. The researcher made a transcript of the interview for each participant. And finally, the researcher collected the data to find out the factors a that caused students' foreign language speaking anxiety in classroom presentations.

> Table III.4 Blueprint of Interview

No.	Research Questions	Indicator	Interview Items
1.	What are the factors that	Communication apprehension	1
	cause students' speaking	English proficiency	2
	anxiety at SMAN 1	Lack of confidence	3
	Kampar Timur during	Lack of preparation	4, 5
	classroom presentations?	Fear of making mistakes	6
		Fear of negative evaluation,	7
15		Fear of being laughed	7
at		Test anxiety	8
0		Subsequent punishment	8
-			

Technique of Data Analysis

After the data is collected, the next step is analyzing the data. Creswell (2012) mentioned that there are two ways to in analyze the qualitative data; they are manually or by using computer. The researcher chose to analyze the data manually using hand by read the data first, and marked it by hand, and divide into some parts. Traditionally, analyze the text data (interview transcripts) involved using color coding to mark parts of the text or cutting Kasım and pasting the text sentences onto cards. One of the researcher's reason to

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choose analyze the data manually without the computer program was because the data few than 500 pages of transcripts. In the other words, the researchers only analyzed a small database.

Related to this research, the researcher decided to follow the technique of data analysis by Creswell (2012). He stated that qualitative data analysis is inductive in form, going from the particular or detailed data (e.g., transcriptions or typed notes from interviews) to the general codes and themes. He also mentioned that there are six steps in analyzing qualitative data. The analysis steps that applied in this research explained as follows:

1. Prepare and Organize the Data for Analysis

Initial data management in a qualitative research entails arranging data, typing up field notes and interview transcripts, and choosing whether to perform manual or automated data analysis. The researcher chose to manually analyze the data for this study.

2. Explore and Code the Data

Reading through the data to get a general sense of it is how qualitative researchers perform an initial analysis of it. Coding the data is the main analytical step in the study of qualitative data. Coding is the process of distilling themes and descriptions of specific persons, locations, or events from a text or image database. It entails reading through the text database line by line, considering what the person is saying, and then giving the relevant text segment a code label.

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Coding to Build Description and Themes

Codes that got in the previous step are then used to develop descriptions of people and places. They also are used to develop themes that present a broader abstraction than codes. These themes may be layered or organized to tell a story, or they may also be interconnected to portray the complexity of the phenomenon.

Represent and Report Qualitative Findings

In this step, the finding is represented in visual displays that may include figures, diagrams, comparison tables, and demographic tables. However, the researcher can report findings in narrative discussions comprising many forms, such as a chronology, questions, or commentary about any changes that the participants experience.

5. Interpret the Findings

The researcher then interprets the meaning of the study based on this reporting and representing of findings. This analysis involves putting forward personal opinions, contrasting the data with the literature, and outlining potential problems and areas for further study.

Validate the Accuracy of the Findings

The purpose of validation is to obtain proof of the veracity of the data in the qualitative report from users, outside evaluators, or the data sources themselves. Qualitative research frequently uses confirmation techniques such as member check, triangulation, and auditing to ensure the correctness of the research.

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the data in qualitative research such as triangulation, member checking, and auditing (Creswell, 2012). In relation with this research, it is necessary to check the credibility of the findings to reduce the researcher's opinion, prejudices, and biases about the data. Here, the researcher used triangulation. According to William Wiersma (in Sugiyono, 2016), triangulation is qualitative cross validation. There are four kinds of triangulation, namely source triangulation, methodology triangulation, investigator triangulation, and the last is theoretical triangulation. In this regard, the researcher employed methodology triangulation. It was triangulated by three ways including questionnaire, observation, and interview.

There is common technique usually used to check the trustworthiness of

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CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

A. Conclusion

Based on the findings and discussion in the previous chapter, finally, the or researcher concluded that there are several factors into the points below:

- 1. The foreign language speaking anxiety of the tenth-grade students in SMAN 1 Kampar Timur is divided into two, namely in very anxious level and anxious level.
- The factors that cause students' foreign language speaking anxiety in classroom presentation at SMAN 1 Kampar Timur are generally consist of 8 factors. The factors are 1) lack of confidence, 2) lack of grammar, 3) poor pronunciation, 4) fear of making mistakes, 5) fear of being laughed at, 6) fear of negative evaluation, 7) lack of preparation, and the last is 8) fear of tests.

Isla In conclusion, students who experience speaking anxiety have their own ımic factors that contribute to their anxiety. The level of speaking anxiety also cannot be used as a guideline in determining the factors that cause someone to experience speaking anxiety during presentations in English class. Moreover, from the findings is known that lack of grammar is the subservient factor that causes speaking anxiety in the students. Meanwhile, dominantly students' speaking anxiety was caused by a lack of preparation for their classroom presentation.

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Suggestion

Based on the research conclusion above, the researcher proposed some suggestions as follow:

- 1. For students, need to know themself well. Students need to find out the factors contribute to their speaking anxiety and find the best way to cope with them.
- 2. To teachers, need to understand students better, whether they are anxious, nervous, afraid, or have other characteristics of anxiety. The researcher also expects that the teacher will try to understand more about speaking anxiety when presenting in class in a foreign language and how to reduce it. This is very useful to help students improve their speaking skills.
- 3. Finally, these research findings are also expected to be useful to the next researcher in exploring foreign language speaking anxiety in classroom presentations, especially those who want to research speaking anxiety in high school students. Adding several formulations of the problem such as how to overcome speaking anxiety in students will make further research more in-depth. The researcher also suggests conducting research using a larger sample and using different methods.

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APPENDICES



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CAPAIAN PEMBELAJARAN FASE E (SMA KELAS 10)

Pada akhir fase E, peserta didik menggunakan teks lisan, tulisan dan visual dalam bahasa Inggris untuk berkomunikasi sesuai dengan situasi, tujuan, dan pemirsa/pembacanya. Berbagai jenis teks seperti narasi, deskripsi, prosedur, eksposisi, recount, report, dan teks asli menjadi rujukan utama dalam mempelajari bahasa Inggris di fase ini. Peserta didik menggunakan bahasa Inggris untuk menyampaikan keinginan/perasaan dan berdiskusi mengenai topik yang dekat dengan keseharian mereka atau isu yang hangat sesuai usia peserta didik di fase ini. Mereka membaca teks tulisan untuk mempelajari sesuatu/mendapatkan informasi. Keterampilan inferensi tersirat ketika memahami informasi dalam bahasa Inggris mulai berkembang. Peserta didik memproduksi teks tulisan dan visual yang lebih beragam, dengan kesadaran terhadap tujuan dan target pembaca.

A. MENYIMAK & BERBICARA

Pada akhir fase E, peserta didik menggunakan bahasa Inggris untuk berkomunikasi dengan guru, teman sebaya dan orang lain dalam berbagai macam situasi dan tujuan. Mereka menggunakan dan merespon pertanyaan dan menggunakan strategi untuk memulai dan mempertahankan percakapan dan diskusi. Mereka memahami dan mengidentifikasi ide utama dan detail relevan dari diskusi atau presentasi mengenai topik yang dekat dengan kehidupan pemuda. Mereka menggunakan bahasa Inggris untuk menyampaikan opini terhadap isu yang dekat dengan kehidupan pemuda dan untuk membahas minat. Mereka memberikan pendapat dan membuat perbandingan. Mereka menggunakan elemen non-verbal seperti bahasa tubuh, kecepatan bicara, dan nada suara untuk dapat dipahami dalam sebagian konteks.

B. MEMBACA & MEMIRSA

Pada akhir fase E, peserta didik membaca dan merespon berbagai macam teks seperti narasi, deskripsi, prosedur, eksposisi, recount, dan report. Mereka membaca untuk mempelajari sesuatu atau untuk mendapatkan informasi. Mereka mencari dan mengevaluasi detil spesifik dan inti dari berbagai macam jenis teks. Teks ini dapat berbentuk cetak atau digital, termasuk diantaranya teks visual, multimodal atau interaktif. Pemahaman mereka terhadap ide pokok, isu-isu atau pengembangan plot dalam berbagai macam teks mulai berkembang. Mereka mengidentifikasi tujuan penulis dan mengembangkan keterampilannya untuk melakukan inferensi sederhana dalam memahami informasi tersirat dalam teks.

C. MENULIS & MEMPRESENTASIKAN

Pada akhir fase E, peserta didik menulis berbagai jenis teks fiksi dan non-fiksi, melalui aktivitas yang dipandu, menunjukkan kesadaran peserta didik terhadap tujuan dan target pembaca. Mereka membuat perencanaan, menulis, mengulas dan menulis ulang berbagai jenis tipe teks dengan menunjukkan strategi koreksi diri, termasuk tanda baca dan huruf besar. Mereka menyampaikan ide menggunakan kosa kata dan kata kerja umum dalam tulisannya. Mereka menyajikan informasi menggunakan berbagai mode presentasi untuk menyesuaikan dengan pembaca/pemirsa dan untuk mencapai tujuan yang berbeda-beda, dalam bentuk cetak dan digital.

PROFIL PELAJAR PANCASILA

Beriman, bertakwa kepada Tuhan YME, dan berakhlak mulia, Berkebinekaan Global, Bergotong-royong, Mandiri, Bernalar Kritis dan Kreatif.

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ALUR dan TUJUAN PEMBELAJARAN BAHASA INGGRIS FASE E (SMA KELAS 10)



Glosarium: Aktivitas C1-C6 adalah aktivitas berpikir berjenjang yang mengacu pada taksonomi Bloom revisi yakni C1- mengingat, C2-memahami, C3-mengaplikasi, C4-menganalisis, C5-mengevaluasi, dan C6-mencipta.

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X cip TUJUAN PEMBELAJARAN ACUAN KEBAHASAAN ALOKASI ONO (Kelas.Sub WAKTU A. MENYIMAK dan BERBICARA Keterampilan Urutan Aktivitas) Mengaplikasikan dan menyimpulkan makna secara kontekstual fungsi sosial, 10. A.1 $\overline{}$ struktur teks, dan unsur kebahasaan serta <mark>merancang teks interaksi</mark> transaksional 8 JP 1. TOPIK lisan yang melibatkan ungkapan kebutuhan, perasaan, dan sikap (needs, feelings and attitudes) secara kritis, kreatif dan santun terkait topik <mark>fenomena alam dan</mark> Natural & Social phenomena Z sosial dengan tingkat kelancaran dan ketepatan yang optimal. Effective learning Interest, hobby, and (Perhatikan intonasi, nada, kecepatan ujaran, volume suara, penekanan untuk Leisure time activites memengaruhi makna, penggunaan personal preference, feelings and emotions serta Digital technology & Social Media Usage in strategi inisiasi dan pemertahanan pertuturan) Learning $\overline{}$ Indonesia Cultural Mengaplikasikan dan menyimpulkan makna secara kontekstual fungsi sosial, 10. A.2 Diversity struktur teks, dan unsur kebahasaan serta <mark>merancang teks interaksi</mark> transaksional 8 JP The Physical & Social 9 lisan yang melibatkan tindakan <mark>memberi dan meminta pendapat (asking & giving</mark> Environment of opinion) serta menyetujui dan tidak menyetujui (agree & disagree) secara kritis, Community kreatif dan santun terkait topik fenomena alam dan sosial dengan tingkat Academic & Social Activites kelancaran dan ketepatan yang optimal. Life styles & Current affairs Human, Flora & Fauna (Perhatikan intonasi, nada, kecepatan ujaran, volume suara, penekanan untuk Personal History memengaruhi makna, penggunaan thinking verbs serta strategi inisiasi dan Biography pemertahanan pertuturan) Indonesia history World history Mengaplikasikan dan menyimpulkan makna secara kontekstual fungsi sosial, 10. A.3 8 JP struktur teks, dan unsur kebahasaan teks lisan atau tulis berbentuk lagu dan puisi 2. FUNGSI secara kritis, kreatif dan santun terkait topik kehidupan remaja dengan tingkat kelancaran dan ketepatan yang optimal. · Asking & giving opinion Expressing agreement and disagreement Menganalisis dan menyimpulkan makna secara kontekstual fungsi sosial, struktur 10. A.4 teks, dan unsur kebahasaan teks lisan berbentuk naratif fiksi dan non fiksi 8 JP

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<mark>(narrative</mark>) secara kritis, kreatif dan santun terkait topik <mark>keanekaragaman budaya</mark> Asking questions to clarify or follow up Indonesia dengan tingkat kelancaran dan ketepatan yang optimal. information Justifying personal preferences Menganalisis dan menyimpulkan makna secara kontekstual fungsi sosial, struktur 010. A.5 Expressing needs and feelings teks, dan unsur kebahasaan teks lisan berbentuk deskriptif (descriptive) secara 8 JP Showing strategies kritis, kreatif dan santun terkait topik lingkungan fisik dan sosial masyarakat Promoting dengan tingkat kelancaran dan ketepatan yang optimal. Relaxing Entertaining 10. A.6 Menganalisis dan menyimpulkan makna secara kontekstual fungsi sosial, struktur 8 JP Reporting teks, dan unsur kebahasaan teks lisan berbentuk prosedur (procedure) secara Educating kritis, kreatif dan santun terkait topik fenomena alam dan sosial dengan tingkat Inviting kelancaran dan ketepatan yang optimal. Informing 10. A.7 Menganalisis dan menyimpulkan makna secara kontekstual fungsi sosial, struktur 3. TIPE TEKS teks, dan unsur kebahasaan teks lisan berbentuk recount secara kritis, kreatif dan 8 JP Song $\overline{}$ santun terkait topik pengalaman pribadi, biografi, dan peristiwa bersejarah Poem dengan tingkat kelancaran dan ketepatan yang optimal. Advertisement, Invitation & Announcement Narrative Descriptive ON Procedure (Kelas, Sub **ALOKASI** B. MEMBACA dan MEMIRSA Recount Keterampilan. WAKTU Urutan Aktivitas) GRAMATIKA Menganalisis, menyimpulkan makna dan mengevaluasi fungsi sosial, struktur teks, 10.B.1 Past tenses dan unsur kebahasaan teks lisan dan tulis berbentuk iklan (advertisement), 8 JP Present tenses undangan (invitation) dan pengumuman (announcement) secara kritis, kreatif dan Passive forms jujur terkait topik fenomena alam dan sosial dengan tingkat kelancaran dan Articles (countable & uncountable) ketepatan yang optimal. Figurative language Cohesive devices 10.B.2 Menganalisis, menyimpulkan makna dan mengevaluasi fungsi sosial, struktur teks, 8 JP Gerunds & Infinitives dan unsur kebahasaan teks lisan dan tulis berbentuk naratif fiksi dan nonfiksi Connective words (narrative) secara kritis, kreatif dan jujur terkait topik keanekaragaman budaya Thinking verbs to express opinion indonesia dengan tingkat kelancaran dan ketepatan yang optimal. Sequential words/phrases

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(10.B.3 Menganalisis, menyimpulkan makna dan mengevaluasi fungsi sosial, struktur teks, dan unsur kebahasaan teks lisan dan tulis berbentuk deskriptif (descriptive) secara 8 JP kritis, kreatif dan jujur terkait topik lingkungan fisik dan sosial masyarakat dengan ta tingkat kelancaran dan ketepatan yang optimal. Menganalisis, menyimpulkan makna dan mengevaluasi fungsi sosial, struktur teks, 10.B.4 dan unsur kebahasaan teks lisan dan tulis berbentuk prosedur (procedure) secara kritis, kreatif dan jujur terkait topik fenomena alam dan sosial dengan tingkat $\overline{}$ kelancaran dan ketepatan yang optimal. Menganalisis, menyimpulkan makna dan mengevaluasi fungsi sosial, struktur teks, -10.B.5 dan unsur kebahasaan teks lisan dan tulis berbentuk recount secara kritis, kreatif 8 JP dan jujur terkait topik pengalaman pribadi, biografi, dan peristiwa bersejarah dengan tingkat kelancaran dan ketepatan yang optimal. NO **ALOKASI** (Kelas.Sub c. MENULIS dan MEMPRESENTASIKAN Keterampilan. WAKTU Urutan (Aktivitas) Merancang dan mempresentasikan teks lisan dan tulis berbentuk iklan 10.C.1 (advertisement), undangan (invitation) dan pengumuman (announcement) terkait 12 JP topik fenomena alam dan sosial dengan memerhatikan fungsi sosial, struktur teks, dan unsur kebahasaan sesuai konteks secara santun, kritis, kreatif, dan mandiri dengan tingkat kelancaran dan ketepatan yang optimal. Merancang teks tulis dan mempresentasikan secara lisan teks berbentuk naratif 10.C.2 8 JP fiksi dan non fiksi (narrative) terkait topik keanekaragaman budaya Indonesia dengan memerhatikan fungsi sosial, struktur teks, dan unsur kebahasaan sesuai konteks secara santun, kritis, kreatif, dan mandiri dengan tingkat kelancaran dan ketepatan yang optimal. 10.C.3 Merancang teks tulis dan mempresentasikan secara lisan teks berbentuk deskriptif (descriptive) terkait topik lingkungan fisik dan sosial masyarakat dengan 8 JP memerhatikan fungsi sosial, struktur teks, dan unsur kebahasaan sesuai konteks

- Descriptive words
- Aspects of literature
- Stylistic word
- Prepositional phrases and some technical vocabularies to communicate meaning
- Conversational gambits
- Intonation, tone, pacing, volume and emphasis to affect meaning.

5. KOSAKATA

- Personality description
- Nature description
- Art & Cultural issue
- Information & Communication Technology
- Hardware & software
- Things in town, village, mountain, sea, suburb Habitat
- Physical & Social Environment
- Food & drink
- Life style
- Social media
- Hobby & Leisure activity
- Books & Literature
- Shopping, painting, cooking, gardening
- Travel & holiday
- Project research

6. ASESMEN

- Listening & Speaking performances
- Understanding & Constructing conversation
- Reading comprehension
- Writing & Presenting performances



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secara santun, kritis, kreatif, dan mandiri dengan tingkat kelancaran dan ketepatan yang optimal.

Merancang teks tulis dan mempresentasikan secara lisan teks berbentuk prosedur (procedure) terkait topik fenomena alam dan sosial dengan memerhatikan fungsi sosial, struktur teks, dan unsur kebahasaan sesuai konteks secara santun, kritis, kreatif, dan mandiri dengan tingkat kelancaran dan ketepatan yang optimal.

Merancang teks tulis dan mempresentasikan secara lisan teks berbentuk recount terkait topik pengalaman pribadi, biografi, dan peristiwa bersejarah dengan memerhatikan fungsi sosial, struktur teks, dan unsur kebahasaan sesuai konteks secara santun, kritis, kreatif, dan mandiri dengan tingkat kelancaran dan ketepatan yang optimal.

7. ALOKASI WAKTU

- 4 JP/Pertemuan (JP: Jam Pelajaran)
- Secara umum tiap tujuan pembelajaran berdurasi 8 JP (2 pertemuan)
- Terdapat 12 JP untuk teks undangan, iklan, pengumuman dan Recount.
- Total 17 Tujuan pembelajaran
- Total JP selama setahun 144 JP

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Appendix 2

Teaching Module

UIN SUSKA RIAU

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I INFORMASI UMUM MODUL AJAR 2 ~ A. Identitas Sekolah CIP Nama Penyusun Resi Yenita, S.Pd. I Nama Sekolah SMA Negeri 1 Kampar Timur Tahun Pembelajaran 2022/2023 X / Fase E Kelas/Fase Procedure Text Materi Pembelajaran Capaian Pembelajaran Pada akhir pembelajaran (Fase E), peserta didik dapat OIN Sus membaca dan merespon berbagai macam teks, seperti halnya teks narasi, deskripsi prosedur, eksposisi, recount dan report. Alokasi Waktu 2 x 45 menit (setiap pertemuan) K a Kompetensi Awal X la a. Definition of procedure text b. Social function of the procedure text c. Generic structure of the procedure text d. Language features of the procedure text C. Sarana dan Prasarana LKPD (Lembar Kerja Peserta Didik), Laptop, LCD Media Proyektor, Handphone, Papan Tulis, Spidol. Sumber Belajar LKPD (Lembar Kerja Peserta Didik), E-Learning, E-Book, Buku paket/LKS. D. Target Peserta Didik a. Peserta didik regular b. Peserta didik yang cerdas, istimewa, aktif dan berbakat E. Model Pembelajaran

KOMPETENSI INTI

TPR (Total Physical Response), Direct Method, Project Based Learning

E. Tujuan Pembelajaran

- E7. Menjelaskan definisi, tujuan, struktur teks, ciri-ciri unsur kebahasaan dari sebuah teks prosedur.
- E8. Menganalisis fungsi sosial, struktur teks dan unsur kebahasaan dari sebuah teks prosedur.
- E9. Menyimpulkan isi teks prosedur teks dengan kalimat yang sederhana dan menggunakan kalimat peserta didik secara mandiri.
- E10. Membuat prosedur teks sederhana secara mandiri dan menggunakan kalimat sendiri.E11. Mempresentasikan hasil karya peserta didik berupa prosedur teks yang telah dibuat.

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G. Pertanyaan Pemantik

- a. Apa yang kalian ketahui tentang mainan laying layang?
- b. Bagaimana cara bermain layang layang?
- c. Apakah kalian layang layang?

H. Persiapan Pembelajaran

_			
a	F. Pemahaman Bermakna		
~	Procedure text adalah text yang memuat langkah – langkah untuk melakukan		
C	sesuatu. Bentuknya bias bermacam - macam, seperti halnya resep makanan atau		
pt	•	at sebuah benda, cara menggunakan atau mengoperasikan	
a	suatu alat atau benda, dan masih banyak lagi.		
3	3		
=	G. Pertanyaan Pemantik a. Apa yang kalian ketahui tentang mainan laying - layang?		
^	1 0	bermain layang – layang?	
	•		
_	c. Apakah kalian layang – layang?		
S	H. Persiapan Pembelajaran		
S			
a	c. Guru menyusun I. Kegiatan Pembelaja		
Z	1. Kegiatan i embelaja	Pertemuan Pertama	
a	Vaciotan Dan dahuluan	Guru memberi salam dan mengajak berdo'a sebelum	
	KegiatanPendahuluan		
		pembelajaran dimulai.	
		Guru mengecek kehadiran peserta didik.	
		Guru memberi apersepsi tentang materi yang akan	
		dipelajari.	
		> Guru memberi motivasi kepada peserta didik dan	
		menanyakan kondisikesehatan.	
		Guru menyampaikan tujuan yang akan dicapai pada	
		pembelajaran hari ini.	
		 Guru menyampaikan garis besar cakupan materi yang 	
10			
ita		dipelajari.	
te		Guru menyampaikan metode pembelajaran dan teknik	
SI	Vaciotan Inti	penilaian yangakan digunakan.	
ar	Kegiatan Inti	Peserta didik diberi motivasi atau rangsangan	
nic		(stimulus) tentang materi yang akan dipelajari dengan	
CU		cara mengamati video yang berhubungan dengan	
ni		materi.	
Ve		Figure Guru membagi atau membuat kelompok untuk peserta	
ISI		didik.	
ty		> Peserta didik secara berkelompok menjelaskan definisi,	
of		Peserta didik secara berkelompok	
S		menganalisis fungsi sosial, strukturteks, dan	
H		unsur kebahasaan teks prosedur dalam grup.	
an		 Peserta didik diberikan sebuah LKPD dan peserta didik 	
S		F Teserra didik diberikan sebuah EKI D dan peserra didik	
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I mencari dan mengumpulkan informasi tentang fungsi ak sosial, struktur teks, dan unsur kebahasaan terkait teks cipta prosedur. Peserta didik bersama dengan guru melakukan diskusi kelas untuk menganalisis hasil jawaban danmenyamakan MILIK OIN Sus persepsi tentang materi yang dipelajari. Kegiatan Penutup > Guru memfasilitasi peserta didik untuk mereview pembelajaran yangtelah dilaksanakan. ➤ Guru menginformasikan dilaksanakan padapertemuan berikutnya. > Guru dan peserta didik berdo'a bersama. K a Pertemuan Kedua X I a Kegiatan Pendahuluan 🖶 Guru memberi salam dan mengajak berdo'a sebelum pembelajaran dimulai. Guru mengecek kehadiran peserta didik. Guru memberi apersepsi tentang materi yang akan dipelajari. Guru memberi motivasi kepada peserta didik dan menanyakan kondisi kesehatan. Guru menyampaikan tujuan yang akan dicapai pada pembelajaran hari ini. Guru menyampaikan garis besar cakupan materi yang dipelajari. Guru menyampaikan metode pembelajaran dan teknik State penilaian yang akan digunakan. Kegiatan Inti 🖶 Peserta didik diberi motivasi atau rangsangan (stimulus) Islamic University tentang materi yang sudah dipelajari pada pertemuan sebelumnya. 🖶 Peserta didik dikelompokkan sesuai kelompok dalam pertemuan sebelumnya. Peserta diberikan LKPD danpeserta didik membuat teks prosedur sederhana dengan menggunakan kalimat sendiri secara mandiri akan tetapi mereka boleh of Sultan Syarif Kasim berdiskusi dengan kelompok mereka. 🖶 Peserta didik mempresentasikan hasil karya berupa teks prosedur sederhana yang sudah dibuat secara mandiri. Peserta didik bersama dengan guru melakukan diskusi kelas untuk menganalisis hasil teks prosedur yang sudah

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I dibuat dan menyamakan persepsi tentang materi yang ak sudah dipelajari. cipta

Guru memfasilitasi peserta didik untuk mereview pembelajaran yangtelah dilaksanakan.

- menginformasikan Guru kegiatan akan dilaksanakan padapertemuan berikutnya.
- Guru dan peserta didik berdo'a bersama.

J. Assesment Formatif

Kegiatan Penutup

- Ketika peserta didik sudah diberikan tugas untuk berdiskusi dengan kelompok mereka, guru akan berkeliling mengutari setiap kelompok yang ada dikelas. Dengan tujuan untuk mengecek keaktifan diskusi setiap kelompok dan guru jugaakan bertanya kepada setiap kelompok terkait materi pembelajaran, apabila terdapat kelompok yang mengalami kesulitan, akan dibantu oleh guru.
- b. Mengerjakan LKPD (Lembar Kerja Peserta Didik).
- c. Berani bertanya dan mengemukakan pendapat saat waktu pembelajaran dimulai.
- Bertanggung jawab dalam mengerjakan tugasnya sebagai peserta didik.

K. Pengayaan dan Remedial

- Pengayaan diberikan ke pada peserta didik yang menguasai materi ini dengan sangat baik, yaitu dengan cara memberikan ragam soal yang tingkatannya lebih tinggi.
- b. Remedial diberikan kepada peserta didik yang belum menguasai materi dengan baik, yaitu dengan cara memberikan pengulangan materi dasar serta materi spesifik yangkurang dikuasai oleh peserta didik.

LAMPIRAN

A. Lembar KerjaPesertaDidik

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B. BahanBacaan Guru dan PesertaDidik

- a. Buku paket atau LKS
- b. Lembar Kerja Peserta Didik
- c. E-Book

C. Glosarium

Procedure Text	Text yang memuat langkah – langkah untuk melakukan
	sesuatu. Bentuknya bisa bermacam-macam, seperti halnya
	resep makanan atau minuman, cara membuat sebuah
	benda, cara menggunakan atau mengoperasikan suatu alat
	atau benda, danmasih banyak lagi.



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D. Daftar Pustaka

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- ❖ Lande, Shyla. (2017). Forward English for Vocational School. Jakarta: Penerbit Erlangga.
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MATERI PROCEDURE TEXT

A Pengertian Procedure Text

Procedure Text adalah teks yang isinya berkaitan dengan cara membuat, melakukan, atau mengoperasikan sesuatu secara berurutan (dalam langkahlangkah yangteratur mulai dari awal sampai akhir). Terkadang procedure text juga menyebutkan berbagai bahan atau alat yang diperlukan.

B. Tujuan Procedure Text

Tujuan komunikatif procedure text adalah menggambarkan bahwa sesuatu yang dikerjakan sesuai dengan aturan melalui langkah – langkah yang jelas dan teratur. Dengan kata lain, jenis teks ini memberikan petunjuk cara – cara melakukan sesuatu dengan menempuh urutan yang benar.

Generic Stucture of Procedure Text

Procedure text memiliki skema susunan umum atau generic structure diantaranya adalah sebagai berikut:

- Goal/Aim (Tujuan)
 Goal atau aim berarti tujuan dalam pembuatan atau pengoperasian sesuatu.
- 2. Materials (Bahan bahan) atau Inggredient
- 3. Materials/Inggredient adalah bahan-bahan yang diperlukan untuk melakukan sesuatu. Namun demikian, terdapat pula Procedure Text yang tidak memerlukan bahan-bahan. Sebagai contoh, "How to use the

llarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah

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computer." (Bagaimana cara menggunakan komputer). Ada 3 jenis Procedural Text yang tidak menggunakan bagian materials. Perhatikan penjelasan berikut ini.

- a. Pertama, Procedure Text yang menjelaskan bagaimana bekerja atau cara melakukan instruksi secara manual contohnya, How to use video game, the computer, the tape recorder, the fax, dan sebagainya.
- b. Kedua, Procedural Text yang menginstruksikan bagaimana melakukan aktivitas-aktivitas tertentu serta peraturannya. Contohnya, road safety rules, video game rules, dan sebagainya.
- c. Ketiga, Procedural Text yang berhubungan dengan sifat atau kebiasaan manusia. Contohnya, How to live happily, atau How to succeed, dan sebagainya.
- 4. Steps (Langkah Langkah)

Bagian ini memuat langkah-langkah atau urutan yang harus dilakukan agar tujuan dapat tercapai. Sebagai catatan, pada Procedure Text berupa How to biasanya tidak menyebutkan (menyertakan) materi.yang dibutuhkan (material needed).

Do Bentuk, Ciri - Ciri, dan Contoh Procedure Text

Bentuk dari prosedur text adalah sebagai berikut: Procedural Text dapat digunakan dalam bentuk recipes/ cook books, craft instructions, game rules, science experiments/ report, dan sebagainya. Kemudian adapun ciri - ciri dari prosedur text, yaitu:

1. Menggunakan mix, dansebagainya.

2. Menggunakan sebagainya.

3. Menggunakan kegiatan, mis

- 1. Menggunakan pola kalimat imperative (perintah), misalnya, cut, don't mix, dansebagainya;
- 2. Menggunakan action verbs, misalnya turn, put, don't, mix,
- 3. Menggunakan connectives (kata penghubung) untuk mengurutkan kegiatan, misalnya then, while, dan sebagainya.

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ilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis

- 4. Menggunakan adverbials (kata keterangan) untuk menyatakan secara rinci waktu, tempat, serta cara yang akurat, misalnya for five minutes, 2 hours, dan sebagainya.
- 5. Menggunakan simple present tense.
- 6. Biasanya menggunakan penomoran, firstly, secondly, next, then, dan sebagainya.
- 7. Menjelaskan bahan-bahan yang ada, walaupun tidak harus selalu ada.

Setelah memahami tentang apa itu prosedur text, pastinya kita juga harus mengetahui seperti apa contoh dari prosedur text tersebut. Dan berikut ini adalah contoh dari prosedur text tersebut:

a u

Contoh Procedure Text (Recipe)

How to Make Pancake

Ingredients:

- three tablespoons of sugar
 100 ml of liquid milk
 An egg
 Butter
- A teaspoon of baking powder
 Six tablespoons of flour

Steps:

15 Mix the egg well.

2. Add the flour, liquid milk, sugar, and baking powder. Stir it well.

 $3\frac{60}{100}$ Add the butter which is already melted, stir it and let it stand in 3 minutes

Pour a tablespoon of vegetable oil on the pan. Heat it and cook the dough of the pancake on the pan. When the colour of the pancake is brown, it is the sign that the pancake is ready to serve.

Put the topping as you like. You can add Nutella and cheese. Happy cooking!

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Contoh Procedure Text (Manual)

How to make a kite

Tools and materials to make a kite:

- ₹ Thread

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- ✓ Stick–stick or pipe cleaners for skewers
- ∠ Scissors
- **₹** Ruler
- Color marker or pencil
- Duct tape

Steps:

- Prepare one sheet of paper to make the body of the kite. If forced to does not exist, you can combine the four sheets of paper with masking tape.
- ✓ Use masking tape to combine two pieces of paper that make up the top, then snap also two sheets of paper that formed the bottom. Connect the two parts of it with and be sure attached tightly.
- ✓ Cut the four corners of the paper so that it becomes the shape of the kite. Take a look at the above picture to get an idea of its proportions.
- ✓ The shape of the kite takes a little longer at the bottom about 7.62 cm from the cusp. The cusp is where two corners and kite was right.
- ✓ Tie two pieces of sticks or pipe cleaners into one tightly. Skewers of wood you can use asa stick. All types of yarn can be used to tie a taut second stick.
- As long as the bonds are not loose and do not use the rope (the rope is too thick). To ensure both a stick tied to a place that was fitting, align first with paper that has been cut into the shape of a kite. Cut excess yarn on their bonds.
- Make 4 holes in paper-shaped kite at any angle. Insert the thread through each hole and all around each stick.
- If you want, leave a little extra at the top to insert the tape later. Tie rod in position on a kite-shaped paper.
- Tie the thread to the left and right sides of the sticks horizontally. Then tie the thread to the middle of the yarn into the thread to fly kites. This thread was made all that you need to fly a kite.
- Bond paper or tape on the corners of the kite to form the tail. You can add a bit of material on the ends of the kite so that adds to the burden and the ability to levitate. The tail also complements the appearance of your unique kite.

Source: https://www.kuliahbahasainggris.com/procedure-text-how-to-make-a-kite-dulam-bahasa-inggris beserta-artinya/

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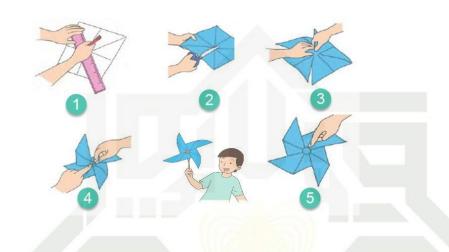
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BRAINSTROMING

Watch the picture!

Discuss the picture in a group! What does the picture tell us about?



How to make a windmill according to the picture above?

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LEARNING ACTIVITIES INDIVIDUALLY

Learning Activity 1: Analyze the generic structure of the two procedure text that was presented before! Write it down on your exercise book!

LEARNING ACTIVITIES IN GROUP

Z Learnin	g activity 2: Make	a simple pro	ocedure text	using your	own words	with your
						wiin your
group!	Then make a craft in	i the form of	useful items	from used n	naterials!	
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Learning activity 3: Present your own procedure text in front of your friends by using the craft as the media! University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Ri

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RUBRIK ASSESMENT HASIL KERJA PESERTA DIDIK

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Belum Cukup Sangat Baik (9 -**Cukup (6 - 7)** Baik (8-9)Aspek (0 - 6)**10**) Peserta didik didik Peserta didik terlibat didik Proses Peserta Peserta tidak terlibat terlibat dalam dalam penyusunan terlibat dalam penyusun dalam teks prosedur, tetapi penyusunan teks teks proses prosedur penyusunan pembuatan teks menutup diri untuk prosedur dan teks prosedur. prosedur. berdiskusi. aktif untuk S berdiskusi. didik Peserta didik Peserta didik tidak Peserta didik Hasil Peserta Presentasi tidak tidak tidak mampu mampu mam mampu pu mempresetasi mempresentasi mempresentasikan h mempresentasika a kan hasil teks kan hasil teks hasil asil teks prosedur teks prosedur yang prosedur prosedur yang yang dibuatnya vang dibuatnya. dibuatnya, dengan sikap yang dibuatnya dengan tetapi baik, namun tidak sikap yang baik mampu berdiskusi. dan mempunyai mampu berdiskusi. sikap yang kurang baik. didik Peserta didik mampu Peserta Hasil Peserta Peserta didik didik tidak penyus kurang mampu dalam mampu dalam Menyusun mengidentifikasi, mengidentifikasi unan teks dalam prosedur teksprosedur mengidentifika tetapi kurang mampu dan mampu te si dan kurang dalam penysunan dalam Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim teks prosedur sesuai mampu dalam penyusunan teks penyusunan dengan fungsi sosial, prosedur sesuai teks prosedur struktur teks dan dengan fungsi sesuai dengan unsur kebahasaan sosial, struktur fun gsi sosial, yang baik. teks dan unsur struktur kebahasaan yang teks dan unsur baik. kebahasaan yang baik



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Appendix 3

Instruments of the Research

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Instruments of the Research

H ak cipt 19 QUESTIONNAIRE

No.	Statement	SA	A	N	D	SD
₫.	I never feel quite sure of myself when I am	1	2	3	4	5
Z	speaking in English.					
Ø. □	I worry about making mistakes in English classes.	1	2	3	4	5
इत्र.	I tremble when I know that I'm going to be called on in English class.	1	2	3	4	5
₹. a.	It frightens me when I don't understand what the teacher is saying in English.	1	2	3	4	5
5.	It would bother me to take more English classes.	1	2	3	4	5
6.	During English class, I find myself thinking about things that have to do with the course.	1	2	3	4	5
7.	I keep thinking that the other students are better at English than I am.	1	2	3	4	5
8.	I am usually at difficult during tests in my English class.	1	2	3	4	5
9.	I start to panic when I have to speak without preparation in English class.	1	2	3	4	5
10.	I worry about the consequences of failing my English class.	1	2	3	4	5
Tal.	I really understand why people get so upset over English.	1	2	3	4	5
1 2.	In English class, I can get so nervous I forget things I know.	1	2	3	4	5
<u>1</u> 3.	It embarrasses me to volunteer answers in my English class.	1	2	3	4	5
₹ 4.	I would be nervous speaking English with native speakers.	1	2	3	4	5
1 5.	I get upset when I don't understand what the teacher is correcting.	1	2	3	4	5
1 6.	Even if I am well prepared for English class, I feel anxious about it.	1	2	3	4	5
1 7.	I often feel like not going to my English class.	1	2	3	4	5
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48. I feel not confident when I speak in my 1 2 3 4 5 $\overline{}$ English class. **1**9. I am afraid that my English teacher is ready to 1 2 3 4 5 correct every mistake I make. 20. I can feel my heart pounding when I am going 1 2 3 4 5 to be called on in my English class. <u>2</u>1. The more I study for an English test, the more 1 2 3 4 5 confused I get. 22. I feel pressured to prepare very well for 1 2 3 4 5 English class. 23. I always feel that the other students speak 1 2 3 4 5 English better than I do. $\widehat{\mathbf{a}}4$ I feel very not self-conscious about speaking 1 2 3 4 5 English in front of other students. N English class moves so quickly I worry about **2**5. 1 2 3 4 5 getting left behind. 26. I feel more tense and nervous in my English 1 2 4 3 5 class than in my other classes. I get nervous and confused when I am 27. 1 2 5 3 4 speaking in8my English class. When I'm on my way to English class, I feel 28. 1 2 3 4 5 unsure and unrelaxed. I get nervous when I don't understand every 29. 1 2 5 3 4 word the English teacher says. 30. I feel overwhelmed by the number of rules you 2 3 4 5 have to learn to speak English. Material 3. I am afraid that the other students will laugh at 1 2 3 4 5 me when I speak English. I would probably feel uncomfortable around 1 2 3 4 5 native speakers of English. I get nervous when the English teacher asks 3 4 5 questions which I haven't prepared in advance.

Univ Where:

SĀ

A

P. Supplemental

SD

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Ri

= strongly agree

= agree

= neither agree nor disagree

= disagree

= strongly disagree



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No.	Perilaku yang diamati	Aksi	Deskripsi
milik UIN Sı	Siswa terlihat gugup, atau panik, atau khawatir ketika memberikan presentasi dengan menggunakan bahasa Inggris di depan kelas		
uska Ria	Siswa tampaknya memiliki alasan di balik kecemasan mereka dalam presentasi kelas bahasa asing		
5 3.	Siswa terlihat tidak percaya diri ketika berbicara di kelas bahasa asing		
4.	Siswa terlihat tertekan untuk memberikan presentasi di kelas dengan menggunakan bahasa Inggris		
5.	Siswa terlihat gelisah, padahal materi sudah dipersiapkan dengan baik		
State	Siswa terlihat khawatir membuat kesalahan di kelas bahasa		
Islamic U	Siswa terlihat takut ditertawakan oleh siswa lain ketika berbicara di kelas bahasa asing		
miversity o	Siswa terlihat takut guru akan memperbaiki kesalahannya di depan kelas	SUSKA	RIAU

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mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber



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3 INTERVIEW

List of Interview Questions:

- 1. Do you feel nervous, panicked, or worried when giving a presentation in English in front of the class?
 - 2. What are the causes of making you feel nervous, panic, or worry?
- 3. Do you feel confident when presenting in front of the class using English?
- ≥ 4. Do you prepare the material before you make a presentation using English in front of the class?
- 5. How often do you practice or repeat the material you will present?
- 6. Are you afraid of making mistakes when presenting in front of the class?
- 7. Are you afraid if your friend laughs when you make a mistake when presenting in English?
- 8. Are you afraid that your teacher or lecturer will correct your mistakes in front of the class?

Daftar Pertanyaan Wawancara:

- 1. Apakah kamu merasa gugup, panik, atau khawatir saat memberikan presentasi dalam bahasa Inggris di depan kelas?
- 2. Apa penyebab yang membuat kamu merasa gugup, panik atau khawatir?
- 3. Apakah kamu merasa percaya diri saat presentasi di depan kelas menggunakan bahasa Inggris?
- 4. Apakah kamu mempersiapkan materi sebelum melakukan presentas menggunakan bahasa inggris di depan kelas?
- 5. Seberapa sering kamu berlatih atau mengulang materi yang akan dipresentasikan?
- 6. Apakah kamu takut melakukan kesalahan saat presentasi di depan kelas?
- 7. Apakah kamu takut jika teman-temanmu tertawa saat kamu melakukan kesalahan saat presentasi dalam bahasa Inggris?
- 8. Apakah kamu takut gurumu akan memperbaiki kesalahanmu di depan kelas?





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Appendix 4

Filled Questionnaires

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FOREIGN LANGUAGE SPEAKING ANXIETY LEVEL

Direction: For each statement, check the box that would indicate how much the statement is true for you; SA= Strongly Agree; A = Agree; N = Neither Agree nor Disagree; SD = Strongly Disagree

Petunjuk: Untuk setiap pernyataan, centang kotak yang akan menunjukkan seberapa banyak pernyataan itu benar untuk kamu; S. = Sangat Setuju; Λ = Setuju; N = Netral; SD = Sangat Tidak Setuju

Name : Afrina Mlabila Zairah

Class : X.1 Group: 1

No.	Statement	SA	A	N	D	SD
1.	I never feel quite sure of myself when I am speaking in English.	1	2	3	4	5
2.	I worry about making mistakes in English classes.	1	2	3	4	(5)
3.	I tremble when I know that I'm going to be called on in English class.	1	2	3	4	(5)
4.	It frightens me when I don't understand what the teacher is saying in English.	1	2	3	4	5
5.	It would bother me to take more English classes.	1	2	3	4	5
6.	During English class, I find myself thinking about things that have to do with the course.	1	0	3	4	5
7.	I keep thinking that the other students are better at English than I am.	1	2	3	4	5
8.	I am usually at difficult during tests in my English class.	1	2	3	0	5
9.	I start to panic when I have to speak without preparation in English class.	1	2	3	4	(5)
10.	I worry about the consequences of failing my English class.	1	2	(3)	4	5
11.	I really understand why people get so upset over English.	1	2	3	4	5
12.	In English class, I can get so nervous I forget things I know.	1	2	3	4	5
13.	It embarrasses me to volunteer answers in my English class.	1	2	(3)	4	5

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2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau.

14.	I would be nervous speaking English with native speakers.	1	2	3	4	5
15.	I get upset when I don't understand what the teacher is correcting.	1	2	3	4	5
16.	Even if I am well prepared for English class, I feel anxious about it.	1	2	3	4	5
17.	I often feel like not going to my English class.	(I)	2	3	4	5
18.	I feel not confident when I speak in my English class.	1	2	3	4	(5)
19.	I am afraid that my English teacher is ready to correct every mistake I make.	1	2	3	4	5
20.	I can feel my heart pounding when I am going to be called on in my English class.	1	2	3	4	(5)
21.	The more I study for an English test, the more confused I get.	1	2	3	4	5
22.	I feel pressured to prepare very well for English class.	1	2	3	4	(3)
23.	I always feel that the other students speak English better than I do.	1	2	3	4	(5)
24.	I feel very not self-conscious about speaking English in front of other students.	1	2	3	4	5
25.	English class moves so quickly I worry about getting left behind.	1	2	3	4	(5)
26.	I feel more tense and nervous in my English class than in my other classes.	1	(2)	3	4	5
27.	I get nervous and confused when I am speaking in8my English class.	1	2	3	4	5
28.	When I'm on my way to English class, I feel unsure and unrelaxed.	(1)	2	3	4	5
29.	I get nervous when I don't understand every word the English teacher says.	1	2	3	4	(3
30.	I feel overwhelmed by the number of rules you have to learn to speak English.	1	2	3	4	5
31.	I am afraid that the other students will laugh at me when I speak English.	1	2	3	4	(3)
32.	I would probably feel uncomfortable around native speakers of English.	1	2	(3)	4	5
33.	I get nervous when the English teacher asks questions which I haven't prepared in advance.	1	2	3	4	(5)



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FOREIGN LANGUAGE SPEAKING ANXIETY LEVEL

Direction: For each statement, check the box that would indicate how much the statement is true for you; SA= Strongly Agree; A = Agree; N = Neither Agree nor Disagree; SD = Strongly Disagree

Petunjuk: Untuk setiap pernyataan, centang kotak yang akan menunjukkan seberapa banyak pernyataan itu benar untuk kamu; SA= Sangat Setuju; A = Setuju; N = Netral; SD = Sangat Tidak Setuju

Name: Meytha Fitria Azzahra

Class : X-1 Group:

No.	Statement	SA	A	N	D	SD
1.	I never feel quite sure of myself when I am speaking in English.	1	2	3	4)	5
2.	I worry about making mistakes in English classes.	1	2	3	4	6
3.	I tremble when I know that I'm going to be called on in English class.	1	2	3	4	5
4.	It frightens me when I don't understand what the teacher is saying in English.	1	2	3	4	5
5.	It would bother me to take more English classes.	0	2	3	4	5
6.	During English class, I find myself thinking about things that have to do with the course.	1	2	3	4	5
7.	I keep thinking that the other students are better at English than I am.	1	2	3	4	5
8.	I am usually at difficult during tests in my English class.	1	2	3	4	(5)
9.	I start to panic when I have to speak without preparation in English class.	1	2	3	4	(5)
10.	I worry about the consequences of failing my English class.	1	2	3	4	5
11.	I really understand why people get so upset over English.	(1)	2	3	4	5
12.	In English class, I can get so nervous I forget things I know.	1	2	3	4	5
13.	It embarrasses me to volunteer answers in my English class.	1	2	(3)	4	5



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14.	I would be nervous speaking English with native speakers.	1	2	3	4	(5)
15.	I get upset when I don't understand what the teacher is correcting.	1	2	3	4	3
16.	Even if I am well prepared for English class, I feel anxious about it.	1	2	3	4	6
17.	I often feel like not going to my English class.	1	2	3	4	5
18.	I feel not confident when I speak in my English class.	1	2	3	4	(5)
19.	I am afraid that my English teacher is ready to correct every mistake I make.	1	2	3	4	5
20.	I can feel my heart pounding when I am going to be called on in my English class.	1	2	3	4	3
21.	The more I study for an English test, the more confused I get.	1	2	3	4	(5)
22.	I feel pressured to prepare very well for English class.	1	2	(3)	4	5
23.	I always feel that the other students speak English better than I do.	1	2	3	4	(5)
24.	I feel very not self-conscious about speaking English in front of other students.	1	2	3	4	(5)
25.	English class moves so quickly I worry about getting left behind.	1	2	3	4	(5)
26.	I feel more tense and nervous in my English class than in my other classes.	1	(2)	3	4	5
27.	I get nervous and confused when I am speaking in8my English class.	1	2	3	4	(5)
28.	When I'm on my way to English class, I feel unsure and unrelaxed.	1	(2)	3	4	5
29.	I get nervous when I don't understand every word the English teacher says.	1	2	3	4	5
30.	I feel overwhelmed by the number of rules you have to learn to speak English.	1	2	3	4	5
31.	I am afraid that the other students will laugh at me when I speak English.	1	2	3	4	(5)
32.	I would probably feel uncomfortable around native speakers of English.	1	2	(3)	4	5
33.	I get nervous when the English teacher asks questions which I haven't prepared in advance.	1	2	3	4	(5)

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Direction: For each statement, check the box that would indicate how much the statement is true for you; SA= Strongly Agree; A = Agree; N = Neither Agree nor Disagree; SD = Strongly Disagree

FOREIGN LANGUAGE SPEAKING ANXIETY LEVEL

Petunjuk: Un uk setiap pernyataan, centang kotak yang akan menunjukkan seberapa banyak perny itaan itu benar untuk kamu; SA= Sangat Setuju; A = Setuju; N = Netral; SD = Sangat Tidak Setuju

Name : IND EL PRATAMI QUEMI

Class : X-1 Group: 3

No.	Statement	SA	A	N	D	SD
1.	I never feel quite sure of myself when I am speaking in English.	1	2	3	4	(3)
2.	I worry about making mistakes in English classes.	1	2	3	4	(5)
3.	I tremble when I know that I'm going to be called on in English class.	1	2	3	4	(5)
4.	It frightens me when I don't understand what the teacher is saying in English.	1	2	3	4	(5)
5.	It would bother me to take more English classes.	1	2	3	4	(5)
6.	During English class, I find myself thinking about things that have to do with the course.	1	2	3	4	5
7.	I keep thinking that the other students are better at English than I am.	1	2	3	4	(5)
8.	I am usually at difficult during tests in my English class.	1	2	3	4	3
9.	I start to panic when I have to speak without preparation in English class.	1	2	3	4	(3)
10.	I worry about the consequences of failing my English class.	1	2	3	4	(3)
11.	I really understand why people get so upset over English.	1	2	3	4	5
12.	In English class, I can get so nervous I forget things I know.	1	2	3	4	3
13.	It embarrasses me to volunteer answers in my English class.	1	2	3	4	(3)

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14.	I would be nervous speaking English with	1	2	3	4	(5)
15.	native speakers. I get upset when I don't understand what the teacher is correcting.	1	2	3	4	(5)
16.	Even if I am well prepared for English class, I feel anxious about it.	1	2	3	4	3
17.	I often feel like no going to my English class.	1	2	3	4	3
18.	I feel not confident when I speak in my English class.	1	2	3	4	(3)
19.	I am afraid that my English teacher is ready to correct every mistake I make.	1	2	3	4	3
20.	I can feel my heart pounding when I am going to be called on in my English class.	1	2	3	4	3
21.	The more I study for an English test, the more confused I get.	1	2	3	4	5
22.	I feel pressured to prepare very well for English class.	1	2	3	4	3
23.	I always feel that the other students speak English better than I do.	1	2	3	4	(5)
24.	I feel very not self-conscious about speaking English in front of other students.	1	2	3	4	(5)
25.	English class moves so quickly I worry about getting left behind.	1	2	3	4	3
26.	I feel more tense and nervous in my English class than in my other classes.	1	2	3	4	3
27.	I get nervous and confused when I am speaking in8my English class.	1	2	3	4	3
28.	When I'm on my way to English class, I feel unsure and unrelaxed.	1	2	3	4	3
29.	I get nervous when I don't understand every word the English teacher says.	1	2	3	4	(5)
30.	I feel overwhelmed by the number of rules you have to learn to speak English.	1	2	3	4	3
31.	I am afraid that the other students will laugh at me when I speak English.	1	2	3	4	3
32.	I would probably feel uncomfortable around native speakers of English.	1	2	3	4	3
33.	I get nervous when the English teacher asks questions which I haven't prepared in advance.	1	2	3	4	3

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Petunjuk: Untuk set ap pernyataan, centang kotak yang akan menunjukkan seberapa banyak pernyataan i u benar untuk kamu; SA= Sangat Setuju; A = Setuju; N = Netral; SD = Sangat Tidak Setuju

Name : Zagrya Zulaira

Class : X.1 Group : 6

N D SD SA A No. Statement I never feel quite sure of myself when I am 1. 2 3 4 5 speaking in English. I worry about making mistakes in English 5 2. 2 3 4 classes. I tremble when I know that I'm going to be (3) 4 5 1 2 called on in English class. It frightens me when I don't understand what 4. (4) 1 2 3 5 the teacher is saying in English. It would bother me to take more English 5. (1) 5 2 3 4 classes. During English class, I find myself thinking 6. (5) 2 4 3 about things that have to do with the course. I keep thinking that the other students are 7. 3 1 2 4 5 better at English than I am. I am usually at difficult during tests in my 8. (4) 1 2 5 3 English class. I start to panic when I have to speak without (2) 5 3 4 preparation in English class. I worry about the consequences of failing my 10. 1 2 3 4 5 English class. 11. I really understand why people get so upset 0 2 4 5 3 over English. 12. In English class, I can get so nervous I forget 3 3 4 2 things I know. 13. It embarrasses me to volunteer answers in my (5) 3 4 English class.

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14.	I would be nervous speaking English with	1	2	3	4	3
	native speakers					0
15.	I get upset when I don't understand what the teacher is correcting.	1	2	3	4	3
16.	Even if I am well prepared for English class, I feel anxious about it.	1	2	3	4	5
17.	I often feel like not going to my English class.	1	2	3	4	5
18.	I feel not confident when I speak in my	1	2	3	4	5
19.	English class. I am afraid that my English teacher is ready to correct every mistake I make.	1	2	3	4	5
20.	I can feel my heart pounding when I am going to be called on in my English class.	1	2	3	4	(5)
21.	The more I study for an English test, the more confused I get.	1	2	3	4	5
22.	I feel pressured to prepare very well for English class.	1	2	3	4	(5)
23.	I always feel that the other students speak English better than I do.	1	2	3	4	5
24.	I feel very not self-conscious about speaking English in front of other students.	1	2	3	4	5
25.	English class moves so quickly I worry about getting left behind.	1	2	3	4	5
26.	I feel more tense and nervous in my English class than in my other classes.	1	2	3	4	5
27.	I get nervous and confused when I am speaking in8my English class.	1	2	3	4	5
28.	When I'm on my way to English class, I feel unsure and unrelaxed.	1	2	3	4	5
29.	I get nervous when I don't understand every word the English teacher says.	1	2	3	1	5
30.	I feel overwhelmed by the number of rules you have to learn to speak English.	1	2	3	4	5
31.	I am afraid that the other students will laugh at me when I speak English.	1	2	3	4	3
32.	I would probably feel uncomfortable around native speakers of English.	1	2	3	4	5
33.	I get nervous when the English teacher asks questions which I haven't prepared in advance.	1	2	3	4	(5)



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Appendix 5

Observation Field Notes

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Observation Field Notes

: Student 1 (ANZ) **Observed Student**

Class : X-1

Time : 13.00 - 13.25 WIB

Day/Date : Tuesday, February 21st 2023

Location : X-1 Classroom

Activity	Reflective Notes of Student	Characteristic of Speaking Anxiety	Conclusion
Uska Riau Stat	The teacher started the lesson then invited group of student 1 to come to the front of the class to present the results of their group's work regarding the procedure text according to what the teacher had assigned the week before. The group of Student 1 brought their work in the form of a pencil case made of ice cream sticks. Student 1 introduces herself and her group, while other group friends bring their work arts.		Anxious
Presentation session Slamic University of Sultan Sya	Because student 1 is the speaker for their group, student 1 then begins the presentation by greeting, opening remarks, introducing group members, and explaining the products they make from used materials based on instructions from their teacher the week before. When presenting the results of her group's work, student	Facial expression, Making physical contact, Anxiety gestures (tremble fingers and body)	AU

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l. Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:

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-				
На		1 seemed not to focus on		
~		the presentation she was		
0		making. Her fingers and		
0		body seemed to tremble.		
a				
_		She also played with her		
2.		skirt a few times and kept		
=		looking in all directions.		
cipta milik UIN S		This was repeated when		
\equiv		student 1 gave a		
Z		presentation in front of		
S		the class.		
S (Question-	During the question and	Communication	
ka	answer	answer session, student	apprehension	
250	session	1, who was asked	apprenension	
R	50551011	questions by her fellow		
9				
		friends, she looked		
		uncomfortable with the		
		questions asked. Student		
		1 asked one of the		
		questioners to change the	(((////////////////////////////////////	
		question because the		
		question asked is		
		considered a difficult		- 4
		question by student 1.		/
<u> </u>	Feedback		From of magative	
		After the question and	Fear of negative	
	session	answer session was	evaluation	
S		completed, student 1 and		
State		her group were given		
		feedback by the teacher.		
Islam		When the teacher gave an		
aı		evaluation of her		
had a		performance, student 1		
C		lowered her face and		
Un		showed an embarrassed		
IIV		and depressed		
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Observation Field Notes

Observed Student : Student 2 (MFA)

Class : X-1

The : 13.25 - 13.45 WIB

Day/Date : Tuesday, February 21st 2023

Location : X-1 Classroom

			
Activity	Reflective Notes of Student	Characteristic of Speaking Anxiety	Conclusion
C Opening	The teacher invites the		Very
Ka	next group to appear,		Anxious
77	namely the group that		
-	contains student 2 in it.		
Presentation	Starting from the	Facial expression,	
session	beginning of the	Unstable voice,	
	presentation, student 1's	Anxiety gestures	
	voice trembled and her	(tremble fingers and	
	hands were shaking. Her	body), Fear of making	
	face looked pale and	mistakes	
	showed a worried		
	expression. Her body		
	kept moving so obscurely		
	that her whole body was		
	trembling. She often		
S	repeated her words when		
tat	presenting and looked at her group mates for		
State Is	asking any help.		
Slamic University of S	During the question and	Communication	
answer	answer session, student 2	apprehension	
session	could not answer a	арргенензіон	
Session	question posed by her		
E.	friends which she then		
/eı	threw at her group		
SI.	members to answer the	TCK A DI	
ty	question. Student 2 also	DOWNINI	
of	complained to the teacher		
Su	that she could not answer		
LIT.	the questions and asked		
an	the teacher for help.		
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Feedback session

When the teacher gave feedback and evaluation to student 2, she looked gloomy and enthusiastic anymore. The disappointment was

Fear of negative evaluation

clear on her expression. There is no smiley face

anymore in her face.

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Observation Field Notes

Observed Student : Student 3 (IPZ)

Class : X-1

Time : 13.45 – 14.00 WIB

Day/Date : Tuesday, February 21st 2023

Location : X-1 Classroom

Activity	Reflective Notes of Student	Characteristic of Speaking Anxiety	Conclusion
Opening	The teacher invited the group of student 3 to come forward presenting their group's work.		Very Anxious
Presentation session	When presentation was started, students 3 asked and because she was embarrassed by the way she pronounces the English word.	Facial expression, Making physical contact, Fear of making mistakes, Making eye contact avoidance.	
Question- answer session State Islami	During the question and answer session, student 3 gave the position of the speaker to her group mates because she felt that she could not continue the question and answer session because there were many questions that came to her.	Communication apprehension	AU
Feedback session CUniversity of Sultan Sy	Student 3 looks very sad and disappointed with herself for not being able to complete her task as a speaker from her group well until the end. Student 3 looks a little crying. The teacher gave her encouragement and appreciation for having the courage to be a	Fear of negative evaluation, Fear of making mistakes	
tan Syarif Kasim Ri			

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speaker representing her

group. The teacher also gives suggestions and advice to Student 3 and other students regarding presentations in front of the class.

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Observation Field Notes

Observed Student : Student 4 (ZZ)

Class : X-1

Time : 14.00 - 14.20 WIB

Day/Date : Tuesday, February 21st 2023

Location : X-1 Classroom

SNIN	Activity	Reflective Notes of Student	Characteristic of Speaking Anxiety	Conclusion
	Opening	The next group automatically moves forward after the previous group finish. Student 4 looks awkwardly smiling as she came forward with her group.		Anxious
	esentation session	Student 4 led the presentation because she was entrusted by her group mates as the speaker.	Facial expression, Making physical contact, Anxiety gestures (tremble fingers and body)	
State Islamic Universit	Question- answer session	During the question and answer session, student 1, who was asked questions by her fellow friends, she looked uncomfortable with the questions asked. Student 1 asked one of the questioners to change the question because the question asked is considered a difficult question by student 1.	Communication apprehension	ATI
of Sul	eedback session	After the question and answer session was completed, student 1 and her group were given feedback by the teacher. When the teacher gave an	Fear of negative evaluation	
tan Syarif Kasim Ri				

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0 Hak evaluation of her performance, student 1 cipta face lowered her and showed an embarrassed and depressed expression.

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Appendix 6

Transcript of Interviews

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Transkrip Wawancara 1

Waktu : 15.00 – 15.15 WIB Hari/Tanggal : 21 February 2023 L&kasi : Teras labor kimia Narasumber : Siswa 1 (ANZ)

Pewawancara : Peneliti

Peneliti Siswa **Peneliti**

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Assalamu'alaikum warahmatullah wabarakatuh. Wa'alaikumsalam warahmatullah wabarakatuh.

Sebelumnya perkenalkan nama kakak Sellina Rosa Zumarnis. Kakak mahasiswa UIN Suska Riau, Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris. Disini kakak ingin meminta waktu adik untuk bersedia diwawancarai mengenai topik penelitian kakak, yaitu tentang mengenai faktor penyebab kecemasan berbicara siswa saat di kelas menggunakan bahasa Inggris. Apakah adik bersedia?

: Baik, oke. Bersedia kak.

Sebelumnya boleh kakak tau siapa nama adik?

: Oo, oke perkenalkan nama saya Afrina Nabila Zairah dari kelas X1 kak.

: Hm panggilannya Nabila? **Peneliti** : Oo iya kak, Nabila kak.

> : Oke Nabila. Sebelumnya Nabila belajar bahasa Inggrisnya pernah menggunakan presentasi gak, menggunakan bahasa Inggris juga?

> : Oo tentu pernah kak, mungkin pernah beberapa kali sebelumnya.

> : Oke. Saat di kelas menggunakan Bahasa Inggris, presentasi tersebut Nabila pernah merasa perasaannya gugup, panik, atau bahkan khawatir saat memberikan presentasi menggunakan Bahasa Inggris di depan kelas?

> Eee, tentu pernah kak. Eeee, mungkin itu awalnya kayak takut gituloh kak, bagaimana gitu dengan bahasa Inggris saya yang masih kurang lancar. Gimana cara saya tu kayak menyampaikan presentasi di depan kelas gituloh, gimana cara saya untuk menghening atau menciptakan suasana di dalam kelas dengan presentasi tersebut. Rasa takut, cemas, khawatir tentu pasti ada kak. Tapi kan harus dilawan juga ya, gak mungkin kita takut terus gitu loh kak.

> : Ya jadi berarti Nabila mengalami lah ya yang namanya semacam kecemasan tadi yah saat presentasi menggunakan bahasa Inggris di depan kelas.

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- Iya kak.
- Menurut Nabila nih, apa penyebab Nabila menghadapi rasa gugup, panik dan khawatir tersebut?
- : Eeee mungkin dari saya, penyebab saya menghadapi rasa gugup atau takut tersebut, ya karena kayak yang pertama saya grogi dong kak, terus kurang PD, terus juga penyampaian bahasa Inggris saya masih terbata-bata, tata bahasanya juga tidak tersusun dengan rapi. Apalagi kan seperti yang kita tahu kan, persaingan di dalam kelas itu juga ada, gimana cara saya untuk bisa berbahasa Inggris dengan lancar tersebut bisa standar lah kak, tidak terlalu jatuh kebawah gitu loh kak.
- Oke, jadi banyak ya kira-kira faktor yang menyebabkan Nabila menghadapi rasa gugup, khawatir, panic tadi kan. Kayak grogi tadi kan, tidak PD, takut tata bahasanya kurang betul kan.
- Iya, kak.
- Oke, eeee kemudian apakah Nabila itu merasa percaya diri saat presentasi di depan kelas menggunakan bahasa Inggris?
- : Eeee eee kayak biasa presentasi, awal-awalnya tuh kita kayak semangat gitu kek berbanggalah bias presentasi di depan kelas, tapi seiring berjalannya presentasi tersebut, dimana mungkin tata bahasa saya, agak.. agak kurang rapi. Dimana disitu juga penyampaian saya juga tidak.. tidak jelas lah kak istilah kasarnya gitu kak.
- Hmmm begitu. Yang awalnya tadi bisa percaya diri, kenapa kira-kira bisa percaya diri di awal, sedangkan di akhirnya tidak?
- Eeee mungkin di awal karena saya kayak... menyapa audiens saya dulu, karena kan bahasa Inggris basic kan kita bisa ya kak, dimana nanti kita kayak awal-awal ni kan udah kita hafal nih, kayak kita eee cermati kita pelajari dulu. Tapi kayak eee seiring presentasi tersebut berjalan, dimana mungkin audiens saya atau teman-teman saya disitu sudah merasa bosan, dimana saya juga kaya menyampaikan presentasi disitu menggunakan lamakelamaan bahasa Inggris yang saya gunakan itu terbata-bata kak.
- Ooo, jadi begitu ya.
- Iva kak.
- : Emmm, berarti separuhnya percaya diri, terus kemudian lamakelamaan percaya dirinya memudar ya.
- : Iya kak, gitu kak.
- : Okeee. Nah, saat akan melaksanakan presentasi apakah Nabila itu mempersiapkan materi yang akan dipresentasikan itu?
- Aaa tentu kak. Dimana kayak sebelum, semalam atau dua malam sebelum hari presentasi tersebut, tentu saya prepare dulu

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dong kak, mulai dari materi, eee susunan-susunan, step by step nya. Eee tentu saya persiapkan di awal, saya hafal, eeee dan saya pelajari gitu kak. Alhamdulillahnya gitu kak.

- : Kan ini juga merupakan presentasi bahasa Inggris ya, berarti bukan kita pahami saja materi nya, tapi juga perlu yang namanya latihan ngomong atau dalam bahasa Inggrisnya itu speaking kan. Apakah Nabila melakukan hal tersebut sebelum besoknya atau keesokan harinya emmmm mendapatkan giliran presentasi menggunakan bahasa Inggris?
- Eeee iya kak, dimana sebelum presentasi itu Nabila kayak eee bukan hanya materi. Dimana materi itu nanti kan kita menyampaikannya menggunakan bahasa Inggris ya kak, dimana nanti Nabila juga kayak 'oh kayak materi ini gimana nih di bahasa Inggrisnya, eeee pas atau tidak. Gimana nanti nyampein ke teman-teman dengan menggunakan bahasa Inggris, gimana nanti bahasa Inggris yang Nabila ucapkan kepada atau yang Nabila lontarkan kepada audiens itu, teman-teman Nabila mudah gitu kak menanggapinya.
- Bagus, oke. Kemudian, kan tadi udah dibilang tadi tu latihanlatihan, persiapkan materi juga berlatih speaking kan. Menurut Nabila, seberapa sering Nabila berlatih atau mengulang materi yang akan Nabila presentasikan tersebut?
- Eee mungkin untuk diri Nabila pribadi, Nabila mengulang materi itu kayak 2 atau 3 hari sebelumnya, dimana mungkin eee 2 atau 3 hari sebelumnya itu Nabila tidak terlalu membaca dengan serius. Dimana disitu dengan membuka-buka, mengingat kembali, eee terus nanti sebelum hari-H presentasi, baru kayak Nabila hafal baik-baik, Nabila pelajari, Nabila telaah satu-satu ini gimana, kalo yang ini gimana gitu kak. Mungkin untuk memperlancar bahasanya, Nabila juga menggunakan mediamedia internet seperti YouTube gitu loh kak.
- Menurut Nabila, itu sudah dapat dikatakan sering atau hanya cukup sering untuk mengulang materi yang akan dipresentasikan itu?
- : Eee kalau Nabila dengan hal nya segitu, kayaknya cuman cukup sering deh kak.
- : Ehem, oke jadi menurut Nabila 3 hari sebelum presentasi itu bisa dikatakan cukup sering mengulang materi ya.
- Iya kak.
- Oke. Apakah Nabila takut melakukan kesalahan saat presentasi di depan kelas menggunakan bahasa Inggris?
- : Eee kalau takut, tentu mungkin perorang juga ada ya kak takut

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nya. Mungkin kalau Nabila bisa berbahasa Inggris dengan lancar, Nabila rasa takutnya disitu agak sedikit kak. Cuman karena bahasa Inggris Nabila tu masih terbata-bata, pemahaman materi yang Nabila ucapkan itu belum terlalu benar. Nah, disitu Nabila kayak mulai gitu kak muncul rasa takutnya.

- Iya jadi karena prepare nya belum bagus, persiapannya belum matang, jadi Nabila ada rasa takut ya melakukan kesalahan.
- : Iya kak, gitu kak.
- : Dan juga, apakah Nabila pernah merasa takut nih jika teman Nabila tertawa saat Nabila melakukan kesalahan saat presentasi menggunakan bahasa Inggris?
- Eeee kalau rasa takut teman tertawa itu sudah sangat pasti kak. Dimana mungkin dulu Nabila juga pengalaman dari SMP salah pengucapan kata, kayak ditertawakan gitu loh kak. Dimana disitu kan Nabila juga kurang memahami materi yang akan Nabila presentasikan di depan kelas. Jadi mungkin kayak temanteman, oh salah menanggapi gitu kayak mungkin Nabila juga yang salah dalam menyampaikannya disitu kak. Jadi disitu kayak teman-teman menganggap hal itu lucu terus ketawa gitu kak.
- Oke, jadi Nabila bisa dikatakan Nabila takut pengucapan atau pronunciation kalimat ataupun kata dalam bahasa Inggris itu salah ya?
- Iya kak. Karena kan seperti yang kita tahu, salah pengucapan salah artinya nanti kak.
- : Oke, ya betul sih. Terus nih pertanyaan terakhir, apakah Nabila takut kalau seandainya guru itu akan memperbaiki kesalahan Nabila di depan kelas saat presentasi?
- Eee kalau takut untuk diperbaiki, jujur Nabila enggak takut kak. Dimana mungkin kalau guru itu memperbaiki, malah Nabila lebih cepat nangkapnya disitu kak. Berarti Nabila tau, 'oh ini salah gitu'. Sampai gurunya menyela, 'ini yang betul nak' gitu. Jadi kayak Nabila makin dibetulkan di depan kelas, makin cepat Nabila nangkapnya.
- Apakah misalnya nih, gurunya di depan kelas guru langsung mengoreksi Nabila disaat itu juga, per kata gitu misalnya diperbaikinya. Apakah Nabila tidak ada rasa takut, malu dan lain sebagainya?
- Ee kalau rasa takut, jujur gaada kak. Tapi kalau rasa malu, ee tentu mungkin kayak Nabila pribadi kayak malu oh dibetulkan di depan kelas. Berarti yang sebelum-sebelumnya Nabila ketahuan dong, Nabila enggak memahami materi atau kata itu



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dengan benar, sampai-sampai gurunya kan kayak 'gini nak yang betul' gitu loh kak.

- Oke. Terus, hmm misalkan ada diadakan tes atau semacam diminta untuk presentasi lagi untuk diambil nilainya di depan kelas, apakah Nabila itu memiliki rasa gugup saat ingin megambil nilai itu, atau merasa cemas dengan penampilan Nabila nantinya menggunakan bahasa Inggris?
- : Eee jujur kalau untuk cemas atau takut itu tu mungkin Nabila kayak malah cemas sih kak, cuman seiring Nabila disuruh atau diminta untuk berpresentasi selanjutnya itu kayak Nabila bisa berlatih terus menerus gitu kak. Jadi kalau disitu Nabila mungkin bisa lebih belajar agar lebih fokus, gimana cara untuk nyampein presentasi dalam bahasa Ingris.
- Jadi kalo kakak bisa ambil kesimpulan, ee kalau guru meminta Nabila untuk diadakan tes lagi, tes bahasa Inggris gitu, Nabila tidak cemas, melainkan Nabila lebih terpacu semangatnya lagi untuk belajar dan belajar, gitu ya?
- Iya kak. Nabila jujur kalo kayak dibilangin 'ayo nak, coba lagi lagi' gitu loh, Nabila kayak terpengaruh gitu kak nantinya. Ini guru udah ngasih kepercayaan, masa kita gak bisa, masa ngecewain guru gitu loh. Kayaknya untuk bikin hati sendiri bangga aja lah kak.
- Oke. Kira-kira cuma segitu segitu pertanyaan kakak tanyakan ke Nabila. Terimakasih atas jawabannya, terimakasih juga sudah mau membantu.
- Aaa iya kak, sama-sama kak.
- Sama-sama Nabila, semoga kita selalu berproses maju dalam hal pendidikan ya.
- : Iya kak.
- Oke, kakak tutup ya wawancaranya. Terima kasih banyak. Assalamu'alaikum.
- Wa'alaikumsalam.

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Interview Transcript 1

Time : 15.00 – 15.15 WIB Day/Date : February 21st, 2023

: Chemistry Laboratory Terrace

Interviewee : Student 1 (ANZ) Interviewer : Researcher

Researcher Researcher

Assalamu'alaikum warahmatullah wabarakatuh. Wa'alaikumsalam warahmatullah wabarakatuh.

Before we start, let me introduce myself, my name is Sellina Rosa Zumarnis. I am a student of the Department of English Education at UIN Suska Riau. I would like to ask about your willingness to be interviewed regarding the topic of my research, which is about the factors that cause students' speaking anxiety when using English in class. Are you ready?

Student Yes, I am ready.

First, may I know your name?

: Oo, okay. My name is Afrina Nabila Zairah from class X1.

: Hm so I can call you Nabila? Oo yes, you can call me Nabila.

: Okay, Nabila. Previously, have you ever studied English using an English presentation or not?

Oo of course I have, maybe a few times before.

Okay. When in class using English, have you ever felt nervous, panicked, or even worried when giving a presentation in English in front of the class?

: Eee, of course i have. Eeee, maybe at first it seemed like I was afraid, what about my English which is still not fluent. How do I do it, like giving a presentation in front of the class, how do I make it quiet or create an atmosphere in the classroom with this presentation. Fear, anxiety, worry of course there must be. But you have to fight it too, right? We can't be afraid to continue like that.

So it means that you are experiencing that kind of anxiety, right, when presenting in English in front of the class.

: Yes, I am.

: In your opinion, what causes you to experience this feeling of nervousness, panic and worry?

: Eeee maybe in my opinion, the reason why I am feeling nervous or afraid is because, like the first time, I was nervous, I continued to lack self-confidence, my English was still

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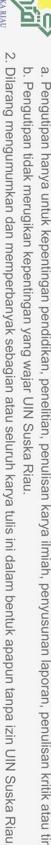
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stuttering, the grammar was not well organized. What's more, as we know, there is also competition in the class, how can I be able to speak English fluently so that it can be standardized, not too low.

- Okay, So that means there are a lot of factors that cause you to feel nervous, worried, panic, right? Like nervous, not confident, afraid that the grammar is not correct, right?
- : Correct.
- Okay, eeee then do you feel confident when presenting in front of the class in English?
- : Eeee eee as usual with presentations, at first we seemed excited like that. We were proud to be able to present in front of the class, but as the presentation went on, where maybe my grammar was a bit... a bit messy. Where is my delivery also not... it's not clear what it's called.
- : Hmmm okay, I see. At first you could be confident, why do you think you can be confident at the beginning, but not at the end?
- : Eeee, maybe at the beginning I was like... greeting my audience first, because we can speak basic English, right? Where later, it's like we already memorized it, like we're going to pay attention, we'll learn it first. But it's like eee as the presentation goes on, where maybe my audience or my friends there are already bored, where I also like to give presentations there using the English that I use gradually stammers.

Researcher Student Researcher

Iya kak.

: Emmm, it means half confident, then over time the confidence fades away.

Student Researcher

Student

Yes, that is what I mean.

Ooo, so that's how it is.

: Okay. So, when you are going to do a presentation, do you prepare the material to be presented?

Aaa yes, of course I do. Where as I said before, the night or two before the day of the presentation, of course I prepared first, starting from the material, um, the arrangements, step by step. Eee, of course I prepared it at the beginning, I memorized it, eeee and I learned that, sis. Alhamdulillah, that's about it.

This is also an English presentation, right? It means we don't just understand the material, but we also need to practice speaking or in English it's speaking, right? Did you do that before the next day or the next day emmmm it's your turn to present in English?

Eeee yes, I do. When before the presentation I was like eee not

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say this material in English, eeee it fits or not'. How about conveying it to my friends using English, how about the English that I speak to or that I throw at the audience, my friends respond easily to that. Great! Then, as you previously explained about the exercises,

just the material. Where will the material be delivered in

English, right sis, where later I will also be like 'oh how do you

- also prepare material and practice speaking, right? In your opinion, how often do you practice or repeat the material you are going to present?
- : Eee maybe for myself personally, I repeated the material like 2 or 3 days before, where maybe 2 or 3 days before I didn't really read it seriously. Where there by leafing through, remembering again, eee and later before the D-day of the presentation, it's like I memorized it well, I learn it, I study each one of these, how about this one, sis. Maybe to expedite the language, I also use internet media such as YouTube.
- In your opinion, that can be counted as often or only often enough to repeat the material to be presented?
- Eee if I'm with that kind of thing, I think it's just quite often.
- Ehem, okay so in your opinion 3 days before the presentation can be said to be repeating material quite often.
- Yes.
- Okay. Are you afraid of making mistakes when presenting in front of the class in English?
- Eee if you are afraid, of course maybe someone also has fear. Maybe if I could speak English fluently, I think there would be less fear. It is just that because my English is still stuttering, Nabila's understanding of the material is not very correct. Well, that's when I started like that, my fear arose.
- Yes, so because the preparation is not good, the preparation is not ripe, so you are afraid of making mistakes.
- Yes, I am afraid.
- And also, have you ever felt afraid if your friend laughed when you made a mistake during a presentation in English?
- Eeee I definitely feel the fear of laughing friends. Where maybe in the past I also had experience from junior high school that I mispronounced words, like being laughed at. Where there I also do not understand the material that I will present in front of the class. So maybe it's like friends, oh I misrepresented that like maybe Nabila was also the one who misrepresented it. So it's like friends think it's funny and keep laughing.

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- : Okay, so you can say you are afraid that the pronunciation or pronunciation of sentences or words in English is wrong, right?
- : Yes. Because as we know, if the pronunciation is wrong, then the meaning is also wrong.
- : Okay, I think so. Then here is the last question, are you afraid that if the teacher will correct your mistake in front of the class during the presentation?
- : Eee if you're afraid of being repaired, to be honest, I'm not afraid, sis. Where is it possible if the teacher fixes it, in fact I catch it faster there sis. Means I will know, 'oh this is wrong'. Until the teacher interrupted, 'this is the right one son'. So it's like the more I am corrected in front of the class, the quicker I understand.
- : For example, the teacher in front of the class immediately corrects you right then and there, per word, for example, fixing it. Do you have no fear, shame and so on?
- : Ee if you say there is fear, honestly not at all. But if you feel embarrassed, um, of course maybe like me personally, it's like being embarrassed, oh, it's corrected in front of the class. It means that before I was found out, I didn't understand the material or the word correctly, to the extent that the teacher was like 'this is the correct one'.
- : Okay, got it. Then, if suppose there is a test being held or something like being asked to give another presentation to take the grade in front of the class, do you feel nervous when you want to take that grade, or are you worried about your appearance in English?
- : *Eee* to be honest, whether I'm worried or afraid, maybe you could say I'm more anxious, but when I'm told or asked to give the next presentation it's like I can practice continuously. So if there I might be able to learn more to be more focused how to deliver presentations in English.
- So I can conclude, uh, if the teacher asks you to take another test, an English test like that, you're not worried, but you are even more motivated to study and learn, is that so?
- Yes bro. I'll be honest, if I'm told 'come on girl, try again' like that, I'm kind of affected. This teacher has given trust, can't we do it, and can't we let the teacher down? I think it is also to make myself proud.
- : Okay. That's about all the questions my sister asked you. Thank you for the answer, thank you for wanting to help.
- : Aaa my pleasure.



Researcher

Student

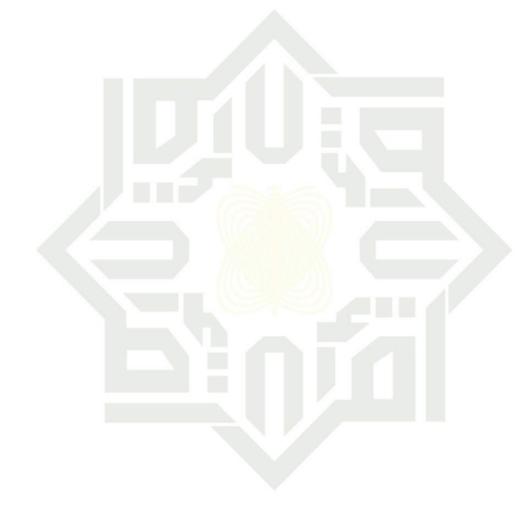
Okay, I'll close the interview. Thank you so much. Assalamualaikum.

Wa'alaikumsalam.

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Transkrip Wawancara 2

Waktu : 15.16 – 15.30 WIB Hari/Tanggal : 21 February 2023 Tempat : Teras Labor Kimia Narasumber : Siswa 2 (MFA)

Pewawancara : Peneliti

Peneliti Siswa **Peneliti** Assalamu'alaikum warahmatullah wabarakatuh. Wa'alaikumsalam warahmatullah wabarakatuh.

Sebelumnya perkenalkan, nama kakak Sellina Rosa Zumarnis. Mahasiswi UIN Suska Riau, jurusan Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris. Jadi disini kakak mau mewawancarai adik mengenai faktor yang menyebabkan siswa mengalami kecemasan dalam memberikan presentasi menggunakan bahasa Inggris di dalam kelas. Apakah adik bersedia?

Siswa Ya, saya bersedia kak.

Peneliti Sebelumnya boleh kakak tau siapa namanya?

: Boleh. Perkenalkan nama saya Meytha Fitri Azzahra. Saya kelas Siswa

X1, alamat Palutan, Desa Padang Mutung.

: Oke, panggilannya Meytha? : Ya Meytha, memet juga boleh.

Peneliti Oke Meytha. Kita mulai aja ya pertanyaan pertama?

Siswa

: Emm, di sekolah, pas pelajaran bahasa Inggris gurunya minta

Meytha untuk presentasi menggunakan bahasa Inggris gak?

: Pernah, waktu tugas kelompok gitu. Siswa

Oke, waktu tugas kelompok. Terus, apakah pernah lagi disuruh **Peneliti** te untuk ngomong menggunakan bahasa Inggris di depan kelas?

> : Pernah kak, eemm waktu kuis juga, waktu ada tugas maju ke depan jawabnya.

: Jadi cukup sering lah ya kira-kira Meytha menggunakan bahasa Ingris di depan kelas ya.

: Iya cukup sering juga pas belajar bahasa Inggris.

: Oke. Apakah Meytha merasa gugup, panik, atau bahkan khawatir saat memberikan presentasi menggunakan bahasa Inggris di depan kelas?

: Iya, khawatir kak. Pas pake bahasa Inggris, presentasi, atau menyampaikannya di depan kelas.

: Nah gimana tu bentuk dari khawatir atau gugupnya Meytha saat memberikan presentasi itu?

: Terbata-bata gitu.

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- Terus?
- Gagal fokus
- : Gimana tu bentuk Meytha gagal fokusnya? Matanya kemanamakanakah? Atau gimana?
- : Iya matanya kemana-mana, pikirannya kemana-mana. Gak ingat lagi apa yang mau disampaikan itu pakai bahasa Inggris.
- : Jadi, kayak berhenti gitu ngomongnya ya? Jadi blank gitu?
- : Ya, berhenti, terus nanti mikir lagi, terus ingat nanti, berhenti lagi, gitu kak.
- : Hmmm. Menurut Meytha apa yang menyebabkan Meytha merasakan gugup yang seperti tadi tu?
- : Yang pertama, kurang percaya diri. Terus agak kurang pengalaman, terus takut juga dikomentari sama teman-teman.
- : Jadi kurang PD, kurang merasa ada pengalaman, takut diketawain teman-teman. Jadi ada banyak juga ya ternyata yang membuat Meytha merasa gugup tu ya saat presentasi di depan kelas.
- : Iya kak.
- : Kenapa saat presentasi menggunakan bahasa Inggris di depan kelas tu membuat Meytha kurang PD?
- : Karena juga kurang menguasai topic gitu, kurang menguasai bahasa Inggris itu.
- : Hmm, jadi Meytha kurang PD karena tidak menguasai materi dan juga tidak terlalu lancar menggunakan bahasa Inggris, begitu ya?
- : Ya, kurang lancar ngomong pake bahasa Inggris, terbelit-belit lidahnya.
- : Terus, Meytha juga bilang tadi, kurang merasa berpengalaman. Berpengalaman yang kayak gimana maksud Meytha tu?
- : Emm, kurang perlu belajar bahasa Inggris ngomong bahasa Inggris gitu belajarnya sama guru atau apalah gitu, kayak presentasi aja gitu ke depan.
- : Jadi kurang, Meytha merasa kurang praktek bahasa Inggris ya, khususnya speaking atau ngomong, gitu ya?
- : Iya kak.
- : Terus kemudian bilang tadi juga, Meytha takut diketawain sama kawan-kawan. Kenapa harus takut, Meytha? Apa yang menyebabkan Meytha takut diketawain tu?
- : Emm, kan kalau salah tu diketawain teman gitu kan kak. Jadi tu lah takut, malu, kalau nanti salah ngomongnya bahasa Inggrisnya, salah arti juga kan kalau salah pengucapan.
- : Oke, jadi intinya Meytha takut lah ya pengucapan kata atau

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kalimatnya salah.

: Iya kak.

: Hemm oke. Kalau Meytha akan menyampaikan atau ingin mempresentasikan materi menggunakan bahasa Inggris nih dalam pelajaran bahasa Inggris di kelas, apakah Meytha mempersiapkan materi itu sebelum Meytha presentasi?

: *Eee* iya disipakan, tapi apa namanya tu, latihannya kurang kak.

: Oke, jadi seberapa sering Meytha berlatih untuk mengulang materi yang akan Meytha presentasikan tersebut?

: Hmm mungkin 2 atau 3 kali, terus udah, enggak diulang lagi, gak ingat lagi pas presentasi, itulah nanti yang terbata-bata itu kak.

: Oke. Menurut Meytha, 2 atau 3 kali mengulang materi itu terbilang cukup sering kah atau sering kah?

: Emmm cukup sih kak.

: Jadi menurut Meytha cukup sering lah Meytha mengulang materi yang untuk dipresentasikan di kelas itu ya. Nah, apakah Meytha takut melakukan kesalahan saat presentasi di depan kelas khususnya menggunakan bahasa Inggris?

: Takut kak, karena kurang berpengalaman dalam itu. Terus nanti takut salah pengucapannya.

Ya jadi Meytha punya ketakutan lah ya dalam melakukan presentasi di depan kelas, apalagi ada kawan-kawan yang banyak yah di kelas?

: Iya, takut kak. Nanti ketawain pula.

: Kan kawannya cuman ketawa, kenapa takut?

: Gatau sih, gak PD gitu.

: Emm, kurang percaya diri lah ya intinya.

: Iya kak.

: Terus Meytha pernah merasa takut juga gak kalau nantinya guru Bahasa Inggris Meytha memperbaiki kesalahan Meytha langsung di depan kelas saat presentasi itu?

: Takut? Enggak. Kan kalau dikomentarin itu nanti kan biar belajar besoknya gak gitu lagi.

: Jadi Meytha gak ada sama sekali merasa takut atau malu gitu diperbaiki sama gurunya pada saat itu juga di depan semua teman-teman kelas?

: Enggak kak.

: Jadi Meytha bisa dibilang suka lah ya diperbaiki sama gurunya kesalahan mengenai bahasa Ingrisnya di depan kelas.

: Iya kak.

: Oke, kemudian... eee kan kalau kita merasa gugup, cemas, di



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depan orang banyak itu biasanya kita menunjukkan sikap tertentu kan. Contohnya kayak tangan berkeringat, gemetaran, atau bahkan ada yang pucat. Kira-kira Meytha yang mana tu? Bagaimana rekasi tubuh Meytha?

- Bekeringat, pucat juga.
- Sampai pernah gemetaran gak?
- Ya gemetaran juga.
- Hmm, oke kayaknya cuma segitu pertanyaan yang kakak tanyakan ke Meytha ya.
- Iya kak.
- Terimakasih karena sudah mau membantu menjawab segelintir pertanyaan yang kakak tanyakan, maaf mengganggu waktunya.
- Iya kak, gapapa.
- Oke, terimakasih. Assalamu'alaikum.
- Sama-sama, wa'alaikumsalam kak.

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Interview Transcript 2

Time : 15.16 – 15.30 WIB Day/Date : February 21st, 2023

Place : Chemistry Laboratory Terrace

Interviewee : Student 2 (MFA)

Interviewer : Researcher

Researcher Student Researcher Assalamu'alaikum warahmatullah wabarakatuh. Wa'alaikumsalam warahmatullah wabarakatuh.

: Before we start, let me introduce myself, my name is Sellina Rosa Zumarnis. I am a student of the Department of English Education at UIN Suska Riau. I would like to ask about your willingness to be interviewed regarding the topic of my research, which is about the factors that cause students' speaking anxiety when using English in class. Are you ready?

Student Yes, I am ready.

First, may I know your name? Researcher

: Yes, of course. My name is Meytha Fitri Azzahra. I'm from X1, and I live in Palutan, Padang Mutung.

: So I can call you Meytha? Researcher : Yes, Meytha, memet is fine too.

Okay Meytha, Can we start with the first question? Researcher

Student Yes, go ahead.

: Emm, at school, during English lessons, did the teacher ever ask Researcher you to present in English or not?

: Yes, during group assignments. Student

Okay, I see. And then, have you ever been asked to speak Researcher English in front of the class besides that?

> : Once, um, during a quiz too, when there was an assignment, we were asked to come forward to answer.

Researcher So it's quite often that you use English in front of the class.

: Yes, quite often when learning English.

: Okay. Do you feel nervous, panicked, or even worried when giving a presentation in English in front of the class?

> : Yes, I do. When using English, giving presentations, or delivering it in front of the class.

So, how do you feel worried or nervous when giving that presentation?

Stuttering while speaking

Then?

Student I failed to focus.

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Student Student

Student

Student Researcher

Researcher

Student

Student Researcher

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Researcher

: How is it that you fail to focus? Are your eyes looking at different points? Or what?

Student

: Yes my eyes see everywhere, my mind too. I can't remember what to say in English anymore.

Researcher Student

So, like stop talking? Got blank?

Researcher

Yes, that's right, and then I think again, then remember later, stop again, continuesly like that.

Student

: Hmmm. What do you think caused you to feel nervous like that?

The first, lack of confidence. Then because of a lack of experience, I was afraid that friends would also comment on it.

Researcher S Ka N

: So you don't have confidence, you don't feel experienced, you're afraid your friends will laugh at you. So there are also a lot of things that make you feel nervous when presenting in front of the class.

Student Researcher

Yes, that's absolutely true.

: Why does it make you less self-confident when presenting in English in front of the class?

Student

: Because I also don't know the topic, I don't know English enough.

Researcher

: Hmm, so you feel less confident because you don't master the material and you're also not very fluent in English, is that right?

Student Researcher

: Yes, not fluent in speaking English, convoluted tongue.

: Then, you also said earlier, you don't feel experienced. What kind of experience do you mean?

Student

: Emm, not enough, I need to learn English, speaking English is like studying with the teacher or something like that, just like giving a presentation in front of the class.

Researcher

: So it's not enough, you feel you don't practice English, right, especially speaking or speaking, is that so?

Student

: Yes, I do.

Researcher

Then you said earlier too, you're afraid of being laughed at by your friends. Why should you be afraid, darling? What makes you afraid of being laughed at?

Student

: Emm, if I make a mistake, my friends laugh at me, that's why I get scared, embarrassed, if I say the wrong English later.

Researcher

: Okay, so basically you are afraid of saying the wrong word or sentence.

Student

: Correct.

Researcher

: Hmm, okay. If you are going to convey or want to present material using English in English lessons in class, do you prepare the material before you present?

Student Syarif Kasim

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Eee of course I prepared it, but the practice was lacking.

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Researcher

: Okay, so how often do you practice repeating the material you are going to present?

Student

: *Hmm* maybe 2 or 3 times, then it's done, it won't be repeated again, I don't remember when I was doing the presentation, that's why I stammered maybe.

Researcher

: Okay. In your opinion, repeating material 2 or 3 times is often enough or often?

Student

: Emmm, I think that's enough.

Researcher

So in your opinion, it is quite often that you repeat the material to be presented in that class. So, are you afraid of making mistakes when presenting in front of the class, especially in English?

Student

: Afraid, because of lack of experience in it. I'm afraid I'll mispronounce it later.

Researcher

: So you have a fear of making presentations in front of the class, especially when you have lots of friends in class?

Student Researcher Yes, I have. Then I'll be laughed at after that.Your friend just laughs, what scares you?

Researcher Student

: I don't know, I just don't believe with myself.

Researcher

: Emm, It means you lack confidence, that's the point.

Student

: Yes, it is.

Researcher

: Then have you ever felt afraid that your English teacher would correct your mistakes right in front of the class during the presentation?

Student

: Afraid? No. If I get commented like that, I'll study the next day, it won't be like that anymore.

Researcher

: So you weren't afraid or embarrassed at all to be corrected by the teacher at that moment in front of all your classmates?

Student

: Not at all.

Researcher

: I can conclude that you like to be corrected by your teacher about your English mistakes in front of the class.

Student Researcher : Correct.

nivers Student : Okay, then... *eee* if we feel nervous, anxious, in front of a crowd, we usually show a certain attitude, right? Examples include sweaty hands, trembling, or even pale. Which one do you think you are? How is your body reacting?

Researcher Student I'm sweating, pale too.Have you ever trembled?

Researcher

Yes. I have.

Researche

: Hmm, okay I think that's all my questions for you.

Student

: Okay.

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Researcher

Student Researcher Student

Thank you for helping me answering a list of questions, I am sorry for taking your time.

That's okay.

Okay, thank you. Assalamu'alaikum.

Never mind, wa'alaikumsalam.

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Interview Transcript 3

Waktu : 15.32 – 15.47 WIB Hari/Tanggal : 21 Februari 2023 Tempat : Teras labor kimia Narasumber : Siswa 3 (IPZ) Pewawancara : Peneliti

Peneliti Siswa

Assalamu'alaikum warahmatullah wabarakatuh. Wa'alaikumsalam warahmatullah wabarakatuh.

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Sebelumnya perkenalkan nama kakak Sellina Rosa Zumarnis. Sekarang kakak berkuliah di UIN Suska Riau, jurusan Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris. Jadi pada kesempatan kali ini kakak ingin mewawancarai adik mengenai topik penelitian untuk skripsi kakak, yaitu kecemasan berbicara saat presentasi di kelas menggunakan bahasa Inggris. Apakah adik bersedia?

Siswa Ya, saya bersedia kak.

Peneliti Sebelumnya, kalau boleh kakak tau siapa namanya? Siswa

: Emm, perkenalkan Indri Pratami Zuhri. Saya kelas X1, dari SMAN 1 Kampar Timur.

: Oke, jadi kakak manggilnya Indri ya? **Peneliti**

: Iya kak, panggil Indri aja. Siswa

Peneliti Oke Indri, langsung aja ya kita mulai wawancaranya.

Iva kak.

: Di sekolah, khususnya pelajaran bahasa Inggris Indri pernah **Peneliti**

presentasi menggunakan bahasa Inggris gak di kelas?

: Pernah kak, minggu lalu Indri presentasi di kelas menggunakan Siswa bahasa Inggris.

: Presentasi apa kalau boleh tau?

Siswa : Presentasi teks prosedur, menjelaskan teks atau langkahlangkah pemanfaatan barang bekas.

> : Ooo jadi pas presentasinya Indri full menggunakan bahasa Inggris va?

> : Tidak juga, soalnya ada beberapa kata yang Indri lupa bahasa Inggrisnya jadi Indri campur bahasanya.

> : Oke. Apakah saat Indri melaksanakan atau memberikan presentasi di depan kelas itu Indri merasa gugup, panik, atau bahkan khawatir?

> : Iya, semuanya campur aduk. Indri cemas karena tidak terlalu mahir. Terus Indri cemas kalau takut teman-teman enggak tahu apa yang Indri bilang, apa yang Indri sampaikan, teman-teman tidak mengerti.

> Hmm jadi Indri cemas ya dan juga merasa tidak mahir. Apa

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I maksud tidak mahir disini, Indri? Tidak mahir dalam hal apa? 2 Siswa : Emm, enggak tahu dalam bahasa Inggris. Indri kalau di depan

tu sering tiba-tiba nge-blank, hilang [materi presentasi].

: Jadi saat presentasi itu kamu bisa tiba-tiba berhenti [presentasi], terus hilang [dalam ingatan] yang mau kamu omongin, enggak tahu apa lagi selanjutnya, begitu ya?

: Iya. Awalnya pas duduk, pas belum presentasi tau apa yang Indri mau omongin. Terus pas tiba-tiba di depan, gak tahu lagi mau ngomong apa, lupa semuanya. Hehe

Buyar ya semuanya?

: Iya, buyar.

: Emm menurut Indri apa penyebab Indri merasa gugup, cemas, khawatir yang kayak tadi tu?

: Enggak tahu. Indri, ntah, Indri liat teman-teman tu gugup jadinya rasa takut.

: Jadi pas ngeliat teman-teman yang banyak lagi memperhatikan Indri, Indri jadi blank, buyar pikirannya, gitu?

Iya kak, seperti itulah kira-kira.

: Jadi, saat orang memperhatikan Indri dengan seksama, Indri menjadi cemas, atau jadi terlalu gugup gitu ya?

: Iya, Indri merasa gugup. Terus tiba-tiba nge-blank.

: Emmm. Terus saat presentasi tersebut, Indri pernah gak ada merasa percaya diri saat menggunakan bahasa Inggris?

: Pernah. Eee ya saat Indri tahu kalau yang Indri omongin itu benar, Indri merasa percaya diri dan Indri yakin itu.

: Indri merasa percaya diri kalau yang Indri sampaikan itu benar. Yang benar itu gimana maksudnya?

: Misalnya Indri bilang kalau, eee apa ya, gimana ya.

Kalau misalkan yang Indri ucapkan bahasa Inggrisnya betul, gitu?

Iya gitu.

: Oke, jadi kalau Indri betul menggunakan kata-kata yang betul, kosakata nya betul, susunan kata atau grammar nya betul, baru Indri PD ya?

: Iya kak, gitu.

: Nah, Indri mempersiapkan materi gak sebelum melakukan presentasi menggunakan bahasa Inggris di depan kelas?

: Iya kak. Sebelum presentasi itu, Indri siapkan dulu presentasinya. Terus kalo ada kata-kata yang Indri gak tau gimana cara pengucapannya Indri cari dulu di google cara pengucapan kata tersebut.

Oke. Kira-kira seberapa sering tu Indri berlatih atau mengulang

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materi yang akan Indri presentasikan di kelas tu?

: Biasa aja, gak terlalu sering tapi gak terlalu jarang juga.

: Contohnya nih, besok nih atau 2 hari lagi Indri dijadwalkan memberikan presentasi menggunakan bahasa Inggris di depan kelas, kapan Indri mulai berlatih?

: Saat dikasih tau, malam nya itu Indri cari dulu kata-kata nya, bahasa Inggrisnya, terus cara pengucapannya baru Indri belajar.

: Menurut Indri, Indri sudah cukup sering, atau sering, atau sangat sering itu berlatih untuk mengulang materinya?

: Cukup sering.

: Oke berarti Indri cukup sering mengulang materi yang akan dipresentasikan tersebut.

: Iya kak.

: Kemudian, Indri merasa takut gak melakukan kesalahan saat presentasi di depan kelas?

: Iya, Indri merasa takut.

: Bagaimana eee yang Indri lakukan, apa yang Indri tunjukkan saat Indri merasa takut saat presentasi itu? Mislanya badannya gemetar, atau kepalanya clangak clinguk, atau gimana?

: Perwujudannya itu bisa Indri ngomong 'eeee, emmm', terus juga Indri clangak-clinguk nanya ke teman, 'apa lagi, apa lagi' gitu kak.

: Jadi banyak jeda nya kalau dalam ngomongnya?

: Iya kak.

: Kemudian, Indri takut juga gak semisalnya teman-teman itu nanti akan tertawa ketika Indri melakukan kesalahan saat presentasi, apalagi menggunakan bahasa Inggris di depan kelas?

: Ya, ya takut. Tiba-tiba, ya karena takut teman-teman ketawa, makanya Indri merasa cemas.

: Kira-kira Indri tu merasa kawan-kawan itu akan tertawa saat Indri ngapain?

: Saat Indri presentasi, terus saat Indri bilang kalimat-kalimat yang susah untuk diucapkan, kata-kata yang susah untuk diucapkan.

: Jadi Indri takut nanti Indri salah ucap, salah pelafalannya, gitu ya? Jadi kawan ngetawain.

: Iya kak.

: Emm, terus kalau misalkan guru nih, seandainya guru Indri saat presentasi langsung memeprbaiki kesalahan Indri saat itu juga di depan kelas apakah Indri merasa takut?

: Tidak, tidak merasa takut. Karena itu juga hal yang baik untuk





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Indri, supaya Indri lebih baik kedepannya supaya bahasa Inggris Indri lebih lancar lebih baik begitu dari sebelumsebelumnya.

: Walaupun gurunya terlihat sedikit tegas gitu memberikan perbaikan sama Indri pas presentasi tu Indri gak takut?

Takut, sedikit.

Jadi adalah ketakutan sedikit ya

: Iya.

Kita-kira pernah gak Indri mengalami hal terebut, diperbaiki saat presentasi itu langsung?

Pernah kak.

Terus, bagaimana perasaan Indri saat itu?

Jadi makin takut.

Terus?

Jadi makin cemas, takut ngulangin kesalahan yang sama.

Seandainya ada lagi untuk ambil nilai berupa ngambil nilainya secara oral atau lisan menggunakan bahasa Inggris, apakah Indri akan merasa gugup lagi atau khawatir lagi?

: Iya, gugup itu pasti ada. Tapi Indri akan mencoba melawannya dan mencoba untuk tetap percaya diri tampil pas presentasi itu.

: Jadi seperti yang Indri bilang tadi, harus ada yang namanya persiapan.

: Iya kak.

Jadi ada banyak cara ya yang bisa Indri lakukan untuk mengatasi rasa takut tadi.

Iya kak, benar.

: Hmm, oke. Cuma segitu pertanyaan yang kakak bisa tanyakan ke Indri. Terimakasih telah menjawab semua pertanyaan nya dengan baik. Maaf mengganggu waktunya ya

Iya, gakpapa kak.

Oke, dah. Assalamu'alaikum.

Wa'alaikumsalam.

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Interview Transcript 3

Time : 15.32 – 15.47 WIB Day/Date : February 21st, 2023

Place : Chemistry Laboratory Terrace

Interviewee : Student 3 (IPZ) Interviewer : Researcher

Researcher Student Researcher

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Assalamu'alaikum warahmatullah wabarakatuh. Wa'alaikumsalam warahmatullah wabarakatuh.

: Before all, let me introduce my self. My name is Sellina Rosa Zumarnis. Now I study at UIN Suska Riau with English Education Department as my major. In this chance, I would like to interview you about my research topic for my thesis namely student's speaking anxiety when presenting in classroom by using English. Are you yaitu kecemasan berbicara saat presentasi di kelas menggunakan bahasa Inggris. Are you disposed to be interviewed?

Student Researcher **Student**

Yes, I am.

First of all, may I know your name?

Emm, my name is Indri Pratami Zuhri. I am from X1 of SMAN 1 Kampar Timur.

Researcher Student

Okay, I'll call you Indri yes?

At your convenience.

Okay Indri, let's just start the interview. Researcher

Go ahead. Student

: At school, especially in English lessons, have you ever Researcher presented in English or not in class?

Student : I have, last week I presented in class using English. Researcher What presentation is it?

: Procedure text presentation, explaining the text or steps for Student utilizing used goods.

Researcher Student

: Ooo, so during the presentation you used full English, right?

: Not really, because there are a few words that I forgot the English so I mixed the languages.

Researcher

: Okay. When you do or give a presentation in front of the class do you feel nervous, panicked, or even worried?

Student

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Yes, it's all mixed up. I'm worried because I'm not very proficient. I'm worried that I'm afraid that my friends won't know what I'm saying, what I'm saying, my friends won't understand.

Researcher

Hmm, so you're worried, right? And you also feel not proficient. What does not proficient mean here? Not proficient ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber



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at what?

: Emm, don't know about english. I often go blank in front of the class; everything [presentation materials] is gone.

: So during a presentation you can suddenly stop [presenting], then lose [in memory] what you want to say, don't know what to do next, is that right?

: Yes Initially, when I sat down, when I had not started the presentation, I knew what I wanted to say. Then when suddenly I was in front, I didn't know what else to say, I forgot everything. Lol.

The all is blank, right? : Yes, it's getting blank.

: Emm what do you think causes you to feel anxious, worried, worried like that?

: I don't know. When I see my friends I get nervous and then I get scared.

: So when you see your friends watching you a lot, you go blank, distracted, is that it?

: Yes, that's about it.

So, when people pay close attention to you, do you get anxious, or do you get too nervous?

: Yes, I feel nervous. Then suddenly blank.

: Emmm. Then during the presentation, did you ever feel confident when using English?

: Yes, I did. Eee when I know that what I say is true, I feel confident and trust my self.

: You feel confident when what you say is true. What is true, what does that mean?

: For example, when I say... emm I don't know.

: If something that you say in English is correct, is that right?

Yes, it is.

Okay, so if you really use the right words, the vocabulary is right, the word order or grammar is right, then you are confidence, right?

Yes, definetely.

: So, did you prepare the material or not before making a presentation in English in front of the class?

: Yes, I did. Before the presentation, I prepared the presentation first. Then, if there are words that I don't know how to pronounce, I will search Google first for how to pronounce the

Okay. Approximately, how often do you practice or repeat the



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Researcher Student Researcher

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Researcher

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material that you will present in class?

It's normal, not too often but not too rare either. For example, tomorrow or in 2 days you are scheduled to give a

presentation in English in front of the class, when will you start

practicing?

: When I was told, that night I first looked up the words, the English language, then how to pronounce it, then I studied

afterwards.

In your opinion, do you practice quite often, or often, or very

often to repeat the material?

Ouite often.

Okay, it means that you quite often repeat the material that will

be presented.

Student Yes, correct. Researcher Then, are you afraid that you won't make a mistake when

presenting in front of the class?

Student : Yes, I'am afraid. Researcher

How do you do, what do you show when you feel scared during that presentation? For example, your body is shaking, or your

head is clacking, or what?

: The embodiment of that is that I can say 'eeee, ummm', and then I can also ask my friends, "what else, what else' like that.

So there are a lot of pauses when you talk?

Then, aren't you afraid for example that your friends will laugh when you make a mistake during a presentation, especially

when you use English in front of the class?

: Yes, I'm scared. Suddenly, because I was afraid my friends would laugh, that's why I felt anxious.

: What do you think your friends will laugh when you do?

When I give presentations, then when I say sentences that are difficult to pronounce.

: So you're afraid that you'll say something wrong, or mispronounce it, right? So friends laugh.

: Yes, I am.

: Emm, If your teacher, when you were giving a presentation, immediately corrected your mistake right then and there in

front of the class, would you be afraid?

: No, I'm not afraid. Because that's also a good thing for me, so that I can be better in the future and so that my English is more

fluent and better than before.

: Even though the teacher looks a little strict giving you

ilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber

Student Researcher

Student

Researcher

Student Researcher

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Researcher Syarif Kasim



Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau

Student

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corrections during the presentation, aren't you afraid?

I'am little bit scared.

I got it. Researcher Yes. Student

Do you think you've ever experienced that, corrected during Researcher the presentation directly?

Student Yes, I do.

So, how was your feeling? Researcher Student I became even more afraid.

Researcher And then?

I became more and more anxious, afraid to repeat the same mistake.

: If there was another way to take scores in the form of taking scores orally or using English, would you feel nervous or worried again?

: Yes, the nervousness is definitely there. But I will try to fight it and try to stay confident in appearing at the presentation.

So as you said earlier, there must be something called preparation.

: Yes, that's right.

So there are many ways you can do to overcome that fear.

: Yes, it is.

Hmm, okay. That's the only question I can ask you. Thank you for answering all the questions properly. Sorry to bother you.

It's okay.

See you, assalamu'alaikum.

Wa'alaikumsalam.

Researcher N Student Researcher

Student

Student Researcher Student

Researcher

Student Researcher **Student**

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Transkrip Interview 4

Waktu : 15.48 – 16.00 WIB Hari/Tanggal : 21 Februari 2023 L&kasi : Teras labor kimia Narasumber : Siswa 4 (ZZ) Pewawancara : Peneliti

Peneliti Assalamu'alaikum warahmatullah wabarakatuh. Siswa Wa'alaikumsalam warahmatullah wabarakatuh.

Sebelumnya perkenalkan, nama kakak Sellina Rosa Zumarnis. Kakak berkuliah di UIN Suska Riau, sekarang di jurusan Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris. Disini kakak mau mewawancarai adik mengenai topik penelitian kakak yaitu kecemasan berbicara siswa saat presentasi menggunakan bahasa Inggris di dalam kelas. Apakah adik bersedia?

Siswa : Bersedia kak.

Sebelumnya kakak mau kenalan dulu sama adik, nama adik

Siswa : Perkenalkan nama saya Zazkya Zulayka dari kelas X1, saya bersekolah di SMAN 1 Kampar Timur.

: Oke, kakak manggilnya Zazkya aja ya. **Peneliti**

Iya kak.

Kita langsung ke pertanyaan pertamaya Zazkya? **Peneliti**

Oke Zazkya, di sekolah khususnya dalam pelajaran bahasa Inggris, Zazkya pernah presentasi di depan kelas menggunakan bahasa Inggris?

Pernah kak, presentasinya cuman sekitar 2 kali.

: Oke, saat presentasi menggunakan bahasa Inggris itu Zazkya pernah gugup, panic, atau khawatir gak saat memberikan presentasi menggunakan bahasa Inggris di depan kelas tersebut?

: Eee Zazkya gugup kak, karena eee takut nanti salah ee pengucapan. Terus misalnya salah diketawain sama teman gitu.

: Oke, jadi takut pengucapan atau pronunciationnya salah ya? Terus diketawain sama kawan-kawan juga?

: Iya kak.

: Kenapa bisa takut pronunciationnya salah?

: Eee, gak tahu juga kak. Ada kecemasan tersendiri aja gitu dari Zazkya nya, gak tahu alasannya apa kak.

: Hmm, oke. Menurut Zazkya penyebab Zazkya merasa gugup, terkhususnya untuk presentasi menggunakan bahasa Inggris di

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dalam kelas itu apa?

- Eee karena yang tadi, takut pronunciationnya salah, diketawain sama teman, terus malu juga sama diri sendiri kalau nanti salah.
- Hmmm, malu sendiri kalau takut salah?
- Iya kak.
- Apakah dalam pikiran Zazkya itu hanya Zazkya yang salah, terus temannya enggak?
- : Enggak juga sih. Karena kan enggak semuanya juga yang benar. Tapi Zazkya punya malu sendiri aja jadinya kalau salah.
- Oke. Terus apakah Zazkya merasa percaya diri saat presentasi di kelas menggunakan bahasa Inggris? Ada gak rasa percaya dirinya?
- Kalau misalnya semua materi sudah terkuasai gitu, terus maju gitu, ada tu rasa percaya dirinya. Tapi misalnya materinya belum dikuasai, tu mulai tu gugupnya, malunya di depan. Jadi kayak eee parnoan sendiri di depan.
- : Eee jadi relative ya jawabannya berarti. Seberapa Zazkya menguasai materi. Kalau misalkan Zazkya nya sudah menguasai materi, apakah itu menjamin Zazkya lancer presentasi menggunakan bahasa Inggris di depan kelas?
- : Gak juga, karena Zazkya tu belum terbiasa ngomong di depan orang banyak gitu. Jadi masih ada dikit gugup atau terbatabatanya mungkin.
- Hmmm, apalagi ini kan pakai bahasa asing kan, bukan pakai bahasa asli kita. Jadi maklum lah masih salah-salah ya.
- Iya kak.
- Terus, eee apakah Zazkya mempersiapkan materi nih sebelum ada disuruh melakukan presentasi nih dalam bahasa Inggris, apakah Zazkya mempersiapkan materinya dnegan baik?
- : Eee, kalau masalah materi Zazkya usahain sebaik mungkin dari malam. Terus diulang-ulang ngebacanya sebanyak 7 kali. Kadang, kalau masih ragu, ditulis lagi di kertas gitu biar lebih
- Jadi ditulis di kertas adalah salah satu cara Zazkya ya untuk mengafal dan mengingat-ingat materi yang akan dipresentasikan, begitu?
- Iya kak.
- : Kemudian, seberapa sering tuh kira-kira Zazkya mengulang materi yang akan Zazkya presentasikan itu?
- : Eee kadang Zazkya ulangi baca dan hafal nya tu sebanyak 7 kali. Baca terus sampai hafal, kadang kalau masih ragu, tulis kata-kata sulitnya, terus diulang-ulangin gitu.

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: Jadi menurut Zazkya itu sudah cukup sering atau udah sering, udah terhitung sering gitu namanya?

: Iya kak, lebih hafal gitu kan dengan kalimat-kalimatnya. Kan ini juga bukan bahasa biasanya Zazkya juga.

: Bukan bahasa sehari-hari kita ya.

: Iya kak.

: Jadi Zazkya merasa, Zazkya sudah cukup sering berlatih mengulang materi yang akan Zazkya presentasikan di kelas kan?

: Iya, kak.

: Kemudian, Zazkya takut gak melakukan kesalahan saat presentasi di depan kelas?

: Ya kalau membuat kesalahan di depan kelas, ya pasti takutlah kak.

: Kenapa alasannya?

: Ya karena nanti, kan, ee teman teman tadi benar, kok Zazkya salah, gitu. Kok Zazkya gak bisa? Apa ya kurangnya? Dimana ya kurangnya? Pasti mikirnya gitu.

: Hmmm jadi takut terhadap penilaian orang, gitu ya?

: Iya.

: Hmm, oke. Apalagi kira-kira yang membuat Zazkya takut membuat kesalahan tu saat presentasi kelas? Apakah cuma pendapat orang yang Zazkya takutkan atau ada yang lain?

: Takut dengar pendapat gurunya juga sih kak.

: Hmmm takut pendpaat guru, berarti ga cuman pendapat temanteman aja?

: Iya, kak.

: He'em. Kemudian, tadi Zazkya bilang takut juga dengan pendapat guru mengenai penampilan atau presentasi Zazkya.

: Iya kak.

: Kenapa Zazkya takut gitu melakukan kesalahan di depan guru?

: (jeda) Eee, takut aja entar kan. Pertama, takut nilainya tuh kacau, gitu. Yang kedua tu, jadi kayak 'entar guru mikir apa?'

: Aaah, gitu. Takut gurunya mikir yang kayak gimana tu contohnya?

: Eee kalau misalnya Zazkya salah atau gugupnya berlebihan gitu, kan entarnya guru mikirnya 'nih anak semalam belajar gak sih?'. Terus yang kedua, guru pasti mikir 'eee gimana nih ngasih nilainya?'. Bu guru pasti juga bingung mau ngasih nilainya gimana kak.

: Iyaaa. Jadi takut nanti gurunya berpikiran negatif dan juga eee ngasih nilainya rendah kan, begitu?

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Iya kak.

Hmmm. Apakah itu berarti Zazkya takut guru nya nanti akan memperbaiki kesalahan Zazkya saat itu juga saat presentasi itu tersebut?

- Enggak kak. Lebih baik diperbaiki, dikasih tau gimana, biar kedepannya tu bisa diperbaiki lagi kesalahan yang udah dilakuin kemarin-kemarinnya.
- : Sekalipun gurunya tegas gitu memperbaiki kesalahan Zazkya di dpean kelas saat itu juga? Zazya tetap gak takut?
- : Eee, enggak takut. Tapi, sebenarnya itu lebih ke bagus sih. Mungkin guru mau nunjukin 'gini loh caranya, gini gini gini', biar langsung paham.
- : Emm, jadi Zazkya lebih suka diperbaiki saat itu juga agar Zazkya ingat kesalahan Zazkya itu apa ya?
- : Iya kak.
- Oke. Kan kita biasanya eeee mengalami kecemasan atau gugup disuatu ketika kan, kita menunjukkan reaksi tertentu. Kalau zazkya saat presentasi tu kalau gugup kayak gimana biasanya diri Zazkya?
- Kalau Zazkya tu kadang di depan kelas kan, misalnya. Eee waktu di rumah dah hafal nih, waktu ingin dipresentasiin waktu gugup di depan lupa tuh aa yang mau diucapkan, terbata-bata dalam ngucapinnya nanti. Jadi langsung kayak hilang aja gitu semua yang disiapin.
- Hmm, terbata-bata ya jadinya.
- Iya.
- Apa gak ada menunjukkan reaksi ke tubuh, ke badan Zazkya gitu, atau dari ekspresi Zazkya yang berubah atau bibir pucat kah, tangan gemetaran kah, gak ada?
- : Ada, kalau Zazkya misalnya gugup tu eee tangan Zazkya jadi dingin gitu.
- Emmm, cuma dingin aja gak sampai pucat gitu?
- Pucat juga.
- Terus misalkan guru memberikan eee apa pemberitahuan kita akan mengadakan tes lagi yah, post-test atau test yang berkaitan dengan berbicara dengan menggunakan bahasa Inggris atau speaking gitu kan. Apakah hal itu membuat Zazkya gugup?
- Gak terlalu gugup, kak.
- Kenapa, apa alasannya tu?
- Kan itu ada waktunya satu minggu lagi, jadi bisa dipersiapkan dilatih-latih ngomongnya gimana. Jadi bisa diperkirakan



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N Siswa pertanyaan tu nanti apa gitu.

Hmm, jaid kalo misalkan maish ada jedanya Zazkya tidak terlalu gugup ya. Kalo misalkan paginya masuk nih, guru minta 10 menit lagi ambil nilai yah presentasi bahasa Inggris secara langsung gitu, secara eeeee tiba-tiba lah gitu gurunya meminta untuk ngambil nilai speaking di depan kelas, bagaimana menurut Zazkya? Apakah Zazkya akan gugup?

Itu akan gugup bangeeett tu kak. Soalnya kan waktunya cuman 10 menit. Materinya belum dikuasain sebaik-baiknya, terus entar maju ke depan dipresentasikan dalam bahasa Inggris, ha tu bingung caranya suoaya bisa cepat gitu.apalagi, kalo materinya panjang.

Oke, jadi semacam eee ambil-ambil nilai tadi, atau semacam test tadi itu membuat Zazkya khawatir, gugup. Iya?

Peneliti Okelah, sepertinya cukup pertanyaan yang kakak ingin

tanyakan ke Zazkya.

Siswa Iya kak.

Peneliti Oke terimakasih atas waktunya, Zazkya.

Siswa Iya kak, sama-sama. **Peneliti** Maaf menggangu ya.

Enggak kak, gak mengganggu kok. Siswa

Peneliti Oke, kakak tutup ya wawancaranya. Assalamu'alaikum.

Siswa Wa'alaikumsalam.

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I 2 X

Researcher

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Interview Transcript 4

Time : 15.48 – 16.00 WIB Day/Date : February 21st, 2023

Place : Chemistry Laboratory Terrace

Interviewee : Student 4 (ZZ) Interviewer : Researcher

Researcher Assalamu'alaikum warahmatullah wabarakatuh. Student Wa'alaikumsalam warahmatullah wabarakatuh.

Previously, my name is Sellina Rosa Zumarnis. I study at UIN Suska Riau, now majoring in English Education. Here I want to interview you about your research topic, namely the students' speaking anxiety when presenting in English class. Do you want to be interviewed?

Yes, I do. Student

Before that, I want to get to know you first, what's your name? Researcher Student

My name is Zazkya Zulayka from class X1, I study at SMAN 1 Kampar Timur.

Researcher Okay, I'll just call you Zazkya.

Never mind. Student

: Let's go straight to the first question. Researcher

Student Okay, go ahead.

Okay, at school especially in English lessons, have you ever Researcher presented in front of the class in English or not?

Student Yes, I have, only presented about 2 times.

Okay, during the presentation in English, did you ever feel Researcher nervous, panicked, or worried about giving a presentation in English in front of the class?

: Eee I'm nervous because eee I'm afraid I'll pronounce it wrong later. Then, for example, when it's going [pronunciation], friends laugh at it.

> : Okay, so you're afraid of the pronunciation or wrong pronunciation huh? Then you are also afraid of being laughed at by your friends, right?

Why are you afraid that the pronunciation will be wrong?

Eee, I don't know. There is a certain anxiety just like that from myself, I don't know the reason.

: Hmm, okay. In your opinion, what causes you to feel nervous, especially for presentations in English in class?

: Eee because as I said before, I'm afraid of the wrong pronunciation, being laughed at by my friends, I'm also

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Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber

Student Researcher

Student Researcher Student

Researcher

Student Syarif Kasim N

ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber



Researcher

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ashamed of myself if I make a mistake later.

Hmmm, are you ashamed of yourself if you are wrong?

Yes, I am.

Do you think it's only you who is wrong, and not your friends?

: Not really. Because not all of them are true. But I have my own shame, so if I'm wrong.

: Okay. Then do you feel confident when presenting in class in English? Is there no confidence in him?

If all the material has been mastered like that, then keep moving forward like that, then there will be self-confidence. But for example, if you haven't mastered the material, you will start to get nervous, embarrassed in front of you. So it's like eee afraid to be alone in front.

Eee so the answer is relative. How do you master the material. If for example you have mastered the material, does that guarantee you will be able to present fluently in English in front of the class?

Not really, because I'm not used to talking in front of many people like that. So there's still a bit of nervousness or stuttering maybe.

: Hmmm, Moreover, this is using a foreign language, right, not using our native language. So, you know, it's still wrong.

Yes.

Then, um, did you prepare the material before you were asked to do a presentation in English, did you prepare the material well?

: *Eee*, when it comes to material, I try my best to prepare it in the evening. Keep repeating it 7 times. Sometimes, if you're still in doubt, you write it down on paper again so you can memorize it better.

So writing on paper is one way for you to memorize and remember the material to be presented, is that it?

Then, how often do you repeat the material you are going to present?

: Eee sometimes I repeat reading and memorizing it 7 times. Read on until you memorize it, sometimes if you are still unsure, write down the difficult words, then repeat them over and over again.

So, in your opinion, is this often enough or is it often, is that considered frequent?

Yes, more familiar with the sentences. This isn't my usual

Student Researcher

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Student Syarif Kasim



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language either.

Yes, it's not our everyday language.

I agree.

: So you feel you have practiced repeating the material you will present in class enough times?

Yes, I think so.

: Then, are you afraid or not you make mistakes when presenting in front of the class?

: If you talk about it, yes, I'm definitely afraid.

What is the reason?

Yes, because later, right, um, my friends were right, how come I was wrong, like that. How come I can't? Where's the lack? Definitely think so.

Hmmm so you're afraid of people's judgment, is that it?

Hmm, okay. What else makes you afraid of making mistakes during class presentations? Is it just people's opinions that you're afraid of or is there something else?

: I'm afraid to hear the teacher's opinion too.

: Hmmm you are afraid of the teacher's opinion, it means not only the opinion of your friends?

: Yes.

: Hmm. Then, earlier you said you were also afraid of expert opinions regarding your appearance or presentation.

Yes, that's right.

: Why are you so afraid of making mistakes in front of the teacher?

: (pause) Eee, I'm just afraid. First, I'm afraid that the grades will be messed up. The second one, it's like 'what will the teacher think then?'

: Aaah, I see. What are you afraid of the teacher thinking?

Eee if I'm wrong or I'm too nervous like that, right after that the teacher thinks 'didn't this girl study last night?'. Then the second, the teacher must think 'how about giving the grade?'. The teacher must also be confused about what grade to give.

: Okay. So you're afraid that the teacher will think negatively and also give you a low grade, right?

: Yes, that is.

: Hmmm. Does that mean you are afraid that the teacher will correct your mistakes right then and there during the presentation?

Nope. It's better to fix it, let me know how, so that in the future

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Student Researcher

Researcher

Student Syarif Kasim





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ilarang mengutip

sebagian atau seluruh karya

ini tanpa

mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber

Researcher 0

0 Student

Researcher

Researcher

Student

the mistakes that have been done before can be corrected again.

- : Even if the teacher is strict about that, correcting your mistakes in front of the class right then and there? are you still not afraid?
- : Eee, I am still not afraid. But, actually it's even better. Maybe the teacher wants to show me 'this way, this one is the correct one', so that I can immediately understand.
- : Emm, so you prefer to be repaired right then and there so you remember what your mistake was, right?
- Yes.
- Okay. We usually experience anxiety or nervousness at some point, right? We show a certain reaction. When you're giving a presentation, when you're nervous, how do you usually feel?
- : For example, I am in front of the class. *Eee* actually I already memorized it at home, when I wanted to give a presentation when I was nervous in front I forgot what I wanted to say, I stammered when I said it later. So it's like it's just gone, that's all that was prepared.

Hmm, it's going stammer.

Yes.

Isn't there any reaction to your body, to your body like that, or from your changing expression or pale lips, or shaking hands, isn't there?

Yes, if I'm nervous, for example, my hands get cold.

Emmm, it's just cold, doesn't it turn pale?

Yes, it also turns pale.

Then for example the teacher gives eee what is the name of the notification that we will hold another test, well, a post-test or a test related to speaking in English or speaking, right? Does it make you nervous?

Not really.

What is the reason?

There's only one week left, so you can prepare and practice how to speak. So you can predict what the question will be like then.

Hmm, so if for example there is still a pause you are not too nervous huh. For example, this morning comes in, the teacher asks for 10 more minutes to take a score, well, a live English presentation, like that, suddenly, the teacher asks to take a speaking score in front of the class, what do you think? Will you be nervous?

That would make me soooo nervous. Because it's only 10

Student S

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Researcher

Researcher Student

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Student Researcher Student

Researcher

Student Syarif Kasim



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Researcher

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minutes. The material hasn't been mastered as well as possible, so keep moving forward and presenting it in English, I'm confused about how to do it fast, especially if there's a lot of material.

Okay, so it's kind of eee taking the grades earlier, or some kind of test just now that makes you worried, nervous. You confirm

Student : Yes.

Researcher Okay, it seems that there are enough questions that I want to

Student Okay.

Researcher Thank you for the time, Zazkya.

Anytime. Student

I'm sorry for bothering your time. Researcher

Student No problem at all.

Okay, I close this interview session. Assalamu'alaikum. Researcher

Wa'alaikumsalam. **Student**

Students' Interview Voice Recording Link

http://bit.ly/3U78VR0

http://bit.ly/3MgYZSV

http://bit.ly/433ezHV

http://bit.ly/3MgN087

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Supervisor Letters

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ر المريدة والمحالية والمحالية FACULTY OF EDUCATION AND TEACHER TRAINING

Nomor : Un.04/F.II.4/PP.00.9/445/2023 Pekanbaru,10 Januari 2023

Sifat : Biasa Lamp.

UIN SUSKA RIAU

Hal : Pembimbing Skripsi (Perpanjangan)

Kepada

Yth. Zelly Putriani, M.Pd

Dosen Fakultas Tarbiyah dan Keguruan UIN Suska Riau

Pekanbaru

Assalamu'alaikum warhmatullahi wabarakatuh

Dengan hormat, Fakultas Tarbiyah dan Keguruan UIN Suska Riau menunjuk Saudara sebagai pembimbing skripsi mahasiswa:

Nama : SELLINA ROSA ZUMARNIS

NIM : 11910423053

Jurusan : Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris

: Exploring Foreign Language Anxiety in Speaking: A Descriptive Study at

SMAN 1 Kampar Timur

Waktu : 3 Bulan terhitung dari tanggal keluarnya surat bimbingan ini

Agar dapat membimbing hal-hal terkait dengan Ilmu Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris dan dengan Redaksi dan Teknik Penulisan Skripsi sebagaimana yang sudah ditentukan. Atas kesediaan

Saudara dihaturkan terima kasih.

Wassalam

arkasih, M.Ag. 19721017 199703 1 004

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Wakil Dekan I

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Sifat Lamp. : -

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:SELLINA ROSA ZUMARNIS Nama

NIM :11910423053

Jurusan :Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris

Judul :Exploring Public Speaking Anxiety in Classroom Presentation at The

Second Grade Students of Senior High School 1 East Kampar

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Appendix 8

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: Un.04/F.II.4/PP.00.9/9/2023 Nomor

: Biasa Sifat Lamp.

: Mohon Izin Melakukan PraRiset Hal

Kepada

Yth. Kepala Sekolah

SMA Negeri 1 Kampar Timur

Tempat

Assalamu'alaikum warhmatullahi wabarakatuh

Dekan Fakultas Tarbiyah dan Keguruan UIN Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau dengan ini memberitahukan kepada saudara bahwa:

Nama : Sellina Rosa Zumarnis

NIM : 11910423053 Semester/Tahun : VII (Tujuh)/ 2023

Program Studi : Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris

Fakultas : Tarbiyah dan Keguruan UIN Suska Riau

ditugaskan untuk melaksanakan Prariset guna mendapatkan data yang berhubungan dengan penelitiannya di Instansi yang saudara pimpin.

Sehubungan dengan itu kami mohon diberikan bantuan/izin kepada mahasiswa yang bersangkutan.

Demikian disampaikan atas kerjasamanya diucapkan terima kasih.

a.n. Dekan

Wakil Dekan III

Dr Amirah Diniaty, M.Pd. Kons. NIP. 19751115 200312 2 001

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PEMERINTAH PROVINSI RIAU DINAS PENDIDIKAN **SMA NEGERI 1 KAMPAR TIMUR**

Akreditasi: A

: JL. Raya Pekanbaru - Bangkinang Km. 40. Kode Pos Alamat Email

: smansakampar@yahoo.co.id : 10400367 NPSN

: 28461 : (0761) 561171 Telp : 301140661001

SURAT KETERANGAN NO: 422/SMAN-1/KT/023

Yang bertanda tangan di bawah ini Kepala SMAN 1 Kampar Timur, Kabupaten Kampar-Provinsi Riau dengan ini menerangkan bahwa:

Nama

SELLINA ROSA ZUMARNIS

No. Mahasiswa

11910423053

Program Studi

Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris : Tarbiyah dan Keguruan

Fakultas Universitas

: UIN Suska Riau

Jenjang

: S.1

Alamat

: Pekanbaru

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Demikian surat keterangan ini kami buat dengan sesungguhnya, untuk dapat dipergunakan sebagaimana mestinya.

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SELLINA ROSA ZUMARNIS 1. Nama

2. NIM / KTP 119104230530

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4. Jenjang **PEKANBARU**

EXPLORING STUDENTS FOREIGN LANGUAGE SPEAKING ANXIETY INCLASSROOM 5. Alamat

PRESENTATION AT SMAN 1 KAMPAR TIMUR 6. Judul Penelitian

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Kepada pihak yang terkait diharapkan dapat memberikan kemudahan serta membantu kelancaran kegiatan Penelitian dan Pengumpulan Data dimaksud.

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Judul Penelitian

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DINAS PENDIDIKA

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Lokasi Penelitian

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Universitas UIN Suska Riau

Jenjang

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- Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau.
- 2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau



Documentations















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- l. Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber: a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.
- b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau.
- 2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau.





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- Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.
- b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau.
- 2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau.

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Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.

Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau.

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KEMENTERIAN AGAMA UNIVERSITAS ISLAM NEGERI SULTAN SYARIF KASIM RIAU

KEGURUAN



EDUCATION AND TEACHER TRAINING

paru Riau 28293 PO. BOX 1004 Telp. (0761) 7077307 Fax (0761) 21129

KEGIATAN BIMBINGAN MAHASISWA SKRIPSI MAHASISWA

: Proposal 1. Jenis yang dibimbing

a. Seminar usul Penelitian

Penulisan Laporan Penelitian

2. Nama Pembimbing

Zelly Putriani, M. Pd

a. Nomor Induk Pegawai (NIP)

3. Nama Mahasiswa

Sellina Rosa Zumarnis

Nomor Induk Mahasiswa

11910423053

5. Kegiatan

Bimbingan Penulisan Proposal Penelitian

No.	Tanggal Konsultasi	Materi Bimbingan	Tanda Tangan	Keterangan
1.	31 Mei 2022	Bimbingan Judul dan Metode Penelitian	ze.	-
2.	26 Desember 2022	Bimbingan BAB 1,2 dan 3	3e-	P
3.	14 Januari 2023	ACC Proposal	220	P

Pekanbaru, 14 Januari 2023 Pembimbing,

utriani, M. Pd 130117078

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Ri



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UIN SUSKA RIAU

WEMENTERIAN AGAMA UNIVERSITAS ISLAM NEGERI SULTAN SYARIF KASIM RIAU **KEMENTERIAN AGAMA** FAKULTAS TARBIYAH DAN KEGURUAN

مراجی آل گیری سال گیالے

FACULTY OF EDUCATION AND TEACHER TRAINING

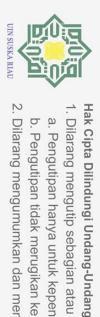
Alamat : Jl. H. R. Soebrantas Km. 15 Tampan Pekanbaru Riau 28293 PO. BOX 1004 Telp. (0761) 7077307 Fax. (0761) 21129

LAMPIRAN BERITA ACARA UJIAN PROPOSAL

Nama Nomor Induk Mahasiswa Hari/ Tanggal Judul Proposal Penelitian	9alina Ro s a Jumarnis 119 104 230 Jumat / 20 Januari 2013
NO	

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State Islamic Uni									
State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim	No: De:	te: ngan ha	With.	en Pembi	mbing dapat m	emperhati	kan kepi	Pekanbaru, 20 Januari 2023. Penguji II Nurdian a, M.Pd. Itusan seminar ini dalam memperbaiki	

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Hak milik

KEMENTERIAN AGAMA UNIVERSITAS ISLAM NEGERI SULTAN SYARIF KASIM RIAU

KEGURUAN FAKULTAS TARBIYAH DAN

FACULTY OF EDUCATION AND TEACHER TRAINING

PENGESAHAN PERBAIKAN UJIAN PROPOSAL

Nama Mahasiswa

UIN SUSKA RIAU

: SELLINA ROSA ZUMARNIS

Nomor Induk Mahasiswa

: 11910423053

Hari/Tanggal Ujian

: Jum'at/ 20 Januari 2023

Judul Proposal Ujian

: Exploring Students' Foreign Language Speaking Anxiety in

Classroom Presentation at SMAN 1 Kampar Timur

Isi Proposal

: Proposal ini sudah sesuai dengan masukan dan saran yang

dalam Ujian proposal

No	NAMA	JABATAN -	TANDA TANGAN		
140			PENGUJI I	PENGUJI II	
1.	Nuardi, M. Ed	PENGUJI I	<u>Q.</u>		
2.	Nurdiana, M. Pd	PENGUJI II		- Ja	

Mengetahui a.n. Dekan Wakil Dekan I

> Dr. Zarkasih, M.Ag. NIP. 19721017 199703 1 004

Pekanbaru, 31 Januari 2023 Peserta Ujian Proposal

Sellina Rosa Zumarnis NIM. 11910423053

Ri

State Islamic Univers tan Syarif Kasim

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a Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.

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UIN SUSKA RIAU

KEMENTERIAN AGAMA UNIVERSITAS ISLAM NEGERI SULTAN SYARIF KASIM RIAU

FAKULTAS TARBIYAH DAN KEGURUAN

KEGIATAN BIMBINGAN MAHASISWA SKRIPSI MAHASISWA

Skripsi 6. Jenis yang dibimbing

a. Seminar usul Penelitian

b. Penulisan Laporan Penelitian

7. Nama Pembimbing Zelly Putriani, M. Pd

a. Nomor Induk Pegawai (NIP)

8. Nama Mahasiswa Sellina Rosa Zumarnis

9. Nomor Induk Mahasiswa

11910423053

10. Kegiatan

: Bimbingan Penulisan Laporan Penelitian

No.	Tanggal Konsultasi	Materi Bimbingan	Tanda Tangan	Keterangan
1.	15 Februari 2023	Bimbingan Instrumen Penelitian	23	
2.	16 Februari 2023	ACC Instrumen Penelitian	ze-	6
3.	27 Februari 2023	Bimbingan Metode Pengambilan Data	30	f
4.	31 Maret 2023	Bimbingan BAB 4 dan BAB 5	250	P
5.	14 April 2023	Bimbingan Keseluruhan	200	P
6.	8 Mei 2023	Bimbingan Abstrak	30	P
7.	12 Mei 2023	ACC Skripsi	20	P

Pekanbaru, 12 Mei 2023 Pembimbing,

Putriani, M. Pd NIK. 130117078

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Ri

Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah. ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:

Hak C ota milik UIN

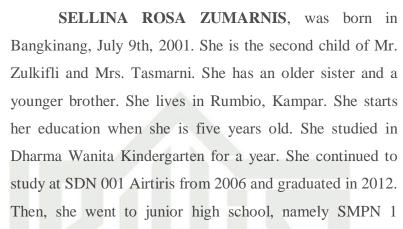
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Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis

Curriculum Vitae



Kampar which is also located in Airtiris. After graduating from there, she studied at SMAN 1 Kampar Timur, which is known as one of the Model Senior High Schools in Riau, and graduated in 2019.

In the middle year of 2019, she was accepted to be one of the students of the English Education Department, Faculty of Education and Teacher Training, UIN SUSKA RIAU. She joined the SAEED (Student Association of English Education Department) from 2020 to 2021. She is also known as the queen of 2019's English Education Department generation who has been selected through an event called WENESPO (at that time known as OCTAF) 2019. Passed eight semesters (offlineonline-offline) with her unstoppable and unbreakable mental, finally, she finished her undergraduate education by passing the thesis examination on May 2023.

Start university life with a broken family, and never stop or even break her dreams. Being the only child of her family who has a bachelor's degree, she studied from her heart in order to make her parents and family proud. She is an independent, talented, and inspirational woman. Being a translator, and tour guide, then around the world with her family is her big dream to reach.

Sultan Syarif Kasim Ri