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PERCEPTION TOWARD ONLINE ENGLISH LEARNING

**DURING COVID-19 PANDEMIC BY THE FIFTH** 

SEMESTER STUDENTS TOWARD ENGLISH

**EDUCATION DEPARTMENT OF** 

**UIN SUSKA RIAU** 





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> **PEKANBARU** 1444H/2022M

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### PERCEPTION TOWARD ONLINE ENGLISH LEARNING **DURING COVID-19 PANDEMIC BY THE FIFTH** SEMESTER STUDENTS TOWARD ENGLISH **EDUCATION DEPARTMENT OF UIN SUSKA RIAU**



### BY ETHA FARHANA PUTRI SIN. 11614201056

A Thesis Submitted to Fulfill One of the Requirements For Undergraduate Degree in English Education (S.Pd.)

DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH EDUCATION FACULTY OF EDUCATION AND TEACHER TRAINING STATE ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF SULTAN SYARIF KASIM RIAU **PEKANBARU** 1444H/2022M

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In the name of Allah, the most gracious and the most merciful, all praises belong to Allah SWT Almighty, The Lord of the Universe .Through His Guidence and blessing, I have completed my academic requirement for the award of Bchelor degree in English Education Department at the Faculty of Education and Tecaher Training, State Islamic University (UIN) of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau. Shalawat and salutation be upon the Prophet Muhammad shallallahu'alaihiwassalam, may Allah's blessing be always upon him, his family, friends, and followers.

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### **ABSTRACT**

Etha Farhana Putri, (2022): **Perception** toward Online English Learning During Covid - 19 Pandemic by the Fifth Semester Students English toward **Education** Department of Uin Suska Riau

The main focus of this research was to find out whether there was a significant Perception toward Online English Learning During Covid – 19 Pandemic by the Fifth Semester Students toward English Education Department of Uin Suska Riau. The researcher using quantitative research, that is: What are the students' perceptions of online learning English during the covid-19 pandemic at 5th semester English education of UIN SUSKA RIAU ?" This research analyzed the students perception in English Leaning during Covid-19. This research was descriptive research. The subject of this research was 5th semester English education of UIN SUSKA RIAU. The researcher selected 53 students of the population by using cluster random sampling technique. In collecting the data, the researcher used questionare. The technique of analyzing data was using percentage formula and it was eased by using Microsoft Excel 2010 program. Based on the data analysis, the researcher conclude that the level of students' Students' perceptions of online learning English during the covid-19 in English at 5th semester English education of UIN SUSKA RIAU is Positif level. And then, the dimension of teaching material is the most dimension that is the dominant dimension in students' perceptions of online learning English during the covid-19 in English at 5th semester English education of UIN SUSKA RIAU.

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### **ABSTRAK**

Hak cipta Etha Farhana Putri, (2021): Persepsi terhadap Pembelajaran Bahasa Online Selama Pandemi Covid-19 **Inggris** Mahasiswa Semester V pada Jurusan Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris Uin Suska Riau.

Fokus utama penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui apakah ada Persepsi yang signifikan terhadap Pembelajaran Bahasa Inggris Online Selama Pandemi Covid-19 oleh Mahasiswa Semester V Jurusan Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris Uin Suska Riau. Peneliti menggunakan penelitian kuantitatif yaitu : Bagaimana persepsi mahasiswa terhadap pembelajaran bahasa Inggris online pada masa pandemi covid-19 pada pendidikan bahasa Inggris semester 5 UIN SUSKA RIAU ?" Penelitian ini menganalisis persepsi siswa dalam Pembelajaran Bahasa Inggris selama Covid-19. Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian deskriptif. Subyek penelitian ini adalah Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris semester 5 UIN SUSKA RIAU. Peneliti memilih 53 siswa dari populasi dengan menggunakan teknik cluster random sampling. Dalam mengumpulkan data, peneliti menggunakan kuesioner. Teknik analisis data menggunakan rumus persentase dan dipermudah dengan menggunakan program Microsoft Excel 2010. Berdasarkan analisis data, peneliti menyimpulkan bahwa tingkat persepsi Mahasiswa tentang pembelajaran bahasa Inggris online selama covid-19 dalam bahasa Inggris pada semester 5 pendidikan bahasa Inggris UIN SUSKA RIAU adalah tingkat Baik. Kemudian, dimensi bahan ajar merupakan dimensi yang paling banyak menjadi dimensi yang dominan dalam persepsi mahasiswa terhadap pembelajaran bahasa Inggris online selama covid-19 dalam bahasa Inggris pada semester 5 pendidikan bahasa Inggris UIN SUSKA RIAU.

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قېزىللاجلاا نع Sight ايرنوف (۲۰۲۲): 453 حيلف دياوك- ١٩ بلاط قبز بالنجلاا ةعمايع ناطلسلا فعرشلا ة غللا مساق قيمل اسلام فيموكلا وإر.

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### LIST OF CONTENTS

⊚ Hak cip	LIST OF CONTENTS	
SUPERVISOR	R APPROVAL	i
EXAMINER A	APPROVAL	ii
ACKNOWLE	DGEMENT	iii
(0	iv	
SABSTRAK	v	
	vi	
LIST OF CON	NTENTS	vii
LIST OF TAB		viii
LIST OF APP	ENDICES	ix
CHAPTER I	INTRODUCTION	
	A. Background of the Problem	1
	B. The Problem of The Research	5
	1. Identification of the Problem	5
50	2. Limitation of the Problem	6
tate	3. Formulation of the Problem	6
Isl	C. The Objectives and the Significance of the Research	6
ami.	1. Objective of the Research	6
c Uni	2. Significance of the Research	6
4	D. The Definition of the Terms	7
CHAPTER II	REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE	
of Su	A. Theoretical Review	9
Ilta	1. Perception	9
n Sy	2. The concept of teaching English	12
arif	3. Using technology in teaching English	15
Ka	4. Online English Learning	16
sim	5. The Dynamics of Online Learning	21
Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau	B. Relevant Research	22
	C. Operational Concept	24

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I CHAPTER III METHODS OF RESEARCH cipta A. Research design ..... 26 B. The Time and The Location of the Research..... 26 milik C. Subject and Object of the Research ..... 26 D. Population and Sample of the Research..... 27 28 E. Technique of collecting the data..... S Sn F. The Technique of Analyzing the Data..... **CHAPTER IV** DATA PRESENTATION AND DATA ANALYSIS A. Findings..... 32 B. Description.... 48 **CHAPTER V CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION** A. Research conclusion..... 50 50 B. Suggestion.....

REFERENCES APPENDICES CURRICULUM VITAE

lamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

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# Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

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### LIST OF TABLES

Table III.1	The Table of Population	28
Table III.2	The Blueprint of Questionnaire	29
Table III.3	Likert Scale	29
Table III.4	Likert Scale for scoring perception of students	30
Table III.5	Students' perception interpretation	31
Table IV.1	The percentage of students' perception of online learning Engli	sh
<u>a</u>	during the covid-19 in English	33
Table IV.2	The lecturer explains English material well through online learn	ning.
		34
Table IV.3	The English material delivered by the leacturer through online	
	learning is in accordance with the syllabus	34
Table IV.4	Online assignments given by the leacturer will be evaluated if the	here
	are errors	35
Table IV.5	Conditions that are conducive to online learning are when the	
Stati	leacturer delivers the material	35
Table IV.6	English learning through online learning was effective during the	ne
am	covid-19 pandemic	36
Table IV.7	The English learning schedule is very supportive, even though it	it
nive	was done online during the covid-19 pandemic	37
Table IV.8	I want to study the English learning media subject that is taught	by
y of	the leacturer during the covid-19 pandemic	37
Table IV.9	I am diligent in working on the English assignments given by t	he
ltan	leacturer through online learning during the covid-19 pandemic	38
Table IV.10	I continue to learn English even though there are no assignment	ts
rif.	during the covid-19.	38
Table IV.11	I am motivated and excited to learn English trough online learn	ing
B	during the covid-19 pandemic	39
Table IV.12	Online learning English can train in managing time	40





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Table IV.13	Online learning teaches honesty in doing assignments from the	
cipt	teacher	40
Table IV.14	Online learning English is not boring	41
Table IV.15	I take English lessons online more actively in order to get good	
	grades	41
Table IV.16	My English skills increase during learning through online	
sus	learning	42
Table IV.17	The leacturer conducts question and answer activities about Eng	lish
a a	material in learning through online learning	43
Table IV.18	The leacturer provides motivation before online learning	
	English	43
Table IV.19	The leacturer explains the purpose of learning English which is	
	given online	44
Table IV.20	The leacturer provides examples of material in the form of video	or
	picture before online learning English	44
Table IV.21	I ask the leacturer when having difficulty learning English throu	gh
State	online learning	45
Table IV.22	The Students' perceptions of online learning English during the	
ami	covid-19.	46
c U <sub>1</sub>		
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### LIST OF TABLES

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Ta X		
сір	LIST OF TABLES	
Table III.1	The Table of Population	28
Table III.2	The Blueprint of Questionnaire	29
Table III.3	Likert Scale	29
Table III.4	Likert Scale for scoring perception of students	30
Table III.5	Students' perception interpretation	31
Table IV.1	The percentage of students' perception of online learning English	sh
Ria	during the covid-19 in English	33
Table IV.2	The lecturer explains English material well through online learn	ing.
		34
Table IV.3	The English material delivered by the leacturer through online	
	learning is in accordance with the syllabus	34
Table IV.4	Online assignments given by the leacturer will be evaluated if the	nere
	are errors	35
Table IV.5	Conditions that are conducive to online learning are when the	
Stat	leacturer delivers the material	35
Table IV.6	English learning through online learning was effective during th	ie
am	covid-19 pandemic	36
Table IV.7	The English learning schedule is very supportive, even though i	t
nive	was done online during the covid-19 pandemic	37
Table IV.8	I want to study the English learning media subject that is taught	by
Table IV.8	the leacturer during the covid-19 pandemic	37
Table IV.9	I am diligent in working on the English assignments given by the	he
ltan	leacturer through online learning during the covid-19 pandemic38	
Table IV.10	I continue to learn English even though there are no assignments	
arif	during the covid-19.	38
Table IV.11	I am motivated and excited to learn English trough online learni	ng
im I	during the covid-19 pandemic	39
Table IV.12	Online learning English can train in managing time	40



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Table IV.14	Online learning English is not boring	41
Table IV.15	I take English lessons online more actively in order to get good	
	grades	41
Table IV.16	My English skills increase during learning through online	
Sus	learning	42
Table IV.17	The leacturer conducts question and answer activities about Eng	lish
Ria	material in learning through online learning	43
Table IV.18	The leacturer provides motivation before online learning	
	English	43
Table IV.19	The leacturer explains the purpose of learning English which is	
	given online	44
Table IV.20	The leacturer provides examples of material in the form of video	or or
	picture before online learning English	44
Table IV.21	I ask the leacturer when having difficulty learning English through	
	online learning	45
Table IV.22	The Students' perceptions of online learning English during the	
ami	covid-19	46



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LIST OF APPENDICES

Hak Cip Appendix 1 Instrument

Appendix 2 Students' Answer

Appendix 3 Students' Score

Appendix 4 Recommendation Letters

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### **CHAPTER I** INTRODUCTION

### A. Background of the Problem

Early in 2020, the corona or covid-19 virus pandemic that swept across the globe including Indonesia is damaging to all human activity sectors, including education. Corona virus disease (covid-19) is a deadly virus that originally originated in the Chinese city of Wuhan and emerged about December 2019, where the virus has been introduced into the ongoing debate, conjectures that it stems from the formation of sars-cov-2 pathogens that occur in China's wildlife market. Since the advent of this virus spread very quickly in China, it then expanded until it eventually spread across the world (World Health Organization, 2020). The virus is transmitted to humans and its infection is by droplet or by drooling and coughing, human contact from daily activity to gathering together without keeping any distance or physical distance, thus causing the entire human activity to be compromised.

According to Pangestu (2020), the education sector is a particularly risky sector when it is carried out in the middle of this corona virus pandemic (covid-19), because of teaching learning that involves a large number of people in a room and with a face to face (meeting) system between a teacher and students at school or college. This is because one of the causes of the widespread viral outbreak is congregational activity in one room or ward and without being accompanied by distance or social distension. Because it has a large risk and can endanger the safety of both Lecturers and learners, school or college learning activities are eliminated and teacher learning activities are eliminated using remote or online learning systems. In addition, with the covid-19 pandemic in early 2020, the

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government issued a call for at home learning activities (Fajrian, 2020). Online learning do by using the internet based meeting applications or social media applications connected with the internet network or the mobile device or the mobile phone and laptop.

Since the dangers posed are so great and are threatening to the rest of humanity, governments have created new policies or regulations such as obligating the use of masks while outside the home, requiring the washing of hands with soap, keeping a safe distance, banned from gathering or crowding, lending only to the home and ban on travel when it is not urgent even the latest is a PSBB policy (large scale social restrictions) implemented in parts of Indonesia (Rothan & Byrareddy, 2020). As a result of such policies affect activism in all sectors, including the education sector because teaching learning directly with meetings or face to face between teacher and students are banned by the government, and school and college are suspended. So teaching activities are switched to remote or online learning systems.

Certainly these long distance or online study habits are a new habit that is still difficult to follow, as Lecturers and learners must make sure the teaching learning activities go on, even though they are at home today. According to Naserly (2020), the solutions used in the online learning system include electronic media such as mobile phones and computer or laptop links to internet networks, as well as applications such as zoom and Google meet to social media applications such as WhatsApp, Telegram, or Instagram.

Online daring methods do not require students to attend classes. Students can access learning via the internet media. According to Garraway Lashley



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(2014), the use of available technologies around us when offset by discussion and guidance will become a platform for developing high-level thinking skills. Developing this technology makes it easier for the use of the internet to access learning materials, interact with content, instructors, and other students, to gain support during the learning process, to gain knowledge, to build a personal meaning, and to grow from the learning experience. Generally, every school can have their own consideration for which model of learning is considered most suitable to be performed at student learning.

Online learning can be the most difficult of all three to define. Some prefer to distinguish the variance by describing online learning as "wholly" online learning (Oblinger & Oblinger, 2005), whereas others simply reference the technology medium or context with which it is used (lowenthal, Wilson, & Parrish, 2009). Other display direct relationship between previously described modes and online learning by stating that one uses the technology used in the other (Rekkedal et al., 2003; Volery & Lord, 2000). Online learning is described by most authors as access to learning experiences via the use of some technology (Benson, 2002; Carliner, 2004; Conrad, 2002). Both Benson (2002) and Conrad (2002) identify online learning as a more recent version of distance learning which improves access to educational opportunities for learners described as both nontraditional and disenfranchised.

Fedynich, Bradley, and Bradley (2015) investigated perception of online learning. The finding reveals that interaction, between students and the instructor, has a major impact on their satisfaction. Other challenges identified were sufficient learner support that linked to campus resources, and the need for



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Several studies on online learning have been carried out by Firman & Rahayu (2020) examines online learning in the midst of the Covid-19 pandemic. The results show that online learning has flexibility in implementation and able to stimulate students' motivation to be more active and independent in study. While the research conducted by Maulana & Hamidi (2020) about students' perceptions of online learning in practical courses with research results showing that students' perceptions postive with details of teaching and learning aspects of 66,4%, capability aspects (the ability of lecturers, is 74,6%, and aspects of facilities and infrastrucuture are 72,7%.

Based on the informal interview with the students at 5<sup>th</sup> semester English education of UIN SUSKA RIAU, most of them claimed that they found it difficult to online learning, but some of them were not. They think that online learning is

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not effective. The researcher also asked students if the online learning barrier was ineffective. The obstacle is that students find it difficult to understand the material being given, since it cannot be explained in person and in detail by the teacher. They also said that learning is also more likely to lead to training or do the task, leaving the student saturated and less motivated to take thin online learning. Furthermore, they are hampered, so they have a little difficulty collecting assignments. Some students like this online learning, they consider it relatively efficient in collecting assignments. Additionally, online learning can make it easy for students to discuss with their friends, as well as for students to study wherever they are and to collect assignments easily.

From this phenomenon the researcher is interested to conduct the study with the title, Perception toward Online English Learning During Covid-19 Pandemic by the Fifth Semester Students toward English Education Department of UIN Suska Riau.

### B. Problem of the Research

### 1. Identification of the Problems

Based on the explanation above, the researcher identified the problems as

- 1. Some students said online learning English is effective, others say ineffective
- 2. Some students were interested in online learning English, and some said they are less motivated

### 2. Limitation of the Problem

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In this study, the researcher limited the problem mainly to exploring students' perceptions of online learning English during the Covid-19 pandemic that was endemic in Indonesia. 3. Formulation of the Problem

What are the students' perceptions of online learning English during the covid-19 pandemic at 5<sup>th</sup> semester English education of UIN SUSKA RIAU?

### C. Objectives and Significance of the Research

1. The Objectives of the Research

The objective of this study is to know students' perceptions of online learning English during the covid-19 pandemic at 5<sup>th</sup> semester English education of UIN SUSKA RIAU.

### 2. Significance of the Research

The result from this research is to expect to be use theoretical and practically:

### 1. Theoretically

This research can support and complement previous theories related to the use of e-learning for learning English.

### 2. Practically

The research expects that the finding of the research can be useful for:

### a. For students

Online Learning can be used as a learning medium for learning English during the Covid-19 pandemic. Students can use Online

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### b. For Teacher

It is hoped that this research can provide inspiration or ideas to
Lecturers in teaching English through Online learning. Lecturers
can use Online learning as an alternative medium for teaching
English without having to face to face directly in the classroom.
Then from the perception of student the teacher can know the
extent of student understanding of the material delivered through
Online Learning. Whether there are obstacles or not.

### D. Definition of Term

### 1. Students' Perception

In recent years, several studies have been published exploring student perception and expectation regarding e – learning (Wang, 2004). Keller and Cernerud (2002) have identified variables such as age, gender, previous experience of computers, technology acceptance and individual learning styles as major predictive factor when discussing acceptance of technology by students.

### 2. Online English Learning

According to Waryanto (2006), Online learning is one of learning is one of learning using electronic media. Online learning is an example of e-learning. Using the internet network that connects student and Lecturers,

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so that there is direct interaction in learning even though in a different room. Online learning is a teaching and learning process that utilizes the internet and digital media in delivering material. The online learning method is considered to be closer to the current generation of student who are knows to be very integrated with technology products. This is a form of digitization in the world of education that has many benefits. With online learning, it can help students to learn lessons that students cannot at school. The use of the internet allows everyone to communicate with other people.

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### **CHAPTER II** LITERATURE REVIEW

### A. Theoretical Review

### 1. Perception

Humans are created differently, each individual has different perceptions. The existence of differences between individuals with each other by liking one object and some who do not like the object, it really depends on how the individual responds to the object with its perception. Perception is the set of processes by which an individual becomes aware of and interprets information about the environment, perception refers to the way we try to understand to world around us we gather information through our five sense organ. According term the perception used to express of the experience of an object or something events experienced. Perception is our experience of the information content, this representation we can compare them with previous experience and how the way you notice or understand something using one of your sense.

Moreover, there are some definitions and perspectives of perception proposed by other experts. To start with, Konent (2011), stated that perception is the whole process conscious human mind in drawing on the surrounding environment. Therefore, the perception can be summed perception is the process of understanding the meaning to the stimulus. Stimulus obtained from the sensing of object, events, or relationship between symptoms which are then processed by brain process cognition starts from perception. Moreover, Qiong



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(2017) said that perception is a process experienced to achieve awareness or understanding of sensory information. In addition, Walgito (2010) stated that perception is a process that is preceded by the sensing process, which is the process of receiving stimulus by individuals through the sensory devices or also called sensory processes. But the process does not just stop, but the stimulus is continued and the next process is the process of perception.

Based on the definitions of perception above, the writer can summarize that students" perception is the way students interpret the picture and understanding of what is felt. This process goes through stages starting from collecting, recognizing, and interpreting the sensory information that is obtained.

In addition, According to Qiong (2017) there are three stages of the perception process, as follows:

### 1. Selection

The first stage in the process of perception is selection, in this stage the environmental stimulus turns into meaningful experience.

### 2. Organization

The second stage in the process of perception is an organization. After getting information from the outside world, information needs to be arranged in a certain way by finding meaningful patterns. There are two characteristics in this stage. First, the organizing process provides the structure of human



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perception. In this stage, raw stimuli from the outside world are placed into meaningful experiences of structured humans. Second, the process shows that human perception has stability. In other words, after selecting a stimulus and putting it into a category, the selected stimulus becomes more durable. 3. Interpretation

> The third stage in perception is interpretation, that is referred to the process of attaching meaning to what is chosen by the stimulus. However, each person will give a different interpretation despite getting the same stimulus.

According to Suemanto (in rohani, 2009: 7) perception does not only happen in one time, but it can happen in the past, present and future. He divides perception into three types: the past, present, and future perception. The past perception is a reaction to stimulus by developing personal impression oriented to the past observation. The next perception is present perception or imagination perception. The last is future perception on initiative perception. Future perception means a reaction to stimulus by developing personal impression oriented to the future observation.



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### 2. The Concept of Teaching English

Sujanto (in Rohani, 2009:8) says that each individual has her/his own types of perception which are grouped into five such as visual, auditive, motorical, tactile, and mixed perception. Visual means that one has a good memory of what he saw and auditive means that one can remember well what that they heard, motorical means that one has good memory of what he felt, tactile means has a good memory of what he touched, and mixed means that the fower for everything that they have sensed.

English is a universal language because it is spoken by most of the world as the predominant language. Moreover, English is an international language that is important for master or study. In Indonesia, English is a foreign, but it occupies an important position in the daily life of our society. This is clearly seen in education in Indonesia. English is one of the lesson taught to learners from the basic level to the college.

For Indonesians who don't speak English, English is the context of a foreign language. However, most school Lecturers may not be prepared enough to teach English. According to Kusuma (2020), states that a matter of concern is developing English proficiency and teacher teaching skills. Lecturers and educators should be prepared to adapt to various changes. Moreover, Guskey (2003) statde that high quality professional development serves to develop educators" knowledge, attitudes, skills, aspirations, and behavior of



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educators, so that they can, in turn, apply what they have learned to improve practice in the hope of student learning can increase.

In Indonesia, the concept of learning tends to apply practices (memorizing vocabulary, and reading aloud), translation, discussion of theories, and filling in the item questions (LKS), face to face in the classroom. So that students are powerless, unenergetic, learners are lazy and uninterested, given the boredom, the atmosphere of monotonous learning, and learning do not attract learners, it becomes disagreeable. According to Damar et al. (2013), a variety of English learning techniques can certainly attract learners, a challenge for English Lecturers. It needs the growing innovation of Lecturers so that students can be actively engaged in the learning process.

The first power of communication is the internet, then the language. The power of the internet allows humans to communicate real time and gives humans a choice as to how they communicate. Now, with the same means of communication, the internet can write, speak, or video conference anyone in the world who has the ability to connect. TIK as an amazing medium of information has been a positive development for the educational world. Sadiman et al. (2009) concludes that media is everything that can be used to transmit messages from sender to receiver and thus stimulate the mind, feelings, attention, and interests of the student body and attention in such a way that learning takes place. The use of a typewriter in this regard can certainly be directed to support the student learning



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process. Especially, in this day and age, the circumstances under which students cannot go to school as usual are due to the prevalence.

Based on the government appeals for distance and reduce social interaction as a preventive measure against the spread of the corona virus or covid-19, several schools in Indonesia have closed teaching and learning activities and introduced online learning. In addition, Putri (2020) states that it is expected that this condition should not discourage students from learning, since teaching them remains a top priority for us to consider together. With technological advances backing, we can use them by studying online through several programs, such as Google Classroom, Zoom Meeting, Group WhatsApp, etc.

Technology support is a solution that allows students to study at home, but it remains effective and fun. Moreover, with the rapid development of technology, the emergence of multimedia technology and its applications for teaching, displaying audio, visuals and animation effects brings a distinctive color to English teaching and establishes a favorable platform for reform and exploration of the English teaching model in the new era. Indeed, Dockstader (2008), states that technological innovation has been going well with the growth of English and changing the way students communicate. It is evident that technology played a positive role in promoting students" activities and initiatives in the English learning process.

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3. Using Technology in Teaching English

In the digital world, where everything is under internet control, its difficult to ignore the existence and contribution of technology to English teaching. Media such as videos, podcasts, work sheets, elearning, apps, and websites, and other technology tools are very helpful. Gilakjani (2014) said English learning is a difficult second language teaching process, various factors contribute and combine together to achieve the success of the undertaking. To produce good results, Lecturers must devote much time and effort to determining the most rewarding, appropriate, and effective teaching methods. Not only is everyday realities affected by new technologies but also the development of language skills began to depend on it. As the number of English learners is increasing, fortunately, more modern tools and technology tools are being implemented into the teaching process. Nowadays, Lecturers tend to use such tools as videos, podcasts, worksheet, e-learning, apps, and website, which are accessible through electronic devices such as personal computer, or mobile phones.

According to Eady & Lockyer (2013), a key role in eliminating monotonous activities from the class is occupied by the video, which promotes vocabulary expansion and listening skills. While children prefer to watch cartoons or animated stories, older students are more likely to watch a documentary on a trip. A video containing the lyrics of a song is both entertaining and provides many choices in view of

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the fact that a teacher can use a students" favorite song. As a result of the activity, students can have language learning experiences not only audio but also visually. This gave them a better context and an insight into the natural use of English. The majority of younger students have access to as much information online as possible. In this regard teacher can use countless resources that stimulate and enhance every aspect of language skills. Some online games, for example, provide a classroom environment with a variety of free and available games for everyone. The game design students to practice and examine such as the target vocabulary, the construction of a certain grammar, or an understanding of the text. In addition, students have the opportunity to train their skills at home by downloading apps and games on their cell phones or computers. Teacher may even display this game on an interactive whiteboard and involve the whole class.

Baytak et al. (2011) claim that using technology has significantly altered English teaching techniques. Technology provides so many choices such as making teaching interesting and also making teaching more productive in terms of increasing students" ability to use English. In the traditional classroom, teacher usually stand before the students and give talks and also give explanations and instructions using the board. The technique needs to be modified slightly with regard to the development of technology.

### 4. Online English Learning



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Nowadays, students and teacher can also do teaching and learning activities online. E-Learning is a teaching and learning system that uses information and communication technology (Naidu, 2006). The letter "e" in e-learning means "electronic", e-learning can combine all educational activities carried out by individuals or groups working online or offline, through networked or independent computers and other electronics.

According to Hartley (2001), E-Learning is a type of teaching and learning that allow teaching materials to be delivered to students using the internet, internet, or other computer network media. Elearning is an asynchronous learning activity through computer electronic devices to obtain learning materials that suit their needs, meaning learning activities that can be done anytime and anywhere. There is no time limit for learning. There are three components of E-Learning, namely technology, content, and learning design. These three components should be fulfilled because if one of these components does not exist, it is no longer E-Learning. E-Learning means learning using electronic means. There are various kinds of electronic means such as radio, tape or audio, interactive tv, CD ROM, computer set, LCD projector, OHP ,and others (Khasanah et al., 2020). This shows that the means of e-learning are not only electronic media connected to computer networks. Another case with online learning, which means learning is carried out with electronic media online. The main requirement for online electronic media is to be

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There are many kinds of E-Learning: Distance Learning (PJJ), Web-based Teaching, Computer Assisted Teaching, Technology-Based Learning, and Online Learning. Each type of learning has own pattern that will differentiate between one another. All of this learning uses electronic media as a tool to convey learning material. There are also those who have to be connected to the internet to access material.

According to Waryanto (2006), Online learning is one of learning is one of learning using electronic media. Online learning is an example of e-learning. Using the internet network that connects student and Lecturers, so that there is direct interaction in learning even though in a different room. Online learning is a teaching and learning process that utilizes the internet and digital media in delivering material. The online learning method is considered to be closer to the current generation of student who are knows to be very integrated with technology products. This is a form of digitization in the world of education that has many benefits. With online learning, it can help students to learn lessons that students cannot at school. The use of the internet allows everyone to communicate with other people.

According to Gomez-Rey (2016) states that online learning platforms are a way to structure instruction, which encourages optimal content organization. Student interaction in online learning platforms can reduce the workload of lecturers, improve learning and teaching

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processes inside and outside the classroom. The online learning platform is a learning tool that brings together lecturers student and parents, student, communication and information tools both inside and outside the classroom. There are various platforms used in online learning including zoom, WhatsApp Group, Google Form, Google Drive, YouTube, Telegram, etc.

The covid-19 outbreak makes us have to limit social interaction to break the chain of its spread, including the teaching and learning process in classrooms. However, education must continue, one of which is by utilizing an online learning system. With this system we don't need to meet, but the teaching and learning process can continue. Currently, learning and teaching is carried out online using personal computers (PCs) or laptops and android phones that are able to connect to an internet network connection. The device most often used by students and Lecturers at 5th semester English education of UIN SUSKA RIAU during the learning process during this pandemic was an android phone (smartphone). Smartphone are able to support the continuity of the learning process through applications needed during distance learning by both Lecturers and students. Distance learning is carried out using several application options, namely WhatsApp, Telegram, the zoom application and using the Google Classroom Web.The application was chosen because it can be used according to the needs of its users. WhatsApp and Telegram can send text messages, voice and video messages, various kinds of pictures or



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photos, videos, learning material documents and more. The Google Classroom application functions the same as WhatsApp and Telegram but the application is commonly used for discussions and sending assignments to make it easier and tidier, while the Zoom application is for face-to-face online meetings so that Lecturers can see the faces of their students who pay attention to the teacher when providing material explanations.

One application that is often used in the learning English process is Telegram. Telegram messenger is a messaging application for smartphones using an internet connection (3G, 4G, or wifi) for data communication. In Telegram there is group chat content, that is, in a group consisting of several people, and capable of large numbers. Telegram groups are content in the Telegram application which is currently popular, although previously some people have used it for the benefit of chatting with friends or extended family. Telegram as a learning medium, Lecturers will usually provide material and explanations via Telegram class groups created by their homeroom teacher. The teacher also sends subject matter in the form of a video, voice message, or a file (power point or Ms. Word). For assignment, the teacher usually asked students to do or create something creative using online media. As well as submitting assignment via Google classroom or sending assignment via Telegram chat to the teacher concerned.



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According to Dabbagh & Bannan-Ritland (2005), they stated that online learning is a learning system that is open and spread using pedagogical devices (educational aids), which is made possible through internet and network based technology for facilitate the formation of learning and knowledge processes through meaningful action and interaction. Online learning in learning English allows students to interact directly and exercise direct control on sources of information, so that students can control and access what they need. Learning with online media also allows Lecturers to be free interact with students so that learning makes learning focused on the information being learned.

# 5. The Dynamics of Online Learning

Moore et al. (2011) stated that online learning is a type or learning process that relies on an internet connection to carry out the learning process. It can be conclude that the teaching staff and students can learn only by relying on an internet connection and supporting media and there is no need for classroom to carry out the learning process. Explicitly, the actual process of activities in online learning has a consequence that all activities can be carried out in a more mobile and dynamic manner.

There are several problems that commonly arise in online learning, as stated by Fortune et al. (2011) that there are three problems that usually arise in online learning, namely: material or teaching mode, students interaction, and learning atmosphere.



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Dimensions of teaching materials teaching materials have a very important role in the learning process. The teaching material presented must be able to meet the ideal criteria for students including: content that suits student needs, systematic teaching material that makes it easier for students to learn it, and the use of clear vocabulary and writing styles so that it is easily understood by students. Dimensions of student interaction is very important in the learning process both between students and students, between students and teacher to arouse enthusiasm for learning, so that in the end students can achieve maximum results. According to Lin & Lin (2015), student interaction between students and students and Lecturers must always be built to improve communication and discussion about every activity in the teaching and learning process. Dimensions of the atmosphere or learning environment plays a very important role in the learning process to create a comfortable atmosphere and motivate students to learn so that they can achieve better learning outcomes. According to Radovan & Makovec (2015), the learning environment is an important part of helping students have a high enthusiasm for learning, therefore the learning environment must be able to create calm and motivate teaching and learning activities.

# B. Relevant Resesarch

The researcher also have found some relevant studies. At first, Zhafira et al., (2020), entitled "Persepsi Mahasiswa Terhadap Perkuliahan Daring Sebagai Sarana Pembelajaran Selama Masa Karantina Covid-19".

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The research reviewed the students" perceptions of economic faculty, Teuku Umar University regarding the online learning models related to media use, learning styles, and certain types of communication that students enjoy from online learning and teaching activities. The participant in this research 165 students of economic faculty, Teuku Umar University who was involved in online learning during the covid-19 quarantine period. This research collect the data using questionnaire. As a result, 53% of students are familiar with various online learning media. Whatsapp and Google Classroom are the most popular media. In addition, the most desirable communication pattern is a semi-bidirectional pattern.

Second, Hikmat et al. (2020) with the titled "Efektivitas Pembelajaran Daring Selama Masa Pandemi Covid-19". This research is a quantitative descriptive study using a survey method which is conducted online. By distributing questionnaire to 100 respondents. The result of this study indicate that zoom and whatsapp applications in the social and political science faculty UIN Sunan Gunung Djati Bandung are alternatives to learning face to face in the middle of covid-19. Online learning is only effective for theoretical and practical subjects, while field subjects are not effectively done online. In addition, so that online lectures can run effectively, the implementation must be planned starting from the readiness of students, lecturers, and teaching materials. Furthermore, students who use electronic devices such as mobile phones and laptops need to be aware of this as they are affecting mental and physical heath.

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Third, Adijaya & Santosa (2018) under the titled "Persepsi Mahasiswa Dalam Pembelajaran Daring". The research aims to explore several problems in online learning based on students" perceptions by giving questionnaires from 100 students based on what has been analyzed. Researcher found some problems in interacting. Not just from student to student, but from student to lecturer as well. To help students develop their interactions, teacher will create a group on social media.

Indeed, this research continuing the previous research by Mulyani, 2020, entitled "Students" Perception and Motivation Toward English E-Learning during Covid-19 Pandemic". This research aims to determine students" perception and how students' motivation towards learning English during the covid-19 pandemic. Data collection in this research used a questionnaire and descriptive interview. Descriptive research by using qualitative-quantitative techniques was considered as an appropriate approach as a type of research.

The difference between this research and previous research is that this research focuses on knowing students" perceptions in general about online learning during the covid-19 pandemic in English subject. Data collection uses a questionnaire whose contents are adaptation from previous research, and the design of this research is a survey method.

# C. Operational Concept

Operational concept is used to give limitation to the theoretical framework in order to avoid misunderstanding and misinterpretation in this research. Operational concept is a concept consists of some indicators



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- Hak cipta Operational concept is delivered from related theoretical concept on all of the variables that should be practically and empirically operated in milik UIN Suska
  - carrying out the research, it is necessary to clarify the variables used in

academic writing- a research paper. In order to avoid misunderstanding in

that guide the researcher to measure some related aspects of variables.

analyzing data. In this research, According to Fortune et al. (2011) said

that there are three dimensions that usually arise in online learning namely:

- Dimension of teaching material
- Dimension of atmosphere or learning environment
- Dimension of student interaction

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# **CHAPTER III** RESEARCH METHOD

# A. Research Design

This research is a descriptive study with a quantitative approach. The method used is a survey method. According to (Sugiyono, 2010), descriptive research is used to analyze data by describing the data that has been collected as it is without intending to make conclusions that apply to the general public and its generalization. Saifuddin (2012), stated that descriptive research aims to systematically and accurately describe the facts and characteristics of a population or a particular field.

According to Kountur (2005), descriptive research has the following characteristics: relates to the current situation, describes only one variable or several variables but is described one by one, and the variables studied are not manipulated. This research seeks to analyze and explain the perceptions of 5<sup>th</sup> semester students toward online learning English during the covid-19 pandemic at English education department of UIN SUSKA RIAU descriptively and supported by percentage figures. This research method is a survey method using a questionnaire instrument.

# **B.** Time and Location of the Research

This writer will be conducted on September 2021. The location of the research will be at English Education Department of UIN SUSKA RIAU, located on Jl. HR. Soebrantas Panam, Riau.

# C. Subject and Object of the Research

The subject of the research will be the fifth semester at English Education Department of UIN SUSKA RIAU. The object of the research

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will be the students' perception of online learning English during the COVID – 19 Pandemic at 5<sup>th</sup> semester English Education of UIN SUSKA RIAU.

# D. Population and Sample of the Research

# 1. Population of the Research

According to Sugiyono (2010), population is a generalization area consisting of object or subject that have certain qualities and characteristics that are determined by researcher to be studied and then draw conclusion. Moreover, Sukardi (2012) stated that population can be such as Lecturers, learners, curriculum, facilitations, school organization, and others. Meanwhile, according to Arikunto (2013), population is the entire object of research. The population of this research will be 25% of the 5th semester of English Education Department at UIN SUSKA RIAU. Focus on English subject while online learning during the COVID - 19 pandemic.

> Table III.1 **Table of Population**

Class	Donulation	Population		
Class	Population	Male	Female	
5 a	26	4 4	22	
5 b	28	3	25	
5 c	27	4	23	
5 d	25	3	22	
Total	106	14	92	

# 2. Sample of the Research

Sugiyono (2010) defined sample is part of the number and characteristics of the population. In this research, for technique

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sampling the researcher used convenience sampling. According to Sukardi (2012) claimed that convenience sampling is the technique of sampling that accidental happened. The researcher only chosen the sample from everyone who meet accidently at a place, time, or a chosen way. The researcher took semester V as sample. There are 106 students. As mentioned before, there was a university" long day off due to the corona pandemic, it cause the researcher made questionnaire in the form of Google Forms distributed and through students" Whatsapp groups. Therefore, the sample will be half of the students in semester V, it will be 53 students.

# E. Technique of Collecting the Data

Research instrument is a tool used to measure observed natural and social phenomena. Specifically, all these phenomena are called research variables (Sugiyono, 2010). This research method is a survey method using a questionnaire instrument.

Data for the study was collected through the analysis of student perception of their experience with online course. Students with no personal experience in online leaning courses were included in the study. Data for this study was collected through the analysis of student perception based on their personal experiences with online learning. The survey, designed in likert scale format for rating statements, related to four major topic areas. The nineteen statements on the survey were sorted into the above categories for purposes of addressing the research questions. However, when we sorted them, we found that many of the statements



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applied to more than one category. Table 2 shows the categories and identifies how they were grouped.

Table III.2 The Blueprint of Questionnaire

NO	DIMENSIONS	QUESTIONS' ITEM
1	dimension of teaching material	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6
2	dimension of atmosphere or learning environment	7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14
3	dimension of student interaction	15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20

The questionnaire in this instrument used Likert Scale. Sugiyono (2014) claimed that the Likert Scale is used to measure attitudes, opinion and perceptions a person or group of people about social phenomena.

Table3.II **Likert Scale** 

tate	State	Statement		onses
Isla	State		Positive	Negative
ımic	Strongly agree	SS	4	1
Øni	Agree	S	3	2
ner	Disagree	TS	2	3
sity	Strongly disagree	STS	A KIA	4

Of Squestionnaire use Likert Scale in scoring the statement, like the data table below:

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**Table 3.3** Hak cipta milik UIN **Likert Scale for scoring perception of students** 

-					
	Perception	S	A	D	SD
		A			
	+	4	3	2	1
	-	1	2	3	4

Each response category was assessed. For positive items the largest score is 4, the lowest score is 1, and vice versa if the item is negative. An item or perception is said to be positive if, the largest number is in the strongly agree response, whereas if the item or perception is negative, the largest number is in the strongly disagree response.

# F. Technique of Analyzing the Data

Quantitative data analysis, this research data was analyzed use several steps. First, the researcher rank respondents" data based on when the questionnaire was collected. Second, the data that has been received is then entered into the research table. Third, in the research table, the researcher calculates the percentage of respondents who are divided into four parts, namely strongly agree, agree, disagree, strongly disagree. The use of scale classification in this research is to measure the agreement and disagreement of respondents to the object in the questionnaire. The statements contained in the questionnaire contain content that will be assessed by respondents. So in this study, the result of the data is ordinal data (tiered without a score). The numbers used are just sequences to make it easier for the researcher. So, the analysis is only in the form of frequencies (numbers) or proportions (percentages). From the results of this percentage will be found the results of a questionnaire regarding the

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perceptions of students. In analyzing the data, the researcher uses the Likert scale to determine the interval frequency classification. Below is the table of rating of students' perception interpretation.

**Table 3.4** Students' perception interpretation

No	Score	Categories
1	80-100	Very positive
2	60-79.99	Positive
3	40-59.99	Uncertain
4	20-39.99	Negative
5	0-19.99	Very negative

After the factors is known, we use the formulation:

$$P = \frac{F}{N} \times 100\%$$

## **Boldness:**

= Frequency of Score obtained from student enthusiasm

N = Sum up maximum score

= Number Percentage

(Sudijono, 2008)

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# **CHAPTER V** CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

# **Research conclusion**

By referring to the data analysis in chapter IV, the researcher found that for the total score is 3985, then the mean score is 75,19. And after that the writer analyzed it into the indicators, because the writer wanted to know the level of students' perceptions of online learning English during the covid-19 in English at 5th semester English education of UIN SUSKA Riau. So the level of students' Students' perceptions of online learning English during the covid-19 in English at 5th semester English education of UIN SUSKA iau is Good level. And then, the dimension of teaching material is the most dimension that is the dominant dimension in students' perceptions of online learning English during the covid-19 in English at 5th semester English education of UIN SUSKA Riau.

# **Suggestions**

On this occasion, the researcher suggests to those who get some benefits from this research.

- 1. Suggestion for English Lecturers:
  - a. The Lecturers of English on the students' perception at 5th semester English education of UIN SUSKA Riau should know find the way to solve this problem to increase their skill in English.
  - b. Lecturers should give much more attention to the students' students' perceptions of online learning English during the covid-

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19 in English at 5th semester English. And find the way how to teach students and also give the good atmosphere to increase their students' skills of online learning English during the covid-19 in English at 5th semester English and to decrease their difficulties.

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**RESEARCH QUESTIONARE** 

™Name:

Class/Semester:

-Age:

Ø

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This questionare is only a tool to measure the students' perception in online learning for the COVID-19 or pandemic issue. Please answer the stated with the scale on the table with cross or checklist!

3A: Strongly Agree

A: Agree
D: Disagree

SD: Strongly Disagree

70

<sup>∞</sup> No.	Statement	SA	A	D	SD
1	The leacturer explains English material well through online learning.				
2	The English material delivered by the leacturer through online learning is in accordance with the syllabus				
3	Online assignments given by the leacturer will be evaluated if there are errors				
State Is	Conditions that are conducive to online learning are when the leacturer delivers the material				
slamic l	English learning through online learning was effective during the covid-19 pandemic				
J'hivers	The English learning schedule is very supportive, even though it was done online during the covid-19 pandemic				
ty of Si	I want to study the English learning media subject that is taught by the leacturer during the covid-19 pandemic				
Riversity of Sultan Syarif Rasi	I am diligent in working on the English assignments given by the leacturer through online learning during the covid-19 pandemic				
Rasim	I continue to learn English even though there are no assignments during the covid-19				
Kiau	I am motivated and excited to learn English trough online learning during the covid-19 pandemic				



# Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber: Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah

2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau

@ 1 Online learning English can train in managing time <u>w</u>12 Online learning teaches honesty in doing assignments from the teacher <u>a</u>13 Online learning English is not boring =14 I take English lessons online more actively in order to get good grades 45 My English skills increase during learning through online learning <u>a</u>16 The leacturer conducts question and answer activities about W English material in learning through online learning 17 The leacturer provides motivation before online learning English 18 The leacturer explains the purpose of learning English which is given online The leacturer provides examples of material in the form of video 19 or picture before online learning English 20 I ask the leacturer when having difficulty learning English through online learning S ate Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

Adopted from Angraini (2021)



2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah. b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. . Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:

Nama:

**Kelas/Semester:** 

Usia:

C

Kuesioner ini hanya sebagai alat untuk mengukur persepsi siswa dalam pembelajaran online untuk isu COVID-19 atau pandemi. Jawablah pernyataan yang tertera dengan skala di atas meja dengan tanda silang atau daftar periksa!

SA: Sangat Setuju

A: Setuju D: Tidak setuju

SD: Sangat Tidak Setuju

Tidak.	Penyataan	SA	SEBUAH	D	SD
1	Dosen menjelaskan materi bahasa Inggris dengan baik melalui pembelajaran online.				
2	Materi bahasa Inggris yang disampaikan oleh dosen melalui pembelajaran online sesuai dengan silabus				
3	Tugas online yang diberikan oleh dosen akan dievaluasi jika ada kesalahan	1			
⁴State	Kondisi yang kondusif untuk pembelajaran online adalah ketika dosen menyampaikan materi				
IS amic	Pembelajaran bahasa Inggris melalui pembelajaran online efektif selama pandemi covid-19				
University	Jadwal belajar bahasa Inggris sangat mendukung, walaupun dilakukan secara online di masa pandemi covid-19	U			
of Sultan S	Saya ingin mempelajari matakuliah media pembelajaran bahasa Inggris yang diajari oleh dosen selama pandemi covid-19				
yarif Kasin	Saya rajin mengerjakan tugas bahasa Inggris yang diberikan oleh dosen melalui pembelajaran online selama pandemi covid-19				
n Riau	Saya tetap belajar bahasa inggris walaupun tidak ada tugas selama masa covid-19				



a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah. b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau.

2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau.

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang . Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber: <u>Itan Syarif Kasim Riau</u>

90	Saya termotivasi dan bersemangat untuk belajar bahasa			
Ha	Inggris melalui pembelajaran online selama			
k cip	pandemi covid-19			
<u>al</u> 1	Belajar bahasa Inggris online bisa melatih dalam			
B E:	mengatur waktu			
<u>-</u> 12	Pembelajaran online mengajarkan kejujuran dalam			
Z	mengerjakan tugas dari dosen			
13 S	Belajar bahasa Inggris online tidak membosankan			-
<u>a</u> 14	Saya mengambil pelajaran bahasa Inggris online lebih			
R a	aktif untuk mendapatkan nilai bagus			
15	Kemampuan bahasa Inggris Anda meningkat selama			
	belajar melalui pembelajaran online			
16	Dosen melakukan kegiatan tanya jawab tentang materi			
	bahasa Inggris dalam pembelajaran melalui			
	pembelajaran online			
17	Dosen memberikan motivasi sebelum belajar bahasa			
(0)	Inggris online			
<u>=</u> 18	Dosen menjelaskan tujuan pembelajaran bahasa Inggris			
e Isl	yang diberikan secara online			
<b>E</b> 19	Dosen memberikan contoh materi berupa video atau			
c U	gambar sebelum pembelajaran bahasa Inggris			
nive	online			
20	Saya bertanya kepada dosen ketika mengalami	П		
ty of Su	kesulitan belajar bahasa Inggris melalui			
Sul	pembelajaran online			

Diadopsi dari Anggraini (2021)



# 0 Hak cipta milik UIN Suska Riau

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah. Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:

b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau.

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

UIN SUSKA

QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONDS



# 0 Hak cipta milik UIN Suska Riau

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang . Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:

DATA RECAPITULATION

2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau. b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.



Hak cipta milik UIN Suska Riau

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

PPEN

Recommendation Letters and

Supervisions

# Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

- Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:
- b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.
- 2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau



# APPENDIX

5

DOCUMENTATION

UIN SUSKA RIAU

# Hak cipła milik UIN Suska Riau

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

- Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang . Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:
- b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah
- 2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau



a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah 0 Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau

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= K

# **KEMENTERIAN AGAMA** UNIVERSITAS ISLAM NEGERI SULTAN SYARIF KASIM RIAU

# **FACULTY OF EDUCATION AND TEACHER TRAINING**

Alamat: Jl. H. R. Soebrantas Km. 15 Tampan Pekanbaru Riau 28293 PO. BOX 1004 Telp. (0761) 7077307 Fax. (0761) 21129

# KEGIATAN BIMBINGAN MAHASISWA SKRIPSI MAHASISWA

Jenis yang dibimbing Proposal

a. Seminar usul Penelitian

b. Penulisan Laporan Penelitian Nama Pembimbing

a. Nomor Induk Pegawai (NIP)

Nama Mahasiswa

Nomor Induk Mahasiswa

Kegiatan

Syarif Kasim Riau

Or Enelos	5.pg ( ) 46
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: 11614201056	

No	Tanggal Konsultasi	Materi Bimbingan	Tanda Tangan	Keterangan
1.	15-09-2021	- Cover - Background Of the Problem - Formulation of the problem		
2-	123-09-2021	- Background of the Problem - Problem of the research - Formulation of the problem		
3.	slan - 10 - 2021	- Tittle - Grammar and research design - Background of the Problem		
4.	F2-10-2021	proposul seminar examination Acc	Syl	
	versit	TIIN SIISKA RI	ATT	
	yofS	OII OODIKI IKI		
	ultai			

Pekanbaru, 0.7. juni 2022 Pembimbing,

Dr. Bukhori, S.Pd.I., M.Pd MP. 197905122007101001



Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau i Undang-Undangduk Mahasiswa
seluruh Kanasiswa
Penelitian

tai

mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber

State Islamic University of

Su

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KEMENTERIAN AGAMA

UNIVERSITAS ISLAM NEGERI SULTAN SYARIF KASIM RIAU

# FAKULTAS TARBIYAH DAN KEGURUAN

FACULTY OF EDUCATION AND TEACHER TRAINING ru Riau 28293 PO. BOX 1004 Telp. (0761) 7077307 Fax. (0761) 21129

# LAMPIRAN BERITA ACARA UJIAN PROPOSAL

Etha tarning pum

11614201056

Sclasa / #4 Desember 2021

Dercephons of Online English Learning

During cous -19 Pandemic by the Fifth Semestr

Sindenk of English Education Department of Um

Suska - RIAU Etha Farhung

URAIAN PERBAIKAN

0 Pourse background of the shidy! Make Mistabes. grunnah cal your uniting Rovisc spacing! Puresu Chapper 3 1.

Rowse Capitalizohon!

Pekanbaru, 14 Dosomher 2021 Penguji II

Penguji I

Amolia, M.pd

Fitti, M.pd

Dengan harapan Dosen Pembimbing dapat memperhatikan keputusan seminar ini dalam memperbaiki proposal mahasiswa yang dibimbing





Judul Proposal Ujian

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N 9

Isi Proposal

# KEMENTERIAN AGAMA UNIVERSITAS ISLAM NEGERI SULTAN SYARIF KASIM RIAU

# **FAKULTAS TARBIYAH DAN KEGURUAN**

**FACULTY OF EDUCATION AND TEACHER TRAINING** 

# PENGESAHAN PERBAIKAN UJIAN PROPOSAL

11614201056

Undang Undang Mahasiswa
Nome Induk Mahasiswa
Hari/ Janggal Ujian ETHA FARHANA PUTRI

. Selasa, 14, Desember, 2021

Perception of online English learning during covid-19 pandemic

fifth semester student of English education department of Vin suska Riau

: Proposal ini sudah sesuai dengan masukan dan saran yang dalam Ujian proposal

B Vo	NAMA	JABATAN	TANDA TANGAN		
	11/11/21	JADATAN	PENGUJI I	PENGUJI II	
timken den menyehitken simber	Dr. Riza Amelia. M.pd Statinar Fitn, M.pd	PENGUJI II	f.aul-	Muf	

Mengetahui Dekan Wakil Dekan I

Pekanbaru,... Peserta Ujian Proposal

11614201056

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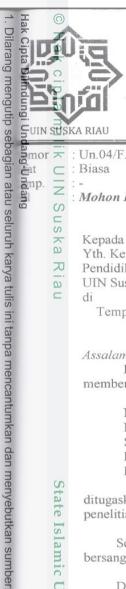
5r Zarkasih, M.Ag

115 1972 1017 .199703 1 004 Syarif Kasim Riau

5 9 Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.

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# KEMENTERIAN AGAMA UNIVERSITAS ISLAM NEGERI SULTAN SYARIF KASIM RIAU FAKULTAS TARBIYAH DAN KEGURUAN



## FACULTY OF EDUCATION AND TEACHER TRAINING

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Un.04/F.II.4/PP.00.9/5682/2022

Pekanbaru, 19 April 2022

dang-Undang Biasa

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State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

Mohon Izin Melakukan PraRiset

Kepada Yth. Ketua jurusan Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris UIN Suska Riau di

Tempat

Assalamu'alaikum warhmatullahi wabarakatuh

Dekan Fakultas Tarbiyah dan Keguruan UIN Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau dengan ini memberitahukan kepada saudara bahwa:

Nama ETHA FARHANA PUTRI

NIM 11614201056

Semester/Tahun XII (Dua Belas)/ 2022 Program Studi Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris

Fakultas : Tarbiyah dan Keguruan UIN Suska Riau

ditugaskan untuk melaksanakan Prariset guna mendapatkan data yang berhubungan dengan penelitiannya di Instansi yang saudara pimpin.

Sehubungan dengan itu kami mohon diberikan bantuan/izin kepada mahasiswa yang bersangkutan.

Demikian disampaikan atas kerjasamanya diucapkan terima kasih.

a.n. Dekan Wakil Dekan

> Dr. Amirah Diniaty, M.Pd. Kons. NIP. 19751115 200312 2 001



ak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

# Hak cipta milik UIN S

# SURAT KETERANGAN

Pekanbaru, 9 Mei 2022

Assalamu'alaikum Warahmatullahi Wabarakatuh.

70

Yang bertanda tangan dibawah ini Ketua Jurusan Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris Fakultas Tarbiyah dan Keguruan Universitas Islam Negeri Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau dengan ini menerangkan bahwa:

: Etha Farhana Putri Nama

11614201056 NIM

Pendidikan : S1 Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris

Judul Penelitian Perception of Online English Learning During Covid-19 Pandemic

by the Fifth Semester Students of English Education Department of

Uin Suska Riau

Nama yang bersangkutan di atas di izinkan melakukan penelitian di Jurusan Pendidikan Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris sesuai dengan judul penelitian tersebut.

Demikianlah surat keterangan ini kami buat untuk dapat dipergunakan sebagaimana mestinya.

Ketua Jurusan

Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris

Dr. Faurina Anastasis M.Hum NIP. 19810 112008012017

ersity of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

State Is

Pekanbaru, 13 Mei 2022 M



9 Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah

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Islamic University of Sultan Syarif

Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau



## **KEMENTERIAN AGAMA**

# UNIVERSITAS ISLAM NEGERI SULTAN SYARIF KASIM RIAU TAS TARBIYAH DAN

# FACULTY OF EDUCATION AND TEACHER TRAINING

Soebrantas No.155 Km.18 Tampan Pekanbaru Riau 28293 PO. BOX 1004 Telp. (0761) 561647 Fax. (0761) 561647 V/eb.www.ftk.uinsuska.ac.id, E-mail: eftak\_uinsuska@yahoo.co.id

: Un.04/F.II/PP.00.9/5981/2022

: Biasa

: 1 (Satu) Proposal

: Mohon Izin Melakukan Riset

Kepada

Yth. Gubernur Riau

Cq. Kepala Dinas Penanaman Modal dan Pelayanan Terpadu

Provinsi Riau

Di Pekanbaru

Assalamu'alaikum warahmatullahi wabarakatuh

Rektor Universitas Islam Negeri Sultar Syarif Kasim Riau memberitahukan kepada saudara bahwa:

Nama : ETHA FARHANA PUTRI

NIM : 11614201056

Semester/Tahun : XII (Dua Belas)/ 2022 Program Studi : Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris

Fakultas : Tarbiyah dan Keguruan UIN Suska Riau

ditugaskan untuk melaksanakan riset guna mendapatkan data yang berhubungan dengan judul skripsinya: Perception of Online English Learning During Covid-19 by The Fifth Semester Studenst of English Education Department UIN Suska Riau

Lokasi Penelitian: UIN Suska Riau

Waktu Penelitian : 3 Bulan (13 Mei 2022 s.d 13 Agustus 2022)

Sehubungan dengan itu kami mohon diberikan bantuan/izin kepada mahasiswa yang bersangkutan.

Demikian disampaikan atas kerjasamanya diucapkan terima kasih.

a.n. Rekt Dekan

> Dr. H. Kadar, M. Ag. Or H. Kadar, M.Ag. **N** NIP.19650521 199402 1 001

Tembusan

Rekto UIN Suska Riau

Riau

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang 2 Dilarang Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan mengutip sebagian atau seluruh pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber

Hak cipta

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PEMERINTAH PROVINSI RIAU

## DINAS PENANAMAN MODAL DAN PELAYANAN TERPADU SATU PINTU

Gedung Menara Lancang Kuning Lantai I dan II Komp. Kantor Gubernur Riau Jl. Jend. Sudirman No. 460 Telp. (0761) 39064 Fax. (0761) 39117 PEKANBARU Email: dpmptsp@riau.go.id

## REKOMENDASI

Nomor: 503/DPMPTSP/NON IZIN-RISET/47666 TENTANG



PELAKSANAAN KEGIATAN RISET/PRA RISET DAN PENGUMPULAN DATA UNTUK BAHAN SKRIPSI

Kepala Dinas Penanaman Modal dan Pelayanan Terpadu Satu Pintu Provinsi Riau, setelah membaca Surat Permohonan Riset dari : Dekan Fakultas Tarbiyah dan Keguruan UIN Suska Riau, Nomor Un.04/F.II/PP.00.9/5981/2022 Tanggal 13 Mei 2022, dengan ini memberikan rekomendasi kepada:

1. Nama

ETHA FARHANA PUTRI

2. NIM / KTP

116142010560

3. Program Studi

PENDIDIKAN BAHASA INGGRIS

4. Jenjang

5. Alamat

PEKANBARU

6. Judul Penelitian

PERCEPTION OF ONLINE ENGLISH LEARNING DURING COVID – 19 PANDEMIC BY THE FIFTH SEMESTER STUDENTS OF ENGLISH EDUCATION

DEPARTMENT OF UIN SUSKA RIAU

UIN SUSKA RIAU 7. Lokasi Penelitian

Dengan ketentuan sebagai berikut;

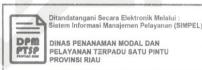
Tidak melakukan kegiatan yang menyimpang dari ketentuan yang telah ditetapkan.

Pelaksanaan Kegiatan Penelitian dan Pengumpulan Data ini berlangsung selama 6 (enam) bulan terhitung mulai tanggal rekomendasi ini diterbitkan.

Kepada pihak yang terkait diharapkan dapat memberikan kemudahan serta membantu kelancaran kegiatan Penelitian dan Pengumpulan Data dimaksud.

Demikian rekomendasi ini dibuat untuk dipergunakan seperlunya.

Dibuat di Pekanbaru Pada Tanggal 23 Mei 2022



## Tembusan:

Disampaikan Kepada Yth:

- Kepala Badan Kesatuan Bangsa dan Politik Provinsi Riau di Pekanbaru
- Rektor Universitas Islam Negeri Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau di Pekanbaru
- Dekan Fakultas Tarbiyah dan Keguruan UIN Suska Riau di Pekanbaru
- Yang Bersangkutan

State Islamic University 10 Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau



Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

DIN Sus

2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:



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# **FACULTY OF EDUCATION AND TEACHER TRAINING**

# KEGIATAN BIMBINGAN MAHASISWA SKRIPSI MAHASISWA

Jenis yang dibimbing

Riau a. Seminar usul Penelitian

Penulisan Laporan Penelitian

Nama Pembimbing

a. Nomor Induk Pegawai (NIP)

Nama Mahasiswa Nomor Induk Mahasiswa

Kegiatan

Syarif Kasim Riau

:	Dr.	Bukhori, S.p.D., M.pd
:		905 12200710 1001

Etha Farhana puhi 11614201056

No	Tanggal Konsultasi	Materi Bimbingan	Tanda Tangan	Keterangan
State	09/30	- Revisi Result & discussion		
e Isla	23/ 22	- Revisi Abstrak	1/2/2	
Islamic University	2/80	- Revisi Abstra E	8	
ni-ei	6/22	- Approved for examination	ST.	
		UIN SUSKA RIA	AU	
of Su				
Sultan				

Pekanbaru, **Pembinbing** 

NIP. 197905122007101001



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State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

## CURRICULUM VITAE

etha farhana putri is the second daughter of Mr. Khairuddin, TD and Mrs. Sasra Harsa. She was born in Santul, August 24th, 1997. She lives at Santul, Kampar Utara, she graduated from SDN 018 Sawah, Kampar Utara. She also finished her study from SMP and SMA at PP.ASSALAM Naga

In 2016, she was accepted to be a student at English Education Department, Faculty of Education and Teacher Training, UIN SUSKA RIAU. On June until August 2019 slæ was doing KKN (Kuliah Kerja Nyata) Program in Sibiruang, Koto Kampar Hulu. Then, sly was doing Pre-Service Teacher Practice (PPL) program at Pondok Pesantren Madrasah Tarbiyah Islamiyah until December 2019. To fulfill requirements for undergraduate Degree in English Education, she conducted the research on May 2022 - September 2022 by the thesis entitled "Perception toward online English learning during covid-19 pandemic by the fifth semester student toward English education department of UIN SUSKA RIAU".

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