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Save to EndNote desktop -Evaluation of Indonesia Sustainable Palm Oil Certification Using Green SCOR **Citation Network** By: Lestari, F (Lestari, Fitra)^[1]; Ompusunggu, J (Ompusunggu, Jaya)^[1]; Diniaty, D (Diniaty, Dewi)^[1]; Silvia (Silvia)^[1] View ResearcherID and ORCID 0 Times Cited 15 Cited References VISION 2025: EDUCATION EXCELLENCE AND MANAGEMENT OF INNOVATIONS THROUGH SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE (data from Web of Science Core Collection) Edited by: Soliman, KS Pages: 5101-5109 Published: 2019 Document Type: Proceedings Paper This record is from: Web of Science Core Collection Conference Conference: 34th International-Business-Information-Management-Association (IBIMA) Conference Location: Madrid, SPAIN Suggest a correction Date: NOV 13-14, 2019 If you would like to improve the quality Sponsor(s): Int Business Informat Management Assoc of the data in this record, please suggest a correction. Abstract The increasing number of the palm oil industry in Indonesia needs to consider the quality of life of who live around it. Consequently, this prompted the Indonesian government to release an environmental certification as Indonesia Sustainable Palm Oil (ISPO). This is a regulation set by the government to develop the palm oil industry in Indonesia. Furthermore, the results of processed wastewater in this case study were still found to be incompatible. Obviously, ISPO certification needs to be evaluated because the assessment criteria have scope involving plantation, milling industry, distribution vehicle which it incorporated into the supply chain strategy. The purpose of this study is to evaluate the implementation of environmental management based on the ISPO certification criteria. The supply chain strategy using Green SCOR was adopted to overcome problems through purposive sampling technique into 10 respondents who were directly responsible for implementing ISPO certification. The finding showed that there were 23 indicators of environmental management and green supply chain performance was obtained at 84.31%. Further studies are suggested to compare the application of several environmental management certifications by using green SCOR to obtain a comprehensive evaluation of the implementation of production activities. Keywords Author Keywords: Green SCOR; ISPO Certification; Palm Oil; Indonesia Author Information Reprint Address: Lestari, F (reprint author) UIN Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau, Dept Ind Engn, Riau, Indonesia. Addresses: [1] UIN Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau, Dept Ind Engn, Riau, Indonesia E-mail Addresses: fitra.lestari@uin-suska.ac.id; Jayaompusunggu1@gmail.com; dewidiniaty@uin-suska.ac.id; silvia@uin-suska.ac.id Funding Funding Agency Grant Number UIN Sultan Syarif Kasim View funding text Publisher INT BUSINESS INFORMATION MANAGEMENT ASSOC-IBIMA, 34 E GERMANTOWN PIKE, NO. 327, NORRISTOWN, PA 19401 USA Categories / Classification Research Areas: Business & Economics Web of Science Categories: Business; Economics; Management See more data fields © 2021 Clarivate Copyright notice Terms of use Privacy statement Clarivate Accelerating innovation Sign up for the Web of Science newsletter Follow us

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