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I TEACHING ENGLISH USING DETAILED READING STRATEGY cipta (DRS): ITS EFFECT ON THE EIGHTH GRADE STUDENTS' milik UIN READING COMPREHENSION AT STATE

JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL

9 PEKANBARU





BY

INDA TRI UTAMI SIN.11314200707

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TEACHING ENGLISH USING DETAILED READING STRATEGY (DRS): ITS EFFECT ON THE EIGHTH GRADE STUDENTS' READING COMPREHENSION AT STATE JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL

9 PEKANBARU

Thesis

Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for Undergraduate Degree in English Education (S.Pd.)



By

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No god but Allah, all praises, gratitude and thanks are to Almighty Allah, the Lord of the universe; and all prayers and blessings are upon our Prophet Muhammad (SAW), her family, Companions, and followers.

This paper is written and intended to fulfill the requirements for the award of bachelor degree at the English Education Department, Faculty of Education and Teacher Training of State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau. The title of this thesis is "Teaching English Using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS): Its Effect on The Eighth Grade Students' Reading Comprehension at State Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru." In finishing this paper, the researcher got many valuable contributions from many people, such as support, nice advice, suggestion, and help. Therefore, the researcher wishes to express her sincere thanks to many different persons; they are:

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Pekanbaru, 3rd April, 2019

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ABSTRACT

Linda Tri Utami, (2019):

Teaching English Using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS): Its Effect on The Eighth Grade Students' Reading Comprehension at State Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru

This research was conducted based on the problems faced by students in reading comprehension of recount text. The problems were; those students could anot catch the ideas of the text and having difficulties in comprehending the text that they could not answer the question properly. Their competences in reading comprehension was still far from the expectation of the curriculum. It was not qualified from the criteria minimum of students' passing grade. So, the researcher was interested in carrying out the research about these problems by using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS). The Purpose of this research was to determine whether there is any significant effect of using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) on students' reading comprehension at the eighth grade of State Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru. The design of this research was a quasi experimental design. In collecting the data, the researcher used multiple choices test, to find out the students' reading comprehension of recount text. To analyze the data, the researcher adopted independent sample T-test formula by using SPSS 20 version and eta-squared formula. The researcher found that by comparing to (t-obtained) to t-table. From df =58, the level of significance of 5% was 2.00 and the level of significance of 1% was 2.66. It can be seen that 2.00 <4.588> 2.66. It means that there was a significant effect of using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) on Estudents' reading comprehension at the eighth grade of Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru. Null hypothesis (H₀) was rejected, and alternative hypothesis (H_a) was accepted. Furthermore the effect size was 0.99 and the category was large effect.

EKey Words: The Effect, Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS), Recount text

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ABSTRAK

Linda Tri Utami, (2019):

Mengajar Bahasa Inggris Menggunakan Detailed Reading Strategi (DRS) : Pengaruhnya Terhadap Pemahaman Membaca Siswa Pada kelas Delapan di SMP Negeri 9 Pekanbaru

Penelitian ini dilakukan berdasarkan masalah-masalah yang dihadapi oleh vsiswa dalam belajar bahasa inggris terutama dalam memahami bacaan teks recount. Masalahnya adalah, para siswa tidak dapat menemukan ide pokok dalam Ralimat dan mengalami kesulitan dalam memahami teks tersebut dan tidak dapat menjawab pertanyaan dengan benar. Kemampuan mereka didalam memahami teks masih jauh dari kurikulum dan tidak memenuhi standar nilai minimal lulus. Maka, peneliti tertarik untuk melakukan penelitian terhadap masalah-masalah ini dengan menggunakan Detailed Reading Strategi (DRS). Penelitian ini dilakukan dengan tujuan untuk menemukan efek yang signifikan dengan menggunakan Detailed Reading Strategi (DRS) terhadap pemahaman membaca siswa pada siswa kelas VIII di SMP Negeri 9 Pekanbaru. Desain penelitian ini adalah quasi experimental desain. Dalam pengumpulan data, peneliti menggunakan tes pilihan ganda untuk menemukan pencapaian siswa-siswa dalam memahami teks recount. Untuk menganalisis data, peneliti menggunakan Independent sample T-test melalui SPSS versi 20 dan rumus eta-squared. Peneliti menemukan dengan membandingkan t_o (t-yang diperoleh) dengan t table. Dari df=58, level signikan 5% adalah 2.00 dan level signifikan 1% adalah 2.66. Hasil yang didapat 2.00<4.588> 2.66. Hasil ini menunjukkan adanya efek yang signifikan dari Spenggunaan Detailed Reading Strategi (DRS) pada pemahaman membaca siswa di kelas VIII SMP Negeri 9 Pekanbaru. Jadi, null hypothesis (H₀) ditolak, dan alternative hypothesis (H_a) diterima. Lebih lanjut, nilai eta-squared adalah 0,99 dengan kategori large effect.

Kata Kunci: Pengaruh, Detailed Reading Strategi (DRS), Teks Recount.

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القراءة لذي التلاميد في الصف الثامن بالمدرسة المتوسطة الحكومية ٩ بكتبارو. فالكا، الفرض Sultan Syarif الصفرية مردودة والفرضية البديلة مقبولة. الإضافي، نتيجة تشي تربيع وهو ١٩٥٠.

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الكلمات الأساسية: التأثير، استخدام استراتجية القراءة المفصلة

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Test of Experimental Class

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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

A. The Background of the problem

Reading is one of the four basic skills which should be mastered by the o student. Reading is the process of getting information from written words. By reading, students also learned much of what they need to know for their different school subject. Reading helps the students to develop their critical thinking and finally it influences the success of their academic achievement. The success of teaching and learning process in the classroom is influenced by reading habit.

Rasinski (2001, p. 4) states that reading is multifaceted process involving word recognition, comprehension, fluency, and motivation. In another word, reading is an activity of understanding, the stored information in a text which involves the reader's ability in fluency of reading, recognizing words, comprehending the text, and motivation for reading.

Reading, for junior high school, is always as the center of their activities the classroom. The students spend most of their time to do reading task since most of the activities done in the classroom is usually deals with reading. The basic competence to be achieved that is understands the meaning of the written functional text and simple short essay in the form of recount, narrative and procedure that are related to the environment. Even reading in junior high school become one of the most important skill to be tested in daily test, mid-semester test, semester test, school examination and national examination as well.

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SMP N 9 Pekanbaru is one of formal junior high school which is located in H. Imam Munandar street, No. 398, Tengkerang Timur, Tenayan Raya Regency, Pekanbaru, Riau 28131. This school use SBC (School Based Curriculum) as their references in teaching learning. In Educational Curriculum at the eighth or grade, the students must achieve two competences; those are standard competence and basic competence. The Standard Competence and Basic Competence in learning approach on the English syllabus of Junior High School use text type principle that are following two aims of communication, there are applied by written and oral text. the written text includes reading and writing. While, the oral text includes *speaking* and *writing*. The basic competence of the eighth grade at state junior high school at the second semester is that the students must be able to read aloud, respond the meaning and accept rhetorical steps of short functional text and simple essay text such as narrative, recount, descriptive, report and procedure text on daily life context accurately, fluently, understandably and access the knowledge. Furthermore, for the standard competence, the students are required to comprehend simple short functional written text and simple essay in daily life.

of Sultan Based on the syllabus of Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru, the curriculum demands the students in the eighth grade to comprehend recount and narrative text. they need to comprehend the purpose, structure and linguistic component of recount and narrative text, in both spoken and written text. In Junior High School 9 pekanbaru, the teacher used nominal range for the criteria of passing grade to determine whether the students can pass the English subject or not.



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English is taught four times a week with time duration about 40 minutes (based on the interview from Elisdawati, S.Pd., as an English teacher).

Based on the researcher's preliminary study on April 06th 2018, at Junior

Based on the researcher's preliminary study on April 06th 2018, at Junior

High School 9 Pekanbaru especially for the eighth grade students, the researcher

found the fact that from the reading test result who done by the teacher. The

students had difficulties to find the general or detail information, the word

meaning and also the generic structure found in the text. It means that those

students could not catch the ideas of the text and having difficulties in

comprehending the text that they could not answer the comprehension question

properly. Their competences in reading comprehension was still far from the

expectation of the curriculum. It was not qualified from the criteria minimum of

students' passing grade. Based on the pre- observation, the researcher found

some phenomena, it can be seen in the following:

- a. Some of the students were not able to identify main idea of recount text.
- b. Some of the students were not able to determine the social function of recount text.
- c. Some of the students were not able to determine the factual information of the recount text.
- d. Some of the students were not able to find the inferences of recount text.
- e. Some of the students were not able to interpret and understand the message of recount text.

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f. Some of the students still has lack of vocabulary words.

Based on phenomena that are mentioned above the teacher may need to suse a new strategy to teach the students. The researcher offers one of effective teaching strategy to improve the students' reading comprehension especially in recount text. The researcher offer an alternative strategy, it is called Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS). Rivers stated that (1981, p. 256), Detailed reading strategy is source of information and pleasureable activity, also meant of consolidating and extending one's knowledge concerning of specific context given to them to learn. They are also expected to be able to extract the meaning from the specific clues in reading text.

According to McKnight (2010, p.1), for today's classroom, nothing is more essential to successful teaching and learning than strategy-based instruction. It is through the use of specific teaching strategies and learning tools that students can be more successful learners. It means that the teacher should provide cappropriate strategies and learning tools in teaching reading comprehension in their teaching. It will help the student to learn independently and aware that they need to improve their knowledge to prepare their future. Therefore, in relation to the explanation above, the researcher is interested in carrying out a research entitled; "Teaching English Using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS): Its Effect on The Eighth Grade Students' Reading Comprehension at State Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru."

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I B. The Problem of the Research

cipta Based on the phenomena above, some of students at Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru still got some difficulties and struggled in english subject, especially in creading comprehension on students' reading textbook. The researcher tries to cidentify the phenomena as follows:

1. The Identification of the problem

Based on the background of the problems above and supported by symptoms, it is clear that there are many problems faced by the students in reading comprehension. Thus, the researcher identifies the problems as follows:

- a. Some of the students were not able to identify main idea of recount text;
- b. Some of the students were not able to determine the social function of recount text;
- Some of the students were not able to determine the factual information of the recount text;
- d. Some of the students were not able to find the inferences of recount text;
- e. Some of the students were not able to interpret and understand the message of recount text;
- f. Some of the students still has lack of vocabulary.

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Ha**2**. The Limitation of the Problem

Based on the identification of the problems stated above, the researcher is limited to using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) and students' reading comprehension of recount text of eighth grade at State Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru.

The Formulation of the problem

Based on the problems above, the researcher formulates the problems of this research into the following questions:

- 1. How is students' reading comprehension of recount text taught before using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) at SMP N 9 Pekanbaru?
- 2. How is students' reading comprehension of recount text taught after using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) at SMP N 9 Pekanbaru?
- significant difference between students' there any comprehension of recount text before and after using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) at SMP N 9 Pekanbaru?
- 4. To what extent does the Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) effect students' reading comprehension at SMP N 9 Pekanbaru?

The Objectives and the Significance of the Research

1. The Objectives of the Research

- 1. To find out the students' reading comprehension of recount text taught before using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) at SMP N 9 Pekanbaru.
- 2. To find out the students' reading comprehension of recount text taught after using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) at SMP N 9 Pekanbaru.



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3. To find out there is any significant difference between students' reading comprehension of recount text before and after using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) at SMP N 9 Pekanbaru. 4. To find out what extent does the Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) effect

students' reading comprehension at SMP N 9 Pekanbaru.

2. The Significance of the Research

Related to the objectives of the research above, the significance of the research is as follows:

- 1. Hopefully, this research is expected to be very meaningful, especially for the writer as a novice researcher in term of learnig how to conduct a research.
- 2. These research findings are also expected to be useful and valuable, especially for students and teachers of english of the eighth grade of Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru to be consideration in their teaching and learning process in future.
- 3. Besides, These research findings are also expected to be positive and valuable information, especially for those who are concerned in the field of teaching and learning english as a foreign or second language, those who are cooncerned with the field of language teaching in general.
- 4. This research is to fulfill one of the requirement to finish researcher's undergraduate program in English Education Department of State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau.



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5. Finally, these research findings are also expected to be practical and theoritical information to the development of the theories in language teaching.

D The Reasons of Choosing the Title

There are some reasons why the researcher chooses the title as follows:

- 1. To know the effect of using Detaild Reading Strategy (DRS) on the eighth grade students' reading comprehension.
- 2. The research is very important to be discussed and it will be valuable contributions for the research particular and for the English teachers generally to be recognized and applied this technique to the students in teaching reading.
- 3. This research is relevant to her status as an English student of English Education Department at State Islamic University SUSKA RIAU.
- 4. As far as the researcher know, this research title has never been investigated by any researcher.

E. The Definition of Terms

rsity The topic of this research is the effect of using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) on students' reading comprehension of the eighth grade at State Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru. To avoid misunderstanding and misinterpretation, it is

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1. Recount Text

Recount is a kind of genre that has social function for the purpose of informing or entertaining. The tense that Recount is a kind of genre that has social function to retell event for the purpose of informing or entertaining. The tense that uses in recount

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text is past tense. Social purpose of recount text is to reconstruct past experience by telling events in original sequence.

2. Detailed Rading Strategy(DRS)

Reading a text carefully, read in detail word by word, clues, unfamiliar words and extracting information from the whole text.

3. Reading Comprehension

Reading comprehension is that the process of simultaneously extracting and constructing meaning through interaction and involvement with written language between the reader and the author.

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CHAPTER II

LITERATURE REVIEW

The Theoretical Framework

1. The Nature of Reading

Reading is an activity with a purpose. People may read in order to get information or enrich their knowledge and sometimes to critique a researcher's idea or writing style. People also read for pleasure or enhance knowledge of the language being read. Getting those as the consideration, the purposes for reading guide the reader's select better texts to read.

English is still a foreign language for Indonesian students. It is certainly not easy to interpret the meaning an idea from written texts. To understand a reading text, the student must have a good competence in knowing the meaning of words, sentences, content and the most important is to know about the writer's idea. Goodman and Smith (1978) in Burnes (1985, p. 29) said that reading process print in order to reconstruct the researcher's meaning. It means while the students read a text, they not only know the meaning word by word but also the writer's idea in the text.

Many experts have shared their own definitions about the definition of reading. According to Eskey (1970, p. 40) reading is exactly the most important of the four skills in a second language, especially in English as a second or foreign language around the world. Furthermore, reading is the main reason why students learn the language. Without reading, the learners never know about anything. This is supported by Moreillon (2007, p. 10) Dilarang

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reading is the process of extracting meaning from print and from visual information. According to Burnes (1985, p. 45) defines that reading is comprehend written discourse. It is an interactive process in which the readers engage in an exchange idea with the author via the text. In other words, the readers catch the author's idea from the text is kind of exchange idea with the author. It is the process of giving and accepting of meaning in both side between the readers and author.

Based on definition above, the researcher concludes that reading is the process of grasp meaning of the content and the researcher's idea about the topic. Furthermore, grasp means comprehending the reading materials. Reading comprehension is the ability to understand the idea and information in the reading texts.

a. The Nature of Reading Comprehension

According to Hornby (1999, p. 235) comprehension means and excessive aimed at improving or testing one's understands of a language whether written or spoken. In line with the statement above, Cornoldi (as cited in Rathvon, 2004, p. 156) comprehension is the ability to derive meaning from text, is the ultimate goal of reading, and good reading comprehension is the most critical element in school. This statement supported by Perfitti in McKeown et, al. (2010, p. 293) comprehension is obviously dependent on knowing the meaning of words being read. Besides that, comprehension has the same meaning with understanding. It can be explained that comprehension is capacity



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to grasp meaning in a text and also the writer's idea. It is not guarantee that students have known the meaning of the words, they can comprehend the text. Therefore, readers should have more concentration in reading activity in order to get better understanding.

In addition, Brooks et al (1977) in Burnes (1985, p. 47) point out that comprehension is not separate skill but involves the relationship of the student's knowledge and organization of that knowledge as it relates suggested by Piaget, a process involving combination of information onto student's existing knowledge. Therefore, the student's prior knowledge is important in comprehending a reading text. Moreover, efficient comprehension requires the ability to relate the textual material to one's own knowledge. Comprehending a text is an interactive process between the reader's background knowledge and the text. Comprehending words, sentences, and entire texts involves more than just relying on one's linguistic knowledge. As quoted from Anderson et al (1977) in Carrel (1996, p. 76) every act of comprehension involve one's knowledge of the world as well.

From the explanation above, it is clear that comprehending text is not easy to do because English is still a foreign language. It needs some special skill and knowledge. Many readers cannot able to catch the author's idea because of the limitation of thinking and analyzing the meaning of words and sentences. Besides that, the readers should know about lexical, grammatical, cultural meaning, text organization and

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connection between sentences. Therefore, comprehension needs fully attention and concentration in reading activity.

b. Level of Reading Comprehension

Based on the Barret's taxonomy (in clymer, 1968, p. 58), it is designed originally to assist classroom teachers in developing comprehension question and/or text question for reading the define levels of cognitive and affective dimentions of reading comprehension. They are:

1) Literal Comprehension

It is the lowest level, the students identify information directly stated. Literal comprehension has two categories, they are Recognition and Recall that include Details; main ideas; a sequence ;comparison; cause and effect relationships; and character traits. The students identify information directly stated. It is a reading in order to understand, remember, or recall the information explicitly contained in passage.

2) Reorganization Comprehension

The students organize or order the information in a diffrent way than it was presented or dealing with organizing of ideas. Reorganization includes classifying; outlining; summarizing; and syntesizing.



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It is reading in order to find information which is not explicitly stated in passage, using the reader' experience and intuition, and by inferring. The students respond to information implied but not directly stated. Inferential comprehension includes supporting details ,main ideas, sequence, comparisons , cause and effec relationships, character trait, outcomes, figurative language.

2. Reading Comprehension of Recount Text

According to Derewianka (2004, p. 11) confirms that recount text is a text that retells events for the purpose of informing or entertaining. It tells an event or an experience happened in the past. Similarly, Gerot and Wignel in Harris (2014, p. 56) state that recount is retelling past events in order to inform or entertain about what and when it happened. Based on these theories, recounts are generally based on the direct experience of the author but it may also be imaginative or outside the author's experience. In recount text, a researcher tells a reader about his/her personal experience or tells others experience to readers. In other words, recount text is a text which retells events or experience in the past.

a. The Type of Recount Text

Derewianka (2004, p. 15) divides the types of recount text as follows:

1) Personal recount is retelling an event that the writer was personally involved in for example: personal experience, personal letter, diary,



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entries, journal, anecdotes, and postcard. Personal recount is usually written in the first person (I and We) and often to entertain and to inform.

- 2) Factual recount is concerned with recalling events accurately. It can range from the everyday task such as accidents, structured research, science, news recording and police report. The emphasis is on using language that is precise, factual, and detailed, so that the reader gains a complete picture of an event, experience or achievement.
- 3) Imaginative or literary recounts entertain the reader by recreating the events of an imaginary world as though they are real such as fiction.
- 4) A procedural recount records the steps taken in completing a task or procedures. Example: include a flow chart of the actions required for making bread and the steps to solve a mathematical problem.
- 5) A biographical recount tells the story of a person's life using a third person narrator (He, She, and They). In this case, of autobiography, first person narration (I, We) is used.

b. The Social Function of Recount Text

- 1) To retell something happened. Recount retells past event. Recount begins by telling the reader who was involved, what happened, where this even took place and when it happened.
- 2) To inform something to the readers. It informs to the reader about what happened, where this even took place and when it happened.

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3) To entertain. Sometimes, recount retells a funny experience. It has a function to entertain the reader.

c. The Generic Structure of Recount Text

Generic structure has same meaning as text organization. According to Derewianka (2004, p. 21) generic structure of recount text is as follows:

1) Orientation

the necessary background The orientation provides all information to enable the audience to make sense of the text. To ensure that the orientation is detailed and thorough, use the words (who, what, when, where, and why). In orientation, the writer gives information about what happened, who or what was involved, when and where the events occurred and why.

2) Series of Events

In series of events, the reader reads the events chronologically. It begins from the first event, followed by the second event to the last event. The sums of events depend on the creativity of the writer.

3) Re-orientation

The final section concludes the recount by summarizing outcomes or results, evaluating the topic importance or offering personal comment or opinion. It can also look to the future by speculating about what might happen next. But, not all of recount closed by re-orientation. It is optional.

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d. The Language Feature of Recount Text

According to Gerrot and Wignel in Harris et al (2014, p. 56), language features of recount text are focus on specific participant, use of material processes (action verb), circumstances place, and time, use past tense, and focus on temporal sequence. Moreover, Hardy and Klarwein as stated in Harris et al (2014, p. 56) add that language features of recount text are use personal recount, use emotive to describe the events, use action verb and mental verb and use past tense. It can be said that writer will use action verb in past form in writing recount text.

In addition, Barwick in Harris et al (2014, p. 56-57) states that there are some language features in recount texts. They are proper noun and pronoun to identify people, animal, or things. Then, the texts are written in past tense to retell past events. writer can use varied action verb and adjective to show their feeling. Moreover, writer should include adverbs and adverbial phrases sequence events in time and indicate place. Finally, writer have to use conjunction to combine clauses and connectives to sequence events.

Due to the explanation from several experts above, it can be concluded there are some language features of recount texts. They are focus on specific participant, use simple past tense, use action verb, use linking verb, and use chronological conjunction.

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Students' reading comprehension of recount text means that the students know and understand all aspects of recount text, such as feature ad organizations of recount text. The students can be called having ability in reading recount text, if they are able to identify main idea, generic structure, language features and information in a recount text as it is stated in the syllabus of English lesson of SMP N 9 Pekanbaru. Students who understand all components of recount text will know that in a recount text there is a topic and the students will comprise the beginning section introducing background information, series of events section where the first event was begin and reorientation where summarizing outcomes to result of the story. Comprehending a recount text is an interactive process between the reader's prior knowledge and the text.

3. Assessment of Reading Comprehension of Recount Text

Assessment refers to the ongoing process covering a wide range of methodological technique (Brown, 2003, p. 4). Brown (2003, p. 6) also mentioned there are some possible tasks in assessing the students' reading comprehension in term. In assessing reading skills and strategies, the teachers can begin by identifying learners' needs with regard to the local curriculum (O'Malley, 1996, p. 99). Reading has five components contained text (King and Stanley, 1989, p. 330) which are appropriate:



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a. Finding main idea

Main idea of paragraph is very important because it helps you not only understand the paragraph on the first reading, but also help you to remember the content later.

b. Finding detail information

Detail information requires reader to scan specific detail it generally for students and those, which appear with WH question word.

c. Finding meaning of vocabulary in context

It means reader could develop his or her guessing ability to the word, which is not familiar to him or her by relating the close meaning unfamiliar words to the topic of the text read.

d. Identifying references

In English, it would be boring to have and repeat the same word every time. For this purpose we use references word such as it, she, he, they, this, etc.

e. Making inference

Inference is a skill where the reader has to be able to read between lines. It divides into two draw logical and accurate prediction. Prediction can be made by correctly interpreting the signs writer gives.

Recount text is chosen as the specific genre to teach reading because it's social function and its familiarity to students' life. The purpose a recount text is to provide information about what happened, when it happened, where it happened and who was involved. According to

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Martha and Gandes (as cited in Yuliani, 2008, p. 4) the social function of recount text is to retell past events of forming or entertaining. They also state that recount text has its characteristics; they are the format and the generic structure (orientation, events, and reorientation).

In conclusion, assessment of reading comprehension of recount text can see on table:

1.	Identifying main idea
2.	Finding detail information
3.	Finding meaning of vocabulary
	in context
4.	Identifying references
5.	Making inference
	 3. 4.

4. Definition of Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS)

Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) help students' knowledge improve through relation of their subject material and real life so that study would be seen more significant to be learned and students would be more motivated to get the goals of subject material.

According to Rivers (1981, p. 256), Detailed Reading Strategy is source of information and pleasurable activity, also meant of consolidating and extending one's knowledge concerning a specific context given to them to learn. They are also expected to be able to extract the meaning from the specific clues in the text.



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In addition statement from Reading to Learn (2016, p. 1) in detailed reading, students are prepared to read each sentence in a short passage, by preparing them to identify each group of words in the sentence which they highlight and then elaborating on the meaning of words.

Furthermore, in line with Module 1 (2012, p. 1) detailed reading is reading each word in section of the text for understanding and then making notes.

In line with the statement above Fisher, Brozo, Frey, & Ivey (2015) state Detailed Reading Strategy instructs students to read, re-read, annotate, summarize, and explain a text. In the classroom, this strategy helps students slow their reading which produces better comprehension of the subjects being discussed.

Based on the statement above, we can conclude that Detailed Reading Strategy is process to find the ideas behind the word of reading communication and making notes wich involves whole individual abilities of readers that consist of memories, experience, and knowledge involved in reading activity to make better comprehension.

a. Step of Detailed Strategy in Teaching Reading

Detailed reading strategy in this stage is used to guide the students in discussing a text reading, connecting with the overral meaning of the text wich attracted the attention of writer pattern language for possible later use by students. Detailed Reading Strategy enable students to

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understand and interpret the text subject matter in great detailed, and to recognize the patterns of language in the text.

To understand and improve detail reading strategy, good reading comprehension is diviled into three thingking steps. Procedures of Detailed Reading Strategy that suggested by Englert (2001, p. 201) above can be describe as follows:

Before reading, students preview to find out what the material is about. This step is read the title and then guesses what the content of the text. Preview material of the right difficulty and interest levels would encourage children to read and to enjoy what they are reading. In selecting vocabulary, the word chosen must be critical to comprehension of the passage or paragraph and vocabulary should be taught in context.

During reading, students anticipate upcoming information, visualize, and integrate old and new knowledge. The teacher also ask the students read carefully, highlight important point and make notes. They should not to try know the exact meaning of each word. They should try and guess its meaning from the context and infer the maning. The teacher asks the students what they already know about the text that wants to be learned. It helps students about information about the text and to be easily comprehend the text. It also helps students to connect between their experiences and the text.

After reading, students gives the purpose of reading, this step intended for making the students focused on the reading. The teacher can



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guide the students to do for instance, the teacher say, "Read sentence 1-6 to find out main idea of the text". In teaching students a skill, the teacher recall and react to what they have learned. They have to momerize the crucial information in the text. These engage students in follow-up Activities should be designed to reinforce both the content of the text and the skill that students learned. From these procedure we know that these steps are clear for students because it can make students understand and fell interest in doing the activity.

In teaching English, Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) is a suitable strategy or a good reading approach. Should be considered as the crucial thing. Then the students can improve their rapid rate ability in reading and understand the information of the text.

b. Advantages of Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS)

According to betty et al (2005, p.179) stated some advantages of DRS, they are:

- (1) for enjoyment.
- (2) to perfect oral reading performance of use of particular strategy
- (3) to update knowledge about a topic in order to link new information to that already known
- (4) to obtain information for an oral or written report
- (5) to learn about the stucture of a text.

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The Relevant Research

According to Syafi'i (2014, p.102), the relevant research is the researchers' review of the relevant research to observe some previous researches conducted by other researchers in which they are relevant to the researcher's research itself. Besides, the researcher has to analyze what the point that is focused on, inform the design, and finding the conclusion of the previous research. It aims at avoiding plagiarism toward the designing finding of previous researchers.

Previous research findings related to the use of Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) in increasing students' reading comprehension. There previous studies done by some researchers related to application of Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) in teaching reading. For example, the research conducted by jelita (2013) Effectiveness of Detailed Reading Strategy in Improving Reading Achievement. Her research was an experimental research. The population of his research was all of the second year students. The total number of population was 229 students. After analyzing the data, the researcher found that there was a significant effect of DRS strategy toward reading achievement of the second year students' at MAN 1 Pekanbaru, where T shows 11.78 at significant level 5% it shows 2.04, and at level 1% it shows 2.75. Thus, null hypothesis (H₀) is denied, and alternative hypothesis (Ha) is accepted. Based on this finding, it showed that the DRS strategy helped students to improve their reading achievement in learning English.



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Another research about DRS was done by Yuni Arita (2016) entitled The Apllication of Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) in improving students' reading comprehension at SMP N 1 Bandar Baru. The result of the study was more effective in accelerating reading comprehension and in improving language proficiency development. She report that there is significant difference before and after taught by using Detailed Reading Strategy toward students' reading comprehension.

C. The Operational Concept

The operational concept is a concept as guidance used to avoid misunderstanding. It should be interpreted into particular words in order to make it easy to measure. In this operational concept, the researcher would like to explain briefly about variables of the research itself. There are two variables used in this research. The first is Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) strategy which is used in teaching reading recount text (in experimental class) - known as independent variable or variable X. The second one is the students' reading comprehension (reading recount text) which is known as dependent variable or variable Y.

- 1. In this variable, the concept is the procedures of Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS). The researcher becomes a teacher for applying the strategy in the class when doing the research. The implementation of Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) (variable X) is as follows:
 - a. The teacher selects the text based on the students' level and interest.
 - b. The teacher pre teach the vocabulary relate to the text itself.

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- c. The teacher develops the students' ability to preview from the title and guest what the text text talking about.
- d. The teacher read aloud the text stopping at point of interest.
- e. The teacher asks the students to read the text slowly. Then, ask them to noticed unfamiliar words, clues, etc.
- f. Ask the students to read every sentence, but they should not to try know the exact meaning of each word. They should try and guess its meaning from the context and infer the meaning.
- g. The teacher gives a instruction during reading such as anticipate upcoming information, visualize and integrate old and new knowledge.
- h. The teacher ask the students to connect their experiences and the text.
- i. After reading, The teacher guide the students to memorize the crucial information in the text.
- j. The teacher ask the students randomly what they get after read the text.
- 2. Students' Reading Comprehension (Variable Y)

There are several indicators for reading recount text, they are:

- a. The ability of students to identify main idea of recount text
- b. The ability of students to find detail information of recount text
- c. The ability of students to identify the meaning of vocabulary in context.
- d. The ability of students to identify the references of word in recount text
- e. The ability of students to identify inference in recount text



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D. The Assumption and Hypothesis

1. The Assumption

In this research, the researcher assumes that The better Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) is applied in teaching or learning recount text, the better students' comprehension in reading recount text is.

2. The Hypothesis

a. The Null Hypothesis (H₀)

no significant difference of students' There is comprehension of recount text between those who are taught by using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) and those who are taught without using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) at State Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru b. The Alternative Hypothesis (Ha)

There is significant difference of students' reading comprehension of recount text between those who are taught by using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) and those who are taught without using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) at State Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru.



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CHAPTER III

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

The Research Design

The type of this research was an experimental research, precisely Quasi experimental research. According to Creswell (2012, p.295), experimental research is used when the researcher wants to establish possible cause and effect between the independent and the dependent variables. Based on Creswell (2012, p. 313), Quasi experiment research is testing an idea (practice) to determine whether it influences an outcome or dependent variable. Then, Cohen (2007, p. 278) also said that this design is commonly used in educational experiment. This research design involved an experimental group and a control group, both were given a pretest and a posttest. Experimental group received the treatment, however the control group did not.

In conducting this research, the students of the eighth grade at State Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru were given pre-test at the beginning in order to know their ability in comprehending the recount text. After that, they had given the treatment at the middle. At the end, they had given a post-test. The researcher using kind of quasi experimental design, non-equivalent control group. According Gay (2012:395), non-equivalent control group involves random assignments of groups to treatment, non-random assignment of individuals.

In this design, the researcher used two classes as the sample; a control group and an experimental group. Both groups took a pre-test and post-test. There ewere two variables; independent variable (X) and dependent variable (Y).

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Variable X that refers to the effect of using using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) and variable Y that refers to students' reading comprehension in recount

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Therefore, the experimental class was treated by using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) and the control class was treated without using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS). This research design involved an experimental group and a control group, both were given a pretest and a posttest.

In brief, the design can be seen in the following table:

Table III.I
Table of Research Design

Group	Pre-test	Treatment	Post-test
Experimental	X1	T	Y1
Control	X2		Y2

Adopted from Cohen (2007, p. 279)

Where: E : Experimental group

C : Control groupX1 : Pre-test in experimental group

WO D

X2 : Pre-test in control groupY1 : Post-test in experimental group

Y2 : Post-test in control group

T : Treatment

B. The Subject and Object of the Research

The subject of this research was the eighth grade students at State Junior

High School 9 Pekanbaru in 2019 academic calendar. The object of the research

was the effect of using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) on students' reading



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⊥ C. ★The Location and Time of the Research

This research had conducted at State Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru. The research was conducted from February up to April 2019. It was located on H. Imam Munandar Street, No. 398, Tengkerang Timur, Tenayan Raya Regency, Pekanbaru, Riau.

D. The Population and Sample of the Research

1. The Population of the Research

The population of the research was the eighth grade at State Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru. It had nine classes. The number of the eighth grade students of State Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru was 279 students. The number of the students are shown in the table below.

Table III.2
Population of Eighth Grade Students at SMP 9
Pekanbaru

No	Classes	Population
1	VIII 1	30
2	VIII 2	30
3	VIII 3	30
4	VIII 4	31
5	VIII 5	32
6	VIII 6	34
7	VIII 7	30
8	VIII 8	32
9	VIII 9	30
	Total	279

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The Sample of the Research

Considering that this population of the research is bigger, thus the researcher take the sample of the population of the research. In this research, the researcher use cluster random sampling technique. According to Gay and Airasian (2010, p.123), random sampling is the process of selecting a sample in such a way that all individuals in the defined population have an equal and independent chance of being selected for the sample. Cluster random sampling technique is most useful when the populations are very large or spread out over a wide geographic area. Cluster sampling randomly select the groups, not individuals. In this research, the researcher take two of nine classes as the samples. Class VIII 1 is as a control class and class VIII 2 is as an experimental class. The class VIII 1 consist of 30 students and the class VIII 2 consist of 30 students, so that the total sample of this research is 60 students.

Table III.3 The Number of Sample of the Eighth Grade Students at SMP 9 Pekanbaru

No	Class	Number of Students	
1	VIII 1 (Control Class)	30	
2	VIII 2 (Experimental Class)	30	
	Total	60	

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E. The Technique of Collecting Data

The data collection of this research was obtained by using tests (pre and post). According to Brown (2007, p. 3), test means that a method of measuring of person's ability, knowledge or performance in given domain. Then, Brown (2003, p. 195) explained several kinds of tests that are appropriate for assessing students. The kind of tests are multiple-choice, matching tasks, short answer task, cloze test, open ended question, editing task, picture-cued tasks, and gap-filling task. Thus, in this research the researcher choose multiple choice to measure students' reading comprehension of recount text.

This type of instrument was chosen because it is practically, and easily administered, and can be scored quickly. Paris et, al. (2005, p. 16) said that multiple choices are standardized test that will be the inevitable result. The researcher decide the multiple choice items as the research instrument because of some considerations; reliability, efficiency, and also rather sophisticatedly. It is also supported by Siregar (2013, p. 87), the research instrument should be a valid and reliable, the multiple choice items can cover those requirements. The result of the test cannot be denied by the people.

The test would be given twice. The first is pre-test and the last is post-test.

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Table III.4 The Blueprint of Test

No	Indicators of reading comprehension of recount text	Number of Items
1	Identify main idea of recount text	1, 6, 13, 16, 21
2	Find detail information of recount text	5, 7, 11, 18, 23
3	Identify the meaning of vocabulary in context	2, 9, 15, 20, 25
4	Identify the references in recount text	4, 10, 14, 19, 24
5	Identify inference in recount text	3, 8, 12, 17, 22
	Total	25

F. The Procedure of the Research

In conducting this experimental research, the researcher carried out some research procedures of both two groups, experimental and control group. The research was carried out of sixth meetings for each class, so the total meetings both classes are 12 meetings. These research procedures are follows:

lamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau 1. The Procedures of Collecting Data for Experimental Class

a. Pre-test

The pre-test is carried out to determine the students' reading ability with their score

b. Treatment

The treatment is conducted for the experimental class. This is used Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) and it is applied for about six meetings.

c. Post-test

After giving the treatment, the post-test is administered and analyzed as final data for this research.

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The Procedures of Collecting Data for Control Class

a. Pre-test

The control class is given pre-test to know their reading ability. The test is the same as experimental class.

b. No Treatment

In this class the researcher did not used DRS, the researcher used cooperative learning for sixth meetings.

c. Post-test

Post-test is also given to control class, and the result is analyzed and used as final data for this research.

After the researcher apply the strategy well, the researcher provided the test for both control and experimental class. After the students administer the test, the researcher took the total score from the result of the reading comprehension test. According to Arikunto (2013, p. 281), there are some categories to evaluate the students' comprehension in reading text. The students' score can be seen in the table below:

Table III.5 The Classification of Students' Score

The Score of Reading Comprehension Level	Categories
80-100	Very Good
66-79	Good
56-65	Enough
40-55	Less
30-39	Fail



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∃aG. The Validity and Reliability of the Test

1. The Validity

Validity is a crucial part of any test. Before carrying out a test, it is necessary to know the validity of instruments. Brown (2003, p. 20) stated that it refers to the contents of the test provide samples about the subject matter are being measured. It means that we have to design the tests based on the material that they had learned.

In this research, the researcher used content validity to measure the students' reading comprehension. Ary, et al. (2006, p. 226) added that content validity is "the degree to which the samples of items, tasks or questions on a test are representative of some defined universe or domain of content".

To know whether the test is valid or not, the value of r_{observed} must be compared with r_{table} . The number of students is 30. Degree of freedom 30-2=28, $r_{table}=28$ are 0.3610.

If the value of $r_{observed} > r_{table} = valid$

If the value of $r_{observed} < r_{table} = invalid$

The result of calculation of validity can be seen in the table below:



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Table III.6 Validity of The Test

Item	R counted	r table	Result
T4 1	0.5652	(df=28; 5%)	V-1: 4
Item 1	0.5652	0.3610	Valid
Item 2	0.5516	0.3610	Valid
Item 3	0.7173	0.3610	Valid
Item 4	0.7173	0.3610	Valid
Item 5	0.5166	0.3610	Valid
Item 6	0.4821	0.3610	Valid
Item 7	0.4945	0.3610	Valid
Item 8	0.5185	0.3610	Valid
Item 9	0.4903	0.3610	Valid
Item 10	0.4643	0.3610	Valid
Item 11	0.4854	0.3610	Valid
Item 12	0.5274	0.3610	Valid
Item 13	0.4754	0.3610	Valid
Item 14	0.5614	0.3610	Valid
Item 15	0.4945	0.3610	Valid
Item 16	0.4945	0.3610	Valid
Item 17	0.5086	0.3610	Valid
Item 18	0.5417	0.3610	Valid
Item 19	0.5166	0.3610	Valid
Item 20	0.4522	0.3610	Valid
Item 21	0.5282	0.3610	Valid
Item 22	0.6013	0.3610	Valid
Item 23	0.5019	0.3610	Valid
Item 24	0.5086	0.3610	Valid
Item 25	0.4919	0.3610	Valid

From the result of calculation by using SPSS, it was found that were 25 items that were valid.

2. The Reliability

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Reliability refers to a situation when giving the same tests for the same students in different occasions. Brown (2003, p. 23) stated that the reliable test is the consistent and dependable test. The consistent thing refers to score whereas the dependable thing refers to the condition of the student, temperature and condition. It means that when giving the same test to the same students and condition.



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As mentioned by Arikunto (2009, p. 222) the reliability for good classroom achievement tests are expected to exceed 0,0 and close 1,00. He stated that reliability of test is considered as follows:

0.0 - 0.20: reliability is poor

0,21 - 0,40: reliability is satisfactory

: reliability is good 0,41 - 0,700.71 - 1.0: reliability is excellent

In this research, the researcher use SPSS 20 version to calculate the reliability of test. The following steps were how to get the result data based on SPSS 20 for windows- statistical software:

- 1. Open the students test result
- From the menu SPSS, click analyze and then click sub menu scale
- 3. From the menu click your variables, and press the narrow button
- 4. From statistical, click item and scale, at summaries; click means and click, then click ok to end this process and you will see the output data of SPSS automatically.

The result of calculation of reliability can be seen in the table as follows:

Result of The Reliability Test

Cronbach's Alpha	N of Items
0.873	25

The reliability of the test was 0.87 it is categorized into excellent reliability level. It means the instrumental accuracy involved into good level and this means good for a research.



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3. Item Difficulty of the Test

Before the test was administered to the sample of this research, the researcher gave try out to 30 students of VIII 3 of Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru. The purpose of try out was to obtain validity and reliability of the test. The validity of the test was determined by finding the difficulty level of each item.

According to Sugiono (2015, p. 35) item difficulty is a statement about how difficult or easy a question is for the examinee. A good question is if it is not too difficult and not too easy.

The item of difficulty was determined as the proportion of correct responses. The formula for item of difficulty can be seen as follows (Arikunto, 2009, p. 209):

$$P = \frac{B}{JS}$$

Where:

Р : index of Difficulty of facility value В : the number of correct answers

: the number of examines or students taking the test JS

The formula above was used in order to know the easy or difficult tests those are given to the respondents. The standard value of the proportion of correct can be seen in the value of the proportion of correct can be seen in the table below (Arikunto, 2009, p. 210):

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Table III.8 **Index Difficulty Level of Instruments**

Proportion Correct (p)	Item Category
P> 0.70	Easy
$0.30 \le P \le 0.70$	Mean
P < 0.30	Difficult

The standard level of the difficulty used is > 0.30 and < 0.70, it means that the level of difficulty is between 0.30 and 0.70. Then, the proportion of correct is represented by "p", whereas the proportion of incorrect is represented by "q", it can be seen in the following tables:

Table III.9 Students are able to Identify Main Idea of Recount Text

Variable	Identif	N				
Item no	1	6	13	16	21	
Correct Item	12	13	16	16	15	30
P	0.4	0.43	0.53	0.53	0.5	30
Q	0.6	0.56	0.46	0.46	0.5	

Based on the table III.9, item number 1 shows the proportion of correct 0.4, item number 6 shows the proportion of correct answer 0.43, item number 13 shows the proportion of correct answer 0.53, item number 16 shows the proportion of correct answer 0.53, and item number 21 shows the proportion of correct answer 0.5. Based on the standard level of difficulty, all items for identify main idea or "p" > 0.30 and < 0.70. So, the items of identify main idea of recount text are accepted.

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Table III.10 Students are able to Find Detail Information of Recount Text

Variable	Find D	Find Detail Information of Recount Text					
Item no	5	7	11	18	23		
Correct Item	15	13	15	16	12	30	
P	0.5	0.43	0.5	0.53	0.4	30	
Q	0.5	0.56	0.5	0.46	0.6		

Based on the table III.10, item number 5 shows the proportion of correct 0.5, item number 7 shows the proportion of correct 0.43, item number 11 shows the proportion of correct 0.5, item number 18 shows the proportion of correct 0.53, and item number 23 shows the proportion of correct 0.4. Based on the standard level difficulty, all items for find detail information or "p" > 0.30 and < 0.70. So, the items of find detail information of recount text are accepted.

Table III.11 Students are able to Identify the Meaning of **Vocabulary in Context**

Variable	Identify	Identify The Meaning of Vocabulary in Context					
Item no	2	9	15	20	25	T	
Correct Item	_ 17	13	13	13	18	20	
P	0.56	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	30	
Q	0.43	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4		

Based on the table III.11, the proportion of correct answer for item number 2 shows 0.56, item number 9 shows 0.5, item number 15 shows 0.5, item number 20 shows 0.5, item number 25 shows 0.6. Based on the standard level of difficulty, all items for identify the meaning of



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vocabulary in context or "p" > 0.30 and < 0.70. So, the items of identify the meaning of vocabulary in context are accepted.

Table III.12 Students are able to Identify The References in Recount Text

Variable	Identify The References in Recount Text					N
Item no	4	10	14	19	24	
Correct Item	16	17	17	15	14	30
P	0.53	0.56	0.56	0.5	0.46	30
Q	0.46	0.43	0.43	0.5	0.53	

Based on the table III.12, the proportion of correct answer for item number 4 shows 0.53, item number 10 shows 0.56, item number 14 shows 0.56, item number 19 shows 0.5, item number 24 shows 0.46. Based the standard level difficulty, all items for Identify The References or "p">0.30 and < 0.70. So, the items of Identify The References in Recount Text are accepted.

Table III.13 Students are able To Identify Inference in Recount Text

Variable	Students Are Able To Identify Inference in Recount Text				N	
Item no	- 3	-8	12	17	22)
Correct Item	18	18	15	18	17	30
P	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.56	
Q	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.43	

Based on the table III.13, the proportion of correct answer for item number 3 shows 0.6, item number 8 shows 0.6, item number 12 shows 0.5, item number 17 shows 0.6, item number 22 shows 0.56. Based on the

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standard level of difficulty, all items for identify inference or "p">0.30 and <0.70. so, the items of identify inference in recount text are accepted.

H. The Normality and Homogeneity of the Test

1. Normality of the Test

Assessing normality of data is used to describe a symmetrical, bell shaped curve, which has the greatest frequency of scores in the middle with smaller frequency towards the extremes. Normality can be assessed by obtaining skewness and kurtosis value (Pallant, 2003, p. 54). Before analyzing data by using t-test formula, the researcher had to find out normality test of the data. It was used to know whether the data are normal or not.

In order to know whether the data have normal distribution or not, the researcher used Kolmogorov-Smirnov method as the formula to analyze the data. In this research, the writer analyzed the data by using SPSS (Statistical Product and Service Solution) 20 version program. The SPSS result for Kolmogorov-Smirnov test can be seen as follows:

p-value (Sig.) > 0.05 = the data are in normal distribution p-value (Sig.) < 0.05 = the data are not in normal distribution

Based on the SPSS output, the test of normality is showed as follows:



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Table III.14 **Test of Normality**

_		Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
	class	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Score	experiment	0.159	30	0.200	0.958	30	0.801
	control	0.168	30	0.200	0.926	30	0.518

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Based on the table above, it was obtained that the significant level in kolmogorov-Smirnov test of experimental class was 0.200; in other words 0.200 > 0.05, and the significant level of control class was 0.200; it means that 0.200>0.05. In brief, the data were distributed normally.

2. Homogeneity of the Test

The homogeneity test was used to measure whether the data are correlated from true population or not. Data homogeneity of variance test was calculated by using SPSS version 20. The SPSS result for Levene test was interpreted as follows:

p-value(Sig.) > 0.05 = the data are homogeneous

p-value (Sig.) < 0.05 = the data are not homogeneous

Based on SPSS output, the homogeneity of the test can be seen as follows:

Table III.15 **Test of Homogeneity**

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
0.570	1	60	0.811

Based on the table above, it was found that the value of significance (Sig.) was 0.811. According to Pallant (2010:207), the data



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are homogeneous or variant when the value Sig. is higher than 0.05. So, it is clear that Sig. is higher than 0.05 which indicates the homogeneity of the data. The comparison can be stated by 0.811 > 0.05 it means that the data are homogeneous and the data are correlated from true population.

The Technique of Analyzing Data

This research will be used independen sample t-test because this research will compare the result of test between pre-test and post-test from control class and experiment class. According to Gay and Airasian (2000, p. 512), t-test is one of the statistics tests used to determine whether two means are significantly different at a selected probability level. The data will analyze with independent sample t-test and will be calculated by using SPSS 20.0 version.

To identify the level of significant difference of using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) on students' reading comprehension at SMP N 9 Pekanbaru, it will be calculated by using eta squared formula:

Eta Squared =
$$\frac{t^2}{t^2 + (N1 + N2 - 2)}$$

Where: t²: value of the table

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N1: number of students of first group N2: number of students of second group



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The researcher conclude that:

- 1. Ha is accepted if the value in the **Sig. (2-tailed)** column is *equal or less* than 0.05 (e.g. 0.03,0.01, 0.001). It means that there is a significant difference of students' reading comprehension of recount text between those who are taught by using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) and those who are taught without using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) at State Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru.
- 2. Ho is accepted if the value is above 0.05 (e.g. 0.06, 0.10). It means that there is no significant difference of students' reading comprehension of recount text between those who are taught by using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) and those who are taught without using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) at State Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru.



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CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

A. Conclusion

Based on the data analysis explained in the chapter IV, finally the researcher would like to depict the conclusions as follows:

- The students' reading comprehension taught by using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) at eighth grade of Junior High School 09 Pekanbaru was 74,20 in good category level.
- 2. The students' reading comprehension taught without using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) at eighth grade of Junior High School 09 Pekanbaru was 66,00 in good category level.
- 3. From the analysis Independent sample T-test formula, By comparing to (t-obtained) to t-table. From df =58, the level of significance of 5% was 2.00 and the level of significance of 1% was 2.66. It can be seen that 2.00 <4.588> 2.66. It means that the alternative hypothesis (H_a) was accepted, while null hypothesis (H_o) was rejected. There is a significant difference after using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) on students' reading comprehension at eighth grade of Junior High School 09 Pekanbaru.
- The result of the level significant effect of using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) at eighth grade of Junior High School 09 Pekanbaru contributed 0.99. It means that the effect of using Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) had large effect toward students reading comprehension of the eighth grade students at Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru.



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B. Suggestion

In line with the conclusion above, the researcher knows that Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) give significant effect to students' reading comprehension of recount text. Therefore, the reseacher suggests the teacher to use this learning strategy to improve students' reading comprehension of recount text.

1. Suggestion for the teacher

Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) can be one of the ways to teach reading comprehension of recount text. It is proved by the result of data of this research. In addition, Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS) gives an effect in reading comprehension. Besides, the teacher has to be creative to convey the material in the class to make students interested and motivated to study. So, a creative teacher and a good method will present a successful comprehension in reading. In brief, a teacher has to look for methods, add knowledge, and teach joyfully to make students easy to comprehend what they learn.

Suggestion for the students

- The students should pay more attention to the lesson explained by the teacher.
- The students should practice their English, not only in the classroom but also outside of the classroom.
- The students should be more interested in studying English, because it is one of the keys to be successful in English subject.

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Suggestion for the next researcher

- This research is the one of the ways to improve students' reading comprehension. It is expected that the findings of this research will be used as starting points to conduct another research.
- There are many other strategies to make teaching and learning process more effective and interesting. The next researchers are expected to find new strategies, methods, techniques, and approaches.

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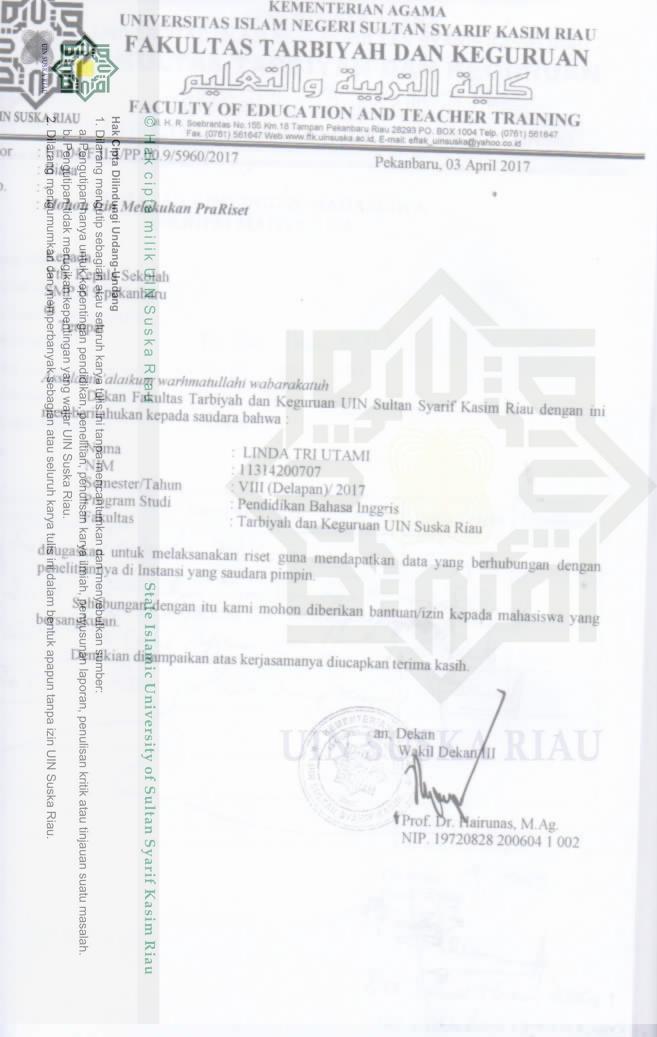
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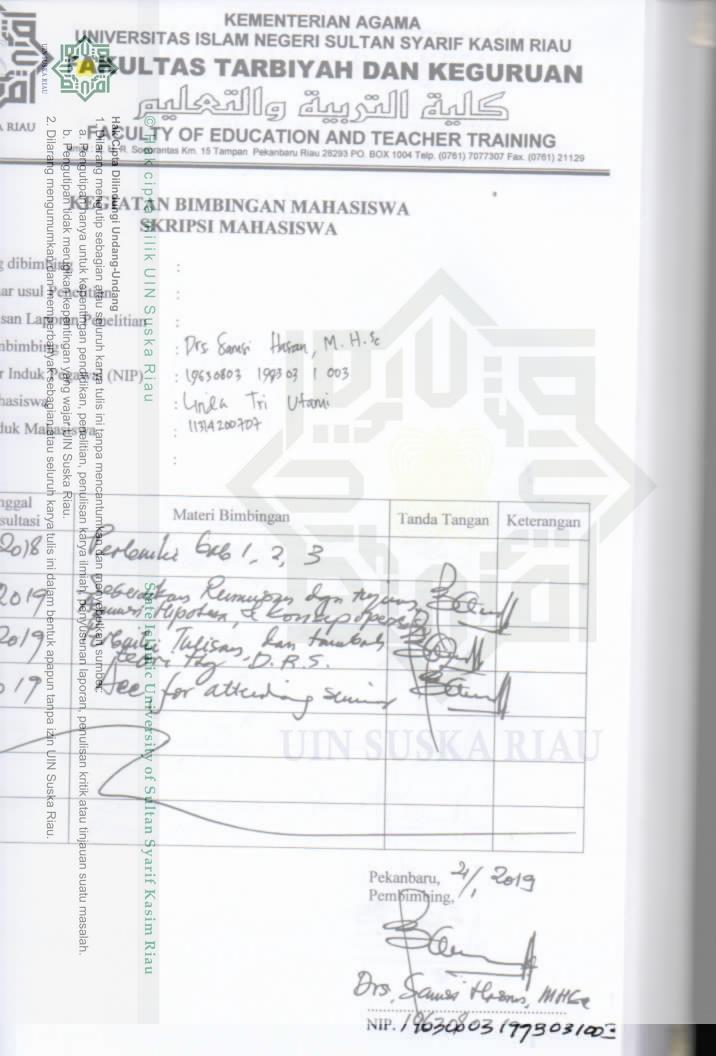
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Sehubungan dengan itu kami mohon diberikan bantuan/izin kepada mahasiswa yang

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9 Pekanbaru

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Mahasiswa

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Strategy (DRS) : Its Effect on The Eighth

Pekanbaru, 26 Maret 2019

Sdr. Kepala SMP Negeri 9

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Demikian disampaikan, atas perhatian dan kerjasamanya diucapkan terena kasih.

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Nomor: 422/ 04/ 2019 / 240

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Teaching English Using Detailed Reading Strategy
(Drs): Its Effect on The Eighth Grade Students' Reading Comprehension at State Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru

9 Pekanbaru

Surat Keterangan ini kami bahasa Inggris

Teaching English Using Detailed Reading Strategy
(Drs): Its Effect on The Eighth Grade Students' Reading Comprehension at State Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru

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9 Pekanbaru

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Pekanbaru, 04 April 2019

Kepala Sekolah

NIP.196612051991032003

bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau. butkan sumber: nyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah

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RESEARCH INSTRUMENT

Reading Comprehension Test

Post-Test

Respondent: The Eighth Grade of Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru

Directions:

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- 1. You can answer this question on this sheet.
- 2. Read the question below carefully and choose the answer a,b,c or d by giving (X) mark on it.
- 3. If you had mistaken the answer, you can give mark (二).
- 4. Check yor answer before you collect this sheet.

Read the following text to answer questions number 1 to 5.

Last year in 2018, I joined the Pekanbaru Marathon and its my first marathon contest. I had to run 26,2 km to complete it. It was hard.

At first, I just wanted to get the experience of joining a marathon. I thought it would be one life time experience. After finishing it, I changed my mind. I wanted to join another one. I was interested to complete at least one more marathon and improve my time. I also experienced a good feeling between participants and the spectators that made me happy. It was a very wonderful thing for me. So I decided that I had to join another marathon the next year.

(sumber: www.quipper.com; 28 November 2019)



- a. The writer's activities of watching Pekanbaru marathon contest.
- b. The writer's wonderful feeling after watching marathon.
- c. The writer's good achievement in marathon.
- d. The changing of the writer's feeling after joining the marathon.
- 2. "... I change my mind." (Paragraph 2) The underlined word is closest meaning to ...
 - a. believe

- c. Thought
- b. Ambition
- d. Suggestion

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- a.

b. 2

- 3. How many the writer did the marathon? c. 3
 - d. 4
- "...I had to run 26,2 km to complete it." in paragraph 2, the underlined word refers to
 - a. Miles

- c. Marathon
- b. The writer
- d. Run
- 5. Why the writer changed his mind?
 - a. Because doing marathon is hard
 - b. Because he wanted to spend his time
 - c. Because it was wonderful thing for him
 - d. Because he is an athlete
- Read the following text to answer questions number 6 to 10.

Last Friday, a friend of mine asked me to accompany him to buy a new shirt at a department store. We left home at 03.00 p.m. by motorcycle. As soon as we arrived there, we went to the clothes section. I let him choose one. An hour later, I got bored watching him confused in choosing a shirt. So I left him and went to the cassette counter. Thirty minutes later, I went back to the clothes section but I couldn't find him there. My cell phone was broken so I couldn't call him. I went to the parking area. I saw his motorcycle was there but I couldn't find him. I waited for him for a few moments then finally I gave up and decided to go home.

When I arrived home, my mother told me that my friend called. She said that he was in the department store looking for me. My mother asked me to come back to the department store. Reluctantly, I walked to the department store and you know what? When I arrived there his motorcycle was not in the parking area. He just went home. I was very tired. There was no other choice, I had to walk home again. When I arrived home, I was so tired. I was very angry but when I saw my friend's broad smile greet me in front of the door, I just could not help laughing.

(sumber: www.itapuih.com; 23 february 2019; PajaTapuih)

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- 6. The text above is about ... a. The writer and his friend
- c. An embarrassing day

d. Shopping with mother

- 7. The writer couldn't contact his friend because ...
 - a. He was in the parking area
 - b. His cell phone was broken
 - c. He went home alone

b. The writer friends

- d. His friend was still choosing a shirt
- 8. From the story above we can conclude that there was a problem because..
 - a. The writer's friend was in the clothes section
 - b. The writer and his friend couldn't ride the motorcycle
 - c. The writer couldn't contact his friend
 - d. The writer and his friend decided to go to the department store
- 9. "...watching him confused in choosing a shirt." In paragraph 1, the underlined word is antonym with....
 - a. Clearly

c. misled

b. Frightened

- d. Worried
- 10. "....I couldn't find him there" in paragraph 1. The underlined word refes to
 - a. The department store
- c. The cassette section
- b. The writer's home
- d. The clothes section

Read the following text to answer questions number 11 to 15.

It was the beginning of July, My parents and I were in a plane heading home from our vacation.

A crew announced the passengers that we were going to land in the airport in a few minutes. While listening to the announcement, I was looking outside through the window and saw how dark the sky was. It was raining heavily and lightings sparked here and there.

Suddenly, I felt the plane went bumpy. The impact was low at the beginning, however it gradually became terrible. Everything shook terribly. People started to scream in fear. I hold my parents' hands. I heard my Dad was praying while Mom tried to soothe me.



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Fortunately, our plane landed safely at the airport under that extreme weather. I thanked God for saving my parents and me.

(sumber: www.itapuih.com; 11 februari 2018; PajaTapuih)

- 11. What was the writer's mother doing during the turbulence?
 - a. She was holding her husband's hand
 - b. She was calming the writer down
 - c. She was praying for help
 - d. She was crying for fear
- 12. The turbulence was caused by
 - The bad weather
 - The size of the plane
 - The height of the flight
 - The damage on one of the machines
- 13. What is the main idea of paragraph 2?
 - The writer saw that it was raining heavily and lightning outside
 - b. The writer was enjoying the announcement made by the crew
 - c. A crew was announcing that they were going to land soon
 - d. The lightning outside scared the writer
- 14. "....It was raining..." in paragraph 2, the underlined word refers to...
 - a. The plane
- c. The weather
- b. The vacation
- d. The airport
- 15. "...People started to scream in fear" in paragraph 3. The underlined word is synonym with
 - a. Shout

c. Shake

b. Talk

d. Angry

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Read the following text to answer questions number 16 to 20.

I have got an unforgettable experience last Lebaran Day. My family and I went to my mother's hometown to celebrate "Idul Fitri". We went by a plane. At the airport, my family and I had to walk through the metal detector. When I got the turn to walk through it, suddenly the alarm beeped. The woman who worked as the airport security said, "Come here, you need to get your belt off". I took my belt off, but the alarm still beeped. The security asked me to take my wallet from my pocket. I did what she ordered. Still alarm beeped.

After that the security asked me to turn back and she checked my body. She touched my left pocket. Then she told me, "There was something in it. it might be the things that made the alarm beeped". I took out something from the left pocket. The woman laughed and said, "That has made the alarm beep". It was a silver pen. I felt embarrassed because everybody stared at me with curiosity.

(sumber; www.mertonschool.com 23 February, 2019)

16. What does the second paragraph tell us about?

- a. The writer and his family walked through metal detector
- b. The writer's silver pen made the metal detector beeped
- c. The security checked the writer's pockets
- d. Everybody stared at the writer

17. From the text, we can conclude

- a. The security guard was a fussy woman
- b. You are not allowed to wear belts at the airport
- c. The alarm beeped because there was a metallic object
- d. The writer's appearance attracted everybody's attention

18. Why did the airport security tell the writer to take off his belt?

- a. Because the alarm beeped when he passed through metal detector
- b. Because it was his unforgettable experience last lebaran
- c. Because she worked as the airport security officer
- d. Because everybody stared at him curiosity

19. "....turn to walk through it" in paragraph 1. The underlined word refers to...

a. The airport

c. The metal detector

b. The wallet

d. The silver pen

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- 20. "I felt embarrassed...." in last paragraph. The underlined word is antonym with.... a. Shy
 - b. Clever

c. Beautiful

d. Brave

Read the following text to answer questions number 21 to 25.

Last Sunday, I was gardening with my father. It was half past six in the morning. The air was really fresh. My dad called me from the yard. He said something about 'banana'. I walked to where he stood looking at one of my banana tress. I saw some of them are already yellow. What a great view!

Next, we were busy to harvest the bananas it was my first time to do this. We just moved to this new house for about six months. Here, we have some yard besides the house with banana and guava trees.

After that I watered the vertical garden and pulled off the wild grass. I also collected the old leaves and realized that the yard looked nicer and cleaner after that.

Finally, I picked 2 ripe guavas. Hmm, they smelt nice. I took a shower and had breakfast with my parents right after that. It was a fine Sunday morning. I felt a stronger bond by doing the gardening with my father.

(sumber; www.mertonschool.com 23 February,2019)

- 21. What is the main idea of the first paragraph?
 - a. The family had a breakfast together
 - b. The writer watered the plants and cleared the yard
 - c. The writer found that some of the bananas were ripe
 - d. The father and son were busy to harvest the banana trees
- 22. From the text, we know that...
 - a. The writer felt very bored last Sunday
 - b. The writer's garden is full of kinds of flowers
 - c. Mother was not at home last Sunday morning
 - d. The writer really enjoyed the gardening time with his dad



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- 23. Why did the yard look nicer and cleaner?
 - It was full of beautiful flowers
 - They had cut off all the banana trees
 - The writer had watered the banana trees
 - d. He collected old leaves and pulled off the wild grass
- 24. "They smelt nice" (last paragraph) the underlined word refers to
 - The writer and his dad
- c. Garden

Bananas b.

- d. Guavas
- 25. "I also collected the old leaves...." The underline word is similarity in meaning with
 - Gather

c. Burn

Threw away

d. Cut

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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang Undang

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RESEARCH INSTRUMENT

Reading Comprehension Test

Pre-Test

Respondent: The Eighth Grade of Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru

Directions:

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- 1. You can answer this question on this sheet.
- 2. Read the question below carefully and choose the answer a,b,c or d by giving (X) mark on it.
- 3. If you had mistaken the answer, you can give mark (二).
- 4. Check yor answer before you collect this sheet.

Read the following text to answer questions number 1 to 5.

I am glad that today is over. So many things have gone wrong. For some reasons I didn't sleep a wink last night. I was very tired when mum called me this morning. I fell asleep again until mum called me again. Ay snooze made me late.

I did not have time for breakfast. I was starving I ran to catch the school bus. I just missed it. Dad had to ride me to school. He was late for teaching at his school and he was furious with me. He scolded me for being late.

I arrived at school n tie. The teacher asked us to hand in our homework. My homework was not in my bag. I had forgotten to put in my bag the night before. I usually check my bag in the morning. I did not do this because I was late I had to do extra assignment as a punishment.

After Biology lesson, I did not tie my shoelace properly. I tripped over it and fell down the stairs. I hurt my knee and had to have a bandage on it. What a terrible day! I hope that I have much better one tomorrow.

(sumber: www.itapuih.com; 23 february 2019; PajaTapuih)

- 1. What is the text talking about?
 - a. A wonderful experience
 - b. A sad story

- c. A terrible experience
- d. A happy journey

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- Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber.
- What made everything went wrong? a. He got up late in the morning
 - b. He came to school lately
 - c. His homework was left at home
 - d. He got punishment from his teacher
- 3. "He was late for teaching" in paragraph 2, the underlined word refers to
 - The writer

c. His teacher

b. His mom

- d. His dad
- 4. What was the writer's profession?
 - a. A teacher

c. A worker

b. A principal

- d. A students
- 5. "....he was <u>furious</u> with me." (Paragraph 2). The underline word is synonymous with

a. Angry

c. Arrogant

b. Proud

d. Greedy

Read the following text to answer questions number 6 to 10.

Yesterday my family and I went to the zoo to see the elephant. When we got to the zoo, we went to the shop to buy some food to give to the animals. After getting the food, we went to the nocturnal house where we saw birds and reptiles which only come out at night.

Before having lunch, we went for a ride on the elephant. It was a thrill to ride it. Dad fell off when he let go off the rope, but he was ok. During the lunch we fed some birds in the park.

In the afternoon we saw the animals being fed. When we returned home we were very tired but happy. It was because we had so much fun activities at many places at the zoo.

(sumber; www.mertonschool.com 23February, 2019)

- Why did the writer and his family feel very tired after having a trip to the zoo?
 - a. They had to visit many places in the zoo
 - b. They took a long time to reach the zoo area
 - c. They had to feed a lot of animals in the zoo
 - d. They had no time to take a rest in the zoo

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- 7. What happened to the writer's dad when he rode an elephant?
 - a. He felt a thrill
- c. He fell off
- b. He felt fun
- d. He failed
- 8. What is the text talking about?
 - a. A trip to the jungle
- c. A trip to the park
- b. A trip to the zoo
- d. A trip to the mountain
- 9. "... It was a thrill to ride it." In paragraph 2, the underlined word refers to...
 - a. Writer's family
- c. The shop
- b. Writer's Dad
- d. The elephant
- 10. ".....we were very tired." (Paragraph 3). The underline word is antonymous with?
 - a. Energized
- c. bored

b. Empty

- d. sleepy
- Read the following text to answer questions number 11 to 15.

Last weekend, I visited my pen pal's house. His Name is Anto. There were many activities I did there. In the morning, Anto and I had breakfast. We had traditional food. I liked it very much.

After breakfast, he took me to the garden behind his house. The garden was very big and beautiful. There is a big bird cage in the garden. There were many kinds of birds in that cage. I spent a long time feeding the birds. I also took pictures with those beautiful birds.

After visiting the bird cage, Anto and I went to the flower garden not far from his house. We took a rest and had lunch under a big tree and watch butterflies flying above colourful flowers. In the afternoon, we swam in the pool in the backyard. It was so fun. I really enjoyed my time with Anto.

(sumber: www.itapuih.com; 23 february 2019; PajaTapuih)

- 11. What is the last paragraph talking about?
 - a. Anto had butterflies as his pet
 - b. The writer's friend is a good swimmer
 - c. There are a lot of flowers in Anto's house
 - d. The writer had a good time with his friend

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a. Under a tree b. Inside big bird cage

12. Where did the writer spend his afternoon?

c. In the flower garden

d. In the swimming pool

13. ".....I really enjoyed my time...." (Paragraph 3). The underline word is synonymous with?

a. Sad

c. Dislike

b. Have fun

d. Hate

14. "I liked it very much." In paragraph 1, the underlined word refers to..

a. Traditional food

c. Anto's garden

b. Anto's house

d. Anto's pet

15. How is the writer's feeling when visiting anto?

a. Sad

c. Happy

b. Bored

d. Tired

Read the following text to answer questions number 16 to 20.

I joined the Traditional Dance Competition in Jakarta last year. I represented my Junior High School. It was my biggest competition. I practiced hard with my teacher form a month.

We only had one day in Jakarta. We went there by plane. We left at 6 a.m.an arrived in Jakarta at 7 a.m. we took a taxi to take us to the place where the competition was held. It took an hour to get there. There were already some participants when we arrived. The competition would start in an hour.

First, my teacher and I went to the dressing room. My teacher helped me do the make-up and the costume. We spent almost an hour for the preparation. I told my teacher that I was really nervous. I was not ready for this. However, she told me that everything was alright, and I felt better.

Then, the time came for me to perform on stage. There were five judges and about two hundred people watching me. However, I felt nervous because two hundred people watching me. However, my teacher always told me that everything was alright so I did not feel nervous anymore. I performed on the stage confidently. Really did the best I could. I was glad when it ended smoothly.

After that, we waited for the announcement of the result. It was 4 p.m. when the judges finished making their final decision. I was so impatient to hear the result. I still could not believe when they called my name as the first

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winner. I was so happy to be given the trophy. My teacher was also proud of my achievement. Finally, we were so tired however, we were satisfied because our effort was not useless.

(sumber; www.mertonschool.com 23 February, 2019)

- 16. The topic of paragraph three is about?
 - The writer's journey to Jakarta
 - The writer's preparation for the performance
 - c. The writer's moment on the plane
 - d. The writer's arrival in Jakarta
- 17. How the writer can arrived at Jakarta?
 - a. By plane
- c. By motorcycle

b. By car

- d. By train
- 18. How did the writer perform on the stage?
 - a. Nervously
 - b. Confidently
 - c. Impatiently
 - d. Gladly
- 19. "however, we were satisfies because our effort was not useless" (paragraph 5). The underline word is similarity in meaning with....
 - a. Pride
 - b. Awareness
 - c. Attempt
 - d. Confidence
- 20. "I still could not believe when they called my name as the first winner" (paragraph 5) What does underlined pronoun refer to?
 - a. The writer and her teacher
 - b. The judges and the participants
 - c. Two hundred people
 - d. The judges

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Read the following text to answer questions number 21 to 25.

Last week, Mr Damiri's wife had an accident. Her youngest child, Yusuf, was at home when it happened. He was playing with his new toy car. Suddenly Yusuf heard his mother calling, "Help! Help!" he ran to the kitchen. His mother had burnt herself with some hot cooking oil. She was crying with pain and the pan was on fire. Mr. Damiri had gone to the office. The other children had gone to school.

Yusuf was too small to help his mother, and she was too frightened to speak sensibly to him. But he ran to the neighbour's house and asked his neighbor to come and help his mother. The neighbor soon put out the fire and took Yusuf's mother to the clinic.

When Mr. Damiri came home, his wife told him what had happened. He was very proud of his son, "When you are a man, you will be just like your father,"she said.

(sumber; www.mertonschool.com 23 February,2019)

- 21. Who took Mrs. Damiri to the clinic?
 - a. Her son
- c. Her neighbour
- b. Her husband
- d. Her children
- 22. The main idea of the second paragraph is
 - a. Mrs. Damiri got accident
 - b. Mr. Damiri was proud of his son
 - c. Yusuf asked his neighbour to help
 - d. Mr. Damiri and his other children had gone

23. How did the neighbour help Mrs. Damiri?

- a. He called Mrs. Damiri's husband and ran to the kitchen
- b. He called the fireman and put out the fire
- c. He put out the fire and took Mrs. Damiri ot the clinic
- d. He called the fireman and advised Mrs. Damiri to stay calm
- 24. "She was too frightened to speak sensibly to him" (paragraph 2) the underlined word refers to
 - a. Mr. Damiri
- c. Her neighbour
- b. Mr. Damiri's wife
- d. Yusuf



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25. "She was too frightened to speak....." The underline word is similarity in meaning with

a. Worry

c. Sad

b. Cry

d. Afraid



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Key Answer of Pre-Test

1.	C	11. D	21. C
2.	A	12. D	22. C
3.	D	13. B	23. C
4.	D	14. A	24. D
5.	A	15. C	25. A
6.	A	16. A	

17. A 18. B

19. C

20. D

Key Answer of Post-Test

1.	D	11. B	21. C
2.	C	12. A	22. D
3.	A	13. A	23. D
4.	C	14. C	24. D
5.	С	15. A	25. A
6.	A	16. B	
7	B	17 C	

18. A

19. C

20. D

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RESEARCH INSTRUM

Reading Comprehension Test

Pre-Test

e Eighth Grade of Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru

JIN Susk

Undang
an atau selurul
k kepentingan
gikan kepenting

The question below carefully and choose the answer a,b,c or d by Mark on it.

3. on the light of the language of the langua

4. a calcaka or answer before you collect this sheet.

Read [1] fullowing text to answer questions number 1 to 5.

The good that today is over. So many things have gone wrong. For some reasons & ddn't sleep a wink last night. I was very tired when mum called me this modifie. I fell asleep again until mum called me again. Ay snooze made mestate /a

and did not have Time for breakfast. I was starving I ran to catch the school bus I just missed H. Dad had to ride me to school. He was late for teaching at his chool and he was furious with me. He scolded me for being late.

array at school n tie. The teacher asked us to hand in our homework. My hongwork was not in my bag. I had forgotten to put in my bag the night before. Fusually check my bag in the morning. I did not do this because I was laten haßto do exten assignment as a punishment.

Zifter Biology esson, I did not tie my shoelace properly. I tripped over it and gell wwn the stairs. I hurt my knee and had to have a bandage on it. What a temible alay! I hope that I have much better one tomorrow.

Sumber:

; 23 february 2019; PajaTapuih)

Whatas the text alking about?

As wonderfild experience

g. A terrible experience

b. Assad story 3

d. A happy journey



2. Dilated made everything went wrong?

a. Percentile is homework was left at home

bi-Penguipan tides made everything in paragraph 2, the underlined in the morning of the got punishment from his teacher

i. His teacher

d. His dad

u. Sking a late for teaching in paragraph 2, the underlined in the got punishment from his teacher

i. His teacher

d. His dad

u. Sking a late wetter

c. A worker

d. His dad

u. Sking a late wetter

d. His dad

u. Sking a late wetter

c. A worker

d. A students

i. He was furious with me." (Paragraph 2).

A students

a principal development in the morning in paragraph 2.

In the was furious with me." (Paragraph 2).

Greedy

vesterday my family and I went to the zoo to sking a late of the got paragraph in the late of the zoo, we went to the shop to buy some late of the control of the contro

Undang-Undang Undang Un

Yesterday my family and I went to the zoo to see the elephant. we got to the zoo, we went to the shop to buy some food to give to Bieganimal& After getting the food, we went to the nocturnal house where

Before having lunch, we went for a ride on the elephant. It was a terig to rice it. Dad fell off when he let go off the rope, but he was ok.

In the afternoon we saw the animals being fed. When we returned heme we were very tired but happy. It was because we had so much fun

(sumber; www.mertonschool.com 23February, 2019)

Why did the writer and his family feel very tired after having a trip to the Z007

and They had to visit many places in the zoo

They took a long time to reach the zoo area

They had to feed a lot of animals in the zoo

d They had no time to take a rest in the zoo



Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau. What happened to the writer's dad when he rode an elephant? Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, a The felt a thrill c. He fell off Dilindungi Undan b. He felt fun mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya d. He failed

What is the text talking about?

A trip to the jungle

c. A trip to the park

A trip to the zoo

d. A trip to the mountain

was a thrill to ride it." In paragraph 2, the underlined word refers to...

Writer's family

c. The shop

Writer's Dad

d. The elephant

c...we were very tired." (Paragraph 3). The underline word is antonymous with?

a. Energized

c. bored

b. Empty

et. sleepy

tanpa m

Last weekend, I visited my pen pal's house. His
There were many activities I did there. In the morning, Last weekend, I visited my pen pal's house. His Name is Anto. There were many activities I did there. In the morning, Anto and I had breakfast. We had traditional food. I liked it very much.

After breakfast, he took me to the garden behind his house. The garded was very big and beautiful. There is a big bird cage in the garden. There were many kinds of birds in that cage. I spent a long time feeding the binds. I also took pictures with those beautiful birds.

After visiting the bird cage, Anto and I went to the flower garden not far from his house. We took a rest and had lunch under a big tree and watch butterflies flying above colourful flowers. In the afternoon, we swam in the pool in the backyard. It was so fun. I really enjoyed my time with Anto.

(sumber:

; 23 february 2019; PajaTapuih)

What is the last paragraph talking about?

Anto had butterflies as his pet

The writer's friend is a good swimmer

There are a lot of flowers in Anto's house

The writer had a good time with his friend Riau

penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah

penulisan

karya ilmiah,



Φ2ω Var re did the writer spend his afternoon? Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian a Inde a tree c. In the flower garden Paside big bird cage d: In the swimming pool

So Sympiss with?

idang-Undar ebagian ata a untuk kep c. Dislike lave fun d. Hate

A. Hate

In the underlined word refers to...

Anto's garden

d. Anto's pet

Anto's per d. An

Happy

Ha jeined the Traditional Dance Competition in Jakarta last year. I mepresented my Junior High School. It was my biggest competition. I practiced mardy th my teacher form a month. ⊒:

and an in Jakarta at 7 a.m. we took a taxi to take us to the place where was held. It took an hour to get there. There were already

apapun For so my teacher and I went to the dressing room. My teacher helped me do the make-up and the costume. We spent almost an hour for the preparation. toldomy teacher that I was really nervous. I was not ready for this, However, he told me that everything was alright, and I felt better.

Then, the time came for me to perform on stage. There were five judges and anout two landred people watching me. However, I felt nervous because wo handred people watching me. However, my teacher always told me that every sing was dright so I did not feel nervous anymore. I performed on the stage confidently. Really did the best I could. I was glad when it ended smoothly.

Alber that, we waited for the announcement of the result. It was 4 p.m. when the judges finished making their final decision. I was so impatient to hear the result. I still could not believe when they called my name as the first



happy to be given the trophy. My teacher was also proud of Finally, we were satisfied because trophy. My teacher was also proud of Finally, we were so tired however, we were satisfied because finally, we were so tired however, we were satisfied because finally, we were so tired however, we were satisfied because finally we were satisfied because our effort was not useless.

So Penguipan tidak merugikan kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian penguipan hanya tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wejar UN Suska Riau.

So Diarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tidis ini dalam were satisfies because our effort was not useless. was so happy to be given the trophy. My teacher was also proud of State Islamic Universion menyebutkan sumber: ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izi "however, we were satisfies because our effort was not useless" (paga graph 5 The underline word is similarity in meaning with.... 20 sell could not believe when they called my name as the first winner (paragraph 5) What does underlined pronoun refer to? the writer and her teacher The judge and the participants wo hundred people The judges suatu masalah Kasim



Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau. ast week, Mr Damiri's wife had an accident. Her youngest child, The state of the s Sunden Yusuf heard his mother calling, "Help! Help!" he ran to the kitchen. blie reo gier land burnt herself with some hot cooking oil. She was crying with the pan was on fire. Mr. Damiri had gone to the office. The other

and help his mother. The neighbor soon put out the fire and a tulis ini ing wajar

pen tangent when Mr. Damiri came home, his wife told him what had happened.

When you are a man, you will be just like your When Mr. Damiri came home, his wife told him what had happened. mencantun n, penulisan uska Riau.

(sumber; www.mertonschool.com 23 February, 2019)

enulisan kanga took Mrs. Damiri to the clinic?

Her son

e. Her neighbour

Her hosband

d. Her children

d. H.

when sum is the second paragram of the second paragram is the main idea of the second paragraph is .

Yusuf Esked his neighbour to help

Mr. Damiri and his other children had gone

Solow did the neighbour help Mrs. Damiri?

He called Mrs. Damiri's husband and ran to the kitchen

He called the fireman and put out the fire

He put out the fire and took Mrs. Damiri ot the clinic

He called the fireman and advised Mrs. Damiri to stay calm

24. "She was too frightened to speak sensibly to him" (paragraph 2) the underlined word refers to

as Mr. Damiri

c. Her neighbour

ba Mr. Darziri's wife

d. Yusuf



too frightened to speak....." The underline word is similarity in with....

c. Sad & Afraid

cipta milik UIN Suska Riau

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang
1. Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:
a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.
b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau.

2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau.

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

Salah ! 7



RESEARCH INSTRUMENT

Reading Comprehension Test

Pre-Test

Resident School 9 Pekanbaru

g-Undang gian atau tuk kepent rugikan ker an dan men

seun ans Fer this question on this sheet.

2anyak (X) mark on it.

3 se book a had mataken the answer, you can give mark (**).

agian wajar pe

Real Resident Proposition of the Real Resident R

skan sand that today is over. So many things have gone wrong. For some regard that today is over. So many things have gone wrong. For some regarding additional today is over. So many things have gone wrong. For some regarding additional today is over. So many things have gone wrong. For some regarding additional today is over. So many things have gone wrong. For some regarding additional today is over. So many things have gone wrong. For some regarding additional today is over. So many things have gone wrong. For some regarding additional today is over. So many things have gone wrong. For some regarding additional today is over. So many things have gone wrong. For some regarding additional today is over. So many things have gone wrong. For some regarding additional today is over. So many things have gone wrong additional today is over. So we will be added to the gone wrong additional today is over. So we will be added to the gone wrong additional to

dal dia not have time for breakfast. I was starving I ran to catch the school bus I just onissed in Dad had to ride me to school. He was late for teaching at his exchange and his part of the was furious with me. He scolded me for being late.

apply set at school n tie. The teacher asked us to hand in our homework.

Men before was not in my bag. I had forgotten to put in my bag the night before. Susually check my bag in the morning. I did not do this because I was latted hard to do extra assignment as a punishment.

and all down the stairs. I hurt my knee and had to have a bandage on it. What a tearible day! I hope that I have much better one tomorrow.

(sumber:

; 23 february 2019; PajaTapuih)

Whavis the text talking about?

a. Az wonderf con experience

b. Asala

A terrible experience

d. A happy journey



RESEARCH INSTRUMENT

Reading Comprehension Test

The Eighth Grade of Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru

© Hak cipta milik UIN Suska Rieu

Hak cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

1. Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tan
a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, peneli
b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN
2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian ata Resid the guestion below carefully and choose the answer a,b,c or d by

bu had onistaken the answer, you can give mark (**).

atan ne tange following text to answer questions number I to 5.

Sus an an glad that today is over. So many things have gone wrong. For some didn't sleep a wink last night. I was very tired when mum called me his morning. I fell asleep again until mum called me again. Ay snooze made an o

I was starving I ran to catch the school Bus. Lingt missed it. Dad had to ride me to school. He was late for teaching at his school and he was furious with me. He scolded me for being late.

I arrayed at school n tie. The teacher asked us to hand in our homework. By honework was not in my bag. I had forgotten to put in my bag the night before I usually check my bag in the morning. I did not do this because I was le I ad to do extra assignment as a punishment.

After Biology lesson, I did not tie my shoelace properly. I tripped over it and feld down the stairs. I hurt my knee and had to have a bandage on it. What a gerrifie day! I hope that I have much better one tomorrow. Riau.

(sumber:

; 23 february 2019; PajaTapuih)

hat is the text talking about?

wonderful experience

sad stor

A terrible experience

d. A happy journey



hat made everything went wrong? He got up late in the morning He came to school lately His homework was left at home He got punishment from his teacher



The was late for teaching" in paragraph 2, the underlined word refers to

The writer

c. His teacher

His mom

His dad

What was the writer's profession?

c. A worker

karya tulis

students

.....he was furious with me." (Paragraph 2).

The underline word is synonymous with

Proud

d. Greedy

d. Greedy

d. Greedy

d. Greedy

d. Greedy

Yesterday my family and I went to the zoo to see the elephant. When we got to the zoo, we went to the shop to buy some food to give to the animals. After getting the food, we went to the nocturnal house where we sawhirds and reptiles which only come out at night.

Before having lunch, we went for a ride on the elephant. It was a girill togride it. Dad fell off when he let go off the rope, but he was ok. Buring the lunch we fed some birds in the park.

the afternoon we saw the animals being fed. When we returned home we were very tired but happy. It was because we had so much fun activities at many places at the zoo.

(sumber; www.mertonschool.com 23February, 2019)

Why did the writer and his family feel very tired after having a trip to the 1 zoo?

a. They had to visit many places in the zoo

b. They Bok a long time to reach the zoo area

c. They had to feed a lot of animals in the zoo

d. They had no time to take a rest in the zoo

Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau

Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau

Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan,



hai appened to the writer's dad when he rode an elephant? Hak cipt
Cipta Dilindu
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Pengutipan He fell off d. He failed ptacking about?
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tak merugikan k d. A trip to the mountain

d. A trip to the mountain

d. A trip to the underlined word refers to...

y-Undanguers a ska a lake pentingan pencipan yeng an yeng yang very tired." (Paragraph 3). The underline word is and mous with? s ini tanp , penelitia ajar UIN gian atau c. bored d. sleepy Ren Elle sollowing text to answer questions number 11 to 15. Last weekend, I visited my pen pal's house. His Name is Anto. These swere many activities I did there. In the morning, Anto and I had Ebres 12st. We had traditional food. I liked it very much. After breakfast, he took me to the garden behind his house. The garden was very big and beautiful. There is a big bird cage in the garden. There gere many kinds of birds in that cage. I spent a long time feeding the term. I also took pictures with those beautiful birds. apapund for irom highouse. We took a rest and had lunch under a big tree and watch butterfliss flying above colourful flowers. In the afternoon, we wangin the pool in the backyard. It was so fun. I really enjoyed my time Eith anto. Suska (Sumber: ; 23 february 3019; PajaTapuih) 11. What is the last paragraph talking about? Agto had butterflies as his pet The writer's friend is a good swimmer There are a lot of flowers in Anto's house The writer had a good time with his friend salah



Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya ere did the writer spend his afternoon? Under a tree c. In the flower garden Insîde big bird cage In the swimming pool 9 ...I really enjoyed my time...." (Paragraph 3). The underline word is nillik UIN Su Undang-Undang c. Dislike Hate liked wery much." In paragraph 1, the underlined word refers to... Traditional food Anto's pet and Anto's pet and Anto's pet and Anto's feeling when the Anto and Anto's a uniter steeling when the Anto and Anto's a uniter steeling when the Anto and Anto's a uniter steeling when the Anto and Ant c. Anto's garden

Competition in Jakarta last year, I represented my Junior High School. It was my biggest competition. I practiced an an an the my teacher form a month. ⊒

dalam we only had one day in Jakarta. We went there by plane. We left at 6 a.m@ugarrivedin Jakarta at 7 a.m. we took a taxi to take us to the place where benther the was held. It took an hour to get there. There were already to the place when the disconnection was held. It took an hour to get there. There were already to the competition would start in an hour. the competition was held. It took an hour to get there. There were already

girgt, my teacher and I went to the dressing room. My teacher helped me and the costume. We spent almost an hour for the preparation. tolo my teacher that I was really nervous. I was not ready for this. However, she all me that everything was alright, and I felt better.

Then, the time came for me to perform on stage. There were five judges about two fundred people watching me. However, I felt nervous because wo fundred people watching me. However, my teacher always told me that everything was alright so I did not feel nervous anymore. I performed on the stage confidently. Really did the best I could. I was glad when it ended

Agter that, we waited for the announcement of the result. It was 4 p.m. when the judgest finished making their final decision. I was so impatient to hear the result. Estill could not believe when they called my name as the first



Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

2 Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah

ilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:

winner. I was so happy to be given the trophy. My teacher was also proud of my achievement. Finally, we were so tired however, we were satisfied because our effort was not useless.

(sumber; www.mertonschool.com 23 February, 2019)

15 The topic of paragraph three is about?

The writer's journey to Jakarta

Z b. The writer's preparation for the performance

oc. The writer's moment on the plane

ω d. The writer's arrival in Jakarta

17 How the writer can arrived at Jakarta?

By plane

c. By motorcycle

b. By car

d. By train

18. How did the writer perform on the stage?

Nervously

b. Confidently

c. Impatiently

d. Gladly

19 paragraph 5). The underline word is similarity in meaning with....

a. Pride

ъ. Awareness

Attempt

d. Confidence

20.21 still could not believe when they called my name as the first winner" (paragraph 5) What does underlined pronoun refer to?

3. The writer and her teacher

The judges and the participants

Two hundred people

The judges

Kasim



Hak cipit week, Mr Damiri's wife had an accident. Her

Last week, Mr Damiri's wife had an accident. Her youngest child, avassaf, was at home when it happened. He was playing with his new toy car. Sigd Senly Yusuf heard his mother calling, "Help! Help!" he ran to the kitchen. another had burnt herself with some hot cooking oil. She was crying with and the pan was on fire. Mr. Damiri had gone to the office. The other gone to school.

NaS u sik

Yusuf was too small to help his mother, and she was too frightened to Speak sensibly to him. But he ran to the neighbour's house and asked his chbor to come and help his mother. The neighbor soon put out the fire and Yusue's mother to the clinic.

When Mr. Damiri came home, his wife told him what had happened.

When you are a man, you will be just like your mencantumk

(sumber; www.mertonschool.com 23 February,2019)

(sumber; www.)
Who took Mrs. Damiri to the clinic?

Her son

Her neighbour Her children

Herhusband

Mrs. Damiri got accident
Mr. Damiri was proud of his son
Yusu asked his neighbour to help

Mr. Damiri and his other children had gone

How did the neighbour help Mrs. Damiri?

He called Mrs. Damiri's husband and ran to the kitchen

He called the fireman and put out the fire

He pat out the fire and took Mrs. Damiri ot the clinic

He called the fireman and advised Mrs. Damiri to stay calm

24c "She was too frightened to speak sensibly to him" (paragraph 2) the Eunderlinch word refers to

Mr. Damiri

c. Her neighbour

b. Mr. Damiri's wife

Yusuf

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penyusunan laporan, per

Suska Riau.



in the underline word is similarity word is similarity word is said d. Affin with the underline word is said to the underline wo

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau.

2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau.



Benar: 13 Salah (12

RESEARCH INSTRUMENT

Reading Comprehension Test

32

Pre-Test

Res and the spine Exhth Grade of Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru

* Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

* Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang
Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau s
a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepent
b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kep
2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan mem

S certification on this sheet.

ang ans selur
bentinga

2anyak (X) mark on it.

3 s o di a had mustaken the answer, you can give mark (*)

48 ala po livor answer before you collect this sheet.

* Range Sollowing text to answer questions number 1 to 5.

security and popular that today is over. So many things have gone wrong. For some research that today is over. So many things have gone wrong. For some research that morning I fell asleep again until mum called me again. Ay snooze made melateya

bus beschools and his furious with me. He scolded me for being late.

Mychone work was not in my bag. I had forgotten to put in my bag the night before. Susually check my bag in the morning. I did not do this because I was lated had to do extea assignment as a punishment.

and sell down the stairs. I hurt my knee and had to have a bandage on it. What a tea ible day! I hope that I have much better one tomorrow.

Gumber:

; 23 february 2019; PajaTapuih)

1. What is the text talking about?

A awonderfu experience

u masa b. Aasa c. A terrible experience

d. A happy journey





Hak Cipta millak Cipta Dilindungi Unc.
Dilarang mengutip se a. Pengutipan tidak n To be pullishment from his teacher ilikeulo Par Barite c. His teacher lang tau se K His dad Van the writer's profession? Riau nerina karya tulis endidikan, c. A worker d. A students jian ata was furious with me." (Paragraph 2). pa mencantumka tian, penulisan ka u sekutuh kanya t The girmlerline word is synonymous with Syesterday my family and I went to the zoo to see the elephant. When we got to the zoo, we went to the shop to buy some food to give to and the spinguals. After getting the food, we went to the nocturnal house where ave sewebirds and reptiles which only come out at night. Before saving lunch, we went for a ride on the elephant. It was a Shrillstogride it Dad fell off when he let go off the rope, but he was ok. uriag The lunch we fed some birds in the park. tanpa In the afternoon we saw the animals being fed. When we returned Nome we were very tired but happy. It was because we had so much fun Etivisies at mary places at the zoo. Suska (sumber; www.mertonschool.com 23February, 2019) by hy hid the writer and his family feel very tired after having a trip to the 200? They had to gisit many places in the zoo b. They took a long time to reach the zoo area c. They had to feed a lot of animals in the zoo d. Thæy had no ₹ime to take a rest in the zoo

Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang What happened to the writer's dad when he rode an elephant? a He felt a thrill c. He fell off bΩHe felt fun ilindungi Undang-Undang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa K He failed What is the text talking about? A trip to the jungle c. A trip to the park A trip to the zoo d. A trip to the mountain 61t was a thrill to ride it." In paragraph 2, the underlined word refers to... a. Writer's family c. The shop b. Writer's Dad A. The elephant ...we were very tired." (Paragraph 3). The underline word is antonymous with? Energized c. bored b. Empty d. sleepy

Last weekend, I visited my pen pal's house. His Name is Anto. There were many activities I did there. In the morning, Anto and I had

Last weekend, I visited my pen pal's house. His There were many activities I did there. In the morning, breakfast. We had traditional food. I liked it very much.

After breakfast, he took me to the garden behind garden was very big and beautiful. There is a big bird cage. There were many kinds of birds in that cage. I spent a long the birds. I also took pictures with those beautiful birds.

After visiting the bird cage, Anto and I went to the not far from his house. We teak After breakfast, he took me to the garden behind his house. The garden was very big and beautiful. There is a big bird cage in the garden. There were many kinds of birds in that cage. I spent a long time feeding

After visiting the bird cage, Anto and I went to the flower garden not far from his house. We took a rest and had lunch under a big tree and watch butterflies flying above colourful flowers. In the afternoon, we swam in the pool in the backyard. It was so fun. I really enjoyed my time with Anto.

(sumber:

; 23 february 2019; PajaTapuih)

What is the last paragraph talking about?

anto had butterflies as his pet

The writer's friend is a good swimmer

there are a lot of flowers in Anto's house

the writer had a good time with his friend



aid the writer spend his afternoon? c. In the flower garden cito ta In the swimming pool The underline wood to be compared to . 51 reall genjoyed my time...." (Paragraph 3). The underline word is ulis in tanpa red

wajar UN Su

wajar UN Su

wajar UN Su

Real the Following text to answer questions number 16 to 20.

kan jained the Traditional Dance Competition in Jakarta last year. regrese விறி my Junior High School. It was my biggest competition. I practiced had with any teacher form a month.

d. Tired

Was colly had one day in Jakarta. We went there by plane. We left at 6 a.m. an orieved in Jakarta at 7 a.m. we took a taxi to take us to the place where the corgo dition was held. It took an hour to get there. There were already some participants when we arrived. The competition would start in an hour.

First By teacher and I went to the dressing room. My teacher helped me do the make-up and the costume. We spent almost an hour for the preparation. I told no teacher that I was really nervous. I was not ready for this. However, she told one that everything was alright, and I felt better.

The the time came for me to perform on stage. There were five judges and about two hundred people watching me. However, I felt nervous because two hundred people watching me. However, my teacher always told me that everything was alright so I did not feel nervous anymore. I performed on the stage confidently. Really did the best I could. I was glad when it ended smoothl

After that, we swaited for the announcement of the result. It was 4 p.m. when the judges faished making their final decision. I was so impatient to hear the result. I stell could not believe when they called my name as the first



proud of pro Svas 55 happy to be given the trophy. My teacher was also proud of dalam bentuk apapun "honover, we were satisfies because our effort was not useless" (pagageaph 5) The underline word is similarity in meaning with... yus its b. avarenes and the mpt onfidences sall could not believe when they called my name as the first winner graph 5) What does underlined pronoun refer to? the writer and her teacher he judges and the participants wo hundred people Hie judgeson suatu masalah Kasim



© Hak cipta Dilindungi Undara. Pengutipan tidak-mereba mengumumka and har har burnt herself with some hot cooking oil. She was crying with and the pan was on fire. Mr. Damiri had gone to the office. The other

Big by has burnt herself with some hot cooking oil. She was crying with a cooking oil of the pain was on fire. Mr. Damiri had gone to the office. The other many particles at liad gone to school.

Can be a liad gone to

24. "She was too frightened to speak sensibly to him" (paragraph 2) the underlined word refers to

Mr. Darğiri

c. Her neighbour

ba Mr. Darziri's wife

d. Yusuf



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b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau.

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

in the underline word is similar to speak......"

The underline word is speak......"

C. Sad d. Africa d.



RESEARCH INSTRUMENT

Reading Comprehension Test

Post-Test

Eighth Grade of Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru

g-Undang gian atau seluru tuk kepentingar ugikan kepentiri dan memperb

Bearl the question below carefully and choose the answer a,b,c or d by XVIII (S(X) mixk on it.

3. Se lo value and mi alaken the answer, you can give mark (*)

(an collect this sheet.

tanpallowing text to answer questions number 1 to 5.

S De la car in 2018, I joined the Pekanbaru Marathon and its my first miaagingi contest. I had to run 26,2 km to complete it. It was hard.

EAt arm, I just wanted to get the experience of joining a marathon. thought a would be one life time experience. After finishing it, I changed my migd. I was interested to complete at least one more marghon and improve my time. I also experienced a good feeling between participants and the spectators that made me happy. It was a very wooderfal thing for me. So I decided that I had to join another marathon the n laporan, n laporan, papun tanp

(sumber:

28 November 2019)

ersity of enulisan kri

The writer eactivities of watching Pekanbaru marathon contest

The writer wonderful feeling after watching marathon.

The writer good achievement in marathon.

The changing of the writer's feeling after joining the marathon.

change mix mind." (Paragraph 2) The underlined word is closest meaning to ...

balieve

Ambition

Thought Suggestion



many the writer did the marathon?

d. 4

had to run 26,2 km to complete it." in paragraph 2, the underlined

Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan,

Marathon d. Run

by the writer changed his mind?
Because doing marathon is har

Because doing marathon is hard

Because he wanted to spend his time

Because it was wonderful thing for him

Because he is an athlete

Recause he is an athlete

Recause he is an athlete

Because he is an athlete

Because he is an athlete

Because he is an athlete

Last Friday, a friend of mine asked me to accompany

Company

C Last Friday, a friend of mine asked me to accompany him to buy a new Last Friday, a friend of mine asked me to accompany him to buy a new har at a department store. We left home at 03.00 p.m. by motorcycle. As and we arrived there, we went to the clothes section. I let him choose one. Arghaur later, I got bored watching him confused in choosing a shirt. So I left him and went to the cassette counter. Thirty minutes later, I went back to the closed section but I couldn't find him there. My cell phone was broken so I confide t call him. I went to the parking area. I saw his motorcycle was there buel gouldn'efind him. I waited for him for a few moments then finally I gave up Eng decided to go home.

Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun When arrived home, my mother told me that my friend called. She said that he was in the department store looking for me. My mother asked me to come back to the department store, Reluctantly, I walked to the department store and you know what? When I arrived there his motorcycle was not in the Sparling area. He just went home. I was very tired. There was no other choice, I had to walk home again. When I arrived home, I was so tired. I was very Sangay but when I saw my friend's broad smile greet me in front of the door, I Riust Fould not Belp laughing. njauan

suatu masalah

Kasim

(sumber: www.itapuih.com; 23 february 2019; PajaTapuih)



e text above is about ... Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa The writer and his friend c. An embarrassing day Thewriter friends Dill he writer friends d. Shopping and the writer couldn't contact his friend because ... d. Shopping with mother o sebagian atau s His Friend was still choosing a shirt From the story above we can conclude that there was a problem because... The writer's friend was in the clothes section The writer and his friend couldn't ride the motorcycle The writer couldn't contact his friend-The writer couldn't contact his friend

The writer and his friend decided to go to the department store

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The writer and his friend decided to go to the department store

The writer and his friend decided to go to the departmen anglerlined word is antonym with.... Sa Clearly c. misled ikan da karya Frightened d. Worried 3.1 couldn't find him there" in paragraph 1. The underlined word refes to Start ent store
Start en s home
h, penye c. The cassette section The clothes section Read the following text to answer questions number 11 to 15. home from our vacation.

It was the beginning of July, My parents and I were in a plane heading

izin UIN A cress announced the passengers that we were going to land in the Zuirpert in a fee minutes. While listening to the announcement, I was looking coutside through the window and saw how dark the sky was. It was raining thea all y and lightings sparked here and there.

Suddesty, I felt the plane went bumpy. The impact was low at the beginning, however it gradually became terrible. Everything shook terribly. People started to scream in fear. I hold my parents' hands. I heard my Dad was praying while from tried to soothe me.



Fortunately, our plane landed safely at the air Cathon. I thanked God for saving my parents and me.

| Sumber: www.itapuih.com; 11 febr. | Fortunately, our plane landed safely at the airport under that extreme Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmlah, mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan (sumber: www.itapuih.com; 11 februari 2018; PajaTapuih) hat was the writer's mother doing during the turbulence? The was holding her husband's hand She was calming the writer down She was praying for help She was crying for fear The Erbulence was caused by The bad weather The size of the plane The height of the flight The damage on one of the machines What is the main idea of paragraph 2? The writer saw that it was raining heavily and lightning outside penyusunan laporan ebutkan sumber: The writer was enjoying the announcement made by the crew A cew was announcing that they were going to land soon The lightning outside scared the writer pen was raining..." in paragraph 2, the underlined word refers to... The plane The weather The vacation d. The airport People started to scream in fear" in paragraph 3. The underlined word is synonym with Shout c. Shake Talk d. Angry



arango was an unforgettable experience last Lebaran Day. My family men more to the most of the mo being the all port, my family and I had to walk through the metal detector. And the turn to walk through it, suddenly the alarm beeped. The and warked as the airport security said, "Come here, you need to get

ng-Undang ped. I took my belt off, but the alarm still beeped. The security wallet from my pocket. I did what she ordered. Still agian atau seluruh fiter tant the security asked me to turn back and she checked my left pocket. Then she told me, "There was something in the security asked my left pocket. Then she told me, "There was something in the die things that made the alarm beeped". I took out something that made the alarm beeped. I took out something in the security asked and said, "That has made the alarm beeped". I took out something in the security asked and said, "That has made the alarm beeped". That has made the alarm and said. That has made the alarm the said was a silver pen. I felt embarrassed because everybody stared at me it tanpa mencantum (sumber, www.mertonschool.com 23 February, 2019)

What loes the second paragraph tell us about? a. The writer and his family walked through metal detector b. The writer's silver pen made the metal detector beeped and be securely checked the writer's pockets stared at the writer



the Islam
penyusunan
bentukap

n lapo

b. a ou are not allowed to wear belts at the airport

The alarm beeped because there was a metallic object

he writers appearance attracted everybody's attention

18gwh€did the airport security tell the writer to take off his belt?

Secause the alarm beeped when he passed through metal detector

ab. Because it was his unforgettable experience last lebaran

because sle worked as the airport security officer

d. Because everybody stared at him curiosity

19. "....turn to walk through it" in paragraph 1. The underlined word refers to...

The airports

c. The metal detector

The wallet

d. The silver pen





© Hak cipta milik UIN

1. Dilarang mengutipan tidak merugikan keper b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan ke g-Undang I was gardening with my father. It was half past six in the gian at a second of the father was really fresh. My dad called me from the yard. He said banana'. I walked to where he stood looking at one of my banana's banana'. I walked to where he stood looking at one of my banana's banana's banana's law some of them are already yellow. What a great view!

Selumbanana is Riam some of them are already yellow. What a great view!

Selumbanana is Riam some of them are already yellow. What a great view!

Selumbanana is Riam some of them are already yellow. What a great view!

Selumbanana is Riam some of them are already yellow. What a great view!

Selumbanana is Riam some of them are already yellow. What a great view!

Selumbanana is Riam some of them are already yellow. What a great view! sone band besides the house with banana and guava trees. elitian, penulis and realized that the yard looked nicer and seluran s application of the property of and had breakfast with my parents right after that. It was a fine Sunday ம் நார் இது felt a stronger bond by doing the gardening with my father. te Islam idea of the first paragraph? (sumber; www.mertonschool.com 23 February, 2019) aha family had a breakfast together he writer watered the plants and cleared the yard The writer sound that some of the bananas were ripe The father and son were busy to harvest the banana trees 22.0 roaf the text, we know that... The writer felt very bored last Sunday The writer's garden is full of kinds of flowers Nother was not at home last Sunday morning The writer really enjoyed the gardening time with his dad



The the Hard look nicer and cleaner?

I have the Hard look nicer and pulled off the wild grass

I have the Hard look nicer and pulled off the wild grass

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2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau.

Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau



= RESEARCH INSTRUMENT

Reading Comprehension Test

Post-Test

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang
1. Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau se
a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentin
b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepe
2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memp The∓ighth Grade of Junior High School 9 Pekanbaru

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P

 \overline{z}

dang CS Section below carefully and choose the answer a,b,c or d by the section below carefully and choose the answer a,b,c or d by kepentingan pendicikaryatul bendicikaryatul bad bustaken the answer, you can give mark (***).

a Chick yor answer before you collect this sheet.

and tanger following text to answer questions number 1 to 5.

है के contest. I had to run 26,2 km to complete it. It was hard.

A Serst, I just wanted to get the experience of joining a marathon. I shought so would be one life time experience. After finishing it, I changed my mind a wanted to join another one. I was interested to complete at least one Bore and improve my time. I also experienced a good feeling between participants and the spectators that made me happy. It was a very vende fall thing for me. So I decided that I had to join another marathon the sumber: nan laporan, penulis: (apapun tanpa izin L

(sumber

: 28 November 2019)

What is the text about?

a. The writer's activities of watching Pekanbaru marathon contest.

b. The writer's wonderful feeling after watching marathon.

∠ all he write

good achievement in marathon.

The changing of the writer's feeling after joining the marathon.

change any mind." (Paragraph 2) The underlined word is closest meaning to ...

Believe

mbition

Thought Suggestion



lauan

suatu masalah

Kasim

ny the writer did the marathon? Cipta

to sun 26,2 km to complete it." in paragraph 2, the underlined

Hak cipta mitik UIN Suska Riau

lakCipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa
a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitiar
b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN S

Dilarang mengunnumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau s

and the second s slar and department store. We left home at 03.00 p.m. by motorcycle. As san a a rived there, we went to the clothes section. I let him choose one. An hora ter, I got bored watching him confused in choosing a shirt. So I left him and gent to the cassette counter. Thirty minutes later, I went back to the clothes strion but I couldn't find him there. My cell phone was broken so I condidn'd will him I went to the parking area. I saw his motorcycle was there bug I couldn't find him. I waited for him for a few moments then finally I gave upā ind ir sided to so home.

Then I arrived home, my mother told me that my friend called. She said that he was in the department store looking for me. My mother asked me to some back to the department store. Reluctantly, I walked to the department stone and you know what? When I arrived there his motorcycle was not in the parting area. He just went home. I was very tired. There was no other choice, I had to walk home again. When I arrived home, I was so tired. I was very angey be when I have my friend's broad smile greet me in front of the door, I jusecould not help aughing.

sumber: www.itapuih.com; 23 february 2019; PajaTapuih)



Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska e text above is about ... The writer and his friend The writer friends mengulip d. Shopping d. Shopping to the pt a shoppi hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, Undang-Unda o sebagian ata His cell phone was broken He went home alone
His friend was still choosing a shirt rom the story above we can conclude that there was a problem because... penelitian

c. An embarrassing day

d. Shopping with mother

He was in the parking area

The writer's friend was in the clothes section

The writer and his friend couldn't ride the motorcycle

The writer couldn't contact his friend

The writer and his friend decided to go to the department store

Clearly watching him confused in choosing a shirt." In paragraph 1, the

c. misled

Frightened

d. Worried

I couldn't find him there" in paragraph 1. The underlined word refes to

The department store

c. The cassette section

The writer's home

The clothes section

Result the following text to answer questions number 11 to 15.

It was the beginning of July, My parents and I were in a plane heading home from our vacation.

A crew announced the passengers that we were going to land in the airport in a 18w minutes. While listening to the announcement, I was looking outside through the window and saw how dark the sky was. It was raining Richer and lightings sparked here and there.

Suddseily, I felt the plane went bumpy. The impact was low at the beginning, however it gradually became terrible. Everything shook terribly. People started to scream in fear. I hold my parents' hands. I heard my Dad was praging while Mom tried to soothe me.



Fortunately, our plane landed safely at the airport under that extreme Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau. (sumber: www.itapuih.com; 11 februari 2018; PajaTapuih) 13. The list the main idea of paragraph 2? The waster saw that it was raining heavily and lightning outside The writer was enjoying the announcement made by the crew A creve was announcing that they were going to land soon The lightning outside scared the writer "2. It was ranning..." in paragraph 2, the underlined word refers to... a.g The plans The weather The vacation The airport ". People storted to scream in fear" in paragraph 3. The underlined word is symonym with a. Shout c. Shake masalah. Angry



Decod the following text to answer questions number 16 to 20.

Chave got an unforgettable experience last Lebaran Day. My family went to my mother's hometown to celebrate "Idul Fitri". We went by a Table. At the airport, my family and I had to walk through the metal detector. when I not the turn to walk through it, suddenly the alarm beeped. The a until the turn to walk through it, suddenly the alarm beeped. The sebaggian who worked as the airport security said, "Come here, you need to get belong belong". I took my belt off, but the alarm still beeped. The security said me to take my wallet from my pocket. I did what she ordered. Still separate security belong the security se an who worked as the airport security said, "Come here, you need to get

After that the security asked me to turn back and she checked my ady. She touched my left pocket. Then she told me, "There was something in at Eit might be the things that made the alarm beeped". I took out something from the left pocket. The woman laughed and said, "That has made the alarm pep". It was a silver pen. I felt embarrassed because everybody stared at me npan curiosity.

(sumber; www.mertonschool.com 23 February, 2019)

hat does the second paragraph tell us about?

The writer and his family walked through metal detector

The writer's silver pen made the metal detector beeped

The Security checked the writer's pockets

The writer's silver pen made the The Gecurity checked the writer Everybody stared at the writer Islands and the wr mber

The security guard was a fussy woman

You are not allowed to wear belts at the airport

The slarm beeped because there was a metallic object

The griter's appearance attracted everybody's attention

185 Why did the airport security tell the writer to take off his belt?

Because the alarm beeped when he passed through metal detector

Because it was his unforgettable experience last lebaran

Because she worked as the airport security officer

Because everybody stared at him curiosity

turn to walk through it" in paragraph 1. The underlined word refers to...

The apport

The metal detector

suatu masak The wallet

d. The silver pen

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UIN Suska Riau.

penulisan kar

laporan,

uan.



Hak Cipta Hak cipta bilindungi Undang Un Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau Dilarang I Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar something bout 'banana'. I walked to where he stood looking at one of my

Balana tress. I saw some of them are already yellow. What a great view!

Next, we were busy to harvest the bananas it was my first time

to be a sum of them are already yellow. What a great view!

Next, we were busy to harvest the bananas it was my first time

to be a sum of the sum of Next, we were busy to harvest the bananas it was my first time to do We just moved to this new house for about six months. Here, we have

After that I watered the vertical garden and pulled After that I watered the vertical garden and pulled off the wild grass. collected the old leaves and realized that the yard looked nicer and Seamer after that.

Finally, I picked 2 ripe guavas. Hmm, they smelt nice. I took a shower Finally, I picked 2 ripe guavas. Filmin, they smelt mee. I took a shower and had breakfast with my parents right after that. It was a fine Sunday nothing. I Lelt a stronger bond by doing the gardening with my father.

(sumber; www.mertonschool.com 23 February, 2019)

hat is Bie main idea of the first paragraph?

The family had a breakfast together

The Briter watered the plants and cleared the yard

The griter found that some of the bananas were ripe

The Either and son were busy to harvest the banana trees

rom the text, we know that ...

The writer felt very bored last Sunday

The writer's garden is full of kinds of flowers

Mother was not at home last Sunday morning

The writer really enjoyed the gardening time with his dad

jauan suatu masalah.



Hawas full of beautiful flowers

They had cut off all the banana trees

The writer had watered the banana trees

He collected old leaves and pulled off the wild grass

The writer hice" (last paragraph) the underlined word refers to

The writer and his dad

C. Garden

Bananas

Guavas

also collected the old leaves....." The underline word is similarity in

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c. Burn

d. Cut

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Bonar: 18 Salah: 7

Hak cipta milik UIN : RE Read Blindungi Undang-Undang Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau a. Pengutipan hanya untuk keper b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan ke RESEARCH INSTRUMENT

Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau

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I

You can answer this question on this sheet.

Read the question below carefully and choose the answer a,b,c or d by agiving (X) mark on it.

If you had mistaken the answer, you can give mark (20). heck yor answer before you collect this sheet.

tand the following text to answer questions number 1 to 5.

pendast year in 2018, I joined the Pekanbaru Marathon and statement of the pekanbaru Marathon and the ast year in 2018, I joined the Pekanbaru Marathon and its my first

get first, I just wanted to get the experience of joining a marathon. I and the state of t nang. I wanted to join another one. I was interested to complete at least one maramon and improve my time. I also experienced a good feeling beveen participants and the spectators that made me happy. It was a very n sumber: 'nan laporan, p wenderful thing for me. So I decided that I had to join another marathon the

(sumber

28 November 2019)

hat is the text about?

The writer's activities of watching Pekanbaru marathon contest

The writer's wonderful feeling after watching marathon.

The writer's good achievement in marathon.

The changing of the writer's feeling after joining the marathon.

change my mind." (Paragraph 2) The underlined word is closest neaning 🗖 ...

believe. Ambition

Thought Suggestion



Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian

Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang

to spend his time
to spend his Last Friday, a friend of mine asked me to accompany him to buy a new हिन्दू वर्ष्ट्र a department store. We left home at 03.00 p.m. by motorcycle. As we arrived there, we went to the clothes section. I let him choose one. EAn Book later, I got bored watching him confused in choosing a shirt. So I left Jim Jim went to the cassette counter. Thirty minutes later, I went back to the lotla section but I couldn't find him there. My cell phone was broken so I be out of call him. I went to the parking area. I saw his motorcycle was there was the call him. I waited for him for a few moments then finally I gave

Slam ic Unived home, my mother told me that my friend called. She suman laporan, per land the department store looking for me. My mother asked me tore and you know what? When I arrived there his motorcycle was not in the garking area. 19: just went home. I was very tired. There was no other choice, had to walk frome again. When I arrived home, I was so tired. I was very angre but where I saw my friend's broad smile greet me in front of the door, I

Fust Sould not light laughing.

Kasim

suatu masalah

(sumber: www.itapuih.com; 23 february 2019; PajaTapuih)



Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska ne text above is about ... Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, per Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, The writer and his friend c. An embarrassing day The writer friends d. Shopping with mother 0 ie veriter couldn't contact his friend because ... He was in the parking area His cell phone was broken He went home alone Highriend was still choosing a shirt from the story above we can conclude that there was a problem because... Thewriter's friend was in the clothes section The writer and his friend couldn't ride the motorcycle The writer couldn't contact his friend The writer and his friend decided to go to the department store watching him confused in choosing a shirt." In paragraph 1, the penulisan karya anderlined word is antonym with.... Clearly c. misled Frightened d. Worried ...I couldn't find him there" in paragraph 1. The underlined word refes to The department store c. The cassette section The writer's home d. The clothes section Real the following text to answer questions number 11 to 15.

It was the beginning of July, My parents and I were in a plane heading home from our vacation.

A creav announced the passengers that we were going to land in the airgort in a 18w minutes. While listening to the announcement, I was looking outside through the window and saw how dark the sky was. It was raining heavily and lightings sparked here and there.

Suddealy, I felt the plane went bumpy. The impact was low at the beginning, however it gradually became terrible. Everything shook terribly. People started to scream in fear. I hold my parents' hands. I heard my Dad was praying while Mom tried to soothe me.



ended safely at the safely and many parents and me safely at the safely our plane landed God for saving my parents and many safely safe Fortunately, our plane landed safely at the airport under that extreme Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. (sumber: www.itapuih.com; 11 februari 2018; PajaTapuih) hat was the writer's mother doing during the turbulence? ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sum penulisan karya The height of the flight The damage on one of the machines ilmiah, penyusunan hat is the main idea of paragraph 2? The griter saw that it was raining heavily and lightning outside The writer was enjoying the announcement made by the crew A creew was announcing that they were going to land soon The lightning outside scared the writer It was mining..." in paragraph 2, the underlined word refers to... The plane he weather The vacation The airport People surted to scream in fear" in paragraph 3. The underlined word is anionym with Shout masalah. c. Shake Talk d. Angry



the following text to answer questions number 16 to 20.

Hak Cipta

1. Dilaran

a. Peng

b. Peng Thave got an unforgettable experience last Lebaran Day. My family west to my mother's hometown to celebrate "Idul Fitri". We went by a At the airport, my family and I had to walk through the metal detector. Words I got the turn to walk through it, suddenly the alarm beeped. The Wiscondain who worked as the airport security said, "Come here, you need to get who begins of the security said, "Come here, you need to get the begins of the security said, "Come here, you need to get security said metals that the security said, "Come here, you need to get security said metals metals that the security said, "Come here, you need to get security said metals metals metals that the security said my pocket. I did what she ordered. Still security said my because that the security asked me to turn back and she checked my security said might be the things that made the alarm beeped". I took out something in the last pocket. The woman leveled and said at the product the alarm

the left pocket. The woman laughed and said, "That has made the alarm இடன்". It was a silver pen. I felt embarrassed because everybody stared at me anila curiosity.

(sumber; www.mertonschool.com 23 February, 2019)

(sumber; www.mertonsc)

What does the second paragraph tell us about?
The writer and his family walked through no second paragraph tell us about?
The writer's silver pen made the metal determined the writer's pockets.

The second paragraph tell us about?

The writer and his family walked through no silver pen made the metal determined to the writer's pockets.

The second paragraph tell us about?

The writer and his family walked through no silver pen made the metal determined to the writer's pockets.

The second paragraph tell us about?

The writer and his family walked through no silver pen made the metal determined to the writer's pockets.

The second paragraph tell us about? The writer and his family walked through metal detector

The writer's silver pen made the metal detector beeped

The security guard was a fussy woman

the Islamic guard was a fussy yebutkan sum' You are not allowed to wear belts at the airport

The asum beeped because there was a metallic object

The writer's appearance attracted everybody's attention

18. Why did the airport security tell the writer to take off his belt?

Because the alarm beeped when he passed through metal detector

Because it was his unforgettable experience last lebaran

Because she worked as the airport security officer

Because everybody stared at him curiosity

turn to walk through it" in paragraph 1. The underlined word refers to...

The airport

The metal detector

The water

d. The silver pen

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penulisan karya



Hakilcipta miller underlined word is antonym in last paragraph. The underlined word is antonym development of the control of t Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang ething about 'banana'. I walked to where he stood looking at one of my

I saw some of them are already yellow. What a great view! Negr, we were busy to harvest the bananas it was my first time to do wajar CUN. We just moved to this new house for about six months. Here, we have

After that I watered the vertical garden and pulled off the wild grass. I cantum cantum rullsan Riau.

Finally, I picked 2 ripe guavas. Hmm, they smelt nice. I took a shower and shad breakfast with my parents right after that. It was a fine Sunday marging. I felt a stronger bond by doing the gardening with my father.

(sumber; www.mertonschool.com 23 February, 2019)

State (sumber, sumber)

State Is the main idea of the first paragraph?

State main idea of the first paragraph?

The plants and cleared , penyusun

The writer watered the plants and cleared the yard

The writer found that some of the bananas were ripe

The father and son were busy to harvest the banana trees

fom the ext, we know that ...

Kasim

The wifter felt very bored last Sunday

The witter's garden is full of kinds of flowers

Mother was not at home last Sunday morning

The water really enjoyed the gardening time with his dad

tinjauan suatu masalah.



Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang hadid the yard look nicer and cleaner?

it was full of beautiful flowers

They had cut off all the banana trees

The writer had watered the banana trees

He collected old leaves and pulled off the wild grass

They smelt nice" (last paragraph) the underlined word refers to

The writer and his dad

c. Garden

b. Bananas

Guavas

"I also collected the old leaves" The underline word is similarity in meaning with

a. Ciather

c. Burn

b. Threw away

Cut

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2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau.



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b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau.

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EMBELAJARAN
: Bahasa Inggris.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
: VIII/1
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. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya

tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska

n, penulisan kritik ata

© Hak cipma minik UIN Hak cipma minik UIN Hak cipma Dilindang-Und 1. Dilarang menjum subagian at a. Pergumbanthanyanuntuk ker b. Pergumbantidak merugikan	:	GGRIS	SILABUS PEMB			a untuk berinteraks	si dengan lin	gkungan
ang lau ber	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator Pencapaian		Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber
mpetensi s k a spentingan per tingan per tin	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
Id wajar UN Suska Riau. Kan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan gelibatkan gelibatka	Percakapan singkatan memuat ungkapan – ungkapan: 1.A: Let me help you. B: Thank you so much. 2.A: Can I have a bit? B: Sure. Here you are. 3.A: Did you break the glass? B: Yes I did / No, it wasn't me. 4.A: What do you think of this?	terkait tema topik yang akan	 Merespon ungkapan meminta, memberi, menolak jasa Merespon ungkapan meminta, memberi, menolak barang Mengakui, mengingkari fakta Merespon ooooungkapan meminta dan memberi pendapat 		Merespon secara lisan Pertanyaan lisan Pilihan ganda	Respond the following statement A: Let me help you B: A: Can I have a bit? B: Choose the right response A: Did you break the glass? B: a. Yes, I did b. I don't know c. I'm not sure	2 x 40 menit	1. Script percakap - an 2. Rekaman Percakapan: - Cassette - Tape Recorder - CD - CD Player - TV 3. Gambar- gambar/ benda terkait



D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator Pencapaian	Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber	
A. Pengutip	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran			Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
TAIM III K UIN		percakapan yang memuat ungkapan- ungkapan dalam materi. 4. Menjawab pertanyaan tentang isi percakapan. 5. Memberi respon lisan dan tulis terhadap ungkapan yang didengar.				d. All right Give your response A: What do you think of my new dress B:		

դ, penulisan kritik ata npa izin UIN Suska F



2. Dila	∴ ± ⊚	Materi Kegiatan	Indikator Pencapaian	Penilaian			Alokasi	Sumber	
b. Pengutip Dilarang me	Kingpetensi K C i p i	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran Kompetensi		Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
npan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Kiau. mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun ta	Merespon a yang terdapat dalam terda	Ungkapan Baku -It's a very kind of you Percakapan singkatan memuat ungkapan – ungkapan: I.A: Would you come to my party? B: I'd love to / I want to, but 2.A; I do agree B; Thanks for the support. 3. A; No way B: It's O.K. No problem 4. A: You have beautiful hair. B: Thank you. 5.A: Happy birthday. B: Thank you. Tata Bahasa Would you	1. Memberi respons lisan Curah pendapat tentang hal-hal terkait topik/ungkapan yang akan dibahas 2. Membahas kosakata dan tata bahasa terkait topik / ungkapan yang dibahas 3. Mendengarkan percakapan memuat ungkapan terkait marteri 4. Tanya jawab tentang isi percakapan 5. Tanya jawab tentang fungsi dan makna ungkapan dalam percakapan	 Merespon ungkapan menyetujui / tidak menyetujui Merespon ungkapan memuji 	Tes lisan Tes lisan	Pertanyaan lisan Isian Jawaban singkat	Write your response to the following statements: 1.A: Would you go with me to the movie? B: 2.A: I do agree with you to join the speech contest. B: 3.A: You have a beautiful hair B: 4.A: Congratulation ! you passed your exams B:	2 x 40 menit	2 Script percakapan 3 Rekaman percakapan 4 Tape recorder 5 Gambar yang relevan Buku teks yang relevan
anpa izin UIN Suska F	niversity of Sult	U	IN SU	SKA RI	AU				4



2. Dila	© ensi		Indikator Pencapaian		Penilaian			Sumber	
k kingpete Distrang me a. Pengutipa a. Pengutipa b. Pengutipa Dilarang me	Fisar Pembelajaran Pembelajaran Kompetensi		Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	_ Alokasi Waktu	Belajar	
ngutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis kar n hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, per an tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar ngumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian	ta milik UIN Suska Riau		npat dipercaya (Trusasa hormat dan perhekun (<i>diligence</i>)	stworthines) atian (respect)					
tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber: nelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik ata UIN Su ska Riau. atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska F	State Islamic University of Sult			SKA RI	AU			J	5

n yang w	endidikan,	karya tulis	
n yang wajar UIN Su ska Riau.	penelitian	Ki tanpa r	ra
iska Riau.	endidikan <mark>, p</mark> enelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik ata	karya tuli s K i tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:	



SILABUS PEMBELAJARAN

Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska

Merespon makna yar terdapat d teks lisan Angsiona. pendek sederhana. sēcara aku lancar, da berterima berinterak

Kompeter Dasar dengan ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik ata dengan Ingkunga Ritar. Rebutkan Sumber: : BAHASA INGGRIS

• : VIII (Delapan)

2. Memahami makna dalam teks lisan fungsional dan monolog pendek sederhana berbentuk descriptive dan recount untuk berinteraksi dengan lingkungan sekitar.

ensi	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaian	Alokasi Waktu	Sumber Belajar	
ka Ria	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pancanalan		Bentuk Instrumen			Contoh Instrumen
ang dalam n al al curat,	Teks fungsioanl pendek berupa: 1.Undangan Contoh: Dear Rio, I want you to come to my house for lunch on Sunday at 12 a.m. Thanks. Mona 2. Short Messages Contoh: -Dear Intan, Meet me after school	 Tanya jawab tentang berbagai hal terkait topik/tema yang akan dibahas Membahas kosakata yang terkait tema/topik/unda ngan (noun phrase, verb phrase) membahas ungkapanungkapan yang sering muncul dalam undangan: I want you to come to 	informasi yang terdapat dalam teks fungsional pendek berupa undangan. 2. Mengidentifikasi ciri kebahasaan dalam teks fungsional pendek berupa Undangan.		Melengkapi rumpang Menjawab singkat	 Complete the following sentences based on the text you hear Listen to the text and give short answer 	2 x 40 menit	1. Script teks undangan 2. Rekaman undangan - cassette - tape recorder - CD - CD - Player - TV 3. Gambar/realia terkait tema/topik/jenis teks



2. Dila	1. Dak	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber
ilarang me	Dispetensi Dispetensi	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska F	ta milik Ul dungi Undang-Und ngutip sebagian a n hanya untuk ke	Aya 3. Kosa Kata - Kata Terkait tema dan jenis teks 4. Tata bahasa - To Invinitive - What for? 5. Ungkapan Baku: - Please!	- Please come to Don't forget to come to 4. Mendengarkan teks fungsional pendek (undangan) 5. menjawab pertanyaan tentang berbagai informasi yang terdapat dalam teks fungsional, undangan. 6. Mendengarkan contoh-contoh undangan lainnya dari teman. 7. Mengidentifikasi ciri kebahasaan teks fungsional pendek: undangan - invitee - occasion - time - place						
anpa izin UIN Suska F	niversity of Sult an, penulisan kritik ata	UI	N SUSI	KA RIA	U				7



ilik Indang sebagi	Materi Pembelajaran ng diharapkan : Dapat e	Kegiatan Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk	Contoh	Alokasi Waktu	Sumber Belajar
ot a siswa yan dungakter siswa yan hanya untu	ng diharapkan : Dapat (Instrumen	Instrumen	waktu	Delajar
ilik Indang sebagi	ng diharapkan : Dapat (- Invitor						
malina yang terdapat dalam sendek pendek pen	Rasa h	dipercaya (Trustworth format dan perhatian (respect)	Tes lisan Tes tulis	Pertanyaan lisan	Answer the questions orally based on the text you listen to Choose the best option based on the text you have listened to		3. 1 Buku teks yang relevan 2 Gambar terkait tema / topik Script teks: descriptive / recount 4 Rekaman teks 5 Tape recorder 6 OHP 7 Lingkungan sekitar
ate Islam yebutkan sur penyusunan	Past continuous Past continuous Conjunctions - when while Kosakata terkait tema	teks yang didengar Menjawab pertanyaan tentang tujuan komunikatif teks yang didengar	KA RIA	U				8



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untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik ata

bagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:

an hanya_luritun reperungan pang wajar UIN Suska Riau. In tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau.

hak petensi k cip lak petensar Dilin Dirang me a. Pengutipa Penilaian **Indikator** Materi Alokasi Sumber Kegiatan Pencapaian Rarakter siswa yang diharapkan: Dapat dipercaya (Trustworthines)
Rasa hormat dan perbatis Pembelajaran **Teknik Bentuk** Contoh Waktu Pembelajaran Belajar Kompetensi Instrumen Instrumen Rasa hormat dan perhatian (respect) milik UIN Suska

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: VIII (Delapan)

: BAHASA INGGRIS

: 1 (Satu)

3. Mengungkapkan makna dalam percakapan transaksional dan interpersonal lisan pendek sederhana untuk berinteraksi dengan lingkungan sekitar

SILABUS PEMBELAJARAN

Kompetensi	Materi	Kegiatan	I	ndikator		Penilaian	L	Alokasi	Sumber
h karya a	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi		Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
Egengungkapkan Egengungkapkan Egengungkapkan Egengungkapan Egengungkapan Egengungkapan Egengungkapan Egengunakan E	1. Percakapan singkatan memuat ungkapan – ungkapan. Contoh: • A; Let me help you. B: Thank you so much. • A: Can I have a bit. B: Sure. Here you are. • A: Did you break the glass?	Review kosakata dan ungkapan-ungkapan terkait materi dan tema Tanya jawab menggunakan ungkapan-ungkapan tersebut Bermain peran melakukan percakapan yang disediakan guru Bermain peran melakukan percakapan berdasarkan situasi /gambar	2. If the state of	Bertanya dan menjawab meninta,memb eri, menolak asa Bertanya dan menjawab meninta,memb eri, menolak bertang meminta,memb eri, menolak barag Bertanya dan menjawab menjawab menjawab menjawab menjawab menjawab mengakui, mengingkari fakta Bertanya dan	Unjuk kerja	Uji Petik Berbicara Bermain peran	Create a dialogue based on the role cards and perform it in front of the class.	4 x 40 menit	1. Buku teks yang relevan 2. Gambar- gambar terkait tema 3. Realia Benda sekitar



2 a. F	1. Dak	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber
Pengutipo Pengutipo Ilarang me	Ompetensi Dasar Dilin	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
an hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan k an tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. Ingumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya	memberi, mem	B: Yes, I did / No, it wasn't me. A: What do you think of this? B: Not bad. 2. Tata Bahasa - Yes/No Questions - QW-Questions 3. Kosa kata - Kata terkait tema dan jenis teks 4. Ungkapan Baku - Sorry - I Think so - I don't think so	yang disediakan 5. Menggunakan ungkapan yang telah dipelajari dalam real life situation	menjawab memberi pendapat					
ah, penyu alam beni	ate I		dipercaya (Trustworth normat dan perhatian () a (diligence)						
karya ilmlah, penyusenan lapora tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun ta	transaksional (to get	1.Percakapan singkatan memuat ungkapan – ungkapan.	Review kosakata terkait tema, topik sebelumnya	Bertanya dan menjawab tentang mengundang,	Unjuk kerja	berbicara Bermain peran	Create a dialogue based on the role cards and perform it in front of the	4x40 menit	1 Buku teks yang relevan 2 Gambar-
in, penulisan kritik ata anpa izin UIN Suska F	iversity of Sult	UI	N SUSE	KA RIA	U				11



2. Dila p Dila Kompetensi	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaia n		Alokasi	Sumber
Tengutip	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
dan dan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun hanya untuk apapun memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun hanya untuk kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau.	 A: Would you come to party? B: I'd love to / I wan't to, but A: I do agree. B: Thanks for the Support. A: No, way, B: It's O.K. I understand. A: You have beautiful hair. B: Thank you. A: Happy birthday. B; Thank you. Itata Bahasa Adjective Phrase 	Memperkenalka n kosakata baru / ungkapan- ungkapan yang akan dibahas Tanya jawab menggunakan ungkapan- ungkapan terkait materi Menirukan percakapan yang diucapkan guru Melakukan percakapan yang diberikan Melakukan tanya jawab menggunakan ungkapan	menerima, menolak ajakan 2. Bertanya dan menjawab tentang menyetujui.tida k menyetujui 3. Bertanya dan menjawab tentang memuji 4. Bertanya dan menjawab tentang memberi selamat			class.		gambar terkait tema 3 Realia 4 Role cards
niversity of Sultran, penulisan kritik atatanpa izin UIN Suska F								12



Hak Opper Dasar 1. Dilarang me Penilaian Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska **Indikator** Materi Kegiatan Alokasi Sumber Pencapaian Pembelajaran **Teknik Bentuk** Contoh Belajar Pembelajaran Waktu Kompetensi Instrumen Instrumen ta • Noun Phrase milik UIN Sus 3. Kosa Kata • Kata terkait tema dan jenis teks 4. Intonations Falling raising 70 Karaktersiswa yang diharapkan: Dapat dipercaya (Trustworthines) Rasa hormat dan perhatian (respect) pene Tekun (diligence) UN Suska Riau. itian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik ata

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ingan pendid Kompetensi . ₹ . Fengungkapka makna dalam bentuk teks lis angsional pendek Sederhana den menggunakan ragam bahasa

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• : VIII (Delapan)

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4. Mengungkap kan makna dalam teks lisan fungsional dan monolog pendek sederhana yang berbentuk descriptive dan recount untuk berinteraksi dengan lingkungan sekitar

Se ⊆ Sompetensi	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber
Dasar Raya	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
makna dalam makna dalam makna dalam makna dalam makna dengan menggunakan menggunakan menggunakan magam bahasa	I want you to come to my house for lunch on Sunday at 12	 Mendengarkan teks fungsional pendek: undangan Tanya jawab tentang isi teks "undangan" Tanya jawab tentang struktur teks Membuat kalimat sederhana terkait jenis teks bentuk undangan I want to come to Please come to 	 Mengungkapan secara lisan teks fungsional pendek berbentuk undangan. Bertanya dan menjawab secara lisan berbagai informasi tentangteks fungsional pendek berbentuk undangan 	Unjuk kerja Tes lisan	berbicra	1. Invite your friend to come to your bithday party orally! 2. Ask and answer orally based on the invitation card given.		Buku teks yang relevan 1. Gambar terkait tema/topik 2. Benda-benda sekitar



2. Dila	1. D Kompeter) - Tsi	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber
arang m	Rengutip		Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
engumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun ta	ta milik UIN Suska Riau dungi Undang-Undang ingutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber: an hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan		Meet me after school. Aya. 2. Tata Bahasa - I want you to Don't Forget to 3. Kosa kata - Kata terkait tema dan jenis teks 4. Ungkapan Baku - Ungkapan pembuka - Dear Hi, Ungkapan penutup - Yours - Love	5. Berlatih mengundang seseorang secara lisan menggunakan gambit-gambit tertentu Contoh: A: Hi Guys, I want you all to come to my birthday party. B: We'd love to! When? A: Tomorrow, at 4.00 6. Secara berpasangan atau dalam kelompok mengungkapkan undangan berdasarkan konteks/situasi yang diberikan 7. Secara mandiri mengungkapkan						15
npa izin UIN Suska F	iversity of Sult		U)	IN SUS	KA RIA	U				13



Tompetensi Trang Penilaian Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Indikator . Pengutip Materi Alokasi Sumber Kegiatan Pencapaian Dasar Pembelajaran **Teknik** Bentuk Contoh Waktu Pembelajaran Belajar Kompetensi Instrumen Instrumen pta mililipkan undangan lisan 1. Teks pendek Tanya jawab Bertanya dan Uji petik Ask and answer I. Buku teks makna dalam berbagai hal based on the menjawab berbicara, yang relevan berbentuk Uniuk keria 6 x 40 menit Mogolog pendek terkait topik berbagai infmasi bertanya dan following descriptive sederhana dengan secara lisan dalam menjawab situation tertentu (dan recount. 2. Koran/maialmenggunakan teks pendek peristiwa, ah 2. – informasi ragam bahasa kejadian, berbentuk: Uji petik 1. Look at this faktual Fisan secara pengalaman) Unjuk kerja berbicara - descriptive thing and akurat, lancar, - informasi rinci 3. Gambar Mengembangkan describe it. mendeskripsika - recount dan berterima peristiwa kosakata, tata - gagasan utama n sesuatu Melakukan intuk berinteraksi bahasa terkait - gagasan monolog pendek dengan Think of an topik / jenis teks 4. Benda-benda pendukung dalam bentuk Lingkungan Uji petik activity or descriptive dan dalam teks sekitar sekitar dalam teks - descriptive berbicara, event that recount pendek Tes lisan Berbentuk menceritakan happened to - recount berbentuk Mengidentifikasi descriptive dan kejadian penulisan karya you yesterday kejadin, recount eantumkan dan menyebutkan sumbe and tell us peristiwa. 3. Ciri kebahasaan about it. pengalaman yang teks pernah dialami descriptive dan melalui tanya recount jawab 4. Langkah retorika Melakukan State teks descriptive monolog dalam penyusunan lapo dan recount. bentuk 5. Kosa kata terkait descriptive dan Islamic U tema dan jenis recount teks 6. Tata Bahasa niversity



2. Dila	© tensi	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaian		_ Alokasi	Sumber
ak @p	C.	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
dungi Un angutip se an hanya an tidak r	ta m	- Adverb phrase - Conjunctions							
Jndang sebag ya untu meru imkan	milik UIN	- and - but							
J-Undang ian atau ik keper ik keper gikan ke	NIN	- or etc							
karakte karakte ingan pen pentingan pen mperbanya	ersiswa o	yang diharapkan : Dap Ras	at dipercaya (Trustwor	rthines) (respect)					
karya t pendidik an yang	Ria	Tek	un (auigence)				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
k Eppe Dilindungi Undang-Undang Reper Dilindungi Undang-Undang Reper Dilindungi Undang-Un	Rasa hormat dan perhatian (respect) Tekun (diligence) Mengetahui; Kepala Sekolah (Guru Ma	20 pel Bahasa Ingg :;)		
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ı, penulisan kritik ata ıpa izin UIN Suska F	versity of Sult	U]	IN SUS	KA RIA	\U				

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: BAHASA INGGRIS

• : VIII (Delapan)

: 1 (Satu)

5. Memahami makna teks tulis fungsional dan esei pendek sederhana berbentuk descriptive dan recount yang berkaitan dengan lingkungan sekitar

Pembelajaran Pembelajaran Pembelajaran Pembelajaran Pencapatan Kompetensi Teknik Bentuk Instrumen Instrumen Teknik Instrumen	Kompetensi	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaian	Alokasi	Sumber		
ibermakna teks if tulis fungsional odan esei berbentuk odescriptive dan offendangan dengan ucapan, tekanan dan offentionasi yang berkaitan dengan offentionasi yang offentionasi yang berkaitan dengan offentionasi yang o	a		0		Teknik				Belajar	
Place: Osis Reuni Don't be late! Budy Generated Budy Generated Budy Generated Secretary Place: Osis Reuni Don't be late! Budy Generated Budy Generated Budy Generated Secretary Place: Osis Reuni Don't be late! Mengidentifikasi fungsi sosial teks fungsional pendek Mengidentifikasi fungsi sosial teks fungsional pendek Mengidentifikasi	bermakna teks atulis fungsional adan esei berbentuk descriptive dan arecount pendek dan sederhana dengan ucapan, atekanan dan berterima yang berkaitan dengan berkaitan dengan berkaitan dengan and berkaitan dengan berkaitan dengan berkaitan dengan dalam teks tulis afungsional	pendek berupa: • Undangan Contoh: Dandi, Please come to our meeting Day: Saturday Date:March 1st,2008 Time: 10.00 Place: Osis Reuni Don't be late! Budy	tentang berbagai hal terkait teks fungsional pendek berbentuk "undangan" /pesan pendek 2. Mendengarkan undangan yang dibacakan oleh guru/teman 3. membaca nyaring teks fungsioanl pendek tentang undangan/pesan	nyaring dan bermakna teks fungsional pendek Mengidentifikasi berbagai informasi dalam teks fungsional pendek Mengidentifikasi fungsional fungsi sosial teks fungsional pendek	Tes tertulis	nyaring 1. Melengkapi 2. Pilihan ganda 3. Uraian	aloud and clearly. 1. Complete the test using correct words 2. Choose the correct answer 3. Answer the following		terkait tema/topik 3. Benda-benda	



2. Dila		Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber
b. Pengutip Dilarang me	pasar Cil	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
itip lan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya	Kosa kata Kosa kata - kata terkait – tema dan jenis teks dan jenis teks UngkapanBaku Don't be late! Don't miss it!	Pesan Singkat Lia, I'm out for shopping your meal is in refrigerator Mom 2. Teks esei berbentuk descriptif dan recount	pertanyaan tentang isi teks fungsional pendek "undangan" /pesan pendek 5. Menyebutkan tujuan komunikatif teks fungsional pendek "undangan" /pesan pendek 6. Menjwab pertanyaan tentang ciri kebahasaan teks fungsional pendek "undangan" /pesan pendek	ciri kebahasaan teks fungsional pendek			on the text		
tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun ta	penyusuna akurat, lancar dan	descriptive dan		Menjawab mau tau pertanyaan tentang: Makna gagasan Makna tekstual dalam teks descriptive dan recount	Tes tulis	PG T/F	 Choose the best option based on the text. State whether the statements are TRU or FALSE. 	4 x 40 menit	1. Buku teks yang relevan 2. Koran/maja lah 3. Gambar peristiwa/te mpat 4. Lingkunga
anpa izin UIN Suska F	riversity of Sult	UI	N SUSI	KA RIA	U				19



2. Dila	1. D. Kompetensi	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaiar	1	Alokasi	Sumber
arang me	Diarang me	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
ngumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian	State Island an decimped the control of the control	2. Langkah retorika teks descriptive dan recount 3. Tujuan komunikatif teks descriptive dan recount 4. Ciri kebahasaan teks descriptive dan recount	 Membaca teks descriptive/reco unt Menjawab pertanyaan tentang informasi yang terdapat dalam teks Menjawab pertanyaan tentang tujuan komunikatif tdan langkah retorika teks descriptive / recount Menyebutkan ciri-ciri kebahasaan teks yang dibaca Membaca nyaring dan bermakna teks descriptive / recount 	komunikatif teks descriptive dan recount 7. Ciri kebahasaan teks descriptive dan recount 8. Membaca nyaring teks descriptive dan recount.	Tes lisan	Membaca	3. Answer the questions Read the text aloud.		n sekitar
apapun tan	*Arakter siswa yan		t dipercaya (Trustwort hormat dan perhatian (n (diligence)						120

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© Hak cipma mitter of the cipma mitter of the cipma mitter of the cipma of the cipm	:) GRIS nakna dalam teks tulis		US PEMBEI			k <i>descriptive</i> , dan <i>re</i>	count untuk t	perinteraksi
UIN Su si a Ria akapkan Ria akapkan Dasar Ria akapkan Dasar Ria akapkan Dasar Ria akapkan dalam Dasar Ria akapkan dalam Undan yang tempungsional benduk teks tulis makna dalam bentuk teks tulis makna dalam benduk teks tulis makna dalam teks tulis ma	Materi Pembelajaran	Kegiatan Pembelajaran	Pe	ndikator encapaian ompetensi	Teknik	Penilaian Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Alokasi Waktu	Sumber Belajar
Mengungkapkan Ali Mengungkapkan	1. Teks fungsional pendek berupa: • Undangan • Pengumuman • Pesan Singkat 2. Tata Bahasa • Kalimat sederhana - mengundang - mengumumkan - menyampaikan pesan 3.Kosa kata - Kata terkait tema dan jenis teks	1. Tanya jawab berbagai hal terkait tema/topik teks fungsional yang akan dibahas 2. Penguatan kembali kosakata dan tata bahasa terkait jenis teks fungsional 3. Menulis kalimat sederhana terkait jenis teks 4. Menulis teks fungsional pendek berdasarkan konteks	2.	Melengkapi rumpang teks fungsional pendek Meyusun kata menjadi teks fungsional yang bermakna Menulis teks fungsional pendek	Tes tulis	Melengkapi rumpang Menyusun kata acak Essay	1. Complete the following sentence / text using suitable word / words 2. Arrange the word into good sentences. 3. Write simple sentences based on the situation given 4. Write an invitation/ an announcement / messa-ge based on the situation given.		1.Buku teks yang relevanConto h undangan, pengumuman SMS 2.Gambar yang relevan



2. Dil	1. D. Hosepatarsi	si Materi Kegiatan Indika	Indikator		Penilaia	n	Alokasi	Sumber	
Dilarang m		Pembelajaran	Regiatan Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tar	iglengan Rinenggumakan igan henggumakan bahasa sagam baha	berbentuk - descriptive - recount 2. Tata bahasa Kalimat sederhana - Simpel present tense - Simpel past tense - past cont tense	 Review ungkapan- ungkapan yang terkait jenis teks descriptive dan recount. Menulis kalimat yang berdasarkan yang terkait jenis teks descriptive dan recount gambar/realia. Melengkapi rumpang dalam teks descriptif dan recount dengan kata yang tepat. Menyusun kalimat acak menjadi teks descriptif dan recount yang terpadu. Membuat draft teks descriptive dan recount 	kalimat menjadi teks yang bermakna dalam bentuk descriptivedan recount.	Tes tulis Tes tulis	 Completion Jumbled sentences Essay 	1. Complete the paragraph using the suitable words. 2.Rearrange the Following sentences correctly. 3.Write an essay a. describing something or a certain place. b. Telling what you did last Sunday	4 x 40 menit	1. Buku teks yang relevan 2. Gambar terkait tema/topik 3. Benda-benda sekitar
npa izin UIN Suska F	iversity of Sult								22



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9. Disappetersi

1. Disappe Penilaian Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska **Indikator** Alokasi Sumber Materi Kegiatan Pencapaian Pembelajaran **Teknik Bentuk** Contoh Pembelajaran Belajar Waktu Kompetensi Instrumen Instrumen pta secara mandiri. Mengekspos teks descriptive dan recount yang ditulis di kelas. Karakter siswa yang diharapkan: Dapat dipercaya (Trustworthines)
Rasa hormat dan pad entingan ••• uska xentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. Rasa hormat dan perhatian (respect) Tekun (diligence) pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik ata

Mengetahui; Kepala Sekolah	20 Guru Mapel Bahasa Inggris,
(() NIP /NIK : ;



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milik UIN Suska

Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik ata

Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska

State Islamic University of Sult

PERANGKAT PEMBELAJARAN SILABUS PEMBELAJARAN Mata Pelajaran : Bahasa Inggris. Satuan Pendidikan Kelas/Semester : VIII/2 Nama Guru NIP/NIK Sekolah KURIKULUM TINGKAT SATUAN PENDIDIKAN (KTSP)



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Dasar 0

nietensi

Miletensi

M ang S

entingan per Kompetensi Merespon makn Fang terdapat Fa an interpersor (bersosialisasi) pendek sederhar secara akurat,

Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya

fancar, dan berterima untuk berinteraksi engan Engkungan terdekat yang melibatkan Findak tutur: meminta, memberi, 5 menolak jasa,

penulisan kritik ata

tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska

SILABUS PEMBELAJARAN

: SMP N 9 Pekanbaru

: VIII (Delapan) : Bahasa Inggris

: 2 (Dua)

: Mendengarkan

7. Memahami makna dalam percakapan transaksional dan interpersonal pendek sederhana untuk berinteraksi dengan

lingkungan sekitar

	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber
	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
(to e) onal) ana	1. Percakapan yang memuat ungkapan-ungkapan berikut: Contoh: • A: Do you mind lending me some money? B: No Problem / I want to, but • A: Can I have a bit B: Sure, here you are • A:Here's some money for you B: I can't take this,	1. Eliciting kosakata terkait topik yang akan dibahas (noun, verb, adjective, adverb) 2. Menentukan makna kata dan menggunakanny a dalam kalimat 3. Mendengarkan guru dan menirukan ungkapan- ungkapan terkait materi 4. Mendengarkan percakapan tentang materi terkait	3. Merespon ungkapan meminta, memberi, mengingkari	Tes tulis	 Isian singkat Jawaban singkat Pilihan ganda 	1.Listen to the expression and write your response to it. 2.Listen to the expression and give your response to it. 3.Listen to the dialogue and choose the right answer.		 Script per uku teks yang relevan Rekaman percakapan Tape recorder CD CD player gambar Benda sekitar model benda



2. Dili	1. December	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaian	_	Alokasi	Sumber
arang me		Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun	State Islamic St	sorry A: Do you like it? B: Yes I do A: Have you done it? B: Sorry, I haven't -A: Do you think it's good? B: I think so / Sorry, I can't say anything A: Would you like some B: Yes, please / No, thanks 2. Tata Bahasa Do you mind? Present Perfect 3. Kosa kata Kata terkait tema dan jenis teks 4. Ungkapan Baku No Problem Sorry Yes, Please	5. Menjawab berbagai informasi yang terdapat dalam percakapan 6. Merespon ungkapan-ungkapan yang terkait materi	5. Merespon ungkapan meminta,meneri ma, menolak tawaran					1 Buku teks yang
없	<u>a</u>								26
ınpa izin UIN Suska F	riversity of Sult	U	IN SUS	KA RIA	AU				



2. Dili	H	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaiar	an Alokasi	Sumber	
arang me	Dasar Ci	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
b. Kengulipan lidak merugikan kepenlingan yang wajar bilik suska kilau. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun	ta m makna	- No, Thank you 1. Percakapan yang memuat ungkapan-ungkapan berikut: - A: What if it I do it again. B: Fine, with me A:I have to go now. B:Do you have to? - A: B: Right / I see / Hmm Hello, excuse me Did you? / Were you? - Thanks/ Bye/ See you Could I speak to please? - Well, I'm calling to Nice talking to you	1. Tanya jawab berbagai hal terkait tema/topik yang akan dibahas 2. Mendaftar kosakata yang digunakan dalam percakapan 3. Menentukan makna kosakata dalam daftar 4. Menggunakan kosakata dalam daftar 5. Tanya jawab menggunakan ungkapan – ungkapan terkait 6. Menirukan ungkapan yang diucapkan guru 7. Mendengarkan percakapan 8. Menjawab pertanyaan	memperpanjang an menutup percakapan	Tes lisan Tes lisan Tes tulis	Merespon ungkapan Merespon ungkapan Melengkapi percakapan	Listen to the expressions and give your response to them. Listen to the dialogue and complete the text Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer	2 x 40 menit	relevan 2 Script percakapan 3 Rekaman percakapan 4 Tape recorder 5 Gambar yang relevan
tan '	ean menutup an, penulisan	U	tentang	KARIA	AU	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		27
pa izin UIN Suska F	versity of Sult								



r UIN Suska Riau.

enelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik ata

i tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:

Hak metersi 1. Dikompetersi 2. Pengu. Penilaian Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska **Indikator** Materi Kegiatan Alokasi Sumber Pencapaian Pembelajaran **Teknik** Bentuk Contoh Pembelajaran Waktu Belajar Kompetensi Instrumen Instrumen gereakapan, dan mengawali, menperpanjang, percakapan 2. Tata Bahasa Becamenutup Germanekapul N Suska R Germanekapul Germaneka Have / Has to untuk kepentingan per Could I ...? Past form of be 3. Kosa kata Kata terkait tema dan jenis teks Karakter siswa yang diharapkan : Dapat dipercaya (Trustworthines) Rasa hormat dan perhatian (respect) Tekun (diligence)

State Islamic University of Sult



Dasar

Merespon makna

pendek sederhana

Secara akurat,

Berterima untuk

State

Islamic

yang terdapat dalam teks lisan

ungsional

ancar, dan

Berinteraksi

Pingkungan

engan

remenyebutkan sumber:

penyusunan lapora

Mata Pejajaran

n in k UIN Sundang Undang Sebagian atau skanntuk kepent Kompetensi

lingan pendid

mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Semester

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1. Dilarang mer
a. Pendutba
b. Pendutba

SILABUS PEMBELAJARAN

: SMP N 9 Pekanbaru

: VIII (Delapan)

: Bahasa Inggris

: 2 (Dua)

: Mendengarkan

Materi

Pembelajaran

1.Teks fungsional

- Notices

2. Tata Bahasa

3.Kosa kata

jenis teks

4.Ungkapan Baku

- Be ware

- Kalimat perintah

- kalimat ajakan

- terkait tema dan

- Iklan

pendek berbentuk:

8. Memahami makna dalam teks lisan fungsional dan monolog pendek sederhana berbentuk narrative dan recount untuk berinteraksi dengan lingkungan sekitar.

Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber	
Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar	
1. Eliciting kosakata terkait topik yang akan dibahas (noun, verb, adjective, adverb) 2. menentukan makna kata dan menggunakannya dalam kalimat. 3. Mendengarkan guru dan menirukan ungkapanungkapan terkait materi 4. Mendengarkan teks fungsional 5. Menjawab	berbagai informasi dalam teks fungsional pendek	Tes tulis	Melengkapi rumpang Benar / Salah	Listen to the dialogue and complete the following text. Listen to the dialog and decide whether the statements are True or False	2 x 40 menit	 Buku teks yang relevan Script teks fungsional pendek Rekaman teks Tape recorder Contoh teks fungsional Gambar yang relevan 	



2. Dila	. d H	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber
arang me	Dasar Ci	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
ngumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun	a milik UIN Suskama akung akung milik UIN Suskama at gamat dalam molehana akurat, ma untuk sebagian atau seluruh kagalam serinteraksi angalam dalam da	4. Ungkapan BakuIt's terrific!It's wonderful	berbagai informasi yang terdapat dalam teks. 6. Menentukan makna teks fungsional yang diperdengarkan. 1. Tanya jawab berbagai hal terkait tema/topik yang akan dibahas. 2. Mendaftar kosakata yang digunakan dalam percakapan 3. Menentukan makna kosakata dalam daftar. 4. Mendengarkan teks narrative / recount yang dibacakan guru. 5. Tanya jawab berbagai informasi tentang teks yang dibaca guru.	 Mengidentifikasi berbagai informasi dalam teks monolog narative dan recount. Mengidentifikasi tujuan komunikatif teks naratif dan recount 	Tes tulis	Melengkapi	Listen to the text and choose the right answer Listen to the text and complete the bellow sentences	4 x 40 menit	1. Buku teks yang relevan 2. Script cerita naratif 3. Rekaman cerita 4. Tape recorder
tanpa izin UIN Suska	niversity of Sult								30



1. D Kompet	© te n si	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber
Monpot asa Marang mengutipan Pengutipan larang mengutipan	<u>C</u> .	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
ngi Undang-Undang Jutip sebagian atau selur hanya untuk kepentingar tidak merugikan kepenti Jumumkan dan memperb	ota milik UIN Suska		 6. Mendengarkan teks narrative / recount lainnya. 7. Menjawab pertanyaan tentang teks narrative / recount yang didengar secara lisan. 						
akarakte ndidikan, nyang wa ak sebagi	r siswa yar	ng diharapkan : Dap Ras Tek	at dipercaya (Trustwor a hormat dan perhatian tun (<i>diligence</i>)	thines) (respect)					7.
an dan menyebutkan sumber: xarya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tan	State Islamic University of Sult		at dipercaya (Trustwor a hormat dan perhatian aun (diligence)		U				31



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Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tingan pendid Kompetensi

Dasar Mengung kapkan makna dalam percakapan ansaksional (to get things done) dan interpersonal (bersosialisasi) pendek sederhana **d**engan Benggunakan agam bahasa

Hsan secara

Engkungan

ferdekat yang

tutur: meminta,

melibatkan tindak

akurat, lancar,

an berterima intuk berinteraksi Tengan 5

tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska

penulisan kritik ata

SILABUS PEMBELAJARAN

: SMP N 9 Pekanbaru

: VIII (Delapan)

: Bahasa Inggris

: 2 (Dua)

: Berbicara

9. Mengungkapkan makna dalam percakapan transaksional dan interpersonal lisan pendek sederhana untuk berinteraksi dengan lingkungan sekitar

Materi		Kagiatan	Kegiatan Penilaian Alokasi				Alokasi	Sumber	
	Pembelajaran		Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi Tekn		Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
al a	1.Percakapan singkat memuat ungkapan – ungkapan : Contoh :A: Do you mind lending me some money? B: No, problemsA: Can I have a bit? B: Sure, here you areA: Here is some money for you. B: Sorry, I can't take this.	 2. 3. 4. 	Mengembangka n kosakata terkait dengan jenis ungkapan dan tema/topik yang terkait Tanya jawab tentang berbagai hal menggunakan ungkapan terkait materi/topik.tem a yang di pillih Menirukan ungkapan- ungkapan- ungkapan	1. Bertanya dan menjawab tentang meminta, memberi ,menolak jasa 2. Bertanya dan menjawab tentang meminta, memberi ,menolak barang 3. Bertanya dan menjawab tentang meminta, memberi dan mengingkari informasi 4. Bertanya dan menjawab tentang meminta, memberi dan menjawab tentang meminta, memberi dan menolak pendapat	Unjuk kerja	berbicara, Bermain peran	Create a dialogue based on the role cards and perform it in front of the class		Buku teks yang relevan Gambar yang relevan Benda sekitar Role cards



2. Dila	a. Kompetensi	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber
arang m	Tak of post of circles of the circle	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
b. Fengulipan udak mengikan kepenjingan yang wajar olih suska kilau. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun ta	State Islami ot asmili karung, an pendidikan, pendisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan karya ilmiah, pe	A: Do you like it? B: Yes, I do. A: Have you done it? B:No, I haven't. A: Do you think it's good? B: I think it is / Sorry I can't say any thing A: Would you like some? B: Yes, please / No, Thanks 2. Tata Bahasa - Do you mind - Present perfect tense 3. Kosa kata - Kata terkait tema dan jenis teks 4. Ungkapan Baku	dan menjawab menggunakan ungkapan yang telah dipelajari secara berpasangan 5. Bermain peran melakukan percakapan berdasarkan situasi yang diberikan	5. Bertanya dan menjawab tentang menawarkan, men erima, menolak sesuatu					
anpa izin UIN Suska	versity								33
l Suska F	of Sult								



2. Dila	a. B. Kompetensi	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator			Alokasi	Sumber	
engutip arang m	Stormpeters Cipt Cipt the storm of the storm	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. yumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun	hanya untuk epentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusu	- No Problem - Sorry - No, thanks - Yes, Please 1. Teks percakapan memuat ungkapan berikut: Contoh: - A: what if I do it again? B: Fine with me. - A: I Must go now B: Do you have to? • Right. • I see. • Hmm yeah • Hello, excuse me • Did you? / Were you? • Thanks/ Bye / see you • Could I speak to? • Well, I'm calling to?	1. Tanya jawab menggunakan berbagai kosakata dan ungkapan yang telah dipelajari 2. Mendengarkan yang memuat ungkapan-ungkapan yang telah dipelajari 3. Menjawab pertanyaan tentang isi percakapan 4. Menjawab pertanyaan tentang makna dan fungsi ungkapan terkait 5. Menggunakan ungkapan — ungkapan terkait berdasarkan konteks 6. Bermain peran	 Bertanya dan menjawab tentang meminta, memberi persetujuan Bertanya dan menjawab tentang merespon pernyataan Bertanya dan menjawab tentang memberi perhatian terhadap lawan bicara Mengawali, memp erpanjang menutup percakapan Mengawali, memp erpanjang menutup percakapan 	Unjuk kerja	Uji petik berbicara Bermain peran	Create a dialogue based on the role cards and perform it in front of the class.		1. Buku teks yang relevan 2. Gambar yang relevan 3. Benda sekitar 4. Kartu peran
tanpa izin UIN Suska	riversity of Sult	U]	IN SUS	KA RIA	U				34
Suska F	of Sult								



O Hak petersi

1. DKonpetersi

Trang me Penilaian Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska **Indikator** Materi Kegiatan Alokasi Sumber Pencapaian Pembelajaran **Teknik Bentuk** Contoh Pembelajaran Belajar Waktu Kompetensi Instrumen Instrumen mengawali, mengunakan • Nice talking to you. memperpanjang, ungkapan yang darsmenutup telah dipelajari 2. Tata Bahasa per akapan, serta Past form of be mengawali, memperpanjang, andmenutap 3. Kosa kata ger cakapan Kata terkait tema dan Sn jenis teks ka Ria 4. Spelling and intonation Karakter siswa yang diharapkan: Dapat dipercaya (Trustworthines) Rasa hormat dan perhatian (respect) Tekun (diligence)

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an, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik ata



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penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik ata

Kompete tingan pendidi Dasar

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: SMP N 9 Pekanbaru : VIII (Delapan)

: Bahasa Inggris

: 2 (Dua) : Berbicara

> 10. Mengungkapkan makna dalam teks lisan fungsional dan monolog pendek sederhana berbentuk recount, dan narrative untuk berinteraksi dengan lingkungan sekitar

Kompetensi	Materi	Kegiatan	belajaran Kompetensi		Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber
Dasar Raya	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran		Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
Mengungkapka Tim makna dalam Tateks lisan Ta	1.Teks fungsional pendek: - Notices - Iklan 2. Tata Bahasa - Imperatives - Comparison 3. Kosakata - Kata terkait tema dan jenis teks 4. Ungkapan baku - attention, please	1. Review kosakata dan ungkapan yang digunakan dalam teks fungsional pendek terkait materi 2. Membuat kalimat sederhana untuk: - Memberi perhatian (Notice) - Menarik seseorang	Mengungkapkan secara lisan teks fungsional: Pengumuman Undangan Pesan singkat Bertanya dan menjawab secara lisan berbagai info dalam teks pengumuman, undangan, pesan singkat	Unjuk kerja	berbicara	 Give suitable notices based on the pictures Make simple advertisments based on the pictures 		1. Buku teks yang relevan 2. Gambar terkait materi dan topik 3. Benda sekitar 4. Teks bentuk khusus: - undangan - pengumum an - pesan singkat



2. Dila	1. D Kompetensi	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber
arang n	His Cipt Ak Opposition Ak Oppositi	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun ta	a milik UIN Suska Riau a milik UIN Suska Riau apa apa apa apa apa apa apa	1.Teks monolog berbentuk recount dan narrative. 2.Ciri-ciri kebahasaan teks narrative dan recount. 3.Langkah retorika teks narrative dan recount. 4. Tata Bahasa		- Melakukan monolog pendek sederhana dalam bentuk narrative dan recount	Unjuk kerja	berbicara	 Tell us briefly what you did yesterday Retell a story that you know very well. Tell a story based on the series of a pictures given. 	8 x 40 menit	1.Buku teks yang relevan 2.Gambar yang relevan 3.Benda sekitar 4. Buku cerita dalam bahasa Inggris
anpa izi	nivers an, penu	TT	INT OTTO	TZ A DITA	TT				37
npa izin UIN Suska F	iversity of Sult								



2. Dila	1. Hak	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber
arang me	a. Pengutip	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun t	State Islamic Unantu and separation	- Simple Past tense - Past continuous tense - temporal conjuntions - Connective words - Adverbs - Adjectives 5.Kosa kata - kata terkait tema dan jenis teks 6.Ungkapan baku - Really? - That's terrible - How Then ?	 temporal conjunctions connective words adverbs 						
tanpa izin UIN Suska F	niversity of Sult	U]	IN SUS	KA RIA	U				38



1. D Kompet	© Elisi	Materi	Kegiatan	Indikator		Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber
Hak Opp Dallindu 1. Di arang menga. Pengutipan b. Pengutipan 2. Dilarang mengang	r C	Pembelajaran	Pembelajaran	Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
dungi Undang-Un angutip sebagian an hanya untuk k an tidak merugika engumumkan dan	a mil		pernah didengar Menceritakan berdasarkan foto atau Gambar cerita populer.						
Rau selu kepenting an kepen	r <mark>zi</mark> swa ya ∽ ⊂	ang diharapkan : Dap Ras Tek	at dipercaya (Trustwor a hormat dan perhatian un (<i>diligence</i>)	rthines) (respect)					
ıruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sur an pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan tingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. banyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk ap:	ska Riau State Islamic Un								
	iversity of Sult	U]	IN SUS	KA RIA	AU				39



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: SMP N 9 Pekanbaru : VIII (Delapan)

: Bahasa Inggris

	Semester 3	: 2 (Dua)							
mka	Stangar Kompetensi	: Membaca							
an dan i	Mietersi Senegarang-Und Seyagian a Seyagian a	11. Memahai sekitar	nmi makna dalam esei _l	pendek sederhana ber	bentuk <i>reco</i>	unt, dan narrati	ve untuk berintera	ıksi dengan lin	gkungan
mem	√ S lang tau s	Materi	Variator	Indiantes Denomina		Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber
entingati perbanya	Rompetersi Dasar	Pembelajaran	Kegiatan Pembelajaran	Indikator Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
n kepentingan yang wajar uin Suska kiau. Memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun	Membaca anyaring a berbentuk	1. Teks Essai berbentuk narrative / recount 2. Ciri kebahasaan Teks Essai berbentuk narrative / recount 3. Tujuan komunikatif teks essai narratif / recount 4. Langkah retorika narrative /	 Tanya jawab mengembangkan kosakata berdasarkan gambar / cerita popular Tanya jawab menggali informasi dalam cerita berdasarkan gambar Mendengarkan teks narrative / recount yang dibaca guru 	 Membaca nyaring dan bermakna teks essai berbentuk narrative / recount Mengidentifikasi berbagai makna teks narrative / recount 	Tes lisan Tes tulis	Membaca nyaring Pilihan ganda	Read the story aloud. Choose the right answer based on the text.		1.Buku teks yang relevan 2. Buku cerita bahasa Inggris 3. Gambar - gambar terkait cerita 4. Rekaman cerita 5. Tape recorder 6. CD 7. VCD player
k apapun ta	199 Merespon a makna dalam teks tulis	recount 5. Spelling, stress, intonation	4. Membaca nyaring teks narrative /	Mengidentifikasi tujuan komunikatif teks	Tes Tulis	Isian singkat	Complete the following sentences using		



2. Di	© ⊢ 1. D: a.	Materi	TZ * . t	I. I'l D		Penilaian		Alokasi	Sumber
ilarang r		Pembelajaran	Kegiatan Pembelajaran	Indikator Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun ta	ing sional siona		recount dengan ucapan dan intonasi yang benar 5. Menjawab berbagai pertanyaan tentang informasi dalam teks yang di baca 6. Menentukan tujuan komunikatif teks narrative / recount yang di baca 7. Menentukan langkah retorika dari teks narrative / recount yang di baca 8. Menentukan ciri kebahasaan teks narrative / recount yang di baca 9. Membaca teks narrative / recount yang di baca	narrative / recount Mengidentifikasi langkah retorika dan ciri kebahasaan teks narrative / recount	Tes Tulis	Pertanyaan tertulis	the information from the text. Answer the following questions based on the text.		1. Buku teks yang relevan
anpa izin UIN Suska	niversity of Sult	U	IN SUS	KA RIA	λU				41



2. D	© H Hak (1. Dil a.	Materi	Kegiatan Indikator Penc	T 17 . D	Penilaian			Alokasi	Sumber
ilarang r	⊕ Hisk Competensi Hak Competensi 1. Dil Kang ng n a. Penguti	Pembelajaran	Kegiatan Pembelajaran	Indikator Pencapaian Kompetensi	Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Sumber Belajar
Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun ta	in tidak merudikan kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penelitian mencantumkan dan mencantumkan karya ilmia mencantumkan me		terkait materi 4. Menjawab pertanyaan tentang informasi yang terdapat dalam teks 5. Menyebutkan ciriciri teks fungsional yang dibaca 6. Membaca teks fungsional pendek lainnya dari berbagai sumber	berbagai informasi dalam teks fungsional Mengidentifikasi tujuan komunikatif teks fungsional Mengindentifikasi ciri kebahasaan teks fungsional	Tes tulis Tes tulis	PG Jawaban singkat Jawaban singkat	following questions	4 x 40 menit	2. Contoh teks fungsional 3. Gambar terkait materi dan topik 4. Benda sekitar
ılam bentuk apapun	*Arakter Islamic Un Rarakter Islamic Un Kyebutkan sumber:		at dipercaya (Trustwon a hormat dan perhatian un (<i>diligence</i>)						
tanpa izin UIN Suska F	Jniversity of Sult: :- :ran, penulisan kritik ata	U	IN SUS	KA RIA	\U				42



. Dilarang

SILABUS PEMBELAJARAN

Sekolaha EKelas lii Mata Pelajaran Semester

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 \sqsubseteq Kompetensi **∑**Dasar 70 Mengungkapka 1. Teks fungsional: r makna dalam

dilis fungsional menggunakan agam bahasa Halis secara akurat, lancar

antuk S Berinteraksi penyusunan laporan, Hengan 6 Ingkungan lamic **ş**ekitar

2. Tata bahasa **Imperratives** Getting attention

dan berterima

4. Tanda baca, Spelling

: SMP N 9 Pekanbaru : VIII (Delapan)

: Bahasa Inggris

: 2 (Dua) : Menulis

Materi

Pembelajaran

Notices

Comparison

3. Kosa kata

dan jenis teks

Kata terkait tema

iklan

12. Mengungkapkan makna dalam teks tulis fungsional dan esei pendek sederhana berbentuk recount dan narrative untuk berinteraksi dengan lingkungan sekitar

Penilaian **Indikator** Alokasi Sumber Kegiatan Pencapaian Pembelajaran **Teknik Bentuk** Contoh Waktu Belajar Kompetensi Instrumen Instrumen Essay 1. Review tujuan Menulis teks Tes tulis 1. Write sentences 4 x 40 menit Buku teks komunikatif fungsional pendek based on the yang relevan dan ciri-ciri berbentuk: situation given. Contoh teks kebahasaan teks Notices fungsional Complete the Completion fungsional Iklan text using Gambar pendek terkait suitable terkait materi materi word/words. dan topik Menulis kalimat 3. Write notices Product Penugasan . Benda sekitar sederhana untuk related to - memberi certain places himbauan / 4. Write an advertisement peringatan promoting a - mengiklancertain product. kan sesuatu 3. Melengkapi teks fungsional pendek



2. Dila	1. Dingetensi	Materi	Kegiatan Pembelajaran	Indikator Pencapaian Kompetensi	Penilaian			Alokasi	Sumber
larang meng	Pasar Ci	Dasar Pembelajaran			Teknik	Bentuk Instrumen	Contoh Instrumen	Waktu	Belajar
jumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluru	mili ap dan mili ab dan mili a	 Teks Essai narrative / recount Ciri kebahasaan teks narrative / recount Langkah retorika teks narrative / recount Tatabahasa Simple past Past continuous Kosakata Kata terkait tema dan jenis teks Tandabaca, spelling 	 Membuat kalimat sederhana terkait teks narrative/ recount Mengembangkan langkah retorika teks recount dan narrative Membuat draft teks recount dan 		Tes tertulis Proyek	Uraian	Write a short recount/narrative text based on: a. Your experience happend to you b. The story You have ever read c. Series of pictures given. Find 5 short texts of recount or narratives and expose them.	8 x 40 menit	1.Buku teks yang relevan 2. Buku cerita bahasa Inggris 3. Gambar - gambar terkait cerita
ık apapun t	* Rarakter siswa yang diharapkan: Dapat dipercaya (Trustworthines) Rasa hormat dan perhatian (respect) Tekun (diligence)								
tanpa izin UIN Susk	niversity of Sult								44



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2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska F b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau.

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9

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

Lesson Plan for Experimental Class

School : SMP NEGERI 9 PEKANBARU

Subject : English

Class/ Semester :VIII/ 2

Meeting : 1st

Time Allocated : 2 x 40 minutes

Topic : Recount Text

A. Standard Competence

5. Understanding the meaning of short functional text and short essay in the form of descriptive and recount in daily life context and to access the knowledge.

B. Basic Competence

5.3 Responding the meaning of the rhetorical written monologue or essay texts accurately, fluently and acceptable in daily life context and to access the knowledge in form of the texts: narrative and recount.

C. Indicators

- 1. The students' ability to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students' ability to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students' ability to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students' ability to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students' ability to identify inference from recount text.

D. Learning Objectives

- 1. The students are able to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students are able to to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students are able to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students are able to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students are able to identify inference from recount text.



Dilarang

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

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Σ. Material

A trip to the Zoo

Yesterday my family and I went to the zoo to see the elephant. When we got to the zoo, we went to the shop to buy some food to give to the animals. After getting the food, we went to the nocturnal house where we saw birds and reptiles which oly come out at night. Before having lunch, we went for a ride on the elephant. It was a thrill to ride it. Dad fell of when he let go off the rope, but he was ok. During the lunch we fed some birds in the park. In the afternoon we saw the animals being fed. When we returned home we had so much fun activities at many places at the zoo.

F. Learning Strategy

Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS)

G. Teaching and Learning Process

Pre-Activity

- Greeting.
- Teachers and students pray together.
- Check the attendance (condition of the students).
- Teacher gives explanation about the warming up procedure.
- Warming up.
- Check the students' readiness to study.

Whist –Activity

- Teacher pre teach the vocabulary relate to the text itself.
- Ask the students to preview from the title and guest what the text text talking about.
- Teacher reads aloud the text stopping at point of interest.



Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

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State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

Teacher asks the students to read the text slowly. Then, ask them to noticed unfamiliar words, clues, etc

Ask the students to read every sentence, but they should not to try know the exact meaning of each word. They should try and guess its meaning from the context and infer the meaning.

Teacher gives a instruction during reading such as anticipate upcoming information, visualize and integrate old and new knowledge.

Teacher asks the students to connect their experiences and the text.

Post –Activity

Teacher guides the students to memorize the crucial information in the

Teacher motivates and gives feedback to the students.

Teacher closes the class and says good bye to the class.

H. Source and Media

: text, power point, laptop Media

: text book English in Focus 2, for Grade VIII Junior High School, Source

2008

I.Assesment

: Reading Test Thechnique

: Multiple Choice Type

Instrument

1. Why did the writer and his family feel very tired after having a trip to the zoo?

a. They had to visit many places in the zoo

b. They took a long time to reach the zoo area

c. They had to feed a lot of animals in the zoo

d. They had no time to take a rest in the zoo



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What happened to the writer's dad when he rode an elephant?

a. He felt a thrill

c. He fell off

b. He felt fun

d. He failed

3. What is the text talking about?

a. A trip to the jungle

c. A trip to the park

b. A trip to the zoo

d. A trip to the mountain

"... It was a thrill to ride it." In paragraph 2, the underlined word refers to...

Writer's family

c. The shop

b. Writer's Dad

d. The elephant

".....we were very tired." (Paragraph 3). The underline word is antonymous with?

a. Energized

c. Bored

b. Empty

d. sleepy

Answer key

1. a

2. С

3. b

5. a



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Riau

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a) Scoring

Every rigth answer get score = 20

Maximal score = 100

b) Final Score

Student score $= 5 \times 20$

Known by, The Teacher of English Pekanbaru, 04 March 2019 Researcher

Elidaswati, S.Pd NIP.196903281996012001 Linda Tri Utami NIM.11314200707

Headmaster of SMP 9 PEKANBARU

Ernidalisma, S.Pd NIP.196612051991032003



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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

Lesson Plan for Experimental Class

0 School : SMP NEGERI 9 PEKANBARU

Subject : English

Class/ Semester :VIII/2

: 2nd Meeting

Time Allocated : 2 x 40 minutes

9 Topic : Recount Text

Standard Competence

5. Understanding the meaning of short functional text and short essay in the form of desciptive and recount in daily life context and to access the knowledge.

Basic Competence

5.3 Responding the meaning of the rhetorical written monologue or essay texts accurately, fluently and acceptable in daily life context and to access the knowledge in form of the texts: narrative and recount.

Indicators

- 1. The students' ability to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students' ability to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students' ability to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students' ability to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students' ability to identify inference from recount text.

Learning Objectives

- The students are able to identify main idea of recount text.
- The students are able to to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students are able to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students are able to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students are able to identify inference from recount text.



Dilarang

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Hak cipta

Material

My Holiday

Last week I went to mount Bromo. I stayed at my friend's house in Probolinggo, East Java. The house has a big garden with colorful flowers and a small pool.

In the morning, my friend and I saw mount Batok. The scenery was very beautiful. We rode on a horseback. It was scary, but it was fun. Then, we went to get closer look at the mountain. We took pictures of the beautiful scenery there. After that, we took a rest and had lunch under a big tree. Before we got home, we went to the zoo at Wonokromo, we went home in the afternoon.

We were very tired. However, I think it was really fun to have a holiday like this, I hope my next holiday will be more interesting.

F. Learning Strategy

Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS)

G. Teaching and Learning Process

Pre-Activity

- Greeting.
- Teachers and students pray together.
- Check the attendance (condition of the students).
- Teacher gives explanation about the warming up procedure.
- Warming up.

Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

• Check the students' readiness to study (review the last material).

Whist –Activity

- Teacher pre teach the vocabulary relate to the text itself.
- Ask the students to preview from the title and guest what the text text talking about.
- Teacher reads aloud the text stopping at point of interest.



Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

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Teacher asks the students to read the text slowly. Then, ask them to noticed unfamiliar words, clues, etc

- Ask the students to read every sentence, but they should not to try know the exact meaning of each word. They should try and guess its meaning from the context and infer the meaning.
- Teacher gives a instruction during reading such as anticipate upcoming information, visualize and integrate old and new knowledge.
- Teacher asks the students to connect their experiences and the text.

Post –Activity

- Teacher guides the students to memorize the crucial information in the
- Teacher motivates and gives feedback to the students.
- Teacher closes the class and says good bye to the class.

H. Source and Media

: text, power point, laptop Media

: text book English in Focus 2, for Grade VIII Junior High School, Source

2008

I. Assesment

: Reading Test Thechnique

: Short answer Type

Instrument

- 1. What is the main idea in the paragraph 2?
- Where did the writer stay?
- 3. "The scenery was very beautiful". The synonym of the underlined word is?
- 4. After read the text. how the writer feeling?
- 5. "It was scary" in paragraph 2, the underlined word refers to?

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Answer key

- 1. The writer's activities in holiday
- His/her friend's house
- View, spectacle, decor, etc
- 4. Happy
- 5. Riding horse

a) Scoring

- Every rigth answer get score = 20
- Maximal score = 100

b) Final Score

Student score $= 5 \times 20$

Known by, The Teacher of English Pekanbaru, 07 March 2019 Researcher

Elidaswati, S.Pd NIP.196903281996012001

Linda Tri Utami NIM.11314200707

Headmaster of SMP 9 PEKANBARU

Ernidalisma, S.Pd NIP.196612051991032003

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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

Lesson Plan for Experimental Class

School : SMP NEGERI 9 PEKANBARU

Subject : English

Class/ Semester :VIII/ 2

Meeting : 3rd

Time Allocated : 2 x 40 minutes

Topic : Recount Text

A. Standard Competence

5. Understanding the meaning of short functional text and short essay in the form of descriptive and recount in daily life context and to access the knowledge.

B. Basic Competence

5.3 Responding the meaning of the rhetorical written monologue or essay texts accurately, fluently and acceptable in daily life context and to access the knowledge in form of the texts: narrative and recount.

C. Indicators

- 1. The students' ability to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students' ability to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students' ability to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students' ability to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students' ability to identify inference from recount text.

D. Learning Objectives

- 1. The students are able to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students are able to to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students are able to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students are able to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students are able to identify inference from recount text.



Dilarang

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

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Material

I have got an unforgettable experience last Lebaran Day. My family and I went to my mother's hometown to celebrate "Idul Fitri". We went by a plane. At the airport, my family and I had to walk through the metal detector. When I got the turn to walk through it, suddenly the alarm beeped. The woman who worked as the airport security said, "Come here, you need to get your belt off". I took my belt off, but the alarm still beeped. The security asked me to take my wallet from my pocket. I did what she ordered. Still alarm beeped.

After that the security asked me to turn back and she checked my body. She touched my left pocket. Then she told me, "There was something in it. it might be the things that made the alarm beeped". I took out something from the left pocket. The woman laughed and said, "That has made the alarm beep". It was a silver pen. I felt embarrassed because everybody stared at me with curiosity.

F. Learning Strategy

Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS)

G. Teaching and Learning Process

Pre-Activity

- Greeting.
- Teachers and students pray together.
- Check the attendance (condition of the students).
- Teacher gives explanation about the warming up procedure.
- Warming up.
- Check the students' readiness to study (review the last material).

Whist –Activity

- Teacher pre teach the vocabulary relate to the text itself.
- Ask the students to preview from the title and guest what the text text talking about.
- Teacher reads aloud the text stopping at point of interest.



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noticed unfamiliar words, clues, etc

Teacher asks the students to read the text slowly. Then, ask them to

Ask the students to read every sentence, but they should not to try know

the exact meaning of each word. They should try and guess its meaning

from the context and infer the meaning. Teacher gives a instruction during reading such as anticipate upcoming

information, visualize and integrate old and new knowledge.

Teacher asks the students to connect their experiences and the text.

Post –Activity

Teacher guides the students to memorize the crucial information in the

Media

Source

Teacher motivates and gives feedback to the students.

Teacher closes the class and says good bye to the class.

H. Source and Media

: text, power point, laptop

: text book English in Focus 2, for Grade VIII Junior High School, 2008

I. Assesment

: Reading Test

: Multiple choice

Type

Thechnique

Instrument

1. What does the second paragraph tell us about?

a. The writer and his family walked through metal detector b. The writer's silver pen made the metal detector beeped

c. The security checked the writer's pockets

d. Everybody stared at the writer

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- 2. From the text, we can conclude
 - a. The security guard was a fussy woman
 - b. You are not allowed to wear belts at the airport
 - c. The alarm beeped because there was a metallic object
 - d. The writer's appearance attracted everybody's attention
- 3. Why did the airport security tell the writer to take off his belt?
 - a. Because the alarm beeped when he passed through metal detector
 - b. Because it was his unforgettable experience last lebaran
 - c. Because she worked as the airport security officer
 - d. Because everybody stared at him curiosity
- 4. "....turn to walk through it" in paragraph 1. The underlined word refers to...
 - a. The airport

c. The metal detector

b. The wallet

- d. The silver pen
- 5. "I felt embarrassed...." in last paragraph. The underlined word is antonym with....
 - a. Shy

c. Beautiful

b. Clever

d. Brave

Answer key

- 1. b
- 2. c
- 3. a
- 4. c
- 5. d

UIN SUSKA RIAU

- a) Scoring
 - o Every rigth answer get score = 20
 - o Maximal score = 100



Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang Hak cipta milik UIN Suska Riau

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

b) Final Score

Student score $= 5 \times 20$

Known by, The Teacher of English Pekanbaru, 11 March 2019 Researcher

Elidaswati, S.Pd NIP.196903281996012001 Linda Tri Utami NIM.11314200707

Headmaster of SMP 9 PEKANBARU

Ernidalisma, S.Pd NIP.196612051991032003

a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber: . Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.



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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

Lesson Plan for Experimental Class

School: SMP NEGERI 9 PEKANBARU

Subject : English

Class/ Semester :VIII/ 2

Meeting : 4th

Time Allocated : 2 x 40 minutes

Topic : Recount Text

A. Standard Competence

5. Understanding the meaning of short functional text and short essay in the form of descriptive and recount in daily life context and to access the knowledge.

B. Basic Competence

5.3 Responding the meaning of the rhetorical written monologue or essay texts accurately, fluently and acceptable in daily life context and to access the knowledge in form of the texts: narrative and recount.

C. Indicators

- 1. The students' ability to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students' ability to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students' ability to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students' ability to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students' ability to identify inference from recount text.

D. Learning Objectives

- 1. The students are able to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students are able to to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students are able to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students are able to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students are able to identify inference from recount text.



Dilarang

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

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Material

Last weekend, I visited my pen pal's house. His Name is Anto. There were many activities I did there. In the morning, Anto and I had breakfast. We had traditional food. I liked it very much.

After breakfast, he took me to the garden behind his house. The garden was very big and beautiful. There is a big bird cage in the garden. There were many kinds of birds in that cage. I spent a long time feeding the birds. I also took pictures with those beautiful birds.

After visiting the bird cage, Anto and I went to the flower garden not far from his house. We took a rest and had lunch under a big tree and watch butterflies flying above colourful flowers. In the afternoon, we swam in the pool in the backyard. It was so fun. I really enjoyed my time with Anto.

F. Learning Strategy

Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS)

Teaching and Learning Process tate Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

Pre-Activity

- Greeting.
- Teachers and students pray together.
- Check the attendance (condition of the students).
- Teacher gives explanation about the warming up procedure.
- Warming up.
- Check the students' readiness to study (review the last material).

Whist -Activity

- Teacher pre teach the vocabulary relate to the text itself.
- Ask the students to preview from the title and guest what the text text talking about.
- Teacher reads aloud the text stopping at point of interest.



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State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:

- Teacher asks the students to read the text slowly. Then, ask them to noticed unfamiliar words, clues, etc
- Ask the students to read every sentence, but they should not to try know the exact meaning of each word. They should try and guess its meaning from the context and infer the meaning.
- Teacher gives a instruction during reading such as anticipate upcoming information, visualize and integrate old and new knowledge.
- Teacher asks the students to connect their experiences and the text.

Post –Activity

- Teacher guides the students to memorize the crucial information in the
- Teacher motivates and gives feedback to the students.
- Teacher closes the class and says good bye to the class.

H. Source and Media

: text, power point, laptop Media

: text book English in Focus 2, for Grade VIII Junior High School, Source

2008

I. Assesment

: Reading Test Thechnique

: Multiple choice Type

Instrument

- What is the last paragraph talking about?
 - Anto had butterflies as his pet
 - b. The writer's friend is a good swimmer
 - c. There are a lot of flowers in Anto's house
 - The writer had a good time with his friend



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. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau.

Where did the writer spend his afternoon?

a. Under a tree

c. In the flower garden

b. Inside big bird cage

d. In the swimming pool

3. ".....I really <u>enjoyed</u> my time...." (Paragraph 3). The underline word is synonymous with?

a. Sad

c. Dislike

b. Have fun

d. Hate

"I liked it very much." In paragraph 1, the underlined word refers to...

Traditional food

c. Anto's garden

b. Anto's house

d. Anto's pet

5. How is the writer's feeling when visiting anto?

Sad a.

c. Happy

b. Bored

d. Tired

Answer key

- 1. d
- 2. d
- 3. b
- 4. a
- 5.

a) Scoring

- Every rigth answer get score = 20
- Maximal score = 100



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b) Final Score

Student score $= 5 \times 20$

Known by, The Teacher of English Pekanbaru, 14 March 2019 Researcher

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Headmaster of SMP 9 PEKANBARU

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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

Lesson Plan for Experimental Class

School : SMP NEGERI 9 PEKANBARU

Subject : English

Class/ Semester :VIII/ 2

Meeting : 5th

Time Allocated : 2 x 40 minutes

Topic : Recount Text

A. Standard Competence

5. Understanding the meaning of short functional text and short essay in the form of descriptive and recount in daily life context and to access the knowledge.

B. Basic Competence

5.3 Responding the meaning of the rhetorical written monologue or essay texts accurately, fluently and acceptable in daily life context and to access the knowledge in form of the texts: narrative and recount.

C. Indicators

- 1. The students' ability to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students' ability to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students' ability to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students' ability to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students' ability to identify inference from recount text.

D. Learning Objectives

- 1. The students are able to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students are able to to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students are able to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students are able to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students are able to identify inference from recount text.



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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Material

Last week, Mr Damiri's wife had an accident. Her youngest child, Yusuf, was at home when it happened. He was playing with his new toy car. Suddenly Yusuf heard his mother calling, "Help! Help!" he ran to the kitchen. His mother had burnt herself with some hot cooking oil. She was crying with pain and the pan was on fire. Mr. Damiri had gone to the office. The other children had gone to school.

Yusuf was too small to help his mother, and she was too frightened to speak sensibly to him. But he ran to the neighbour's house and asked his neighbor to come and help his mother. The neighbor soon put out the fire and took Yusuf's mother to the clinic.

When Mr. Damiri came home, his wife told him what had happened. He was very proud of his son, "When you are a man, you will be just like your father,"she said.

F. Learning Strategy

Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS)

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau **Teaching and Learning Process**

Pre-Activity

- Greeting.
- Teachers and students pray together.
- Check the attendance (condition of the students).
- Teacher gives explanation about the warming up procedure.
- Warming up.
- Check the students' readiness to study (review the last material).

Whist –Activity

- Teacher pre teach the vocabulary relate to the text itself.
- Ask the students to preview from the title and guest what the text text talking about.
- Teacher reads aloud the text stopping at point of interest.



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State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

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Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah

Teacher asks the students to read the text slowly. Then, ask them to noticed unfamiliar words, clues, etc

- Ask the students to read every sentence, but they should not to try know the exact meaning of each word. They should try and guess its meaning from the context and infer the meaning.
- Teacher gives a instruction during reading such as anticipate upcoming information, visualize and integrate old and new knowledge.
- Teacher asks the students to connect their experiences and the text.

Post –Activity

- Teacher guides the students to memorize the crucial information in the
- Teacher motivates and gives feedback to the students.
- Teacher closes the class and says good bye to the class.

H. Source and Media

Media : text, power point, laptop

: text book English in Focus 2, for Grade VIII Junior High School, Source

2008

I. Assesment

: Reading Test Thechnique

: Multiple choice Type

Instrument

1. Who took Mrs. Damiri to the clinic?

a. Her son c. Her neighbour b. Her husband d. Her children



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- The main idea of the second paragraph is
 - Mrs. Damiri got accident
 - b. Mr. Damiri was proud of his son
 - c. Yusuf asked his neighbour to help
 - d. Mr. Damiri and his other children had gone
- How did the neighbour help Mrs. Damiri?
 - a. He called Mrs. Damiri's husband and ran to the kitchen
 - b. He called the fireman and put out the fire
 - c. He put out the fire and took Mrs. Damiri ot the clinic
 - d. He called the fireman and advised Mrs. Damiri to stay calm
- "She was too frightened to speak sensibly to him" (paragraph 2) the underlined word refers to
 - a. Mr. Damiri
- c. Her neighbour
- b. Mr. Damiri's wife
- d. Yusuf
- "She was too <u>frightened</u> to speak....." The underline word is similarity in meaning with
 - a. Worry

c. Sad

b. Cry

d. Afraid

Answer key

- 1. С
- 2. C
- 3. С
- 4. d
- 5. d

a) Scoring

- Every rigth answer get score = 20
- Maximal score = 100



Riau

a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber: . Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.

2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau

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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

b) Final Score

Student score $= 5 \times 20$

Known by, The Teacher of English Pekanbaru, 18 March 2019 Researcher

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Headmaster of SMP 9 PEKANBARU

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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

Lesson Plan for Experimental Class

School : SMP NEGERI 9 PEKANBARU

Subject : English

Class/ Semester :VIII/ 2

Meeting : 6th

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Time Allocated : 2 x 40 minutes

ial

Topic : Recount Text

A. Standard Competence

5. Understanding the meaning of short functional text and short essay in the form of descriptive and recount in daily life context and to access the knowledge.

B. Basic Competence

5.3 Responding the meaning of the rhetorical written monologue or essay texts accurately, fluently and acceptable in daily life context and to access the knowledge in form of the texts: narrative and recount.

C. Indicators

- 1. The students' ability to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students' ability to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students' ability to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students' ability to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students' ability to identify inference from recount text.

D. Learning Objectives

- 1. The students are able to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students are able to to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students are able to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students are able to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students are able to identify inference from recount text.



Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

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Riau

Material

It was the beginning of July, My parents and I were in a plane heading home from our vacation.

A crew announced the passengers that we were going to land in the airport in a few minutes. While listening to the announcement, I was looking outside through the window and saw how dark the sky was. It was raining heavily and lightings sparked here and there.

Suddenly, I felt the plane went bumpy. The impact was low at the beginning, however it gradually became terrible. Everything shook terribly. People started to scream in fear. I hold my parents' hands. I heard my Dad was praying while Mom tried to soothe me.

Fortunately, our plane landed safely at the airport under that extreme weather. I thanked God for saving my parents and me.

F. Learning Strategy

Detailed Reading Strategy (DRS)

vG. **Teaching and Learning Process**

Pre-Activity

- Greeting.
- Teachers and students pray together.
- Check the attendance (condition of the students).
- Teacher gives explanation about the warming up procedure.
- Warming up.
- Check the students' readiness to study (review the last material).

Whist -Activity

- Teacher pre teach the vocabulary relate to the text itself.
- Ask the students to preview from the title and guest what the text text talking about.
- Teacher reads aloud the text stopping at point of interest.



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Teacher asks the students to read the text slowly. Then, ask them to noticed unfamiliar words, clues, etc

Ask the students to read every sentence, but they should not to try know the exact meaning of each word. They should try and guess its meaning from the context and infer the meaning.

Teacher gives a instruction during reading such as anticipate upcoming information, visualize and integrate old and new knowledge.

Teacher asks the students to connect their experiences and the text.

Post –Activity

- Teacher guides the students to memorize the crucial information in the
- Teacher motivates and gives feedback to the students.
- Teacher closes the class and says good bye to the class.

H. Source and Media

Media : text, power point, laptop

: text book English in Focus 2, for Grade VIII Junior High School, Source

2008

I. Assesment

: Reading Test Thechnique

: Multiple choice Type

Instrument

What was the writer's mother doing during the turbulence?

She was holding her husband's hand

b. She was calming the writer down

She was praying for help

d. She was crying for fear



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- ka Ria
- The turbulence was caused by
 - The bad weather
 - The size of the plane
 - The height of the flight
 - The damage on one of the machines
- 3. What is the main idea of paragraph 2?
 - The writer saw that it was raining heavily and lightning outside
 - The writer was enjoying the announcement made by the crew
 - A crew was announcing that they were going to land soon
 - The lightning outside scared the writer
- "....<u>It</u> was raining..." in paragraph 2, the underlined word refers to...
 - The plane
- c. The weather
- The vacation
- d. The airport
- 5. "...People started to scream in fear" in paragraph 3. The underlined word is synonym with
 - Shout

c. Shake

b. Talk

d. Angry

- 1. b
- 2.
- 3. a
- 4. C
- a) Scoring
 - Every rigth answer get score = 20
 - Maximal score = 100



Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang Riau

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a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber: . Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.

b) Final Score

Student score $= 5 \times 20$

Known by, The Teacher of English Pekanbaru, 25 March 2019 Researcher

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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

Lesson Plan for Control Class

School: SMP NEGERI 9 PEKANBARU

Subject : English

Class/ Semester :VIII/ I

Meeting : 1st

Time Allocated : 2 x 40 minutes

Topic : Recount Text

A. Standard Competence

5. Understanding the meaning of short functional text and short essay in the form of desciptive and recount in daily life context and to access the knowlwdge.

B. Basic Competence

5.3 Responding the meanig of the rhetorical written monologue or essay texts accurately, fluently and acceptable in daily life context and to acces the knowledge in form of the texts: descriptive and recount.

C. Indicators

- 1. The students' ability to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students' ability to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students' ability to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students' ability to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students' ability to identify inference from recount text.

D. Learning Objectives

- 1. The students are able to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students are able to to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students are able to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students are able to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students are able to identify inference from recount text.



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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

E. Material

A trip to the Zoo

Yesterday my family and I went to the zoo to see the elephant. When we got to the zoo, we went to the shop to buy some food to give to the animals. After getting the food, we went to the nocturnal house where we saw birds and reptiles which oly come out at night. Before having lunch, we went for a ride on the elephant. It was a thrill to ride it. Dad fell of when he let go off the rope, but he was ok. During the lunch we fed some birds in the park. In the afternoon we saw the animals being fed. When we returned home we had so much fun activities at many places at the zoo.

F. Learning Strategy

1. Approach : Scientific Approach

2. Method : Cooperative Learning

G. Teaching and Learning Process

Pre-Activity

- Greeting.
- Teachers and students pray together.
- Check the attendance (condition of the students).
- Check the students' readiness to study.
- Teacher delivers the outline of the materials and explains about e activity which is going to be conducted.

Whist –Activity

Observing

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

• Students listens his/her friends who read the whole text in front of the class. With teacher guidance, students discuss about the text.

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Hak cipta milik UIN Suska

Riau

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

Questioning

Teacher gives chance to students to ask questions and students giving feedback about the material or materials on the social function, the phrase associated with the material and linguistic elements.

Exploring

Students work in group to identify the events that occur on the text. With teacher guidance students discuss the sequences of events that occur.

Associating

Students relate the recount text with previous knowledge and make a story that contains one of the group's experiences.

Communicating

One of each group come to the front of class and present and share the story that they have made in the group. The other group gives feedback and teacher gives confirmation about performance of the presentation.

Post –Activity

Students with teacher conclude the learning.

Students reflect on the activities that have been carried out.

Students answer the questions given by the teacher.

H. Source and Media

Media : text, power point, laptop

: text book English in Focus 2, for Grade VIII Junior High School, Source

2008



Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau

Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah

Hak cipta milik UIN Suska Riau

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:

I.Assesment

Thechnique

: Reading Test

Type

: Multiple Choice

Instrument

1. Why did the writer and his family feel very tired after having a trip to the zoo?

a. They had to visit many places in the zoo

b. They took a long time to reach the zoo area

c. They had to feed a lot of animals in the zoo

d. They had no time to take a rest in the zoo

2. What happened to the writer's dad when he rode an elephant?

a. He felt a thrill

c. He fell off

b. He felt fun

d. He failed

3. What is the text talking about?

a. A trip to the jungle

c. A trip to the park

b. A trip to the zoo

d. A trip to the mountain

"... It was a thrill to ride it." In paragraph 2, the underlined word refers to...

a. Writer's family

c. The shop

b. Writer's Dad

d. The elephant

".....we were very tired." (Paragraph 3). The underline word is antonymous with?

a. Energized

c. Bored

b. Empty

d. sleepy

Answer key

1. a

2.

3. b

4. d

5. a



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a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pengutipan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.

Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau

a) Scoring

Every rigth answer get score = 20

Maximal score = 100

b) Final Score

Student score $= 5 \times 20$

Known by, The Teacher of English Pekanbaru, 05 March 2019 Researcher

Elidaswati, S.Pd NIP.196903281996012001

Linda Tri Utami NIM.11314200707

Headmaster of SMP 9 PEKANBARU



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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

Lesson Plan for Control Class

School : SMP NEGERI 9 PEKANBARU

Subject : English

Class/ Semester :VIII/ 2

Meeting : 2nd

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Time Allocated : 2 x 40 minutes

ial

Topic : Recount Text

A. Standard Competence

5. Understanding the meaning of short functional text and short essay in the form of desciptive and recount in daily life context and to access the knowledge.

B. Basic Competence

5.3 Responding the meaning of the rhetorical written monologue or essay texts accurately, fluently and acceptable in daily life context and to access the knowledge in form of the texts: narrative and recount.

C. Indicators

- 1. The students' ability to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students' ability to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students' ability to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students' ability to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students' ability to identify inference from recount text.

D. Learning Objectives

- 1. The students are able to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students are able to to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students are able to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students are able to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students are able to identify inference from recount text.



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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

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⊥ ∞ E. Material

My Holiday

Last week I went to mount Bromo. I stayed at my friend's house in Probolinggo, East Java. The house has a big garden with colorful flowers and a small pool.

In the morning, my friend and I saw mount Batok. The scenery was very beautiful. We rode on a horseback. It was scary, but it was fun. Then, we went to aget closer look at the mountain. We took pictures of the beautiful scenery there.

After that, we took a rest and had lunch under a big tree. Before we got home, we went to the zoo at Wonokromo, we went home in the afternoon.

We were very tired. However, I think it was really fun to have a holiday like this, I hope my next holiday will be more interesting.

F. Learning Strategy

1. Approach : Scientific Approach

2. Method : Cooperative Learning

G. Teaching and Learning Process

Pre-Activity

- Greeting.
- Teachers and students pray together.
- Check the attendance (condition of the students).
- Check the students' readiness to study.
- Teacher delivers the outline of the materials and explains about e activity which is going to be conducted.

Whist –Activity

Observing

• Students listens his/her friends who read the whole text in front of the class. With teacher guidance, students discuss about the text.

Dilarang

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Hak cipta milik UIN Suska

Riau

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

• Teacher gives chance to students to ask questions and students giving feedback about the material or materials on the social function, the phrase associated with the material and linguistic elements.

Exploring

Questioning

• Students work in group to identify the events that occur on the text. With teacher guidance students discuss the sequences of events that occur.

Associating

• Students relate the recount text with previous knowledge and make a story that contains one of the group's experiences.

Communicating

• One of each group come to the front of class and present and share the story that they have made in the group. The other group gives feedback and teacher gives confirmation about performance of the presentation.

Post –Activity

- Students with teacher conclude the learning.
- Students reflect on the activities that have been carried out.
- Students answer the questions given by the teacher.

H. Source and Media

Media : text, power point, laptop

Source : text book *English in Focus 2, for Grade VIII Junior High School*,

2008



Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:

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Hak cipta milik UIN Suska

Riau

I.Assesment

Thechnique : Reading Test

Type : Short answer

Instrument

What is the main idea in the paragraph 2?

Where did the writer stay?

"The scenery was very beautiful". The synonym of the underlined word

4. After read the text. how the writer feeling?

"It was scary" in paragraph 2, the underlined word refers to?

Answer key

1. The writer's activities in holiday

His/her friend's house

3. View, spectacle, decor, etc

4. Happy

Riding horse

a) Scoring

Every rigth answer get score = 20

Maximal score = 100



Hak cipta milik UIN Suska Riau

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber: Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.

2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau

b) Final Score

Student score $= 5 \times 20$

Known by, The Teacher of English Pekanbaru, 08 March 2019 Researcher

Elidaswati, S.Pd NIP.196903281996012001

Linda Tri Utami NIM.11314200707

Headmaster of SMP 9 PEKANBARU



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9

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

Lesson Plan for Control Class

School : SMP NEGERI 9 PEKANBARU

Subject : English

Class/ Semester :VIII/ 2

Meeting : 3rd

Time Allocated : 2 x 40 minutes

Topic : Recount Text

A. Standard Competence

5. Understanding the meaning of short functional text and short essay in the form of descriptive and recount in daily life context and to access the knowledge.

B. Basic Competence

5.3 Responding the meaning of the rhetorical written monologue or essay texts accurately, fluently and acceptable in daily life context and to access the knowledge in form of the texts: narrative and recount.

5.3 Response texts accur knowledge C. Indicators

yarif Kasim Riau

- 1. The students' ability to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students' ability to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students' ability to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students' ability to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students' ability to identify inference from recount text.

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- 1. The students are able to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students are able to to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students are able to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students are able to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students are able to identify inference from recount text.



Dilarang

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

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Material

I have got an unforgettable experience last Lebaran Day. My family and I went to my mother's hometown to celebrate "Idul Fitri". We went by a plane. At the airport, my family and I had to walk through the metal detector. When I got the turn to walk through it, suddenly the alarm beeped. The woman who worked as the airport security said, "Come here, you need to get your belt off". I took my belt off, but the alarm still beeped. The security asked me to take my wallet from my pocket. I did what she ordered. Still alarm beeped.

After that the security asked me to turn back and she checked my body. She touched my left pocket. Then she told me, "There was something in it. it might be the things that made the alarm beeped". I took out something from the left pocket. The woman laughed and said, "That has made the alarm beep". It was a silver pen. I felt embarrassed because everybody stared at me with curiosity.

F. Learning Strategy

1. Approach : Scientific Approach

2. Method : Cooperative Learning

Teaching and Learning Process

Pre-Activity

- Greeting.
- Teachers and students pray together.
- Check the attendance (condition of the students).
- Check the students' readiness to study.
- Teacher delivers the outline of the materials and explains about e activity which is going to be conducted.



milik UIN Suska Riau

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber

Hak cipta

Observing

Whist –Activity

Students listens his/her friends who read the whole text in front of the class. With teacher guidance, students discuss about the text.

Questioning

Teacher gives chance to students to ask questions and students giving feedback about the material or materials on the social function, the phrase associated with the material and linguistic elements.

Exploring

Students work in group to identify the events that occur on the text. With teacher guidance students discuss the sequences of events that occur.

Associating

Students relate the recount text with previous knowledge and make a story that contains one of the group's experiences.

Communicating

One of each group come to the front of class and present and share the story that they have made in the group. The other group gives feedback and teacher gives confirmation about performance of the presentation.

Post –Activity

- Students with teacher conclude the learning.
- Students reflect on the activities that have been carried out.
- Students answer the questions given by the teacher.



Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

Hak cipta milik UIN Suska

Riau

H. Source and Media

Source : text book English in Focus 2, for Grade VIII Junior High School,

2008

I.Assesment

Media

Thechnique : Reading Test

Type : Multiple choice

Instrument :

1. What does the second paragraph tell us about?

: text, power point, laptop

a. The writer and his family walked through metal detector

b. The writer's silver pen made the metal detector beeped

c. The security checked the writer's pockets

d. Everybody stared at the writer

2. From the text, we can conclude

a. The security guard was a fussy woman

b. You are not allowed to wear belts at the airport

c. The alarm beeped because there was a metallic object

d. The writer's appearance attracted everybody's attention

3. Why did the airport security tell the writer to take off his belt?

a. Because the alarm beeped when he passed through metal detector

b. Because it was his unforgettable experience last lebaran

c. Because she worked as the airport security officer

d. Because everybody stared at him curiosity

4. "....turn to walk through it" in paragraph 1. The underlined word refers to...

a. The airport

c. The metal detector

b. The wallet

d. The silver pen

5. "I felt <u>embarrassed</u>...." in last paragraph. The underlined word is antonym with....

a. Shy

c. Beautiful

b. Clever

d. Brave



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- a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pengutipan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau.
 b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.
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2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau

Answer key

- 1. b
- 2. С
- 3. a
- 4. С
- 5. d
- a) Scoring
 - Every rigth answer get score = 20
 - Maximal score = 100
- b) Final Score

Student score $= 5 \times 20$

Known by, The Teacher of English

Elidaswati, S.Pd

NIP.196903281996012001

Pekanbaru, 12 March 2019 Researcher

> Linda Tri Utami NIM.11314200707

Headmaster of SMP 9 PEKANBARU



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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

Lesson Plan for Control Class

School: SMP NEGERI 9 PEKANBARU

Subject : English

Class/ Semester :VIII/ I

Meeting : 4th

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Time Allocated : 2 x 40 minutes

a

Topic : Recount Text

A. Standard Competence

5. Understanding the meaning of short functional text and short essay in the form of desciptive and recount in daily life context and to access the knowledge.

B. Basic Competence

5.3 Responding the meaning of the rhetorical written monologue or essay texts accurately, fluently and acceptable in daily life context and to access the knowledge in form of the texts: narrative and recount.

C. Indicators

- 1. The students' ability to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students' ability to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students' ability to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students' ability to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students' ability to identify inference from recount text.

D. Learning Objectives

- 1. The students are able to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students are able to to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students are able to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students are able to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students are able to identify inference from recount text.



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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

Material

Last weekend, I visited my pen pal's house. His Name is Anto. There were many activities I did there. In the morning, Anto and I had breakfast. We had traditional food. I liked it very much.

After breakfast, he took me to the garden behind his house. The garden was very big and beautiful. There is a big bird cage in the garden. There were many kinds of birds in that cage. I spent a long time feeding the birds. I also took pictures with those beautiful birds.

After visiting the bird cage, Anto and I went to the flower garden not far from his house. We took a rest and had lunch under a big tree and watch butterflies flying above colourful flowers. In the afternoon, we swam in the pool in the backyard. It was so fun. I really enjoyed my time with Anto.

F. Learning Strategy

1. Approach : Scientific Approach

2. Method : Cooperative Learning

G. Teaching and Learning Process

Pre-Activity

- Greeting.
- Teachers and students pray together.
- Check the attendance (condition of the students).
- Check the students' readiness to study.
- Teacher delivers the outline of the materials and explains about e activity which is going to be conducted.

Whist –Activity

Observing

• Students listens his/her friends who read the whole text in front of the class. With teacher guidance, students discuss about the text.

Dilarang

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Hak cipta milik UIN Suska

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Questioning

Teacher gives chance to students to ask questions and students giving feedback about the material or materials on the social function, the phrase associated with the material and linguistic elements.

Exploring

Students work in group to identify the events that occur on the text. With teacher guidance students discuss the sequences of events that occur.

Associating

Students relate the recount text with previous knowledge and make a story that contains one of the group's experiences.

Communicating

One of each group come to the front of class and present and share the story that they have made in the group. The other group gives feedback and teacher gives confirmation about performance of the presentation.

Post –Activity

- Students with teacher conclude the learning.
- Students reflect on the activities that have been carried out.
- Students answer the questions given by the teacher.

H. Source and Media

Media : text, power point, laptop

: text book English in Focus 2, for Grade VIII Junior High School, Source

2008



Hak cipta milik UIN Sus Ka N lau

I.Assesment

Thechnique : Reading Test

: Multiple choice Type

Instrument

1. What is the last paragraph talking about?

Anto had butterflies as his pet

b. The writer's friend is a good swimmer

c. There are a lot of flowers in Anto's house

The writer had a good time with his friend

2. Where did the writer spend his afternoon?

Under a tree

c. In the flower garden

b. Inside big bird cage

d. In the swimming pool

3. ".....I really enjoyed my time...." (Paragraph 3). The underline word is synonymous with?

a. Sad

c. Dislike

b. Have fun

d. Hate

"I liked it very much." In paragraph 1, the underlined word refers to...

Traditional food

c. Anto's garden

b. Anto's house

d. Anto's pet

5. How is the writer's feeling when visiting anto?

Sad

c. Happy

b. Bored

d. Tired

Answer key

- 1. d
- 2. d
- 3. b
- 4.
- 5. c

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah

Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:



Hak cipta milik UIN Suska

Riau

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State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

a) Scoring

Every rigth answer get score = 20

Maximal score = 100

b) Final Score

Student score $= 5 \times 20$

Known by, The Teacher of English Pekanbaru, 15 March 2019 Researcher

Elidaswati, S.Pd NIP.196903281996012001

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Headmaster of SMP 9 PEKANBARU



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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

Lesson Plan for Control Class

School: SMP NEGERI 9 PEKANBARU

Subject : English

Class/ Semester :VIII/ 2

Meeting : 5th

Time Allocated : 2 x 40 minutes

Topic : Recount Text

A. Standard Competence

5. Understanding the meaning of short functional text and short essay in the form of descriptive and recount in daily life context and to access the knowledge.

B. Basic Competence

5.3 Responding the meaning of the rhetorical written monologue or essay texts accurately, fluently and acceptable in daily life context and to access the knowledge in form of the texts: narrative and recount.

C. Indicators

- 1. The students' ability to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students' ability to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students' ability to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students' ability to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students' ability to identify inference from recount text.

D. Learning Objectives

- 1. The students are able to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students are able to to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students are able to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students are able to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students are able to identify inference from recount text.



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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

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Æ. Material

Last week, Mr Damiri's wife had an accident. Her youngest child, Yusuf, was at home when it happened. He was playing with his new toy car. Suddenly Yusuf heard his mother calling, "Help! Help!" he ran to the kitchen. His mother had burnt herself with some hot cooking oil. She was crying with pain and the pan was on fire. Mr. Damiri had gone to the office. The other children had gone to school.

Yusuf was too small to help his mother, and she was too frightened to speak sensibly to him. But he ran to the neighbour's house and asked his neighbor to come and help his mother. The neighbor soon put out the fire and took Yusuf's mother to the clinic.

When Mr. Damiri came home, his wife told him what had happened. He was very proud of his son, "When you are a man, you will be just like your father," she said.

F. Learning Strategy

1. Approach : Scientific Approach

2. Method : Cooperative Learning

. Teaching and Learning Process

Pre-Activity

- Greeting.
- Teachers and students pray together.
- Check the attendance (condition of the students).
- Check the students' readiness to study.
- Teacher delivers the outline of the materials and explains about e activity which is going to be conducted.

Whist –Activity

Observing

• Students listens his/her friends who read the whole text in front of the class. With teacher guidance, students discuss about the text.



Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

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State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

• Teacher gives chance to students to ask questions and students giving feedback about the material or materials on the social function, the phrase associated with the material and linguistic elements.

Exploring

Questioning

• Students work in group to identify the events that occur on the text. With teacher guidance students discuss the sequences of events that occur.

Associating

• Students relate the recount text with previous knowledge and make a story that contains one of the group's experiences.

Communicating

• One of each group come to the front of class and present and share the story that they have made in the group. The other group gives feedback and teacher gives confirmation about performance of the presentation.

Post – Activity

- Students with teacher conclude the learning.
- Students reflect on the activities that have been carried out.
- Students answer the questions given by the teacher.

H. Source and Media

Media : text, power point, laptop

Source : text book *English in Focus 2, for Grade VIII Junior High School,*

2008

I.Assesment

Thechnique : Reading Test



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Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:

Type : Multiple choice

1. Who took Mrs. Damiri to the clinic?

Her son

Instrument

c. Her neighbour

b. Her husband

d. Her children

2. The main idea of the second paragraph is

a. Mrs. Damiri got accident

b. Mr. Damiri was proud of his son

c. Yusuf asked his neighbour to help

d. Mr. Damiri and his other children had gone

3. How did the neighbour help Mrs. Damiri?

a. He called Mrs. Damiri's husband and ran to the kitchen

b. He called the fireman and put out the fire

c. He put out the fire and took Mrs. Damiri ot the clinic

d. He called the fireman and advised Mrs. Damiri to stay calm

"She was too frightened to speak sensibly to him" (paragraph 2) the underlined word refers to

a. Mr. Damiri

c. Her neighbour

b. Mr. Damiri's wife

d. Yusuf

5. "She was too <u>frightened</u> to speak...." The underline word is similarity in meaning with

a. Worry

b. Cry

c. Sad d. Afraid

Answer key

1. c

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2. C

3. c

4. d

5. d



Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan penuluman, peneluan, peneluan, b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.

Hak cipta milik UIN Suska Riau

Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

a) Scoring

- Every rigth answer get score = 20
- Maximal score = 100
- b) Final Score

Student score $= 5 \times 20$

Known by, The Teacher of English Pekanbaru, 19 March 2019 Researcher

Elidaswati, S.Pd NIP.196903281996012001

Linda Tri Utami NIM.11314200707

Headmaster of SMP 9 PEKANBARU



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Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang

Lesson Plan for Control Class

School: SMP NEGERI 9 PEKANBARU

: 2 x 40 minutes

Subject : English

Class/ Semester :VIII/ 2

Meeting : 6th

Time Allocated

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Topic : Recount Text

A. Standard Competence

5. Understanding the meaning of short functional text and short essay in the form of descriptive and recount in daily life context and to access the knowledge.

B. Basic Competence

5.3 Responding the meaning of the rhetorical written monologue or essay texts accurately, fluently and acceptable in daily life context and to access the knowledge in form of the texts: narrative and recount.

C. Indicators

- 1. The students' ability to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students' ability to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students' ability to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students' ability to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students' ability to identify inference from recount text.

D. Learning Objectives

- 1. The students are able to identify main idea of recount text.
- 2. The students are able to to find detail information of recount text.
- 3. The students are able to identify the meaning of vocavulary in context.
- 4. The students are able to identify the references in recount text.
- 5. The students are able to identify inference from recount text.



Dilarang

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

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Æ. Material

Last week, Mr Damiri's wife had an accident. Her youngest child, Yusuf, was at home when it happened. He was playing with his new toy car. Suddenly Yusuf heard his mother calling, "Help! Help!" he ran to the kitchen. His mother had burnt herself with some hot cooking oil. She was crying with pain and the pan was on fire. Mr. Damiri had gone to the office. The other children had gone to school.

Yusuf was too small to help his mother, and she was too frightened to speak sensibly to him. But he ran to the neighbour's house and asked his neighbor to come and help his mother. The neighbor soon put out the fire and took Yusuf's mother to the clinic.

When Mr. Damiri came home, his wife told him what had happened. He was very proud of his son, "When you are a man, you will be just like your father," she said.

F. Learning Strategy

1. Approach : Scientific Approach

2. Method : Cooperative Learning

. Teaching and Learning Process

Pre-Activity

- Greeting.
- Teachers and students pray together.
- Check the attendance (condition of the students).
- Check the students' readiness to study.
- Teacher delivers the outline of the materials and explains about e activity which is going to be conducted.

Whist –Activity

Observing

• Students listens his/her friends who read the whole text in front of the class. With teacher guidance, students discuss about the text.

Dilarang

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Hak cipta

milik UIN Suska

Riau

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

• Teacher gives chance to students to ask questions and students giving feedback about the material or materials on the social function, the phrase associated with the material and linguistic elements.

Exploring

Questioning

• Students work in group to identify the events that occur on the text. With teacher guidance students discuss the sequences of events that occur.

Associating

• Students relate the recount text with previous knowledge and make a story that contains one of the group's experiences.

Communicating

• One of each group come to the front of class and present and share the story that they have made in the group. The other group gives feedback and teacher gives confirmation about performance of the presentation.

Post –Activity

- Students with teacher conclude the learning.
- Students reflect on the activities that have been carried out.
- Students answer the questions given by the teacher.

H. Source and Media

Media : text, power point, laptop

Source : text book English in Focus 2, for Grade VIII Junior High School,

2008



Riau

Hak cipta milik UIN

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang

Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:

Suska

I.Assesment

: Reading Test Thechnique

: Multiple choice Type

Instrument

What was the writer's mother doing during the turbulence?

She was holding her husband's hand

She was calming the writer down

She was praying for help

She was crying for fear

The turbulence was caused by

The bad weather a.

The size of the plane

The height of the flight

The damage on one of the machines

What is the main idea of paragraph 2?

The writer saw that it was raining heavily and lightning outside

The writer was enjoying the announcement made by the crew

A crew was announcing that they were going to land soon

d. The lightning outside scared the writer

"....<u>It</u> was raining..." in paragraph 2, the underlined word refers to...

The plane

c. The weather

b. The vacation

d. The airport

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah



Riau

Hak Cipta Dilindungi Undang-Undang a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar UIN Suska Riau. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penyusunan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah

Hak cipta milik UIN Suska

Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:

State Islamic University of Sultan Syarif Kasim Riau

2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin UIN Suska Riau

5. "...People started to scream in fear" in paragraph 3. The underlined word is synonym with

a. Shout

c. Shake

b. Talk

d. Angry

Answer key

- 1. b
- 2. a
- 3.
- 4. С
- 5. a
- a) Scoring
 - Every rigth answer get score = 20
 - Maximal score = 100
- b) Final Score

Student score $= 5 \times 20$

Known by, The Teacher of English Pekanbaru, 26 March 2019 Researcher

Elidaswati, S.Pd NIP.196903281996012001

Linda Tri Utami NIM.11314200707

Headmaster of SMP 9 PEKANBARU





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Curriculum Vitae

Name Linda Tri Utami

Place/Date of Birth Magetan, December 6 th 1994

Female Sex

25 Years old Age

Religion

Marital Status

Health

Nationality

Formal

Education

Islam

Single

Excellent

Indonesian

N SUSKA RIAU

[2013 - 2019] UIN SUSKA Riau

[2010 - 2013] MAN Rejosari Madiun

[2007- 2010] SMP UPT V RSTM

[20001- 2007] SDN 013 Ringin Jaya